DIOCESE OF GLOUCESTER AND BRISTOL. Swindon.—At the Visitation of the Archdeaconry of Brisoh held at Cricklade last week by the Venerable Archdeacon Thrope, the return was made of the parochial Churchwardens, admitted to the office both the successful and unsuccessful candidates, leaving the legality of the election to be decided by a competent Court. The Venerable Archdeacon read a severe lecture to Mr. George Reynolds on the impropriety of his undettaking the office of Churchwarden, he being a Dissenter, and the office being one which a person of conscientious principles could not possibly fulfil, so as to discharge his duties efficiently, as long as he separated from the Church on questions of faith bnd doctrine.—Reading Mercury, July 29th. ing whom a contest lately took place. The Archdeacon

DIOCESE OF WORCESTER.

g sub-

ripos

ree of

such

Easter

litsel

to the

charge

d will

rsday

Table,

ces of

LAYING THE FOUNDATION STONE OF A NEW CHURCH. AMINGHAM, TUESDAY.—To day the ceremony of laying the indation stone of a new Church took place at Saltley, a disance of nearly three miles from this town. The ground has been given by Charles Bowyer Adderley, Esq., M.P., who has also contributed 3000L towards the erection, and undertakes to provide an endowment of 150L per annum. Mr. Wright, the nilway carriage builder, has given 500L, and other liberal contibutions, including one from the Right Hon. Sir R. Peel, appear in the list. The ceremony took place at twelve o'clock, in the presence of many respectable ladies and gentlemen; amongst them we noticed the Hon. Mr. Leigh, of Stoneleigh Abbey; Lord Littleton, Mr. Adderley, M. P., James Taylor, Eaq., Mozely Hall; J. F. Ledsam, Esq.; the Revs. G. O. Fenwick, Vicar of Aston, P. M. Houghton, George Poole, Incumbent of the new Church, J. C. Barret, of St. Mary's, the Hon, and Rev. G. Yorke, Rector of St. Phillip's, J. Brown, Hon, and Rev. G. Yorke, Rector of St. Phillip's, J. Brown, Chaplain to St. Michael's, Edward Normancoles, Curate of Trinity Church, J. Clarke, Rector of Northfields, R. W. Fairbrother, and Rev. J. C. Miller, Rector of St. Martin's, &c. The usual Ch. The usual Church service was read by the Rev. Mr. Fenwick, after which the ceremony of laying the stone was gone through by Lord Littleton, and the stone lowered on a brass plate containing the following inscription:—

This first stone of the Church at Saltley, in the parish of Aston-Juxta-Birmingham, was laid by the Right Hon. the Lord Littleton, on the 25th day of October, 1848; Charles Branston and Edward Gwyther, contractor."

His Lordah: ... astone of the Church at Saltey, in the purchaser. The transaction of pork have respectively.

His Lordship then delivered a brief address. He said it then became his duty to say a few words of his own devising, relative to the performance of the honourable, and perhaps he might say, sacred religious office to which he had been called that day, by him who would be carried on. As they too well knew, in many parts of this county, and in none more so than the adjoining great town, the work of the Church had been slowly progressing, endeavouring to overtal, at the county and in none more so than the adjoining great town, the work of the Church had been slowly progressing, endeavouring to overtal, at the county are a forwarding importance and evil. The great principle by which the founder of the new Church as actuated was that of a desire to extend the benefits of religion around the town. With a population of 200,000 persons in Birmingham, and, he believed not more than thirty or forty resident ministers, it is quite obvious that they could extend providing for such a locality as that they were assembled in the commenced with the most important and alarming character. In the face of the present trouble in Berlin, and with the experience of the French revolution before him, the imbecile and sanguinary despot of Austria has characterised his successes by most attractions and cold-blooded murders in Vienna. Defenceless citizens are shot without ceremony, their houses rifled, and even women and children masacred. The students of the University who used almost superhuman exertions in defence of the commenced with the most sanguine expectations of success, and a violent reaction of revolution is predicted.

The intelligence from the continent during the week has been of the most important and alarming character. In the face of the present trouble in Berlin, and with the experience of the French revolution before him, the imbecile and sanguinary despot of Austria has characterised his successes by most attractions and cold-blooded murders in Vienna. Defenceless citizens are shot without ceremony, their houses rifled, and even women and children masacred. The students of the University who used almost superhuman exertions in defence of the city, are hunted down like wild beasts, and executed when captured. These atrocities have excited general abhorrence, and a violent reaction of revolution is predicted.

The King of Prussia having cautiously waited the termination of the siege of Vienna, appears anxious to follow in the commenced with the most important and alarming character. In the face of the present trouble in Berlin, and with the experience of the Proceedings are constituted in the commenced with the most important and alarming character. In the face of t ing to overtake the great mass of prevailing ignorance and evil.

The great principle by which the founder of the new Church the establishment of the training-school, from which incalculable benefits must arise. Fully impressed with the belief that that was not a time for him to occupy them with lengthened observations he would conclude by entreating the co-operation of all who were placed in a position to eachly them to co-operate Ocure from the Almighty a blessing upon their work.

The Rev. Mr. Pool then addressed a few words to the assem-

And Rev. Mr. Pool then addressed a few words to the assembly, and following up the wishes enunciated by Lord Littleton, expressed a hope that the new Church would be productive of many spiritual advantages; that it would be attended by many godly persons, and lead to the due and proper observance of the Sabbath.

The Church is to be 107 feet in length, and its entire breadth at the transepts, about 83 feet, with chancel, two porches, north embattled tower, on the western side of the south transept; the chard 11, of entire stone, and at a cost of about 6,000%. Mr. Adderley has also given land and a donation for the

rection of a training college for schoolmasters, in connection with the Diocesan Board of Education, which is to be commenced in the proposed menced immediately, within a short distance of the proposed new Church.

