Business Interest Is Aroused

By Henry G. Bell, B.S.A.

vest. Seldom has the country been and to prepare for the emergencies of more keenly conscious of its dependent weather. dence on agriculture. . . . The present year is the grain-grower's opportunity to retrieve his losses, pay his debts and get a solid footing again. only to develop a large and sufficient Prices will be much lower than two growth of stalks underground, which have receded in the past year.

The outlook for the wheat crop is promising. Wheat at \$1.80 a bushel (a) The variety. offers an encouraging margin of profit, and improved methods of farming are making that business as efficient as

Undoubtedly the last half year has seen such rapid decline in prices for most farm products that many a farmer has been somewhat discouraged with his business. His livestock and livestock products have fallen off in value at an alarming rate. Many of his money crops have been sadly hit. Still the great demand for wheat keeps this important farm product in a commanding position. Especially in those southwestern counties of the province where tobacco, sugar beets, and the like have heretofore been the money getters for the growers, is this ques tion of wheat growing of great importance. From a climatic and soil standpoint, no counties of the Dominion should be capable of producing

One of the leading morning papers light dressings of manure as far as possible, and with sufficient highto-day says:

"During the present moment all eyes will be fixed with anxious interest on the prairies. . . Seldom has which will make it possible for them. so much been staked on a single har- to make firm attachment to the soil

Make Top as Well as Root. Plantfood has a large bearing on stooling. The young plant has not years ago, but much higher than the we call root, but it must produce also pre-war level, but costs of production those stalks above ground which are called culms or stools. The number of

(a) The variety. Various kinds of

The largeness of the meal obwill be greatly increased, the heads materially lengthened and the kernels which form will be much more numerous and plump.

The Delaware Agricultural Experiment Station has carefully investigatbetter yields of wheat than the "corn ed this point and has found relative belt' of Canada, but there are other counties which are capable of producing large and valuable fall wheat applied, to Plot 11 phosphoric acid was applied, and to Plot 9 nitrogen was applied. It cerning wheat growth which could be is true that this work was carried out habit. made of tremendous productive value in the plant laboratory, but nature is if wheat growers would but take time carrying it out continuously in your to study their crops and analyze their fields, and precisely the same results



HOW TO INCREASE WHEAT YIEI DS

own specific problems. One of the big are being obtained where your wheat essentials to high-yielding wheat is has a low supply of plantfood, or good root development. Constricted where it has a medium supply, or root range may upsat development. where it has a meal large enough to attached to the plant when it is pulled fall and next spring will depend upon from the soil. There are myriads of how thoroughly you prepare the home small rootlets which strike out through of the plant and how well you balance the spaces in the soil, and from each its food rations, and this thought of these rootlets spring untold numbers of other small hairlike roots that plantfood and yield are directly which are commonly called root hairs. connected. The materials which aid It is estimated by plant biologists that the formation of starch, protein and the total roots of common farm crops other components of your wheat crop may vary in length from 500 yards to enter the plant through the tiny root-15 miles, that is the normally de- hairs already described. Now that maveloped plant may come within this terial must be carried in the liquid plant may have much less feeding sur- if the ramifying root-hairs are to abface, because the roots are the hands sorb it. It is unnecessary to enlarge the root range of your wheat crop lies to point out a few actual field tests. depends upon three things:

through it.

(c) How strong is the pushing power, or life in the plant back of the root, giving the plant power to shove its roots out into regular areas.

This last depends upon the sup ply of well-balanced available plantfood

Cause and Effect. Plantfood and rooting are intimateby related. I do not need to tell practical farmers that rich coils produce greater root growth than poor. many a wheat grower wonders what is the matter with his wheat crop when he sees it stand still, or, after a period of rather unfavorable weather. he sees parts of his field killed out. If he examines a little closer, often he finds what is commonly called "heav-This is caused by the water in the soil freezing. It is a law of that improvement which is possible, the more imperative it becomes to tons can be compiled, it will be of physics that water expands one-tenth Canadian farmers must not only read secure easy grades. in freezing. Therefore, when the soil and agree with the things that are Excessive grades are usually unservice of the road. water expands one-tenth it raises said about essentials to increasing necessary. Steep grades have come everything with it. When the ice melts crop yields, but they must actually about largely from the desire to lay the total hauling charges for the comthe soil drops back into place, but the put these suggestions into practice, out roads in straight lines and along roots of clover and fall wheat are left high and dry sometimes to the extent of two or three inches. It is extent of two or three inches. It is sort of thing which ruins the left had sort of the wheat even because up.

