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ELEVENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING. FEBRUARY 3, 1890. ONE CENT.

EMMA GETS $1200

Conclusion of the West End Scandal Trial.

MR. LOUNT'S TOUCHING ADDRESS.

It Took the Jury 1 1-2 Hours to Arrive at a Verdict—A Category of Questions Submitted by Mr. Justice Street—An Appeal by Plaintiff's Counsel that Was Loudly Applauded, Likening Johnston to Tarquin of Old and the Young Woman to the Victim of "The Bridge of Sighs"—Lively Recollections of "Hayfork Jones."

THE Taylor-Johnston seduction case was concluded on Saturday night, the jury bringing in a verdict for the plaintiff for $1200. The first witness examined was George Irving, an employe of the Massey Manufacturing Company, and a witness for the defence. This witness was called to attempt to show that Emma Taylor was not a virtuous woman outside of the alleged intimacy with the defendant. He testified that one night in June of 1888 he saw a young man and a woman he recognized as Emma Taylor in a compromising position in Bellwoods Park. In cross-examination he admitted that he watched them in order that he could himself take advantage of the woman.

Miss Lena Morrison in her evidence denied the statements made by Emma Taylor with regard to the occurrence said to have taken place the night defendant returned from Whitby.

To Mr. Lount she said: We—did not go to bed for an hour after going upstairs. We were not waiting for Miss Taylor to come. At the church trial I said I didn't remember that Bella Coulter was in my uncle's house that night, but I did not state positively that she was not there. My uncle did not suggest to me that it would be preferable to forget that Bella Coulter was there. I don't remember seeing Bella Coulter trying to hide the bottle which contained the chloroform that Emma Taylor was using for her toothache.

Mr. Lount's Touching Address.

Mr. Lount's address to the jury was a masterpiece. In spite of all efforts to subdue any manifestation on the part of the audience he was frequently applauded. "Did you ever hear, gentlemen of the jury," he asked, "of an innocent, pure-minded man putting his arms around his servant girl, playing and toying with her?" It was no wonder that this poor girl, dragged to ruin, should think even of death to end her misery, should say that rather than have her family disgraced she would throw herself into the lake. And Mr. Lount quoted from Tom Hood's "Bridge of Sighs":

In she plunged boldly.
No matter how coldly
The rough river ran;
Over the brink of it,
Picture it—Think of it
Dissolute man!

"Did you hear this girl's story; was there ever a more mournful, a more sorrowful one told? How he took advantage of her after taking the chloroform. The man had the opportunity, the passions were aroused; he dragged her to the sofa while she begged and prayed him to let her go. But all the baser passions were up and he accomplished his purpose." And now the plaintiff had laid this charge against Johnston, for she could not marry him, she could get nothing from him. "And do you dream," Mr. Lount asked, "that she and that old man [pointing to the father] would have brought this action against the defendant from no other motive than that of blackmail?" He asked the jury to make the defendant pay almost extraordinary damages, for in addition to destroying the daughter he had tried to destroy the character of the father and of the whole family. "He has got all from her," proceeded Mr. Lount, "her reputation, the better part of woman."

Like Tarquin of Old.

"It may be that he endeavored to inspire himself with those great principles he professed, to fight against the lusts of his flesh but, gentlemen of the jury, I believe at last the hell-born passions of this man were aroused and that he crept and stole, like Tarquin of old, to this girl's room and brought her out gently, partly sleeping, partly waking, until she said: 'Oh, Mr. Johnston, Mr. Johnston!' Putting his hand upon her mouth, he said: 'Hush, hush,' and kept her there an hour and a half, gratifying again his passions. Do you wonder, gentlemen, they drove the cruel Tarquins from Rome for crimes like these? I wonder almost now men do not rise and take some vengeance upon him for what he has done. Had it been my child I would slay him, although against the law, for I could not have resisted it." [Applause.]

He had asked her to go to the States. She replied: "I cannot go; I do not know anyone; I have no relatives." "No matter," he replied, "go; go anywhere." It does not matter what becomes of you, whether you are dying in a ditch or not—to save me. "And this, gentlemen, is the man to whom you are asked to give your sympathies. I do not know language strong enough to depict what he is, to paint him as he is."

The "Hayfork Man."

Coming to Mr. McBride's evidence, Mr. Lount pointed out the unreliability of implement agents generally. "Did you ever hear of a certain Hayfork Jones?" he asked; "how he swindled the farmers! It is the education and training they get."

Coming to the part of the evidence showing that the girl did not tell her parents of her ruin he said: "She did not tell her parents; she went to her friend Lena Morrison and said: 'For God's sake break it to my sisters.' Oh, the pity of it, the sorrow of it!" added Mr. Lount.