The funds for the building are nearly provided, and the college is to receive a royal charter.

DIOCESE OF CHICHESTER. RESTORATION OF SACKVILLE COLLEGE, EAST GRINwhich have had their origin in the Reformed Church of England. laud. A charter was granted by Charles I; in the year 1631 a corporate seal was given to the College; and the statutes, drawn up after the death of the founder by Lord William Howard and Sir Google. ard and Sir George Rivers, were confirmed and authorized by ct of Parliament. The establishment consists of a warden, two assistant-wardens (who are householders, resident in or near the town), six brethren, and six sisters. Besides these, six poor widows are the total with rooms in the College. six poor widows are accommodated with rooms in the College. noble building, the admiration of all who enters the town of East Grinstead, has been subjeted to very extensive repairs. The Hall previous to its late restoration, was in ng had been plastered and white washed till none of the timwere to be seen, the belfry was two feet out of the perpenlar, the fire-place was walled up, the doors were of the nest painted deal; in short, the whole building was in the

restoration was commenced in May 15, 1848. The though on the exact model of the old one, the screen was cleaned from it. om its repeated coats of white paint, the walls which had fore only white-washed, were pannelled with old oak, etions of brick, which had been used as stewing-places emoved, the gallery was rebuilt, and the materials em in all the works were stone and the best oak. The is not yet erected, but is in process of completion.

NEW SHOREHAM. —On Tuesday last, the first of August, Wheeler; Mrs. Woodard; Miss Peacocke; A. J. B. gaol. Esq., M.P.; Colonel Drummond; J. Sharpe, Esq.; Carrington, Esq.; Thomas Carrington, Esq.; T. Clut-

. Esq.; Henry Tritton, Esq., &c. &c.
ne service was commenced in the parish Church at 11
The prayers were said by the Rev. W. Sergison; and 73, which will eventually be published in a more extended form.

this an adjournment was made to the lawn of the

rage, where the company partook of a déjeûné. Speeches delivered by the Bishop, A. J. B. Hope, Esq., the Rev. Wheeler, the Rev. W. Woodard, the Rev. R. Beleny, and in Vienna.

Tritton, Esq.

Vening service then followed. The Rev. W. Sergison said s, and an eloquent discourse was delivered by the "Dr. Wordsworth, from Job xxviii. 20, 28, in which he the Athenians and French together, showing the anger of educating the people on false principles; denouncing systems of education not founded on the Word of God, and which the way of Prayer the pupils were brought up without the use of Prayer

s has commenced, under the auspices of the proper al authorities, an institution in which the children of ddle classes of this country may obtain, on moderate a useful classical and mathematical education, carried on on Church principles, and in which the "one thing will be first attended to. We hope most sincerely tons deserve; and that the new Shoreham Grammar School use the words of the Bishop of Chichester) "may be the from which many other similar institutions may spring."

DIOCESE OF EXETER. Wedneday, the 19th, the first Stone of a new Church at at Biscovey, in the District of Par, Cornwall, by Miss of Tregreban, whose father, Colonel Carlyon Principal contributors to the good work, and has given
be antiful site. The Church is to be dedicated in
of S. St. Mary the Virgin. A procession was formed at ance of the Church yard: the choiristers walking first ling the 132nd Psalm. They were followed by the considerable numbers, the builder, the architect, the grainful procession is the considerable numbers, the builder, the architect, the grainful procession was formed at a closed the same day. We give below the excellent charge of his Worship the Mayor to the Grand Jury. The following convictions took place: in Considerable numbers, the builder, the architect, the ling Priests (who were the Rev. E. P. Hendy, of Par, the L. E. Hosken, of St. Blazey, and the Rev. J. Coventry, wardreath), Miss Carlyon, and most of the gentry and dants in the neighbourhood. The poor seemed to feel alar interest in the ceremony, partly, doubtless, from the reverence shown in the service, and more perhaps the knowledge that all the kneelings in the Church, five the large of the considerable reverse. number, will be perfectly free and unappropriated. the west end of the south aisle. The chancel, thirtyhave a stone altar. The antependium, having an emin length, it is intended to screen off from the nave;

broidered representation of the Annunciation, triple sedilia and piscins, credence and aumbrye. The vestry on the north side of the chancel. The prayers will be said from the chancel, in the Rev. C. E. Hosken and A. Carlyon, Esq., made short and in the chancel of the chancel

The steamship Britannia, Captain Laing, left Liverpool on the 12th of November, and arrived at Halifax on the 4th, leaving there at 2, p. M., and arriving off Boston harbour this morning at 4 o'clock. She was unable to get up to her wharf until 8, owing to a dense fog. She had only fourteen passenges to Baston.

In grain the market is dull, and rather a declining tendency Supplies of home as well as foreign are fully equal to the demand. Buyers seem unwilling to speculate, prices being on the decline. At Mark Lane on Monday last, wheat fell two

shillings per quarter.
Sales of wheat flour and Indian corn very limited. The same feeling prevailed in the Liverpool market on the following

day.

Best American wheat 8s 4d a 8s 5d for white, 7s 6d a 7s
9d for red. Flour 27s a 30s. At subsequent market, transactions were languid, and if anything were in favour of

The transactions in beef were not reported, but the holders of pork have realised an advance of from 1s to 2s per cwt. Sales of bacon limited, sales new Eastern at 53s per cwt. A considerable quantity of lard sold. In cheese a limited business has been done.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

DESTRUCTION OF THE ADELPHI THEATRE, GLASGOW. A little after one o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, November 15th, flames were suddenly observed to burst forth from the upper part of the Adelphi Theatre, situated on Glasgow green. The theatre is totally destroyed.

