LISTOWEL STANDARD.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1881.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The result of the municipal contest in this town cannot be otherwise than highly satisfactory to the ratepayers generally. The vote on Monday last has effected a decided change in the *personnel* of the Council. It has caused almost a complete sweep of the old members of the Board, and placed the management of our municipal affairs in new hands, and we confidently trust in much better hands than their predecessors. The old Council owes its downfall to its record of selfishness, and its disposition to favor a clique instead of promoting the general welfare of the town. The electors have given their most emphatic disapproval of such a course, and it is to be hoped the lesson will not be lost upon them. Mr. Hay, to be sure, has been returned for the Mayoralty; but it cannot be denied he owes his election to the weakness of his opponent, and not to his own worthiness for the position. That he should have been defeated had any influential citizen contested the position, is placed beyond question by the smallness of the vote which he polled. In respect to the Reeveship, it is to be regretted that Mr. Campbell's candidature has not resulted successfully, more especially on account of the very questionable character of his opponent. Further than this, Mr. Campbell's ability and knowledge of municipal matters would have been a desirable acquisition to the Council. Upon the whole, however, the electors of Listowel are to be congratulated upon their choice of representatives. The east, centre and west have alike returned able champions to look after their interests, and we shall be disappointed if the course pursued by the Council of 1881 fails to meet with general approval. Below are given the full returns of the election:

FOR MAYOR.

	Hay.	Loree.
East Ward	124	54
Centre Ward	66	38
West Ward	72	55
	262	147

Majority for Hay, 115.

FOR REEVE.

	Campbell.	Hacking.
East Ward	81	100
Centre Ward	55	49
West Ward	74	58
	210	216

Majority for Hacking, 6.

FOR COUNCILLORS.

East Ward.

A. S. Deavitt	153
J. W. Scott	112
Alex. McDonald	108
Dr. Nichol	106

Messrs. Deavitt, Scott and McDonald elected

Centre Ward.

Frank E. Gibbs	100
T. G. Fennell	77
John Riggs	75
Jacob Heppler	73
A. D. Freenan	60

Messrs. Gibbs, Fennell and Riggs elected.

West Ward.

Robt. Woods	92
D. B. Dingman	85
John Binning	74
W. G. Hay	66
Dr. Dillabough	65

Messrs. Woods, Dingman and Binning elected.

ELECTIONS ELSEWHERE.

WALLACE.

The municipal contest in this township has resulted in the return of George Follis for reeve; Jno. Willoughby for deputy; and the old Councillors, namely, Wm. Ferguson, Wm. King and James Robinson.

ELMA.

The electors have returned their old reeve, Thos. J. Knox, by a large majority; also the old deputy, Wm. Lochhead. The councillors elect are John Mann, Robert Dunn and William Keith, the latter being the only councillor re elected. Following are the number of votes polled by each candidate: For reeve, Knox 350, Featherstone 178; majority for Knox, 172. For deputy-reeve, Lochhead 362, Nesbitt 117; majority for Lochhead 245. For councillors, Mann 186, Keith 184, Dunn 182, Rothwell 179, Smith 161, McKenzie 150, Broughton 94, Gibson 46.

MORNINGTON.

Dr. J. Johnston, reeve; W. B. Freeborn, deputy reeve by acclamation; W. Johnston, James Kines and Thomas Magwood, councillors.

MILVERTON.

J. D. Pierson, reeve; Jacob Karns, H. Hasenplug and Jno. G. Grosch, councillors.

LOGAN.

Robt. Jones, reeve; John Linton, R. Keyes, Alex. Stewart, Wm. Burns, councillors. The council elects the deputy.

ELLICE.

The old council has been re elected.

NORTH EASTHOPE.

James Trow, M. P., reeve; John McMillan, deputy-reeve: P. Stewart, V. Knechtel, H. Falk.

DOWNIE.

Jacob Brunner, reeve; C. D. Swanson, deputy-reeve James Dunn, J. Argobast and Oliver Smith, councillors.

FULLARTON.

Geo. Leversage, reeve, by acclamation; Captain Francis, deputy-reeve.

HIBBERT.

McLaren, reeve; Burns, deputy-reeve; Caldwell, Jefferson, and Norris, councillors.

SOUTH EASTHOPE.

John Schaefer, reeve; John Miller, C. Echenerer, H. Schaefer and Weiss, councillors.

STRATFORD.

A. W. Robb, mayor; D. Scrimgour, reeve; J. C. Monteith, 1st deputy-reeve; John Brown, 2nd deputy-reeve; W. S. Cowan, 3rd deputy-reeve; Councillors—Avon ward—Reid and Vanstone; Falstaff ward, Fraser and McKay; Hamlet ward, Jones and Yeandle; Romeo ward, Burritt and Stewart; Shakespeare ward, Daly and Lang.