"Gentlemen of the jury, I will leave it to you to teach that those who stand high in church circles, occupying the position of parents to children, dare not ever again take the virtue of a pure and innocent child as she was, then cast her out upon the world to further shame and disgrace to save his wretched honor." [Applause.]

His Lordship carefully summed up every point in the evidence. He cautioned the jurors to guard against their natural inclination to sympathize with the woman, yet no doubt existed that in a great number of cases such actions were properly brought. "But lay aside all sympathies," he said. "Look straight at the evidence and weigh it carefully." The payment of a sum of money for a settlement was considered by His Lordship to be a strong piece of evidence, but he pointed out that if they gave a verdict for the plaintiff they should consider that the defendant had already paid $800.

The jury remained out an hour and a half and brought in a verdict for the plaintiff for $1200. A number of questions put by His Lordship were answered as follows:

Did McBride represent himself to the plaintiff when he went to make the settlement as being authorized by the defendant to admit his guilt of the charge against him?—Yes.

Would the plaintiff have executed the release but for such representations?—No.

Had McBride authority from the defendant to make the admission of his guilt?—Yes.

Did McBride admit the defendant's guilt in order to secure the release?—Yes.

Did the defendant authorize McBride to settle the action and furnish him with the $800?—Yes.

Did the defendant at the church court repudiate the settlement and did the plaintiff have then a right to begin this action?—Yes.

Did the plaintiff act on such representations in bringing this action?—Yes.

A general verdict for $1200 in addition to the $800 already secured was returned for the plaintiff with costs. Judgment will not be entered until the points of law involved are argued on a day to be fixed.

MONTAGUE AND COLTER.

Haldimand Will Again Exhibit Its Preference on Feb 20.—Hon. Mr. Masson Elevated to the Senate.

OTTAWA, Feb. 2.—Haldimand's next polling day is fixed for Feb. 20, nominations being on Feb. 13. The writ has been issued directed to Mr. Reighardt, returning officer. The organizers of both parties have been in Ottawa the greater part of the time since Mr. Colter was unseated and are no doubt well primed for the contest.

The last created vacancy in the Senate caused by the death of Senator Rodier has been filled by the appointment of Hon. Mr. Masson, who sat for the division until appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

Concerning the Turner vacancy and the confirmation of the hint given some time ago that the new senator would come from this side of Toronto, the name of Peter MacLaren, Perth's millionaire alderman, is prominently mentioned.

Dr. Landerkin says his tariff resolutions are serious business and he is going to continue the crusade he commenced last session until the drawback system or he himself disappears. He says there are some 40 different drawbacks. The resolutions of which he has given notice refer to only five but he will attend to others in their turn.

MONTREAL CIVIC ELECTIONS.

Little Interest Excited—Few Changes in the Council.

MONTREAL, Feb. 1.—The civic elections were held to-day and excited only the mildest interest. The following is the result: Mayor, Jacques Grenier (re-elected): Centre ward, Ald. Farrel; St. Mary's ward, Ald. Jeannotte; St. Louis, Ald. Boiseau; St. Ann's ward, Ald. Malone; St. James ward, Mr. Lamarche; Hochelaga, Mr. Gauthier; St. Gabriel's, Ald. Tansey. In all the other wards election was by acclamation and in every one the former aldermen were elected except in St. Antoine, where Mr. Shorey replaced Ald. Archibald. From this it will be seen that the composition of the new council will be the same as of the old except for Mr. Lamarche, Mr. Gauthier and Mr. Shorey.

AMONG THE RAILWAYS.

The C., B. & N. Reduces Freight Rates—Boston and Nebraska Tariff.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—The Chicago, Burlington & Northern Railroad has cut freight rates between Chicago and St. Paul from the present rate of 60 cents to the old rate of 40 cents a hundred first-class. This is due to reductions by other lines.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—Chairman Walker of the Interstate Commerce Railway Association has authorized the Omaha road in connection with the "Soo" line and Canadian Pacific to make as low rates from Boston to Nebraska points by way of St. Paul as any made by way of Chicago. The decision is due to the fact that an outside line will soon compete with the lines in the association.

A 12-YEAR-OLD MURDERER.

Joseph Bacon of Missouri Kills His Little Sister and Brother.

LOUISIANA, Mo., Feb. 2.—Yesterday at Eola Joseph Bacon, a 12-year-old negro, murdered his sister and brother, aged 8 and 3 years, as they were at play in bed. The former he shot with a gun and the latter he dispatched with an axe, severing the head from the body. He then walked to this place, 15 miles, and told his grandmother he had accidentally killed the children.

Lincoln Conservatives' Choice.