The intelligence from the continent during the week has

tion of he siege of Vienna, appears anxious to follow in the

footsteps of the Austrian Emperor.

The intelligence from Berlin is of the highest importance, on the Studies of the Assembly from Berlin to Arandenburgh. At a subsequent procure from the Almighta a blassing much their work. itself en permanence. The Burgher Guard adhere to the Assembly, and opposed its removal from Berlin, as it would endanger the liberties of the people.

A detachment stationed themselves in the building to pro-

tect the Committee of thirty members which remained through the night. The Chief of Police sent a message to the commander, directing him to disperse the Assembly by not allowing any one to pass except those who went out. He refused to obey that order, whereupon the chief issued a proclamation that the King had resolved to call into requisition the troops

of the line for the executing that order.

On the 7th the King issued a proclamation dissolving the Burgher Guards. The city was declared in a state of siege. No persons were allowed to form gatherings in the streets, and no meetings were permitted, no placards allowed to be published. The clubs were to be closed and arms to be delivered up. The Assembly met in another place at three o'clock, and re elected Von Unrop their President, and the same Vice President as

It was stated outside that they had declared all those opposed founded by Robert Sackville College, in the town of East Grinstead, was bearing date Feb. 8, 1609; and is mentioned by Dr. Willet, sitement provailed.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN MANCHESTER.—On Wednesday evening, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, the whole mense pile of buildings known by the name of the Gaythorn Cotton works, the property of Mr. John Fernley, and situate in Albion street, Manchester was destroyed by fire. It cannot at present be ascertained as to the cause of the fire. The fire originated in No. 5 card room, situated in the centre of the pile; hence there were no means of saving it. Upward of 800 hands were thrown out of employ. Mr. Rose, the energetic superintendent of the Manchester Fire Brigade, was immediately on the spot with 12 engines and a large body of men; but in consequence of the rapidity of the flames no efforts could stay its progress. The less is variously reported at from £30,000 to £50,000, but the precise amount cannot be definitely stated at present. We are informed that the property was insured for

ot more than £22,000. Emigration is said to be greatly on the increase.

THE CHOLERA -The total number of cases of cholera already reported from its first appearance has now reached 1039, of which 533 have proved fatal and 331 are still under treat-

Upon the whole we are inclined to hope that the disease has slightly lessened in violence, at any rate it has not made pro-

IRELAND.

A letter from Clonmel, dated Saturday, says that the sevenwhole repairs were at the expense of the patrons, the belawarr and Amherst; the titles at that of the Maron Wednesday night, by a strong party of military and police, were for the most part inhabitants of the town, and representa-tives of different trades; but says-

Grammar School, established at this place by the Rev. Godard, was formally opened by the Bishop of Chichester, a we observed the Rev. Christopher Woodsworth, D. D., of Westminster; the Rev. W. Sergison, the Bishop's bain; the Rev. C. J. Heathcoate; the Rev. W. Wheeler, and the Rev. C. J. Heathcoate; the Rev. W. Wheeler, the Rev. J. Wagner; the Rev. J. Wagner; the Rev. J. Wagner; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Shoreham; the Rev. J. Young; the Rev. Matthew Plumbar of Jumpar of "The great body of the multitude observable upon the heights

> The greatest anxiety is now felt for the election of President, which will take place on Sunday, Dec. 10th.

PRUSSIA. announced by beat of drum in all quarters of the city, and posted administered to a large number of communicants.

The company then proceeded to the school-house, (a build-lished, pro tempore, till the school is built,) when the process of the control of the school is built, when the process of the control of the control of the school is built, when the process of the clubs to be closed, and arms to be delivered up.

The Constituent Assembly met in the Schutzen Hans and the school is built, when the process of the clubs to be closed, and arms to be delivered up. the tent proceeded to the school house, (a built, pro tempore, till the school is built,) when the the proceeding the school is built,) when the the school hy giving a cap and gown to school at Shoreham, and who will become the first pupil of the school at Shoreham, and who will become the first pupil of After this.

The Constituent Assembly met in the Schutzen Hans and up. The Constituent Assembly met in the Schutzen them guilty of high treason. Many families were leaving the

The movement at Berlin is of course exciting much attention

The Rheinische Volks Halle says that intelligence had been received at Berlin on the 11th, by telegraph, that Breslau was in insurrection, and that the palace of Count Von Bradenburgh there had been burnt down. This was considered untrue by the

The Commercial Council of Cologne has sent an address to the National Assembly declaring that the King has no right to adjourn or dissolve the diet without that body's consent. Meetings had also taken place at Aix la Chapelle, Coblentz and

As late as nine, p. m., groups continued in the streets, but the people appeared resolved to avoid bringing on a contest.—
All placards had been torn down by the military, except one, which was allowed to remain, and this was an address to the citizens, urging them to wait patiently the decision of the provinces and about the resolutions are to the assistance of the provinces and about the resolutions. vinces, and should they not fly in arms to the assistance of the capital, recommending the people not to risk the blood and property of 400,000 inhabitants of Berlin for fifteen millions of ungrateful provincials.

Colonial.

MAYOR'S COURT.

Margaret Munns, for larceny, sentenced to three years' im-

isonment in the Provincial Penitentiary.