MITCHELL.

J. H. Flagg, mayor; T. McDonald, reeve; A. Burritt, deputy reeve. Councillors,—North ward, J. Coppin, H. Hurlburt, W. Livingstone; South ward W. Thomson, J. Dougherty, D. Campbell; West ward, James Tilley, B. Mulheron, J. Skinner.

ST. MARY'S.

E. W. Harding, re-elected mayor; Councillors—North ward, M. Kenny, D. Murray, J. J. Crabbe; South ward, Roger Hedley, R. Box, H. E. Wilson; West ward, J. Thompson, John Grant, Duncan Miller.

TORONTO.

The election for the mayoralty resulted in the defeat of Ald. Close. Nearly 8,000 votes were cast, of which Ald. McMurrick received 4,125; Ald. Close, 2,970, and Britton 589. This result was in some measure anticipated, but by no such an overwhelming vote. Fair-minded men of all parties are jubilant over the decision, as it will go far towards rendering rabid politicians cautious about openly shoving candidates forward in future regardless to their personal antecedents. Ald. Close's defeat was in no sense a Conservative reverse, as was proved by the fact that while St. Stephen's and St. Patricks wards, the strongholds of Conservatism, rejected him in favor of McMurrick by 360 votes, they, nevertheless, returned five Conservatives to the council out of the six candidates elected.

HAMILTON.

J. E. O'Reilly re elected mayor, by 1,021 majority.

LONDON.

J. Campbell re-elected mayor by 318 majority; J. Rayner and A. B. Powell, water commissioners.

GALT.

Daniel Spiers, mayor; Richard Jaffray, reeve; James McTague, 1st deputy-reeve; James Patterson, 2nd deputy-reeve.

WOODSTOCK.

F. B. Scofield, mayor; Henry Parker, reeve; John M. Grant, 1st deputy-reeve; Wm. Grey, 2nd deputy-reeve by acclamation. Councillors St. Andrew's ward, James Hay and John Huggard; St. Patrick's ward, Peter Crab and E. G. Thomas; St. George's ward, John White, and Angus Rose; St. John's ward, D. Clyde and J. S. Falconer; St. David's ward, D. Peacock and Wm. Potts.

PALMERSTON.

H. McEwing, mayor; W. Thompson, reeve. Councillors—North ward, Dr. Stewart, G. S. Davidson, S. Gourley, and J. MacKenley; East ward, H. Clements, H. Hyndman, C. Robertson; West ward, H. Fennimore, M. C. Potts, J. Wade.

MOUNT FOREST.

Thos. Swan, mayor; Joseph Hampton, reeve; W. Colclough, deputy reeve by acclamation. Councillors—North ward, J. Kilgour, E. C. Wood, J. A. Halsted; South ward, H. Yarlett, J. Scott, A. Bissell; East ward, T. Ryan, J. Reid, N. McMillan; West Ward Capt. Winfield, H. H. Stovel, W. Henderson.

HARRISTON.

S. Robertson, mayor; N. Wait, reeve.

CLIFFORD.

A. S. Allan, reeve. J. E. Boomer, J. G. Jeffery, R. Dulmage, F. Brown, councillors.

WALKERTON.

H. P. O'Conner, mayor; Andrew McLean, reeve; J. S. Tolton, deputy reeve; Richardson, Blair, Smith, Moore, Traux, Holderness, Short, Granger, Wallace, councillors.

DRAYTON.

Dr. Emes, reeve; Dr. Smith, D. MacDonald, R. J. Pujolas, T. H. Gordon, councillors.

WINGHAM.

Dr. McDonald, mayor; Thomas Bell, reeve by acclamation; H. W. C. Meyer, deputy-reeve. Councillors—First ward, Neelands, Robinson, Reading; Second ward, Guest, Buchanan, Hemouth: Third ward, Gordon, Lloyd, Reynolds; Fourth ward, Angus, Inglis, Elder.

BRUSSELS.

F. C. Rogers, reeve; C. R. Cooper, F. W. Vanstone, James Drewe and W. H. McCracken, councillors.

NEW HAMBURG.

Otto Pressprich, reeve; John Mills, Simpson Merner, Charles Wood, Francis D. Woodcock, councillors.

HOWICK.

John Kaine, reeve; B. S. Cook, 1st deputy-reeve; David Weir, 2nd deputy-reeve by acclamation; John Jacques and S. Johnston, councillors.

MINTO.

John Prain, reeve; J. Darrock, deputy-reeve; J. Howse, J. Fallis, and D. Nickleson, councillors.

WOOLWICH.

John B. Snyder, reeve; Daniel S. Snyder, 1st deputy reeve; Jacob Lumbach, 2nd deputy reeve; Aaron Weber, and Joseph S. Snyder, councillors.