ST. CATHARINES, Feb. 1.—At a meeting of the Liberal Conservative Association of the County of Lincoln, held in Victoria Chambers here this afternoon, Eugene F. Dwyer, reeve of Port Dalhousie, was nominated to represent that party in the next election for member of the Ontario Assembly by a vote of 120 to 116 over A. H. Pettit of North Grimsby.

Suicide from Grief.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—Fred W. Fuhrmann, purser of the steamship Oceanic, committed suicide yesterday. Fuhrmann expected to meet his wife on his arrival in port Jan. 21. He waited patiently Mrs. Fuhrmann's arrival until yesterday, when he received word from his friends in the east that his wife had died. The purser was so overcome with grief that he killed himself.

The People's Furniture Warerooms, 161 Yonge-street—Building to be torn down. Clearing sale of all kinds of furniture. Remember we must sell. 136

Prohibiton Repeal in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 2.—The first bill for the repeal of prohibition has been introduced in the State Senate. It proposes township option, a special election on the application of 100 citizens, and if license is voted for then the applicant must have his petition signed by 30 freeholders in the township or ward in the district in which he resides.

Merchants can warehouse goods in bond or free with Mitchell, Miller & Co. Negotiable warehouse receipts issued; rate of insurance low.

An Insolvent Railway.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—In the United States Circuit Court to-day a petition was presented asking for the sale of the Alleghany Valley Railway. The road has been in litigation for some years. The petitioners represent $22,500,000 of the income bonds. They allege the road is in default to the amount of over $6,000,000. March 14 was fixed for a hearing.

The People's Furniture Warerooms, 161 Yonge-street—Over ten thousand dollars worth of Furniture must be sold before March 1st. Call early for bargains. 136

Acted in Self-Defence.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—The coroner's jury which investigated the death of Robert Gibbons, the witness for the defence in the Cronin case who was shot by Police Captain Schuettler in a saloon row, rendered a verdict tonight that Schuettler acted in self-defence. Schuettler was immediately released from custody.

The numerous sales of our noted overcoats from $4 up testify to the superiority of their quality, style and low prices. British Arms Clothing Store.

On Foot and Penniless.

STRATFORD, Feb. 1.—A large number of Canadians are returning to Stratford from the Michigan lumber woods on foot and penniless, having failed to obtain work owing to the open winter.

An immense line of men's heavy all-wool tweed jackets at $2.50, worth from $5 to $6. Come while they last. British Arms Clothing Store, 221 Yonge-steeet, cor. Shuter.

Map of Mimico.

Charles E. Goad, civil engineer, proposes to issue about May 1 next a complete map of Mimico, the growing Toronto suburb.

It will show all registered plans, lot numbers and existing buildings included in the proposed limits of the incorporation up to date of issue.

The scale of measurement will be 300 feet to the inch.

It will be varnished and mounted on cloth and rollers. The utmost pains will be taken to make the map thoroughly accurate and complete.

A thorough canvass of those interested in Mimico property will be made where known, and those not easily reached will receive prompt attention by sending their address to the office in Quebec Bank Chambers, 2 Toronto-street, Toronto.

Families leaving the city or giving up housekeeping can have their furniture carefully stored at moderate cost with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

Art in Dress.

The latest in overcoats is the "Talma." It is a handsome, stylish and graceful garment. Taylor & Co., Art Tailors, 89 Yonge-street. 136

BISMARCK'S HUFF

The Prince Maintains a Sullen Silence.

SERIOUS DIVERGENCE OF VIEWS

Emperor William Determined to Run Things to Suit Himself—The Proposed Franco-German Alliance Meets With Little Favor at Berlin—The Duke of Fife in Politics and Suggested as the Next Governor-General of Canada—Parnell's "Clarion Call" to the Irish Party—Portugal Appeals to the European Powers.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—Daily incidents strengthen the impression that there is a serious divergence of views between Prince Bismarck and the Emperor, or those having the immediate confidence of the Emperor, upon the proper course of the Government in some important internal concerns. The Prince's objection to the tone of the Speech from the Throne has been commented upon for some days. The fact that the objectionable part was the reference to labor troubles and that Von Berlepsch has been appointed to a place in the ministry, giving him control of those things practically in place of Bismarck, seems to imply that the Emperor intends that those things shall be in the hands of one in sympathy with the ideas set forth in the speech.

Within these few days the Emperor has received successively all the leaders of the different groups included in the Cartel coalition, and he is in conference every day with some prominent member of the Government groups, having a free interchange of views and communicating his own ideas on the proper management of the elections. There is a great contrast between his demeanor and that of Bismarck, who, though he has accorded interviews to various leaders, has maintained a singular reticence as to the policy to be pursued in the elections. His silence embarrasses the Government candidates as to the ground they shall take. He has been asked to make a speech before the Lower House of the Diet expressing the Government's policy, but he has declined to do so.

