

FOREIGN NEWS.

Matters in France are becoming day by day more interesting. The people are becoming tired of the upstart tyranny of Napoleon—his gagging the press, the people and all real liberty. A Constitutional party is about to overthrow his government, formed by a union of the Orleans and Legitimist party. The Sons of Liberty have resorted to their claim to the throne, and in 1830, and in 1831, the Bourbon, the heir of the throne, son of the late King Louis XVIII, do justice to the family of Orleans. The throne of the exiled kings thus agreeing to coalesce to put down the usurper. No change could injure France. The soldiers too are getting restive. Austria and Russia are plotting continually against Napoleon. He is using all his cunning with the army and church to keep up his influence. He plays his cards amazingly well. An attempt has been made to assassinate the Emperor of Austria. A Pacha of Egypt has lately visited England. Some American Bishops are on a visit to England, and officially visited the University of Oxford. A riot has occurred in England lately between the Catholics and Protestants at Stockbridge, where a Catholic church was burnt, and 60 persons wounded. The Parliament of England is protracted little having been done. The English ministry seem to have abandoned the idea of Protection and also the increase of the Military defences. England is very quiet and everything is in a prosperous state. The gold exportation of Australia still continues—vast numbers of persons are going thither, on a wild goose chase. Europe is quiet and likely to be so until the overthrow of Napoleon, or until he creates a war. Russia, Austria, and Prussia, seem to be in concert to uphold tyranny, their plans being well digested. Liberty must wait a while there. Korsuth's time has not yet come. A strange discovery of a secret society in Germany among the higher ranks of society, was lately made, resulting in the trial of many of the aristocracy. It was of a beastly immoral nature, relating to social morals. A great slander case has just come off in London, and it is the conduct of a catholic priest named Dr. Achilli, charged by Dr. Newman with adulterous conduct, and which has resulted in his being deprived of his office. Sir John Parkington and the Earl of Derby, have made explanations in reference to the complaints of Mr. Hincks, alleging that he was well treated. A dissolution of the English Parliament took place on the 1st July, and the elections are now proceeding. A Roman Catholic synod is to meet in England in July. A revolt of a temporary character took place lately in Greece, in which a priest was chiefly concerned, concerning the Greek church. In Ireland there seems to be a little religious disturbance, owing to the enforcement of some obnoxious clauses of the existing laws on Catholic priests. In the French Revenue there is a deficiency of thirty-four millions of francs—a loan of eight million pounds is about to be made. In India the electric telegraph has been put in operation. The Burmese war with the English is proceeding—it being said that England intend annexing a part of Burmah to her Indian Empire. Price of wheat in England is good no decline. A remonstrance has been made by the British Government against the expulsion of the three missionaries from Hungary. The pope is threatened with droop. A great deal of rain has fallen lately in England. A frightful collision of two steamers occurred in the Thames, by which both were sunk. The Queen protracted Parliament in person, 1st July. The females in England are circulating a petition to the Parliament to elect magistrates to inspect the Nunneries.

UP TO STATES.—Some dissatisfaction prevails about the nomination of General Scott, among the whigs, and rumors that Mr. Webster will be on a separate ticket prevails. There is nothing in it, Scott will be elected. He is a greater General than Jackson of Texas. His military bravery will soon be given a trial. This is no good sign, yet we believe him to be capable and patriotic. The anniversary of the battle of Landy's Lane is to be kept on the 27th inst, with great eclat at the Falls. Congress will probably soon adjourn. Nothing of importance will be done. A very generous offer to help the Montreal sufferers with \$50,000 more, and a great amount of clothing, have been made by the President and General Scott, but it seems that Congress must sanction the gift. Kossuth has sailed for Europe with his family. He will care without any pains. He has been well received by the American people, yet there is not the enthusiasm which one would desire to see, for a man superior in patriotism, eloquence, and greatness, to any living man. The future for Kossuth