Ann MacNalty, for larceny, three months' imprisonment in CHARGE

Sion. It existed for many months in Ress. Become tracked from the former country that Upper Canada is from England. It is a reasonable inference that, although the epidemic may make its appearance here, during the winter, the greater probability is that it will not show itself among us before the spring, or summer of the ensuing year. In either case, however, it between the summer of the ensuing year. In either case, however, it between the sanction of the Board of Health, I have already issued a proclamation enjoining upon the inhabitants of the city the observance of certain sanitary regulations with regard to the removal of nuisances from, and the preservation of clear-liness about, their respective premises: and several of the officers of the Corporation have since been daily employed in visiting and examining houses and premises in the city to the purpose of enforcing the observance of those regulations: and these visits will be continued, with the same object, until all the premises in the city shall have been examined.

The enforcement of these sanitary regulations by the public authorities, however, is not alone sufficient to meet the apprehended calamity. It is equally the duty of every owner or occupant of a house or tenement, to examine and remove from every cellar, any stagnant water which may be found therein; and where such stagnant water which may be found therein; and where such stagnant water which may be found therein; and where such stagnant water exists—as it often does—under the floor of the cellar; to remove such floor, or so much of it as may the continued, and the premises: to carry off such stagnant water, either by digging a small well, or hole, in the lowest part of the cellar; to remove such floor, or so much of it as may enable the parties to carry off such stagnant water exists—as it often does—under the floor of the cellar; to remove such floor, or so much of it as may enable the parties to carry off such stagnant water exists—as it often does—under the floor of the cellar; to rem

sewers, with which street culverts are connected, and into which culverts these waste waters might be emptied, with very little additional labour to the parties, while the health of themselves

and their fellow-citizens would be greatly promoted thereby.

In addition to these measures of cleanliness, I would recom-In addition to these measures of cleanliness, I would recommend that strict attention be paid to ventilation. Every occupant of a house, tenement, or even of a single apartment, should take care that the windows and doors, if necessary, of every room in which human beings reside or sleep, should be opened for, at least, a portion of every day, for the purpose of admitting the external air, and of purifying the atmosphere of the dwelling and sleeping apartments.

The precautionary measures I strongly recommend should be adopted now; and should the threatened calamity not make

its appearance before the breaking up of the winter, and the opening of spring, I still more strongly recommend that they should be yet more rigidly observed and enforced then.

These sanitary and precautionary measures being duly adhered to, it will become the duty of every inhabitant—when

the epidemic shall make its appearance among us—to carefully watch the state of his own health, and that of his household: and upon the first appearance of those premonitory symptoms which almost invariably indicate the approach of an attack of the Cholera, to apply those remedial measures—if possible, un-der medical advice—which experience has demonstrated to be most successful in arresting the progress of the malady. By those of my fellow-citizens who are blessed with the means of obtaining the required assistance, little difficulty will be experienced in doing this: and I think I may venture to state that rienced in doing this: and I think I may be seen that under the advice of the Board of Health, will take care that the advice of the Board of Health (Board of Heal of our inhabitants.

tion, in predicting that when the pestilence shall make its ap-pearance amongst us, it will be much less fatal in its effects than it was upon the former occasions, and that when it shall depart from us, it will leave behind it much fewer "widow's weeds," much fewer mourning and destitute orphans, and much less of mental agony and social distress and misery, than lingered in

its footsteps at those melancholy periods.

At all events, should ir, notwithstanding all our precautions, be the will of the Almighty disposer of human events, that we, or any of us, or any that are dear to us, should fall a sacrifice to the pestilence, we shall in our or their last moments, be re-lieved from the fearfully aggravating consciousness that we or On Thursday last the first case of sickness was reported to ieved from the fearfully aggravating consciousness that we or they have fallen victims to our own wilful neglect or inattention

Additions to the Legislative Council.—The following from the Gazette, was communicated by telegraph from Montreal :-

Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery

Montreal, 22nd Nov., 1848. His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to call to the Legislative Council, Joseph Bourret, of the city Montreal, and George Leveuse de Bojeau, of Coteau-du-Lac,

and Higman, proprietors of the *Pilot*, for libel, will be tried before a special Jury, on the 18th proximo.

LIFE ASSURANCE.—In another column will be s. Head Master of the School; Lady Caroline Eliot; to invest the town with masses of insurgents and break open the heeler; Mrs. Woodard; Miss Peacocke; A. J. B. gaol." success its projectors could desire, were it conducted on certain and liberal principles. The Report now before usfully justifies our former anticipations; the institution in Canada has met with decided success, a success which has quite exceeded the Berlin was declared in a state of siege on the 12th. It was nonunced by beat of drum in all quarters of the city, and posted pon the walls. No persons were allowed to form gatherings in lony, thereby giving this Branch all the advantages of a Loca Company, and giving those who assure in this Colony the benefit of ample security for the discharge of the obligations of the Com-

	Vessels.	Tonnage
1847	1179	474,535
1848	1044	426,968
Less this year	135	47,577

United States.

TELEGRAPHIC ABSTRACT OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. Washington, Dec. 5th, 1848. The House of Representatives met at twelve o'clock, noon

MESSAGE.

Fellow Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives : By the benignant Providence of an Almighty God, the repreeentatives of the States and of the people are again brought together to deliberate for the public welfare. The gratitude of a nation to the Sovereign Arbiter of all future events should be mensurate with the boundless blessings which we enjoy .-Peace, plenty and contentment reigns throughout our b Our beloved country presents a sublime and noval spectacle to

The troubled and unsettled condition of some of the European powers has had a necessary tendency to check and embarrass trade, and to depress prices throughout our commercial relations, but notwithstanding those causes, the United States with their abundant products have felt their effects less severely than any other country, and all our great interests are still prosperous and

In reviewing the great events of the past year, contrasting the agitated and disturbed state of other countries with our of His Worship the Mayor to the Grand Jury of the Mayor's Court.