Prince Bismarck's letter to the German ambassador to the Vatican is published obviously to influence the opinions of Catholic voters. It declares the Government sees with pleasure the establishment of Catholic missions in German colonies, promises that all religious orders shall be admitted, including the Jesuits, and that all may rest assured of the protection of Germany. Cardinal Rampolla has responded expressing the extreme satisfaction of the Pope at this step and making his congratulations upon this further advance towards complete concord.

The new Reichstag is convoked for the middle of March. It is likely to present a formidable phalanx of Socialists who, combining with the Centre party and German Liberals, will easily outvote the Government group.

The Foreign Office regards the agreement between the Germans and Czechs in Bohemia as a triumph for the diplomacy of Bismarck and the personal influence of Emperor William. Incessant efforts have been made by Bismarck through the German ambassador at Vienna to induce Emperor Francis Joseph to adopt a policy that should tend to recover for the Germans the greater share in the government of the Austrian empire. The semi-official declaration in the facts put forth from Vienna admits that the foreign policy of the empire weighed with the Emperor as a main consideration in the case, that it was necessary to end race quarrels to enable Austria to stand on an equality with her allies in the triple alliance and be respected by Russia as a soundly constituted great power. In consequence of the German triumph in Bohemia a meeting of the Emperors is projected at Breslau.

Colonel Stoffel's pamphlet on a Franco-German alliance excites the greatest interest. The Kolnische Zeitung says the idea that Germany would buy peace from France by a cession of Alsace and Lorraine is the merest chimera, that no generation of Germany will ever dare cede an inch of German soil soaked with the blood of its fathers. The only value Stoffel's argument has is the fact that now, while his countrymen in France are wild with Russomania, he warns them against the danger of Slavdom and the influence of a vast barbaric state in the councils of Europe.

The Boisen Courier and The National Zeitung believe that Stoffel's warning to France against an alliance with Czardom will fall on deaf ears now as did his warning in 1870 against the precipitation of France unprepared into a great war.

LORD STANLEY'S SUCCESSOR.

The Duke of Fife Likely to be Our Next Governor-General.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—It is noted as a sign of the times that the Duke of Fife, who recently married the Princess Louise of Wales, has entered the field of politics. The Duke, however, is not to be restrained by royal conventionalities. He is too ambitious for that. He regularly attends political meetings and is sedulously coaching himself for a public career. The only explanation the political world can give of his erratic proceedings is that he aims at vice-royalty, and it is hinted that he may follow the precedent of the Marquis of Lorne and succeed Lord Stanley of Preston as Governor-General of Canada.

Mr. Parnell although invisible is not inactive. His address to the Irish party sounds like a clarion call. He has weighty work on hand. It is believed that at this session the question of Home Rule for Ireland is to be settled. Mr. Parnell acts as if he wished to have every member of the party think so. His influence is felt in every direction. He will leave no stone unturned to further the cause. He intends to produce the whole mass of Piggott's letters, forgeries and all.

Mr. Davitt, speaking of the forthcoming documents and testimony, says the revelations they will make will be startling even to a world jaded with the proceedings of the special commission. Mr. Parnell no longer seeks his own vindication from the accusations of The Times. In the interest of the cause he supports he proposes to disclose and denounce to the world the nefarious conspiracy which was formed against its leaders in order to kill it, and complete the investigation, which the special commission refused to allow him to do and which it left undone.

The Anglo-Portuguese Situation.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—Portugal sent a lengthy note to the European powers to-night appealing to them for arbitration of Portugal's differences as to territory with England and claiming the right to make such appeal under the treaty concluded at the Berlin conference. It was the hint that Portugal might call in the continental powers to adjudicate in matters which he regarded as none of their business that caused Lord Salisbury to launch the thunderbolt of the ultimatum. The actual appeal now made will not tend to improve England's temper. The situation has been dangerously complicated by the obstinate and insubordinate behaviour of the the Governor of Mozambique. He continues to defy all orders from Lisbon and refuses to deliver up the territory claimed by England. If this statement is confirmed there is no doubt that a British squadron will seize Delogoa Bay.

THE FRENCH WAY.

Much Speedier and Quite as Effective as a Libel Suit.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—The Marquis de Mores, well known in America in connection with a

Concluded on third page.

THE BANK WRECKERS.

President Classen and Broker Pell Unable to Procure Bail—Statement of the Deficits.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—President Classen of the Sixth National Bank failed to procure bail to-day and was obliged to go to Ludlow Jail until Monday. Broker Pell's wife and sister offered to go on Pell's bond, but the wife's property did not seem adequate, and as the sister's property is in New Jersey and therefore not acceptable in a New York court, Mr. Pell was returned to jail. Mr. Leland has advanced $500,000 to guarantee payment of the Sixth National depositors in full.