The abnormally developed which clings about the soil particles, Just where on this phase of the subject more than These establish the principle beyond

(a) How well your soil is opened up, any controversy. They are not new. so that the root hairs can press Many of them have been in operation beyond the lifetime of most farmers, (b) How thoroughly the field is but in this land of plenty little attendrained, so that there may be tion has been given to the plantfood sufficient moisture, but not side of wheat growing up to the presenough to smother expanding ent time. But here are the yields: Wheat Yields Per Acre. Ohio

No Fertilizer 11.4 With Acid Phosphate 19.6 With Comp. Fertilizer 28.8 Delaware No Fertilizer 11.5 With Acid Phosphate 19.8 With Comp. Fertilizer 28.9 bus. Cansas No Fertilizer 13 With Comp. Fertilizer 21 bus. Virginia No Fertilizer With Acid Phosphate 11 1-3 bus.

With Comp. Fertilizer 14 2-3 Pennsylvania No Fertilizer With Acid Phosphate 16 With Comp. Fertilizer

farm management that large yields reduce production costs, also that sufficiently large yields increase labor in-Many of these terms are more or less foreign to the every-day man, but in these times when cost must be reduced to its minimum it is abcolutely necessary that the younger of food crops the greater the expendi farming population of the country ture of labor for each food unit pro familiarize themselves with the vari- duned. If consuming markets will ous angles of farming business and warrant high labor expenditures, then realize the importance of reducing all well and good; expend all labor manufacturing cost in their great fac-within reason, or whatever the selling

Improvement in Fruit Handling.

end is to fertilize abundantly.

The variety. Various kinds of wheat have a slightly different stooling capacity. Some develop a small number of stalks, others relatively larger.

The largeness of the meal obtainable. Growing wheat, like have been greatly lessened and almost encouraging. Where selling prices any other type of creation, is minimized. Investigations have shown ervision and active co-operation they the prospect of profit is not always any other type of creation, is capable of doing just what the food-strength back of it will enable it to perform. If the food supply in the soil is restricted there will be a small number of stalks, short heads and small early-maturing grain. If the plantfood is sufficient and well-blanced the number of stalks will be greatly increased, the being taken in transportation, officials ently the most likely way to obtain of the co-operative fruit-growing and relief. The intelligent use of crop dealing associations and of the gov- rotations in farm practice, more ex ernment departments are looking forward to a more than ordinarily suc- meadows and pastures, more grazing cessful season, or at least to a season by live stock, more extensive use of characterized by a less than ordinary per centage of loss.

larger than hens' eggs, put in the feed in labor costs.

Select Lines of Production With Minimum Labor.

In the great majority of agricultural undertakings, labor is the costly or money-consuming factor. The more intensive the work in production tory—the farm—by increasing acre price of the product warrants. How-production. One of the most produc-ever, special conditions that justify tive ways of accomplishing this great heavy labor expenditures are usually confined to districts where there is an unlimited market for luxury food crops. But the ordinary food crops, that are most commonly grown in farm practice have not a selling value Experience has abundantly proven sufficiently high to permit of a labor the advantages derived from standard- expenditure equal to more than 50 per minimized. Investigations have shown vary as much as 600 per cent. in one

tensive use of properly developed farm machinery, proper use of every field, fewer and larger fields and permanent crops where possible, are some of the ways that will lead to reduction

Chronic kickers soon develop whine that won't wear off.

Money Advantages of Good Roads

By M. O. Eldridge

dependent or reflex money advantages

also arise in a community where roads have been improved.

The increase in the value of farm lands is an example of the indirect money advantage of improved road conditions. However, it should not be considered that the direct decrease in the cost of hawling and the increases in farm values are not entirely separate and independent. A farm increases in value partly because the cost of hauling and the increases in farm values are not entirely separate to win His King-dom and to work out the redemption of His people.

21-22. All that heard him were amazed. They knew his fame as percent of the following figures are current and fairly reliable.

On a muddy earth road the amount to work out the redemption of His people.

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On a muddy earth road the amount to work out the redemption of His people.

21-22. All that heard him were amazed that this dreaded and powerful enemy, who had letters in his pocket authorizing him to arrest and imprison them, had become their friend and advocate. Paul were amazed that this dreaded and powerful enemy, who had letters in his pocket authorizing him to make the roads are impassable. value partly because the cost of hauling is decreased.