Toronto, Dec. 4, 1848.

Mr. Foreman, and Gentlemen of the Jury:

The calendar of prisoners for trial which has just been placed before me, shews a comparatively small number of persons

into which the stagnant water may be drained, and from which it may be subsequently removed; and to spread quick-lime over the surface of the ground from which the stagnant water has been so removed before replacing the flooring of such cellars.

I would strongly urge upon the inhabitants the necessity of preventing the slops and waste waters of their houses—particularly suds and dirty waters in which clothing and other articles have been washed—from being thrown on the surface of their yards or grounds. Most of our principal streets have now sewers, with which street culverts are connected, and into which

commended for their ability, energy, and efficiency.]

If the service of the navy, the most important arm of defence were not so irilliant in the war, it was because it had no enemy in its own chment. Poth branches of the Army and Navy did

their whole cuty.

The result of the war tends to preserve us from foreign collisions, and mables us to pursue uninterruptedly, our cherished policy, peace with all nations, entangling ourselves in alliances with none. Vast additions have been made to our territorial possessions. Within less than four years, the annexation of possessions. Within less than four years, the annexation of Texas to the Union has been consummated—all conflicting title to Oregon Territory south of the 49th degree of north latitude, being ill that was insisted upon by any of my predecessors has been adjusted by the treaty. The area of the several territories, according to a report prepared by the Commissioners of the General Land Office, from the most authentic information in his possession, which, is herewith transmitted, contains one million, one hundred, ninety thousand, and sixty-one square miles. With the addition of the late acquisitions, the United States are now estimated to be nearly as large as the whole of Europe, and their whole extent, on both the Pacific Ocean and the Gulf of Mexico, two thousand and twenty miles. The addition of sea-coast, including Oregon, is very nearly two-thirds as great as all we previously possessed. We have now three great marking fronts, making in the whole an extent of sea-coast of five thousand miles.

[A branch mint is recommended in California, and its im-

[A branch mint is recommended in California, and its immense advantages are fully argued.]

[The President recommends earnestly that a regularly organized Territorial Government in New Mexico and California

reasons for approving the Oregan Bill. The desire to preserve harmony, and deference to acts of his predecessors, If such measures, precautionary and remedial, as I have ta- are his reasons. Or should Congress prefer to submit the legal ken the liberty of recommending, should be rigourously and carefully observed, I feel that I am guilty of but little presump-

CHOLERA IN NEW YORK .- The following was transmitted

New York, Dec. 4, 3 P. M. It becomes a reluctant duty in alluding to a rumour prevalent in this city, that cases of Cholera exist at Quarantine. There being better grounds for this than for former reports, we give the facts as stated by the captain of the ship, in his hearing before the Mayor and Commissioners of Health. The ship New York Casterin Line strived on Friday, twenty-two days from York, Captain Lines, arrived on Friday, twenty-two days from

him, when 100 miles from Cape Sable—the thermometer having fallen 18 degrees in two days, and a raw, snowy temperature at 40 degrees prevailing. The first was a child, which was taken at 3 and died at 8 P. M. A second child died with like

symptoms soon after. In four days previous to the arrival, seven died, and four

others were under treatment. Captain Lines had never seen a case of Cholera, and did not ak those such until his arrival, and does not now express his

belief that they were.

The resident Physician, Dr. Whiting, refuses as yet to report We understand that the action, Gugy v. Donoghue

We understand that the action, Gugy v. Donoghue

The passengers were from Havre, different parts of France, and Germany.

New York, Dec. 5, 1848.

New York, Dec. 5, 1848.

A communication was received by a committee of the Board of Health this morning from the Health Office, reporting 18 cases which occurred on board the New York, from Havre, resembling the Asiatic Cholera—12 persons were landed—7 deaths have occurred among the steerage passengers.

Six new cases of cholera have occurred since yesterday at the marine hospital, four of which were inmates of the hospital previous to the arrival of the ship New York. TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, December 13th, 1848.

1		8	d		8	d	i
	Fall Wheat, per 60 lbs	4	0	u	4	2	6
3		0	0	a	0	0	C
8		1	0	a	1	1	ŧ
t		1	6	a	1	8	a
9		1	6	a	1	8	1
		17	6	a	0	0	П
3		23	0	a	0	0	
-		21	3	a	0	0	
		18	0	a	19	0	1
		17	6	a	0	0	2
	Ontmood nor housel was server as a server	17	6	a	0	0	15
1		0	21	a	0	34	13
t	Do nor 100 De	13	9	a	18	9	
33	Pork per lb.	0	2	a	0	3	13
56	Do. per 100 lbs	12	6	a	16	3	1
e	Mutton per lb	0	25	a	0	3	
	Lamb, per quarter	0	0	a	0	0	1
	Lamb, per quarter	2	2	a	2	4	E
e	Potatoes, per bushel	0	74	a	0	84	
h	Do. salt, do	0	6	a	0	61	
u	Do. salt, do	0	37	a	0	41	
	Cheese, per lb		4	a	0	0	
	Lard, per lb.		0	a	5	0	6
	Apples, per barrel	0	73	a	0	0	
	Eggs, per doz.,	2	03	a	3	0	
	Turkeys, each	1	3	a	1	8	
	Geese, do	1	8	a	2	0	я
	Ducks, per pair	0	10	a	1	3	В
	Fowls, Do	25	0	a	30	0	B
	Straw, per ton		0	a	60	0	
=	Hay, do	50	0	a	11	3	B
	Fire Wood,	9	41	a	0	54	All .
	Bread, per loaf	0	45	a	10	12	1
		-				-	40

EXCHANGE. Toronto on London Il @ 0 per cent.
" " New York ... 3 @ 0
"
New York on London 8½ @ 8¾ "

To the Members of the Home District Clerical Society. Rev'd. Brethren, - The next Meeting of this Association will take place (D. V.,) on Wednesday the 10th of January, 1849, at the Rectory, Toronto.