MARYBOROUGH.

All the old councillors re-elected, as follows: John Ogden, reeve; Wm. Long, deputy-reeve; John Robinson, John Corbitt and John Patterson, councillors.

THE PACIFIC CONTRACT.

THE SYNDICATE SCHEME ENDORSED BY MANITOBA.

Winnipeg, Jan. 4.—A letter addressed to Sir John Macdonald, endorsing the syndicate bargain and signed by the local Premier, members of the Provincial Government, and nearly all the merchants and business men of Winnipeg, was despatched yesterday. It reads as follows:—

"*To the Right Hon. Sir John Macdonald, K. C. B., &c., &c.:*

"As a good deal of excitement has prevaded this city caused by a misunderstanding of the facts in the case, and inasmuch as through a better understanding of the terms of the contract the feeling here is completely changed, we, the undersigned residents, electors of Winnipeg, take this method of expressing our hearty approval of the terms upon which your Government propose to transfer the great work of constructing the Canadian Pacific railway to a private company, and the only point in the contract which we view with apprehension is contained in the fifteenth clause, and this clause we think should only be changed so as to prevent the construction of branch roads from the Canadian Pacific railway west of Red River in a south east direction to the boundary until the eastern section is completed. The terms have our general approval, and we await with confidence the date of the ratification of the contract by Parliament."

The letter is signed by John Norquay, Premier; D. M. Walker, Attorney Gieneral; Alex. Logan, Major W. H. Lyon, Wm. Bathgate, Robt. Bathgate, R. J. Whittela, H. M. Howell, and two hundred other leading business and professional men. It is not probable that 100 electors in Winnipeg could be found to oppose the syndicate.

TURNING THE TABLES.

The Anti-Syndicate Stumpers Completely Beaten—The Yeomanary of Elgin Declare in Favor of the Agreement—At a Meeting Called by Geo. E. Casey for an Opposite Purpose.

St. Thomas, Jan. 3.—A mass meeting was held at the Opera House this afternoon. It was called by Geo. Casey, the Grit member for West Elgin, for the discussion of the bargain effected by the Dominion Government with the Pacific Syndicate, and the result of the gathering proved a most disheartening surprise to the opponents of the Government policy. The spacious hall was completely packed to the doors by the most respectable citizens, both of town and country, and the intelligent electors manifested their approval of the action taken by the Government, to the utter discomfiture of the opposing party. The ball was sent rolling by G. E. Casey, who advanced the stereotyped arguments against the scheme at considerable length.

Thos. Arkell, M.P., in an able address, demonstrated the fallacy of the Grit arguments, and conclusively showed the benefit and true economy of the Syndicate scheme.

The closing address was made by C. O. Ermatinger, and upon the conclusion of his remarks he moved a resolution, seconded by E. Horton, Esq., expressing the confidence and approval of the meeting in the Government and the bargain entered into with the Syndicate, for the speedy and economic construction of the Canada Pacific Railway, wherein some degree of confusion ensued, but at length a division was effected, fully two thirds of the audience being in favor of the resolution. The oppositionists had prepared a buncombe resolution disapproving of the Syndicate bargain as an iniquitous scheme. They awaited the departure of those upholding the Government policy before submitting it, but the electors, discerning their object, remained in the hall, and finally the disheartened Grits moved an adjournment, and the audience quietly dispersed, thus proving the fizzle in so far as its promoters were concerned.

SOUTH WENTWORTH ENDORSES THE SYNDICATE TERMS.

Dundas, Jan. 3.—A meeting was held in the town hall this evening for the purpose of discussing the Canada Pacific Railway question, when speeches were made by T. Bain, M. P., and Messrs. McKechnie, Somerville, and Freed. The following resolution was carried:—

Moved by R. McKechnie, seconded by John Wilson, that whereas the people of this country have declared through their representatives in Parliament that the Canada Pacific Railway should be constructed by a company, and not otherwise; and whereas the principle has also been adopted by both the great political parties that the expense of such work shall be paid partly in cash and partly in lands; and whereas the arrangement made that the syndicate is the most advantageous yet proposed in the interest of the Dominion; and whereas the agreement entered into between the Government and the Syndicate fairly meets the views of the electors of this Dominion; therefore resolved that this meeting expresses its approbation of the contract as presented to Parliament, and believes that Mr. Bain would fairly advance the interests of his constitutents and of the country generally by giving the government an independent support on this question.

WILL IT PAY.

Let us suppose for a moment that Mr. Blake's suggestion were adopted—that the contract were broken off—how much would be saved?

To begin with, we would save the bonus of twenty-five millions; we would save three and a half millions for the Yale Port-Moody section; and would save the land. That is all.