One of the bank wreckers is charged with squandering thousands of dollars upon an American burlesque actress now in London. It is alleged that the real leader of the syndicate which got possession of the Sixth National was James A. Simmons, the contractor, who had many large financial and contracting schemes on hand. Simmons took 785 of the 1035 shares sold by Leland. His whereabouts are unknown. Wallack, Pell's partner and president of the Lennox Hill Bank, and Kilduff, another partner, are also said to be missing.

The assets of the Equitable (face value) are $160,593. There are said to be 300 shares of Sixth National Bank stock hypothecated with another bank, the par value of which is $60,000; market value not yet determined. This will make the total $190,593. The liabilities are: Capital, $100,000; certified checks, $4435; due depositors, $31,118; due banks (10 not proven), $198,593. This shows a deficiency of $143,553. There is also evidence of an actual liability which does not appear on the books of the bank of $150,000 certification.

The total liabilities of the Lennox Hill Bank are $249,492.55; the total assets $370,675.94, leaving a deficiency of $178,616.61. The liabilities include the capital stock of $100,000.

He Will Provide Good Preachers.

"I am given to understand," said an East End Catholic of considerable prominence yesterday, "that His Grace Archbishop Walsh proposes to have good speakers in all the churches of the city. At present we are somewhat handicapped in this matter and His Grace sees it, and to correct it he is determined to secure the services of eloquent priests."

It is pretty well understood in the West End that St. Mary's parish is to be cut in two and the northern half attached to St. Peter's, now used as a missionary chapel. This will take away some of the wealthiest supporters from the flock which at present worships in the new church of St. Mary's.

Rev. Father Sheehan, Rev. Father Morris' successor in the curacy of St. Paul's, officiated for the first time since his return from Pickering yesterday.

Municipal Matters in North Toronto.

Reeve Millar presided at the meeting of the North Toronto Village Council Saturday night. It was decided to take 10 lights from the Suburban Electric Light Company. The Board of Works in their report recommended that sidewalks be constructed on the local improvement plan. The council went further and amended the report so as to include all street improvements. Several petitions for sidewalks were received and referred back to the Board of Works.

The Clarke Girl Found.

There was rejoicing in the Clarke family, 102 Gore-street, on Saturday night when a telegram was received from friends in Whitby stating that the missing Lilly was safe and sound with them. It appears that the girl had walked directly from her father's house to Union Station and there boarded a train for Whitby, where she is now domiciled with her brother. The only reason given by her for her sudden resolution was that she wanted to see her brothers.

Arrested on a Capias.

Some time ago Charles H. Brooks, who was connected with the Canadian Business College, left the city suddenly leaving some debts and a wife behind him. Saturday he came back and was arrested in Union Station on a capias at the instance of Thomas Moore & Co., printers. The firm have his signature to notes for some $900. As the prisoner could get no one to bail him out he spent Sunday over the Don.

Elected by Acclamation.

There will be no contest for Ald. Carter's vacant seat. Saturday was nomination day in St. Patrick's Ward, in Wardell's Hall, Spadina-avenue. Ex-Ald. James Brandon, Warring Kennedy, G. L. Wilson, ex-Ald. James Crocker, F. W. Unitt, ex-Ald. T. Pells, J. Kent, W. P. Hubbard and W. J. Little were nominated. They all retired with the exception of Mr. Brandon, who was declared elected by acclamation.

Anxious for a Skate.

The Don River above Gerrard-street was crowded with young men skating on its surface yesterday afternoon. One venturesome youth in circling around the base of the bridge fell into an air-hole and would have been drowned had it not been for the ready action of his companions. As it was he was almost unconscious through chills on being dragged out.

A Theatrical Hand Charged with Arson.

Albert W. Brown, who lives in the Grand Opera House building, was arrested yesterday by Policeman Mullens on a charge of arson. He is alleged to have attempted to set fire to Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House yesterday by kindling some paper in the basement. He had been employed at the latter theatre, but was discharged on Saturday.

They Would Like to Catch Him.

For some days a tall, well-dressed man has been behaving indecently of evenings in Brock-avenue. Saturday night he went to the window of A. Borrowman's house, No. 209, and insulted the inmates. Before Mr. Borrowman could get out he succeeded in making his escape, and now a sharp lookout is being kept by the police for his reappearance.

Where the Stolen Pigeons Go.

The detectives are daily receiving reports of pigeon stealing. Boys rob the roosts and then sell their booty to parties having shooting matches. Hereafter when stolen pigeons are found at shooting matches the parties carrying on the match will be prosecuted unless they can give the name and address of those from whom the pigeons were procured.

