

vol. I, p. 61, are *L. intermedia* as far as they are covered by our herbarium specimens. We have no Canadian specimens of *L. minor*.

LECH A JUNIPERINA, Bicknell.

First collected by Dr. C. A. Hamilton in 1891 on dry sterile roadside, south of Mahone Bay, N.S., and in adjacent pastures, more particularly along the Fauxbourg road. New to Canada.

ANODA LAVATEROIDES, Medick.

In cultivated grounds at St. Catharines, Ont. (*W. C. McCalla*.)

GERANIUM PRATENSE, L.

In fields at Quebec, Que. (*Mrs. Brodie*.) Only other Canadian record is from New Brunswick.

CEANOTHUS VELUTINUS, Dougl., Macoun, Cat. Can. Plants, vol. 1, pp. 96 and 503.

*C. velutinus* var. *levigatus*, T. and G.; Macoun, Cat. Can. Plants, vol. I, pp. 96, in part, and 504.

Common in the Rocky Mountains and throughout British Columbia. All the references under var. *levigatus* in Macoun's catalogue with the exception of Menzies' from Nootka go here.

CEANOTHUS VELUTINUS, Dougl. var. *LÆVIGATUS*, T. and G.

Our only specimens of this plant were collected by Prof. Macoun in 1887 at Horne Lake, Vancouver Island, not far from Nootka, where it was first collected by Menzies.

RHAMNUS FRANGULA, L.

In a thicket in North London, Ont., 12 to 15 feet high and 3 to 5 inches thick at base. Collected by Mr. J. Dearness, July 1st, 1898. Well naturalized. Not before recorded.

TRIFOLIUM INVOLUCRATUM, Willd.

West coast of Queen Charlotte Islands, 1897. (*Dr. C. F. Newcombe*.) Northern limit.

ANTHYLLUS VULNERARIA, L.

First noticed in clover fields about New Durham, Oxford