The increase of farm values must follow improved roads, for the effect of improved roads is to bring the farms, in a sense, nearer the towns. Of course the roots of any crop consist of vastly more material than is rooting and staking of your crop this surfaces hauling becomes largely independent of the season of the year or weather conditions means another very considerable reduction in hauling

markets is high, due mainly to steep grades and yielding road surfaces on unimproved roads. The worst grade pounds on a level earth road, with the erately muddy earth road. exerted against the colla he can draw continuously only about have information which will enable per cent. grade.

While steep grades are detrimental it is undesirable for a locality to more so on an improved road. Sup-pose that a 1,200-pound horse can tions. What is needed in the indidraw a load of 2,000 pounds on a level vidual instance is an understanding earth road; under the same conditions of the methods which must be em this horse can draw continuously a ployed to establish the economic con load of 5,000 pounds on a level ditions in the locality. Certain facts bus, macadam road in average conditions, which are essential, such as the area but on a five per cent. grade he can of the road district or other highway draw only 1,600 pounds, while on a ten unit, the number of miles of roads of per cent. grade the load would have various classes and their distribution to be reduced to 960 pounds. Thus, the more important crops, the number while the load which can be hauled on of miles of railroad and the numbe a level macadam road is more than of railroad stations, and similar date double that on the level earth road, may be accurately obtained. Likewise the load on a ten per cent. grade is the prevailing cost of teams with only 210 pounds macadam than on the earth road.

faced, the maximum grade allowed are essential in developing facts One thing is certain, if Canadian ance charges are always high. In fact, area along the roads devoted to var-

Certain direct money advantages bad conditions of road surfaces. The follow the improvement of public roads in every community. These advantages are probably most apparent in the reduced cost of hauling. Certain in the reduced cost of hauling. Certain the year. Too frequently, however, at the season when the roads must be

The cost of transporting goods to as upon a moderately muddy earth real roads and of farm produce to road. This matter may be considered on any road tends to limit the load duty each day. Then, with a given For example, if a 1,200-pound horse, from a given point on a macadam road by exerting a force equal to one-tenth of his weight, can draw a load of 2,000 of travel from that point on a mod-

Road officials in any locality should 1,000 pounds on a five per cent. grade them to establish, in some measure, and only about 750 pounds on a ten the money value of any proposed sys tem of road improvement. However on common earth roads, they are far its calculations upon generalized data Sometimes I'm mother's little fox, greater on the driver for a ten-hour day.

The average load and the average Therefore, when a road is hard sur- haul are less easily obtained, but they must be low in order to secure the full When all the information has been advantage of the hardened surface, carefully studied it will be possible to bus. Steep grades are also slippery and bus. dangerous in winter, and the maintendation of the derive ton-mile cost for the various dangerous in winter, and the maintendation of the derive ton-mile cost for the various derived wheat crops next summer are to show the better and harder the road surface ious crops and the acreage yield in great value in determining the annual

A traffic census should be made and

The Sunday School Lesson

JULY 24.

Saul Proclaims Jesus as the Christ, Acts 9: 19-30. Golden Text-St. Matt. 16: 16.

Connecting Links—There is no doubt that Paul's early training in a pious Jewish home, his university education and training in the school of Gamaliel, his knowledge of the Old Testament Scriptures, and of the Greek and Hebrew languages—all combined to qualify him in a unique way for his great task. He was now called to be a preacher of the gospel, He could find the foreshadowings of that gospel and the preparation for Christ's coming in the Jewish writings which he knew so welt. He could speak to people of all classes and nationalities in the universally soken for the hebrew of their sacred books. He knew the point of view and the methods of the Rabbinical schools, and could meet and reason with the Jewish could earn he had persence, working in a power such as few men have possessed. But above all eise, in Paul's preparation and equipment was his vision of the risen Christ, and his consciousness of the constant presence, working in a power such as few men have possessed. But above all eise, in Paul's preparation and equipment was his vision of the risen Christ, and his consciousness of the constant presence, working in a power such as few men have possessed. But above all eise, in Paul's preparation and equipment was his vision of the risen Christ, and his consciousness of the constant presence, working in his will, and through him, of the Spirit of God, which was to him identical with the spirit and the mind of Christ.

From the day of his meeting with the spirit and the mind of Christ.