Wanted for Perjury.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Mary Barnes and Harry Gloster, charging them with perjury. It will be recollected that the Barnes woman's husband got three years in Kingston for false swearing in connection with a liquor case and it is for the alleged commission of a similar offence in the hearing of that action that the other two are wanted.

Jail Statistics for January.

On Dec. 31 there were 138 male and 65 female prisoners in the Toronto jail. On Jan. 31 there were 135 and 60 respectively. There were no deaths and only one case of serious illness. Some 43 prisoners and 13 of the 17 officials were laid up with la grippe. Among the latter is Jail Surgeon Richardson, who is still confined to his home.

One of the F.F.Vs.

MOUNT JACKSON, Va., Feb. 2.—Capt. Andrews Hussey, postmaster here, died of la grippe to-day. His ancestor, Capt. Hussey of Kent, Eng., came over in the Mayflower.

Stop Watches.

Intricate and complicated watch work my forte. E. Beeton, High Grade Watch Specialist, opposite Postoffice.

Where did you get that coat? At the British Arms Clothing Store, cor. Yonge and Shuter-streets. They give full value.

Linen handkerchiefs in every quality and style. We have a linen handkerchief at $1 the half dozen; good value at $3 the dozen. Also a fine assortment of hem-stitched goods. If you want something softer for the influenza we will use our influence with you on the Japanese silk handkerchiefs. Nothing nicer for the inevitable. A. White, 65 King-street west, Toronto.

A GRIM HARVEST

La Grippe's Victims During January.

PNEUMONIA THINS OUT MANY RANKS

A High Death Record for the Opening Month of 1890—There Were 350 Interments in the City Cemeteries During the Four Weeks—An Increase of 125 Over the Same Period of Last Year—This Means an Increase of 53 Per Cent.—Will Cold Weather Mitigate the Epidemic?—Dr. O'Reilly of the General Hospital Says it is Decreasing.

Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the north wind's breath,
And stars to set; but all—
Thou hast all seasons for thine own! O Death!

SUCH are the ever true words of Mrs. Hemans, and they came with special significance to The World's Reflecting Young Man as he meditated among the tombs and scanned the sad records of the dead at Toronto's four great cemeteries on Saturday afternoon. "All that tread the globe are but a handful to the tribes that slumber in its bosom." Death's harvest is constant and never reaped, and the cities of the dead at St. Michael's, St. James' and the Necropolis are fast filling up. Already steps are being taken to provide additional cemeteries for Toronto's increasing population. There is talk of an East End Catholic cemetery to relieve St. Michael's, and in the spring the large West End cemetery near Davenport and Carlton will be opened. The grounds have been laid out, walks formed and before the summer is over many interments will take place in the St Clair-avenue grounds.

The unerring figures in the death record are the best test whether epidemics are serious or not. Since the middle of December every one has been talking of influenza, la grippe, pneumonia and throat and lung complaints. The amount of illness has been great, some of it perhaps simulated or exaggerated, and some of it due to mere sensitiveness and apprehension. It was with a view to seeing how this reported la grippe had affected the death rate that The World scribe made his investigation on Saturday. The result was startling. He found that, not counting the Jewish Cemetery, the suburban church yards and the many who had died in the city but been interred elsewhere, there had been no fewer than 350 interments since New Year's Day. This, compared with 229 during the corresponding period of 1889, shows an increase of 125 or more than 50 per cent.

The increased death rate is remarkable in this respect: It is not amongst children, nor amongst the aged particularly, but amongst young men in their prime and those in middle life. Strong and healthy young men have had influenza, which being neglected developed into pneumonia and quickly carried the sufferers off. There was something pathetic and almost tragic in what the superintendent of St. James' Cemetery told the writer on Saturday: "I know of half a dozen cases where strong healthy men have attended their friends' funerals and in each case they have been buried themselves within ten days. It's something startling and unheard of before in my recollection."

Looking at the cemetery register there occurs the entry "pneumonia" as many as half a dozen times in succession, also in iteration "phithisis," "bronchitis" and pulmonary and throat affections. Most of the victims of these range from 20 to 60 years of age.

Following are tabulated statements eloquently telling the same sad tale of death's doings in the past month.

	Jan. '89.	Jan. '90.	Increase.
Mount Pleasant	45	65	20
Necropolis	30	50	20
St. James'	104	148	43
St. Michael's	50	87	37
	229	350	125

This shows an increase of more than 50 per cent. in last month's burials compared with January 1889.

These figures have been foreshadowed by the weekly register of deaths at the City Hall. Thirty days by law is allowed for this registration, and many of those buried during the past fortnight have not yet been registered. The list compared with last year is a startling one.