We would spend just as much on the Lake Superior section as now; we would spend just as much on the Yale-Kamloops section; we would spend thirteen millions on the prairie section, three millions for equipment, and two millions for the Georgian Bay branch.

We would save ten or ten and a half millions in money, but we would have to pay two or three millions a year for loss in running expenses.

The Intercolonial, running through a country with more than a million inhabitants, has cost a million a year over receipts. Mr. Fleming estimated that the Pacific road would pay expenses as the three millions of people were in the Northwest, and the *Globe* estimates that half a million will be there in ten years. If the road across the prairie should be built in three years, all the cash saved from the syndicate will have been spent before 1890.

And a long vista of years will still stretch out before us, during which the expense of the road will exceed the income. We shall still be held in the grasp of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway Company, for during the winter months not a passenger or a pound of freight can get into the Northwest except by that route.

There will be no competition.

The bonding system will remain unchanged.

We shall still have to look forward to the construction of the Lake Superior section, for even Mr. Blake thinks that must be built as soon as we can afford it.

We shall have saved the land.

But we shall have lost British Columbia.

Will it pay?—*Hamilton Spectator.*

St Marys *Journal*: If all the meetings against the Syndicate terms are conducted after the same style as the one at St. Marys, Parliament should not think the resolutions condemning the bargain mean anything, or are a safe and sure index of public opinion. It will be remembered that in the House Mr. Blake urged delay in order to allow members to ascertain the feelings of their constituents on the terms. The holidays came, and now we see M P.'s who do not belong to the ridings in which meetings are held attempting to inflame the minds of the electorate, and, partially succeeding the local managers produce sterotyped resolutions condemning the bargain, reading them in such low tones that the meeting cannot hear them, and in a moment or two more, and before anyone in the audience can speak to the motions, declare them carried. [illegible] fig for such public opinion as that.

The Lindsay *Post* says: "Public opinion is aroused all over the Dominion, with the exception of British Columbia, against the bargain with the Pacific railway syndicate. Mass meetings have been held in the cities and towns, and the storm of popular indignation is so strong, and the bargain so monstrously one-sided, that the Ministerialists dare not face it, and do not attempt a defence on its merits." Has the *Post* noticed the extraordinary course pursued by Mr. Blake in avoiding the Minister of Railways? Or noticed that the chairmen of the agitation meetings invariably shut out Conservative speakers? The "storm of popular indignation" is confined to the area of Reform caucuses and editorial rooms.—*Mail.*

THE IRISH TROUBLES.

THE LAND LEAGUERS TRIAL.

Lord Dufferin on the Situation.

He Recommends Emigration to the North-West.

THE STATE TRIALS.

Dublin, Jan. 4.—The proceedings of the State trials principally consisted in the cross examination of two members of the constabulary employed as stenographers, on their evidence concerning the speeches of Parnell, Dillon, Biggar, Boyton and Sexton recommending the refusal of rents, Boycotting, etc. The cross examination was very effective. The witnesses admitted that they were amateurs and unable to make verbatim reports. One admitted that it was possible that he had omitted sentences which might have qualified or explained those he reported. He said he once falsely represented himself as a newspaper reporter. Parnell was cheered as usual on leaving court.

LORD DUFFERIN ON IRELAND.

Lord Dufferin has published a paper on the Irish land question, in which he strongly condems the "Three F.'s" system, "fair rents, free sales and fixity of tenure," pointing out that the sale of tenants' interests has a tendency to saddle the holdings perpetually with a double rent, and he says the system, if granted, would only further encourage a new set of agitators to endeavor to dispossess the landlords of the remaining vestiges of their rights. Lord Dufferin favors a system copied from that adopted at the enfranchisement of the Russian serfs, namely; The buying up of a large portion of the land in Ireland and the conversion of the rents into land charges, payable to the State. For the chronically poverty-stricken districts of the west he recommends a great system of State-aided emigration to Manitoba and the Northwest of Canada, to be worked with the co operation of the Dominion Government. He points out that as the Catholic Church is supreme in those parts, the clergy of Ireland would not oppose emigration thither as they do emigration to the United States. The *Times* remarks: Dufferin's suggestions do not forecast the land bill, as the Government will not make a grant from the exchequer or pledge the credit of the country.

THE TRAVERSERS AND THE TRIAL.

Mr. Parnell openly expresses his intention of taking his seat in the House of Commons at the opening of the session on Thursday next, and in fact of adopting the policy of "pleading the Queen's proclamation against the Queen's writ," in spite of the warning already conveyed to the traversers that they will absent themselves from Dublin at their peril. Very little public interest is felt in the trial. Everybody feels convinced that it cannot possibly result in a conviction. I even hear it stated that nine of the jurors are known to be determined to render a verdict of acquittal, be the evidence of charges what they may. The entire proceeding is a farce, and even the reports in the papers are now very little read.