RICHARD MITCHELL, B.A. Toronto, Dec., 14th, 1848.

The Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto.



A MEETING of The Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto will be held at the Society's House, in the City of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 3 o'clock.

The by the Widows and Orphans Fund, as amended by the Select Committee to whom it was referred, will be brought up for final dis-

Church Society's House, Toronto, 13th Dec., 1848.

Diocesan Press.

A MEETING of the Committee of the Dioceson Press will be held at The Church Society's House, at Toronto, on Thursday, the ath January next, at 10 o'clock, A.M. T. CHAMPION, Manager. Toronto, December 12th, 1848.

CHRISTMAS BOOKS.

Rejoleing at Christmas, per dozen.
CHRISTMAS CAROLS, or Sacred Songs suited to the Festival of our Lord's Nativity, per dozen.
Ditto, ditto, with Music, Cloth, each.
CHRISTMAS, Ismo, sewed, with Erontispiece.
CHRISTMAS AND CHRISTMAS CAROLS, beautifully

A Very Large Assortment of Books, Many of them beautifully illustrated, suitable for Reward Books, an Presents for Christmas and New Year. Toron'o, December 13th, 1848.

For Sale at the Depository of the Church Society, Diocese of Toronto. No. 5, King Street West, Toronto.

JUST PUBLISHED. ROWSELL'S SHEET ALMANAC For 1849.

CONTAINING the usual variety of useful information for the Office, Library, or Counting-house, and embellished with a large and handsome Steel Engraving of the WEST FRONT OF THE HORSE GUARDS.

And Anadason.

HORSE GUARDS.

Paice 2s. 6d.

[For sale at the Book-sellers in Canada East and West.

HENRY ROWSELL,

Publisher,

Publisher,

King Street, Toronto.

20-4i

Of Duplex (with Compensation Balance), Lever, Horizontal, and Verge Escapements;

JUST PUBLISHED, ROWSELL'S DIARY,

Law and Commercial Remembrancer for 1849. Price 5s. substantially half-bound.

PRINTED on good Letter Paper, and containing a blank space for Memoranda, &c., for every day of the year, with the day of the week and month printed at the head of each space. There is also a Calendar prefixed, and a variety of information valuable to the Lawyer lalendar Frenxet, and a varies, of the control of t

BOARD. A WIDOW LADY residing in the West end of the Town, would be happy, after the Christmas Holidays, to accommodate a few Young Gentlemen as Boarders. The locality is very convenient for pupils of the Upper Canada College.

Reference may be made to the Revorend R, J. MacGeorge, at the office of The Church, King Street,
Toronto, 13th December, 1848.

EDUCATION. THE REV. H. N. PHILLIPPS, formerly Mathematical Master at the Camberwell Collegiate School, in connexion with King's College, London, and for many years Head Master of the Autigua Grammar School, West Indies, has made arrangements in Toronto for the Boarding and Tuition of a limited number of Young Gentle-

men.

The Plan of Instruction intended to be pursued by him in every Branch of Education,—Commercial, as well as Mathematical and Classical,—is of the most substantial kind, the good effects of which are evinced in the number of his Pupils in the West Indies who have been admitted to Holy Orders.

In cases of Pupils intending to be come Candidates for Collegiate Exhibitions, and University Degrees, or for admission to the Legal or Medical Professions, suitable routines of Study will be adopted, with a view to insure success.

Terms per Quarter. For Tuition in the Ordinary Branches of an English Education.....

TESTIMONIALS of Qualifications from the Rev. Hy. Melville, Chaplain to the Tower of London, and Principal of the East India Company's College. Aylebury; from the Rev. J. S. Brockhurst, Head Master of the Camberwell Collegiate School; and from the Bishop of Antigua, may be seen at the Church Depository, King Street,

August 16th, 1848. MRS. HERRMAN POETTER, HAS REMOVED her School from Kingston to this CITY and has taken a house, No. 20, William Street, where she will be ready to receive Pupils on the 15th instant, and instruct them in the usual Branches of a sound and finished

REFERENCES kindly permitted to the LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO, and the Rev. Welliam Herchmer, Kingston; also to the following Gentlemen, whose Daughters' Education MRS. POETTER has had the honour of finishing. THOMAS KIRKPATRICK, Esq., Kingston. Hon. George S. Boulton (Cobourg. G. S. Daintry, Esq.,

Trent. SHELDON HAWLEY, Esq., JOHN TURNBULL, Esq., Belleville. J. D. Goslee, Esq., MR. HERRMAN POETTER, who is a native of Hanover, wishes to devote a few hours during the day in giving lessons in the German Language. He has been in the habit of teaching for some years, and will be happy to forward his Terms

when required.

20, William Street.

Toronto, May, 1848.

TAMES WINDEAT, B.A., Master of the District Gram-Cambridge, is desirous of receiving into his Family three or four additional BOARDERS, whom, if required, he will prepare, by a particular course of studies, either for the Exhibitions of the Upper Canada College—the Scholarships of the University the Previous Examination before the Benchers-or the Theological Institution at Cobourg.

Terms and other particulars made known upon application. Brockville, Jan. 24, 1848.