During the month these deaths by weeks were registered at the City Hall:

	1889.	1890.	Increase.
1st week	18	38	20
2nd week	26	72	46
3rd week	14	81	67
4th week	14	82	68
5th week	33	94	61
	105	367	262

Yesterday was a fine cold day, and the Toronto doctors say that dry, cold weather will not be nearly so prejudicial to health as the murky and wet atmospherical conditions which have characterized the past month. At the present time there is still much sickness in the city, though some of the doctors and druggists are sceptical as to the fatal epidemic being the European la grippe. Let us hope that Old Probs will be merciful and that stern winter's blasts may quell the invalidating inroads of the deadly microbe.

In this connection it may be added that meteorologists anticipate a very cold spring, for there is much to make up if the winter of 1889-90 is to be an average. Let it come early or late, the amount of cold does not materially vary when the last two months of the year and the first four are added together. Still the old-world promise holds good:

While the earth remaineth seedtime and harvest, and cold and heat, and summer and winter, and day and night shall not cease.

Any abnormal changes of the seasons always increase the amount of sickness and consequently the death rate. On Saturday there were a score of funerals.

LA GRIPPE DISAPPEARING.

So Says Dr. O'Reilly, Superintendent of the General Hospital.

"Yes, I think la grippe has spent its force in Toronto," said Dr. O'Reilly of the General Hospital to The World yesterday. "Of course there are a few isolated cases, but I have every reason to believe that the worst is over."

"Do you expect any other epidemic to follow in its steps?"

"No. I do not. There is, I may say, quite a lot of measles around, but that is a disease which care can generally conquer."

"Some think that now la grippe has gone a cholera epidemic will be the next on the program."

"I do not fear any such thing. There is nothing to warrant any such idea, and you will find I am right."

The General Hospital Returns for January.

The returns of patients admitted to the General Hospital during the past month show an extraordinary increase in sickness, but with a very low death rate. There were in the hospital on Dec. 31 207 patients, admitted during the month 338, discharged 279. Among the patients in the Burnside there were 19 births, which swells the total of patients treated to 559. There were only 15 deaths, and of these 3 were caused by la grippe, complicated with pneumonia.

The Man in the moon is sighing for "Athletes." 136

A Big Storm at Ottawa.

Many have thought this was to be a mild winter, and there's where they made their mistake. The session at Ottawa is now in full blast and the roar of some of the blizzardous old polyphones is giving the sky the earache. The grumblers about a mild winter had better get a pair of quinn's two-dollar fine flannel shirts before going to Ottawa.

DEATH IN THE FLAMES.

Terrible Scenes at a Boston Fire—Some of the Victims Roasted and Others Killed by Jumping.

BOSTON, Feb. 2.—A terrible fire occurred on North-street early this morning resulting in the death of at least six persons. The fire originated mysteriously in the clothing store, No. 255 North-street, kept by a Jew, whose name is unknown. The flames quickly communicated to the floors above, which were occupied as an Italian boarding house, and contained a large number of lodgers. So quickly was the place wrapped in flames that retreat for many of them was impossible and they were roasted to death. Others attempted to escape by jumping from windows and thereby received serious injuries. Five are already dead, and one other was said to be dying when removed to the hospital. The damage to the building will not be large. Only one of the five victims has been identified, this being a woman, Mrs. Della Scanlon, about 46 years old. The other dead are three men and one child.

Besides these five there were seven others removed to the Police Station, where they received medical attendance and were taken to the hospital. Their names are given as follows: Mrs. Hannah Gilmartino, very badly burned about the body; Guisseppe Cerolio, 3 years old, severe burns about the legs, chest and side; Ludoyico Mulani, broken ribs, caused by jumping from a third-story window; Peter Lombardzio, shoulder broken by jumping from window; Francesca Letiere, slight injuries about the head and body; Bernard Gilmartino, husband of Hannah, injured about the legs and body; an unknown man, terribly burned, said to be dying. With the exception of the children noted above the other sufferers are between 20 and 40 years of age. The building is a four-story brick structure and the three upper stories were filled with lodgers and boarders, there being in some families six and eight persons.

The complete list of killed is: Madalina Ciarolone, 51 years old; Filamond Ciarolone, Giovanni Ciarolone and a boy, son of Filamond Pusqualina Ciarolone, Felice Conte, Martine Marchione, Ross Marchione, Emilia Marchione, infant daughter of Marchione, Raffaeli Petrilizel, Tomaso Petrilizel, Bella Scanlan.

It is now believed that the fire resulted from a kerosene lamp thrown in a drunken row. Albert Smith, who lives in the rear of the burned building, says that just before midnight he heard a row in the back room of the burned house. Smith looked out and saw three men quarreling; one man threw a lighted lamp at another and the flames followed. Smith made haste to escape with his family and saw no more.