THREATENED RISINGS.

The Government still continues to receive intelligence of theatened risings in various parts of the sister island, but all such movements—if any such have been seriously contemplated — have hitherto been frustrated by the presence of the really large "army of occupation." During the incoming week flying columns, consisting of cavalry, infantry and artillery, will be sent throughout the length and breadth of Ireland, with orders to suppress nightly drilling, now so common, especially in the west and south.

TROUBLE IN STORE FOR THE MINISTRY.

The *Times* says of the proposed new measures to be introduced by the Government, that "It will be essentially an extension of the principles of the Land Act of 1870. In that case the bill will be as much laughed at by the agitators as the Dublin trial has been. One thing is clear, that the Administration will have to face a discontented Parliament, and that it will encounter much opposition on the very principles, formerly, and not so very long ago, laid down by Mr. Gladstone with so much fervor. He denounced bitterly under the Beaconsfield *regime* the policy of carrying on national business in secrecy, but even the *Spectator* to-day feels obliged to join in the general complaint against the reticence of the present Administration. 'The course of Ministers in Ireland,' it says, 'certainly baffles all attempt from without at explanation, and from within no sort of explanation is vouchsafed.'"

BIG FIRE AT GOWANSTOWN.

Seebach's Hotel and Stables Consumed.

At a few minutes before six o'clock on Wednesday evening, a fire broke out in the upper part of the Dominion hotel, at Gowanstown, owned and kept by Mr. Lewis Seebach, and spread over the building so rapidly that all efforts to save it were of no avail. Some of the contents were removed. The stables adjoining the hotel caught fire, [illegible] also consumed. The hotel was recently enlarged and very [illegible] proved, and Mr. Seebach's loss will be heavy. We understand that the building was insured for $800. The cause of the fire is unknown, but is supposed to have been accidental.

STRATFORD.

Archibald Forbes, the famous war correspondent, will lecture in Stratford on Thursday evening, 13th inst.

The vexed question of market fees was finally settled at the polls on Monday. The majority in favor of abolishing the fees was 202.

Nine out of the fourteen councillors chosen for 1881, are in favor of closing up the cows altogether. The cow question will be settled at an early date by prohibiting cattle from running at large either day or night.

GLENALLAN.

We understand that a social will be held shortly at the residence of Mr. Isaac Garbutt, in aid of the C. M. Church.

Mr. Isaac Garbutt occupied the pulpit in the C. M. Church here on Sabbath last, Rev. Mr. Hough being unable to attend to his duties through illness.

The annual ice races take place on the Connestoga river at this place on Friday 7th. A number of purses are offered, and an exciting time is expected.

PERSONAL.—We learn that Mr. W. H. Wright, son of Dr. Wright of this place has been engaged for the coming year as teacher of the Lebanon school. We wish him success.—COM.

MILLBANK.

Messrs. Rutherford and Gibson have disposed of their mills to Mr. J. B. Eby, of Waterloo.

Rev. D. J. Caswell, pastor of Grace Church, received a very handsome Christmas present from the Mornington and Wellesley church people, consisting of about 120 bushels of oats, besides other seasonable gifts. The Rev. gentleman was no doubt very agreeably surprised by such a kindly remembrance by his parishioners.

MISSIONARY SERVICES.—Instead of holding missionary meetings in this parish on week evenings, the missionary agent, Rev. W. F. Campbell, of London, will preach sermons, replete with important information, on Sunday, Jan. 9th, in Millbank, at 11 a. m.; at Trinity Church, Elma, at 2.30 p. m., and at Crosshill at 7 p. m. From the reputation of this clergyman, those who attend these services will enjoy a great treat. The collections will be for mission purposes. —COM.

MOLESWORTH.

SAD AND FATAL ACCIDENT.—A terrible accident, causing the death of Willie Loughhead, son of Wm. Loughhead, late post-master of this place, occurred on Monday last. It appears that Willie, who is a lad of about eighteen years, went to Mr. Broatch's bush on the morning of that day to cut firewood, taking his father's horse and sleigh along with him. As he did not return in due time, his parents were becoming anxious and were about going to ascertain the cause of his delay when the sad news was brought to them by Mr. Broatch that Willie had been killed by a tree falling upon him which he had cut down. Mr. Broatch had been attracted to the spot by noticing the horse and sleigh, which had been left standing at the edge of the bush. The poor lad was found lying beside the tree, which had evidently fallen upon him while he was endeavoring to get out of the way. Not being an experienced hand with the axe, he had chopped the tree completely around the base, and in trying to escape from danger had most unfortunately selected the path in which the tree fell. When found by Mr. Broatch, life had been extinct for some time. His sad death has cast a gloom over the community, as he was well known and highly respected by everybody in the neighborhood. For a number of years past he has carried the mail between Molesworth and Listowel. His bereaved parents are deeply sympathized with.