MRS. JAMIESON RESPECTFULLY notifies her return to Toronto, and will resur

> And in the use of THE FRENCH ACCORDEON. In Writing,

WRITING,

Whether in Classes or in Private, the attention would be direct alone, in the Lessons given, to the speedy acquirement of a neat and graceful style of Writing—an accomplishment which all know how to appreciate, and which, by strict attention on the part of the Pupil, under the system pursued by Mrs. J., may be imparted in TWKLVE LESSONS; as will be satisfactorily shown by a number of her former Pupils, in the British American Provinces and United States.

The French Accordeon,

An instrument now in general use, is also taught by Mrs. JAMIESON. Simple in construction, and sweet in melody, its use is readily acquired.—Twelve Lessons being deemed sufficient to impart a compeent knowledge of it to those who are lovers of the art. In the arrangements for Tultion, the convenience of the Pupils will nevery case be consulted, both as to time and place; Ladies being vaited on at their own residences, or received at that of Mrs. J.

An Evening Class for the instruction of Young Ladies and Jentlemen in Writing Will be open at Mrs. J's, from seven to eight, and from eight to nine o'clock every evening. MRS. JAMIESON will also attend Ladies at their own residences. Mus. Jamisson respectfully submits that she isprepared to afford the most satisfactory references, and is kindly permitted to mention the names of the fiev. H. J. Grasett, M.A., and the flev. Hy. Scadding, M.A., and can furnish testimonials from many of her Pupils, who, under her guidance, have attained a proficiency in Writing and Music life a comparatively brief period.

Communications from Parties who may desire to enter on one or oth of these Studies, will be addressed to Mas. Jameson, at her ooms, 154, Yonge Street. Toronto, Nov. 1848.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH ESTABLISHMENT. For Young Ladies, BY MONSIEUR & MADAME DESLANDES. ROSEDALE HOUSE, YONGE STREET.

MADAME DESLANDES begs to inform her friends and the public, that she purposes Removing her School in the beginning of January noxt, from York Street, to Rowedale, a residence which she has selected as offering from its healthy situation, and the beauty and extent of the grounds attached to it, one of the most desirable residences in the Province. Mad. Deslandes being desirous that her Establishment should embrace all the advantages of an European School, has engaged, through the medium of Monsieur Deslandes' friends in Paris. a highly educated FRENCH GOVERNESS; whose assistance with that of the Best Masters now employed, will, she hopes, added to her own and Monsieur Deslandes' mremitting exertions, advance in every way the improvement and solid instruction of her Pupils. Monsieur Deslandes is a Protestant, and a Graduate of the French University. Madame Deslandes, an English lady. They have adopted this plan in order to blend the English principles of Education with the French system, so long and so deservedly approved of.

Terms for Boarders,

Terms for Boarders, Including all the various branches in English and French, Music, Drawing, and the use of the Globes.—£60 per annum. Day Pupils,-£6 per Quarter.

German, Italian, Singing and Dancing, on the usual terms.

No extras, and a deduction will be made for Pupils not wishing to learn Music or Drawing, and also for those under 12 years of age. Quarterly Payments required. Each Young Lady must be provided with with Six Towels, a Silver Spoon, and Knife and Fork.

References are most kindly permitted to-The Hon. and Right Rev. the Load Bisher of Toronto; the Rev. Dr. McCaul, President of the University of King's College; the Rev. H. J. Grasett, Rector; the Hon. the Chief Justice; the Hon. Mr. Justice Macaulay; the Hon. Mr. Justice McLean; the Hon. Mr. Justice Draper; W. B. Jaryis, Esq.; Colonel Carthew; W. A. Baldwin, Esq. Toronto, Nov. 23d, 1848.

MRS. AND THE MISSES DUNN'S Establishment for Young Ladies, COBOURG.

References kindly permitted to the Honourable and Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Toronto; the Venerable the Archdeacom of York, Cobourg; Rev. W. H. Ripley, Toronto; G. M. Boswell, Esq., Cobourg. Tanms, for Boarders receiving an English Education £30 per an-

Nov. 30th, 1848. PRIVATE BOARDING-HOUSE,

French, Music, Drawing &c. on the usual terms.

IS, WILLIAM STREET. MRS. FIELD can accommodate a limited number of BOARD-ERS, on moderate terms. Reference kindly permitted to the Rev. Dr. McCaul. Toronto, Nov. 23, 1848.

WANTED, a Situation as Nursery Governess by a Lady who would take the entire Charge of two or three Young Children, and would make berself generally useful. Salary not so much an object as a comfortable home—has no objection to the Country. References kindly permitted by the Rev'd J. G. Geddes, Rector of

THE Subscriber takes leave to inform the Citizens of Torontor and Vicinity, that he has just received the largest Stock of GOODS in his line ever imported into Canada West,

Euglish Silver Levers, from \$21 Upwards;

Of every style and variety; VERY SUPERIOR GOLD PENS;

Silver Forks, Spoons, Ladles, &c.; ditto Cups and Goblets; ditto Dessert Knives and Forks; a very splendid Papier Machee Work table; ditto Work Boxes; Portfolios, Envelope Cases, Desks, Inkstands, Jewel Boxes, Card Trays and Cases, the best Plated Side Dishes and Covers, Castors, Salvers, Candiesticks and Branches; Tea Urns and Kettles, &c.; German Silver, Plated on Steel Spoons, Forks, &c., &c.; Ladles' and German Silver, Plated on Steel Spoons, Forks, &c., &c.; Ladles' and German Silver, Plated on Steel Spoons, Forks, &c., &c.; Ladles' and German Silver, Plated and Desks; fine Lvory Table Cutlery, warranted; Japamed Tea Trays, newest patterns; Plated and Britannia Metal Communion Services; Victoria Metal Venison Dishes and Covers, and Hot-water Plates; ditto ditto Dish Covers; two Porcelain and Ormolu twelvelight Chandeliers; large and small Music Boxes and Accordions.