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From the day of his meeting with the spirit of the constant presence, working in the spirit of the presence of the lif

ing in the synagogues to the assembled congregations that Jesus was the Christ, that is that He was the long-expected Saviour and King, whose coming had been proclaimed by prophets for seven hundred or more years. He gave Him the title Son of Cod recognizing Him thus as divinely God, recognizing Him thus as divinely

that I imprisoned and beat in every synagogue them that believed on Thee. And when the blood of Thy martyr Stephen was shed, I also was standing by and consenting unto his death, and kept the raiment of them that slew him." But the command was peremptory, "Depart, for I will send thee far hence to the Gentiles."

Added to the effect of this vision was the persuasion of Paul's friends. They brought him flown to Caesarea (the seaport) and sent him forth to Tarsus.

Tarsus.

Back in his own home city and Back in his own home city and province, and in the neighboring province of Syria, Paul continued his work (Gal. 1: 21-24) until some years laten, when Barnabas sought him to be his helper and co-worker in the church at Antioch (Acts 11: 25).

On a muddy earth road the amount varies from nothing to a maximum of 800 pounds; on a smooth, dry earth road, from 1,000 to 2,000 pounds; on a gravel road in bad condition, from 1,000 to 1,500 pounds; on a gravel road in good condition, about 3,300 pounds; on a macadam road, from 2,000 to 5,000 pounds; on a brick or concrete road, from 5,000 to 8,000 pounds.

These figures show that if the speed of travel is the same on all these road surfaces a horse will haul on a good macadam road from three to five times as many tons a mile in a day as upon a moderately muddy earth road. This matter may be considered in another way by âdmitting that one horse is capable of a certain fixed duty each day. Then, with a given load, the effective radius of travel from three to five times the readius is from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius is from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from that moint on a macadam road from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from that moint on a macadam road from three to five times the readius of travel from three to five times the readius of travel from that moint on a moderately muddy earth road in good condition, about 3,300 pounds; on a brick or concrete from three to five times the readius of travel from three f



A nice one, very tame; And then we play that one glad day Out of the woods I came.

When I'm a fox her little girl Has always gone away; don't forget to say: "We met Out in the woods to-day.'

Then mother makes the loveliest der All deep and dark and snug. Table, you know, that's used to All covered with a rug.)

And then, while mother sits and sew I cuddle in my den Or else steal out and prowl about And then go in again.

Till—oh, I need my mother's arms
And do not want to roam; creep up close and smile. She Her little girl's come home!

Importance of Pure Dairy Products.

The wholesomeness of milk and of milk products is of as much concern this sort of thing which ruins the growth of the wheat crop, because untold numbers of tiny active wheat root-hairs are broken off and it is getters" which are of primary impetters" which are of primary importance to the growing wheat. If they are broken off the trunk lines of plantfood are destroyed.

Find the sort of thing which ruins the date, so that you will be sure to have have been relocated around hills with reduction in nauling costs that will on hand when the ground is ready no addition to the length.

There has hever been on record a caze where a propelly relocated road in milk." One of the measures known as "filled milk." One of the measures known as the Voght bill prohibit the manular annual haulage charges to the community must be regarded as measuring the interest and maintenance of which the community can adulterated food product, the other, the hauling cost.

There has hever been on record a part of the reduction in the total annual haulage charges to the community must be regarded as measuring the interest and maintenance charges which the community can adulterated food product, the other, the hauling cost.

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The American man on an average is taller than the Briton.

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The haulage charges to the community can annual haulage charges to the community can annual haulage charges which the community can annual haulage charges to the community can annual haulage charges

BEOMME which is engaged in investigating the merits of and the necessity for the Vorht hill some testiments. given of vital importance and of note-worthy interest. One of the principal es at the first sitting E. V. McCollum, of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, a gentleman well known in Canada for his teachings. He detailed studies and experiments in which he has been engaged and which has convinced him that dairy products supply the only protective food likely to be used in sufficient quantity to produce a normal growth in children, preserve normal health in adults and prevent the early beginning of senile decay. He attributes the stunted growth and development of orientals to the general ck of dairy products in their dietary. The great races of the world are those who have milk as the basis of their diet. He showed photographs proving that ulcerated sore eyes and rickets resulted from a diet deficient in milk or its products. He thought that every adult should consume two quarts of milk a day. An authority who has also devoted considerable time and energy to research as regards dairy products declares that every argument Dr. McCollum advanced against the sale of counterfeit milk applied with equal force to counterfeit butter. The famous Professor Mendel of Yale and other well-known scientists are to be to the Canadian people as to those of examined and are expected to furnish