STRATFORD AND HURON RAILWAY.

Petition from Wiarton for a Government Subsidy.

A public meeting was held at Wiarton on Thursday last to consider the question of Government aid to the Stratford and Huron Railway—David Dinsmore, Reeve of Wiarton, in the chair, and Wm. Bull, secretary. A number of speakers addressed the meeting, and the tenor of their remarks was, that unless the Government subsidy be granted this session the Indian Peninsula will be in a deplorable state, for as the ratepayers had been many years, owing to their isolated position, labouring under serious disadvantages for want of roads, they have voted larger bonuses in proportion to their means than any other part of the country, trusting that when the road should be completed they would be recouped for their heavy outlay. And in view of these considerations they recommended that vigorous efforts should be made to show the Government and the Legislature the necessity of granting a subsidy to the road. The meeting endorsed the views of the speakers by passing resolutions calling upon the Legislature to grant the required aid.

THE TERROR OF TWO CONTINENTS.

A dispatch from New York, Jan. 1, says: Charles Becker and Geo. Engels, alleged notorious forgers, were arrested on Friday. This completes the destruction of a band of criminals that has been the terror of two continents for years. Geo. Wilkes Shell Hamilton, and Pete Burns, members of the band, are prisoners in Florence, Italy. Becker and Engels are held here awaiting extradition. There are five other members, three of whom are already imprisoned in this country. The gang, it is said, robbed European bankers by means of forged circulars, notes and letters of credit. The three members already imprisoned in this country were implicated in the forgeries of the notorious Brockway. Forged securities, letters of credit and drafts on American banks were found in the possession of the three men in Florence. Becker was charged with perpetrating a $64,000 forgery on the Union Trust Company in 1873. He was arrested but escaped punishment. He was once imprisoned at Constantinople, charged with forgery of Turkish bonds, and broke jail with two confederates. He is also charged with murder in Europe years ago. Wilkes was the leader of the band.

The *Mail* remarks: As the 13th inst. approaches visions of Apollinaris bottles and corkscrews fill the dreams of the Reform legislator. Besides, Mr. D. D. Hay's eloquence will be on tap constantly throughout the session.

A REMARKABLE YEAR.—The year 1881 is a mathematical curiosity. From left to right and from right to left it reads just the same; 18 divided by 2 gives 9 as the quotient; 81 divided by 9 and 9 is the quotient. If 1881 is divided by 209, 9 is the quotient; if divided by 9, the quotient contains a 9; if multiplied by 9, the product contains two 9's; 1 and 8 are 9, 8 and 1 are 9. If the 18 be placed under the 81 and added, the sum is 99. If the figures be added thus, 1, 8, 8, 1, it will be 18. Reading from left to right is 18 and reading from right to left is 81. By adding, dividing and multiplying, nineteen 9's are produced, being one 9 for each year required to complete the century. The sum of the digits is 9x9. It is divisible by 9 without remainder. The remaining quotient consists of two prime factors, 11 and 16. It reads the same both ways. If the 18 be reversed and then added to 81, the sum is 162 the sum of the digits of which is 9. 162 is also divisible by 9, giving a quotient of 18. If the 81 be reversed and added to 18, the sum is 36, which is also divisible by 9, and the sum of its digits is also 9. Now the number 9 has always been regarded as possessed of great significance. It is a factor of all the great dates of judgment—of the Flood, the destruction of Sodom, the overthrow of Pharaoh, the Captivity, and the final destruction of Jerusalem.

London *World*:—As wrong impressions have been created by several paragraphs concerning the Princess Louise which have lately appeared, it may be as well to set the matter right. There is no foundation for the statement that Her Royal Highness left Canada without consulting the Queen; Her Majesty was the first person telegraphed to when the doctors urged the Princess's return to England. It has also been stated that the Queen intimated that she did not wish to go to Balmoral from Inverary; there was never a question of Her Royal Highness going to the former place, as cold was especially to be guarded against, and the climate of the two places are utterly different. The impressions such statements would leave is that Queen and the Princess have quarreled, whereas Her Majesty drove from Windsor to Claremont to see the Princess, and Her Royal Highness was last week her mother's guest at Windsor. What was stated weeks ago in these columns about the Princess's return from Canada was the exact truth—it was merely for her health, which had suffered greatly from her terrible accident, and the doctors will not hear of her return there before the Spring, as the excessive cold of the Winter would be far too trying.

Having suffered for some time past with bilious Headache as a result of constipation of the Bowels, I was induced to try Burdock Blood Bitters, which proved very efficacious, removing both headache and constipation. I strongly recommend it to all similarly afflicted. S. R. ROGERS.
Cedarville, Grey County, Ont.