The above, together with an assortment of FANCY GOODS, are

Asso .- Maker of Sykes' improved Hydrometer. GEORGE SAVAGE.

> Just Published. The Churchman's Almanac For 1849.

ONTAINING a great variety of Ecclesiastical, Commercial and PRICE FOURPENCE.

MRS DACK takes this opportunity to return her sheere thanks to the Ladies of Toronto, for the liberal par ronage she has received since her commencement in business, and begs to inform them that she continues to import French Contillé Elastic, &c. N.B.—Mrs. D. Wakes to order ELASTIC LACED STOCKINGS and CHEST EXPANDERS.

Toronto, Nov. 13, 1848. THOS. BILTON, MERCHANT TAILOR.

No. 2 WELLINGTON BUILDINGS,

The Tailoring department will continue to be conducted on those trinciples which he doubts not will secure an extension of the favour

BRITISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE No. 44, KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

Trimmings in all their variety. -ALSO-

Daguerreotypes for One Dollar!

Rooms over Mr. Phillips's Store, corner of Church and KING STREETS.

(From the Maine Democrat, Saco, June 22, 1847.)

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS, on the wrapper, For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by LYMAN, KNERSHAW &Co. nd ROBERT LOVE, Toronto, also by Druggists generally,

At. Niagara, on the 22nd inst., by the Rev. Thos. Creen, Rector, Thomas J. Miller, youngest son of the late George Miller, Esq., M. D., to Anne, fourth daughter of the late John

On Wednesday, 5th Dec., at the bride's father's, by the Rev. John Grier, Mr. James Ross, Merchant, to Miss Caroline, eldest daughter of Elijah Ketcheson, of Sidney. At St. Philip's Church, Weston, on Wednesday, the 22nd

DIED On Friday, the 24th instant, Charles Sinclair, infant son of

At Montreal, on the 8th December, Bennard Turquand, Deputy Receiver General, aged 58 years.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We are very sorry that we are compelled to decline H.'s last immunication, but we do not see how we could with propriety pursue sny other course, Our readers—we are persuaded—are not likely to derive either pleasure or edification from eriticisms which, however ingenious, are ill-tempered.

NEW GOODS.

RICH GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY

A Rich Silver Ten and Coffee Service;

The above, together with an assortment of FANCY GOODS, are offered at very low prices, for Cash or approved Credit.

N.B.—Particular attention paid to the Repairing of Watches and Jewellery.

Observe 54, Victoria Row, King Street. Toronto, Nov. 16, 1848.

For Sale at the principal Bookstores in Canada East and West, at the Depository of The Church Society, Toronto, and at the Publisher's, HENRY ROWSELL,

In returning thanks to the gentry of Canada West for the distinguished patronage his establishment has so long received, begs intimate that his usual assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods

have come to hand, comprising Superior West of England Cloths Kerseymeres, Mill'd Kerseys, Doeskins, &c., in those quiet, gentle-manly, styles usually to be met with in the best West End houses.

N. B:—University Work, in its various orders, as well as Burrister's, Queen's Counsel, and other Official Robes, will continue to be produced in that superior Style which recently met with so favourable Foronto, 1st November, 1848. T. HAWORTH,

EDUCATION.

AMES WINDEAT, B.A., Master of the District Grammar School at Brockville, and late of St. Peter's College, bridge, is desirous of receiving into his Family three or four property of the property

Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Hollow Ware, Britannia & Plate Ware, Tuble Cutlery, Silver Spoons, &c. &c. &c.

NEW YORK PRICE. ZT (TO SUIT THE TIMES.)

Foronto, Aug. 31, 1848. FARM FOR SALE. OT 3, 8th. Con. Township of HOWARD, WESTERN DISTRICT, 140 Acres, a very valuable Lot of Laud, well watered, having a stream running the whole length of the Lot. There is a clearing of near Twenty Acres, and a Log House; is about 12 miles from CHATHAM, 8 from the shore of LARE ERIE, and hear to be RONDEAU. Apply to Ma. Champion, Church Office, Toronto.

(From the Maine Democrat, Saco, Sane 22, 1847.)

Wistar's Balsam.—A tew days ago, Mr. Elijah Witham, of Sanford, in our county, being in our office, requested us to publish, for the benefit of the public, his testimony in favour of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. In the fall of 1846, Mr. Witham was attacked with a very bad cold, which continued to grow worse till March, when he was confined to the house, with little hope of recovery. Hearing of WISTAR'S BALSAM, he resolved to try it. He soon found relief—and after taking four bottles, was able to go out and recommends those who use it to persevere, even if they do not at once perceive any beneficial result. We are not in the habit of writing pulls for medicines, and only giveth at the request of Mr. W. IED. DEMOCRAT.

At Burford, on the 4th inst., the lady of the Rev. St. Geo.

Willson, Esq., all of Niagara.

instant, by the Rev. C. Dade, D.D., Frederick Pugh, youngest son of the late John Pugh, Esq., London, England, to Britannia Jane, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Phillips, D.D., Rector of Eto-On the 18th Nov., by the Rev. T. S. Kennedy, Bartholo-mew Fowler, Esq., of Darlington, to Miss Philippa Inch, of the

the Rev. G. Mackie, D.D., Official of the Diocese of Quebec, aged 11 months and 26 days. At Perth, on the 18th ultimo, after a short illness, from fever, Alexander Thom, Esquire, aged 25 years.

LETTERS received to Wednesday, December 13th: Rev. R. G. Plees, rem.; John Arkland; H. Charles, Esq. (An article on the subject to which he has called our attention is in type, but has been postponed from want of space.

0 feet and to ne.