looks uncertain, but events may yet bring about the freedom of his country. It is difficult for America to interfere in European affairs. The cholera is prevailing to some extent in the Southern States, and as it is said in New York Hospital, 30,000 persons visited the Governor's rooms in New York city to see the body of Henry Clay. An election has been held in New York in favor of the Montreal officers. The fourth of July was observed with great enthusiasm in the United States. Both parties, whigs and democrats, have agreed to uphold the compromise and fugitive slave law and to stand upon that basis.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Parliament is summoned to meet on the 19th August. The Hon. Louis Joseph Papineau has been returned for the County of Two Mountains, by an immense majority over his opponents. He is like Dr. Ruff, one of the oldest politicians, and one of the most eminent men living in Canada. At times he may be a little factious, but his mind is original and politically fearless. The great Montreal fire is causing a universal sympathy in Canada and the United States. The cities of Toronto and Hamilton have each given £500 to the sufferers, and it is likely this sum will be increased by private subscriptions. It is said 12,000 or more persons have been rendered houseless by this fire, it having consumed the houses of the poor and humble society. The Governor General gave £100. On the 12th of July there was a general turn out of the Orange party in processions in all parts of Canada. Brantford we hear being the only exception. They were allowed to peaceably carry out their proceedings every where except in Hamilton, where an unfortunate collision took place between the orange procession, on its return from Toronto, and the Catholics, in which affray one man was shot by the orangemen, and one orangeman was stabbed. Both parties as usual were somewhat to blame—the one for interfering, and the other for being armed openly and publicly in a civilized country, thus setting aside the arm of the civil law. We do not justify the assault made by the Catholics on the men, for they were returning home peaceably. As a general thing the Orangemen were very sober. The procession in Toronto was large, amounting to at least 2000 men. In Bytown and other places large processions took place. The protestant who shot the Catholic in Hamilton, has been held to bail for manslaughter. Orangemen in America should forget religious differences. The railroad between Toronto and Kingston is commenced. The Bytown and Prescott railroad is progressing very fast. A line of daily steamboats of a superior class is to be established between Toronto, Hamilton, and Oswego. The first rail on the Northern railroad was laid on the 15th inst, by Mr. Barrow, upon which occasion Mrs. Warford, the wife of one of the contractors, broke a BOTTLE OF CHAMPAGNE on the track, emblematic of the TOTAL character of the road, which we believe has been built with scarcely any drunkenness. A part of this road from Toronto to Brantford will be in operation in a few months. A new telegraph line is to go into immediate operation between Toronto and Kingston. The weather is just now very warm and favorable to hay and wheat harvesting, the latter having just commenced in some places. One of the strange features of the times is the mania in many of our people to go to Australia in search of Gold. Hundreds of hand bills are spread over our country, inviting the people to venture their lives, on a wild goose chase, in vessels, said to be about to sail immediately for New South Wales from New York city, passage through £20 or £30. Let no one be so foolish as to leave health, home, and friends, to sail round the world in search of rocks that contain a little gold.

BRANTFORD.—The bonds of the City of Buffalo for \$50,000, issued in aid of the Buffalo and Brantford Railroad, were disposed of in New York on the 30th ult, at 110, or 10 per cent premium. The bonds bear 7 per cent interest.

MARKET AND CEREALS.—Bullish change has taken place in prices in our markets for a month. Wheat is 3s. 9d per bushel, Young Potatoes and Vegetables of all kinds sell at good prices readily, Green Hay is in the market, the Meat market is tolerably well supplied—prices good. Wool is at an average of 1s. 1d per lb, Flax is abundant and brings fair prices, Potting young and old sells well. Crops generally are an average, wheat in some places below the average.

ONTARIO DIVISION EXCURSION TO THE FALLS. The Sons of the Ontario Division intend to excursion on a splendid scale to the Falls of about the 23rd day of August next—tickets & Band of music will attend, and every thing to be so the occasion one of comfort. Let all Large Bills will give the particulars.

DR. SMITH'S TEMPERANCE LECTURES. informed that Dr. R. J. Smith, Honorary pathologist will deliver a Scientific Temperance Lecture at the TEMPERANCE HALL, on Thursday the 29th inst. We hope you see a good turn out. We believe we are well qualified to instruct on this interesting subject.

RECEIPTS OF MONEY. From H A G. Trisalgar \$1, 1852; J R C \$12, by hands of D; J H, Ashgrove, 3s 9d on 1851; W J, Stoney Creek \$12, 1851; Crowland \$1, 1852; M McD, Kirkwall P O \$1—papers sent, H H, Brantford \$1, 1852; H H, Brantford \$64.

RECEIPTS OF COMMUNICATIONS. "Poetry" of Sylvicola in our next number. "Hornby Communication" is received. T. of Sylvicola and of Br. Henderson, as also copy on hand, and will appear in our next. Letter of Lake—Westwood, giving the account of the of an Indian Divis, and from Brantford will be sent. We have received a letter from Duncan, Esq. enclosing \$1, and approving of the Letters from Thamesford and Westwood received.

Our next number will appear on the 9th.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.—Dr. GAVIN RUSSELL, this city, died it is reported in San Francisco, days after his arrival. We deeply lament this melancholy event.

T. WHEELER, ENGRAVER AND WATCHMAN, 10 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO. COMPANY and LODGE SEALS executed in the best style, and designs furnished if required. OF ARMS found and emblazoned. July 26, 1852.

A set of Emblems and Son's REGALIA, by the Central Division now dissolved, can be had on reasonable terms, by applying to John Brown, Yonge Street, near Lawrence's tannery. Fees vary apply at the Son office. July 10th, 1852.

W. STEWARD, Premium Saddlery Warehouse, 95 York Street, Toronto, Sign of the Mammoth Collar. W. S. returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal support he has received. He still continues to manufacture a superior quality of goods, such as he has received so many premiums for, numerous fairs in Canada, and which has been orally mentioned at the World's Fair in London. W. S. will sell very low for cash, and articles warranted to be such as sold for. GOOD AND CHEAP. Remember the sign of the Collar.

NIAGARA TEMPERANCE HOTEL, Near the Liberty Pole, BUFFALO. J. H. BAILEY, Proprietor. D. B. HULL, Board—One Dollar per Day. Passengers and Baggage conveyed to and from Home free of charge. Accommodation for Board Buffalo, 2nd January, 1852.

PEARCY & MURPHY, House, Sign, and Ornamental PAINTERS, and PAPER HANGERS, West side of Yonge Street, one door south of Montgomery's Tavern, Toronto. Feb 1st 1852.

WILLIAM FELL, ENGRAVER, &c., HAMILTON, ONT. ET Seals for Divisions of Sons of Temperance engraved to Design, on the shortest Notice, and on reasonable Terms. Hamilton, 2nd January, 1852.