A large shirt factory is about to be established in St. Catharines, Ont. It is rumored also that a new Gas Company will soon be formed in that city. There is evidently a great improvement in and around St. Catharines.

Use "Castorine" Machine Oil for all kinds of machinery, it is also excellent for harness and leather. Makes it water and weather proof. For sale by dealers.

A Long Time to Suffer.

Twenty-five years of endurance with Catarrh is a long period of annoyance and misery. Mrs E. J. Flanders, of Manchester, N. H after going through with it all, writes: "The Constitutional Catarrh Remedy has rescued me from intense suffering, and almost the grave." This medicine is for sale by all druggists.

A disastrous fire occurred Tuesday morning in a tenement house in New York, causing the loss of ten lives. The fire originated at the foot of the stairs, and being carried by a draught to the windows and the fire-escape outside, completely cut off the escape of the unfortunate people who lived above. The disaster was the work of a careless plumber's boy, who upset a gasoline lamp.

"HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY."—Our daily bread is sweetest when gained by honest toil. Hagyard's Yellow Oil is an honest oil, and honestly speaking it cures more cases of Aches, Pains, Lameness, Stiffness, Fresh Wounds, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Rheumatism, Deafness, Colds, Sore Throat and Inflammation, than any other remedy offered for sale. No household should be without it.

Manufacturers of reapers, mowers and threshing machines prefer "Castorine" Machine Oil to any other. It will outwear lard, soil or elephant, and is warranted not to gum.

Dr. Sullivan, of Kingston, says, with true Irish humour, "that you might as well try to get a mule by the hind leg as to reconcile a Grit to a national enterprise." But the mule is too consistent and self respecting an animal to kick himself. It has been left for the Opposition to make such an exhibition of their inconsistency and recklessness.

Many most remarkable cures of deafness have been performed by Hagyard's Yellow Oil the certificates of which the proprietors will cheerfully furnish; it is the most potent remedy known for all varieties of inflammatory action—taken externally and internally applied, it cures Croup, Rheumatism, Colds, Sore Throat, and is a perfect panacea for all manner of pain, lameness and flesh wounds.

The Boers have issued a proclamation defending their action, and offering amnesty to their opponents. They offer to admit a British consul, and to indemnify Great Britain for her expenditure in the Transvaal. The British Governor is closely besieged at Potchefstroom, and the Administrator at Pretoria. All communication with the Transvaal has been interrupted.

The Greatest Blessing.

A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it. See other column.

Some changes have been made in the administration of the Dominion Savings banks. Agents are to give bonds in accordance with the amounts held, as follows: When the balance, on the 15th of June is $25,000 and under, a $3,000 guarantee; over that amount and under $50,000, a bond of $4,500; over $50,000, a bond of $6,000. Four per cent. is to be allowed on deposits.

PAINTS, OILS AND COLORS.—For the largest stock, best material and lowest prices, go to HACKING'S Drug Store.—21.

HAGYARD'S Pectoral Balsam contains no dangerous narcotic drug, but is a purely vegetable healing balsam. It cures by loosening the phlegm and corrupt matter from the Lungs and expelling it from the system. Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, and all pectoral diseases yield to it promptly. All dealers sell it.

The New York journal *Truth*, in whose columns first appeared the notorious "Morey letter," now publishes a letter apologising to Gen. Garfield and admitting that the letter in question has been proved to be a forgery.

Bucklen's Arnica Slave.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. The Save is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. H. Michener.

An exchange says that one of the best and simplest remedies for the epizootic, now generally prevailing throughout the country, is a mixture of oil of tar and assofœtida—one ounce of oil of tar and one drachm of assofœtida—ten drops of which are given twice a day in the feed. Besides this a warm bran mash once a day is recommended.

On the Verge of the Grave.

Such was the Condition of Moses A. Walker, of Derry N. H., with congestion of the Lungs and Chronic Catarrh. Two bottles of the Constitutional Catarrh Remedy entirely restored him to health, and, to use his own words "built up my whole system." The Remedy is for sale by all druggists.

A wicked attempt to blow up the British ironclad *Lord Warden*, lying in the Firth of Forth, has been discovered and frustrated.

Reader have you a cough that does not yield to the usual remedies? Do not delay, do not despair, but try Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the best cough cure known: a few doses of this safe and pleasant medicine will break up the most obstinate cough. All medicine dealers sell it at 25 cents per bottle.

The law requires the use of the Imperial Measure. Every size onhand at J. H. SMITH'S.

All prisoners for debt in Scotland were liberated at the stroke of midnight on the 31st ult., under the provisions of the Act passed at the last session of the British Parliament.

Doctors Gave Him Up.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?" "I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters, and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!"

"Well-a-day! If that is so, I will go this minute and get some for my poor George. I know hops are good.