Losses Caused by Flames.

BOSTON, Feb. 2.—Sear's block in Boston was burned to-day. Loss over $200,000.

Hull's block in Danbury, Conn., is reported burned. Loss $350,000.

SOUTHERN REPUBLICS.

Peru Adopting United States Political Machinery.

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 1.—A democratic assembly composed of three delegates from each department of the republic met yesterday and proclaimed Nicolas de Pierola the party's candidate for the presidency. This is the first time that an assembly of such nature has been organized in Peru.

Brazil Recognized by Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Mr. Valente, the Brazilian minister here, to-day received an official communication from the Mexican minister stating the Mexican Government had formally recognized the Republic of Brazil.

The Crisis at Rio.

RIO JANERIO, Feb. 1.—The Cabinet had a meeting Thursday night which lasted until 2 o'clock yesterday morning. After studying fully the subject which gave rise to the crisis, the members of the Government arrived at a harmonious decision regarding measures to be adopted. Minister of Commerce Roberio has resigned and has been succeeded by Francisco Grizerio.

Influenza in Uruguay.

MONTEVIDEO, Feb. 2.—It is reported that the president of the republic has been attacked by influenza. The disease has assumed an alarming character and has become epidemic. One newspaper reports 4000 persons have been attacked during the past 15 days.

Only Ten Dollars.

On. Feb. 8, 9 and 10 the Illinois Central Railroad will sell at their ticket offices in Chicago round-trip tickets, Chicago to New Orleans, for the sum of $10, good to return until Feb. 21, inclusive.

Leaving Chicago 11.30 a.m. Monday, Feb. 10, a special through train will be run to New Orleans in 28 hours.

The German Saengerfest takes place Feb. 12 to 15. The great Mardi Gras comes off on Feb. 18. It will be cheaper to go and take in all the pleasures at New Orleans at the rate offered than to stay at home.

Buy a round-trip ticket to Chicago from your home ticket agent, who will advise you about your ticket from Chicago.

Parties desiring berths reserved please notify the undersigned not later than noon of Feb. 8. C. A. Florence, traveling passenger agent, Berlin, Ont.

Manufacturers, by warehousing their surplus stock with Mitchell, Miller & Co., receive negotiable warehouse receipts.

Influenza (La Grippe)—An Absolute Preventative for This Terrible Disease.

This preparation emanates from scientific sources, and is exactly what is prescribed by the most eminent physicians in Europe, and is used in the great hospitals of that country and Great Britain, not only because it is a preventative but for the reason that it is recognized as being the only medicine known which will effect a cure.

It has been arranged that this medicine shall be made in Canada to supply the American demand, and a binding agreement has been entered into whereby the price has been fixed at one dollar—no more and no less. The Hospital Remedy Company, 295 West King-street, Toronto, Canada, are the only authorized agents and manufacturers for this continent, and their name is on every box. Sent postpaid on receipt of price—one dollar.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

February.

The shortest and hardest month in the whole year. During February great snowfalls generally take place and it is during this month that the ice men have their harvest. W. & D. Dineen, furriers, on corner of King and Yonge-streets, have just taken stock and he finds too many goods on hand and will during the cold weather of February clear out all the stock of fur coats, robes, jackets, mantles, circulars, capes, muffs, caps, fur gloves, etc., at prices that will pay to purchase now. Don't feel cold—you can get in our stock either cheap or costly furs at the lowest wholesale prices. The store is on corner King and Yonge-streets.

His Itinerary.

William Humphries, general store, Bloorstreet west, Toronto, cut his finger while slicing bacon. Applied by mistake carbolic acid instead of sweet oil; result, blood poisoning, erysipelas, DEATH. Full amount of accident policy for $1000 paid to his widow by the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Co., 88 King-street west, Toronto. An accident policy for $3000 in case of death and $15 per week indemnity costs only $15 a year. 561

DEATHS.

MURRAY—At his father's residence on, Jan. 31, 1890, David S. Murray, eldest and only son of Daniel and Letitia Murray, aged 29 years, 4 months and 6 days.

Funeral from the above address to Mount Pleasant at 3 o'clock on Monday. Friends will please accept this intimation. Coleraine (Ireland) papers please copy.

PATTERSON—At Ottawa, Jan. 31, James Patterson, Deputy Auditor-General, brother of Alexander Patterson, 10 Gloucester-street, Toronto.

10 MINERS KILLED

A Terrible Disaster at Wilkesbarre.

COLLIERS MUTILATED AND BURNED

**A Fall of Rock in the Nottingham Shaft Forces an Accumulation of Gas Upon the Naked Lamps of the Men and an Explosion Results—Bodies Roasted to a Crisp—Five Men Impris