Besides the ediscovered by Mr. Faucher de Saiat Maurice, M. Gentil discovered one which was afterwards interred in the Cemetery of Belmont. This the author supposes to have been the remains of Father Jean de Quen, the discoverer of Lake St. John, who died on the 8th and was buried on the 9th of October, 1658.

The pamphlet also contains a ground plan of the College, showing where the remains were found.

GLIMESTS OF QUEENC DURING THE LAST TEN YEARS OF FRENCH DOMINION IN CANADA, 1749-1759. With observations on the past and on the present. Read before the Literary and Hi torical Society of Quebec, by its President, J. M. LeMoine. Quebec: Morning Chronicle office.

On the 5th of August, 1749, Professor Kalm, a distinguished follower of Linnieus, landed in the city of Onebec. had with him the highest recommendations from the most eminent representatives of rank, letters and science in Europe, including the kings of France and his native country, Sweden, and some of the foremost universities and other seats of The object of his visit was to gather learning of the time. information as to the country, its people and productions, especially its botany and mineralogy. His footsteps can be traced through the "ancient capital" by the work in which he recorded his observations and researches, and it happily occurred to Mr. LeMoine that he might make that portion of it which dealt especially with places and persons in Quebec the subject of his inaugural lecture, as President of the Literary and Historical Society, for the season of 1879-80. The result is a compilation of facts of extreme interest to Canadians, both from a political and social standpoint, in a setting of admirable illustration from Mr. LeMoine's own treasury of antiquarian and topographical knowledge. The decade,