The land movement has reached England, and perhaps before long "Boycotting" will be heard of there. The other day a Sussex farmer advised his *confreres* to take a lesson from the Irish Land League; and an Essex farmer is reported as saying that "the landlords had worked their own ruin, and that their tenantry would be content with nothing short of a radical reform of the land laws."

Given up by the Doctors.

Where doctors have failed to cure, and have given their patients up to die, Electric Bitters have often been used, and a cure effected, greatly to the astonishment of all. Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Organs are positively cured by Electric Bitters. They invariably cure Consumption, Headache and all Bilious attacks. They are the best medicine ever used. Sold by J. H. Michener at forty cents a bottle

War between Turkey and Greece now appears to be unavoidable. The arbitration scheme has proved a failure, and the only question that now remains to be decided is whether hostilities shall begin immediately or be postponed until March. It is considered probable that in the event of the Greeks getting the worst of the conflict France, Italy, England, and Russia would lend her a helping hand.

"How thin is Sara Bernhardt, Pa.
That shadow of a shade?"
"Why, just about as thin, my child,
As pic-nic lemonade."

But if Sara would only take Burdock Blood Bitters she could add flesh and beauty very materially. These popular bitters are no fancy drink, but a pure and powerful tonic that acts upon the Stomach, Liver, Skin and Kidneys, purifying the blood and regulating the secretions while it renews exhausted vitality. See testimonial in another column.

Terrific floods are devastating various portions of England and Wales. On the 29th and 30th ultimo a mixture of rain and snow fell and in Windsor district the Castle towers had a deep covering of the white flakes. In the northern sections of the country the damage was more material than in other places. In Scotland trains were stopped by immense banks of snow. Many mines have had to suspend work on account of the extensive floods.

A Great Chicago Enterprise.

The Laboratory for the manufacture of Electric Bitters is one of Chicago's greatest enterprises, giving employment to a large number of hands. The extensive sale already attained for this wonderful remedy is astonishing. Wherever once introduced and becomes known, it is almost impossible to supply the demand, because their true merit keeping where all others fail—and at a reasonable price (forty cents).—*Each* Sold by J. H. Michener.

The London *Globe* says:—"In his address at the opening of the Dominion Parliament, the Marquis of Lorne found himself in the pleasant position of being able to felicitate the members of both Houses upon the return of commercial prosperity to their rising country. These congratulations are well founded, for there is plenty of evidence that Canada has made another and an important start in the development of her magnificent resources."

Holloways Ointment and Pills.—Much wretchedness must be exercised at the present time, and the earliest evidences of ill-health must be immediately checked, or a fatal illness may result in a serious malady. Relaxed and sore throat, diphtheria, quinsey, coughs, chronic cough, bronchitis, and most other pulmonary affections will be relieved by rubbing this cooling Ointment into the skin as near as practical to the seat of mischief. This treatment, so simple and effective, is admirably adapted for the removal of these diseases during infancy and youth. Old asthmatic invalids will derive many blessings from the use of Holloway's remedies, which have brought round many such sufferers, and re-established health after every other means had signally failed.

The Hon. Mr. Macdougall's speech at Milton has not pleased the party which expected such great things from him. Already the *Globe* finds itself called upon to correct its report as misrepresenting the hon. gentleman's statements. The Opposition thought they had entrapped the member for Halton, and find themselves mistaken. It will now be in order for Mr. Blake to characterise him again as "that abandoned man." "Wandering Willie" has not served the agitators' purposes.

Stop that Cough.

If you are suffering with a Cough, Cold, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Consumption, loss of voice tickling in the throat, or any affection of the throat or lungs, use DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY for Consumption. This is the great remedy that is causing so much excitement by its wonderful cures, curing thousands of hopeless cases. Over one million bottles of DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY have been used within the last year, and have given perfect satisfaction in every instance. We can unhesitatingly say that this is really the *one sure cure* for throat and lung affections, and can cheerfully recommend it to all. Call and get a trial bottle free of cost, or a regular size for $1. For sale by J. H. Michener.

LISTOWEL MARKETS.

January 6, 1881.

Wheat, fall, per bush.	0 98 to	1 00
Spring Wheat, "	1 00	1 05
Barley, "	0 55	0 65
Peas, "	0 60	0 62
Oats, "	0 28	0 30
Flour, per brrl.,	5 50	
Oatmeal, "	2 75	3 00
Cornmeal, "	1 75	2 00
Butter, per lb.,	0 15	0 19
Eggs, per dozen,	0 18	0 19
Potatoes, per bag,	0 35	0 45
Turkeys, per lb,	0 07	0 08
Geese, " "	0 05	0 06
Chickens, per pair,	0 20	0 25
Pork, cwt.,	5 00	5 25
Hay, per ton,	6 50