

Oct. 2, 1879.

is a Fox.

ls of stuff," said they, ... as you see, ... ler's," said she, ... e seen; ... ks a charm, ... NE. ... 'll soon get more- ... l store.

ds! Blinds!

(in lots of 3 windows or days, put on at about and satisfaction guaran ... feet high and under, ... out paint for \$2.40. ... For each additional foot ... s. For segt. heads, add ... or gothic heads, add 50 ... Doors put on with mor- ... hinges, from \$3.50 up. ... \$1 up. ... Builders supplied at ... er than any other firm

SPADDEN, L. B. Rathburn & Son, St. West.

HEDED 1856.

RNS,

Retail Dealer

D WOOD,

ALITIES.

urd Wood, ... \$5.50 per cord. ... for sum- ... \$4.50 "

each and ... ad for the ... \$5.00 "

all sizes.

r descriptions at LOW- ... ITY.

8—Corner Front and ... Street Wharf, and 51 ... veive prompt attention.

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EAD THIS.

alary of \$100 per month ... large commission to ... lertful inventions W ... ple free. Address ... CO., Marshall, Mich.

TMS ... TERN BAZAAR

st-paid, \$1. ... TION TO CLUBS. ... 50.—Only 75 cents each. ... 00.—Only 60 cents each. ... 00.—Only 50 cents each. ... one copy for a year free. ... mailed for 3 stamps.



of the few designs which ... stylish appearance, either ... material. The soft dra- ... to find favor with the ma- ... a, with cloth model of ... ipt of address and 3 stamps ... les and test our Patterns. ... rdetta Smith, ... NEW YORK CITY ... Large Catalogue

Dominion Churchman.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2nd 1879.

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The subscription \$2.00 per annum in advance, \$3.00 when not paid in advance.

FRANK WOOTEN, Proprietor, 11 York Chambers,

P. O. Box 2530. Toronto St., Toronto.

THE WEEK.

TEN thousand cotton operatives have suspended work at Wigan, Lancashire, until the decision of the parent Union at Manchester, to which the question of a "strike" has been referred, in consequence of a notice of a 5 per cent. reduction in the wages.

Large orders for iron have been received in Glasgow from the United States, causing a considerable rise in price.

The International Exhibition opened in Sydney New South Wales on the 17th of September. It is said to be a great success. Great Britain has 800 industrial exhibits, and 513 of fine arts; Germany has 691 entries; Austria, 170; France, 350; besides 160 of fine arts; Belgium has 236, besides 50 paintings; the United States, 150.

The Spanish representation at Vienna is to ask the hand of the Archduchess Marie Christine in marriage with King Alfonso.

The Agricultural and Arts Association of Ontario have decided to keep the next provincial exhibition open for two weeks at Hamilton.

The Dominion Exhibition for this year was formally opened on the 24th by his Excellency the Governor General; twenty four thousand persons were present.

Letters from Cuba state that three slave holders owners of 4000, 1,200, and 800 slaves respectively have emancipated them, and contracted with them for their services for five years. Other slave holders intend to follow their example.

Stanley, the explorer, started for the River Congo, from Sierra Leone on the 8rd of September.

A hundred English farmers, with a capital of fifty thousand dollars arrived in Montreal on the 23rd, on their way to the little Saskatchewan.

Russia denies all complicity in connection with the troubles in Afghanistan. Cholera has occurred among the troops at Peshawur.

An attempt has been made to wreck the train carrying the Indian mail from Brindisi, by ob-

structing the track near Poggia with masses of stone. The attempt was not successful.

The County of Suffolk, England, has again been visited by heavy rains, which have caused disastrous floods. Thousands of acres of land in the eastern part of the County are completely submerged.

All the Chiefs of Zululand have surrendered, and Cetwasog arrival at the Cape was hourly expected on the 9th.

The city of Deadwood, in the Black Hills country has been visited with an extensive conflagration, which consumed the entire business portion of the city, causing a loss of three million dollars.

Some arrangements are being made by the Ontario and the New York State Legislatures for a Reserve on each side of the Niagara River, to be used as a Park, and to have for its object the preservation of as much as possible of the original picturesqueness of the neighborhood of the Falls.

The receipts of the Dominion Exhibition were eleven thousand dollars less than last year.

Memphis still suffers from yellow fever. Last week sixty-three new cases were reported, and thirty-one deaths.

The annual census of the Wesleyan body in England has been published, from which it appears that the net loss of the year has been 3,287, or nearly one per cent. As the commencement of the persecution under the P. W. R. Act led to a notable increase both of Popery and of Protestant Dissent, so the collapse of that persecution has been accompanied by a corresponding weakening of the Church's foes both on the right hand and on the left.

The Rev. T. H. Appleby, from the Sault Ste. Marie, is now on a tour through the country in order, with the sanction of his Bishop, to collect contributions for his important work in our Missionary Diocese; and as he will not be able to call on a tithe of those who have a duty in the matter to perform, the people need not forget that duty, but can send him the means he so much needs. The estimate of the duty is according as God has prospered you.

A company has been formed for the purpose of extracting chlorate of potash from the waters of the Dead Sea. In order to save fuel, which is scarce in those parts, the works are kept in active operation during the dry season, when the water is low and the Jordan does not dilute the surface much.

The advance of the British troops on Afghanistan continues. The Ameer has arrived in the British camp, and accompanies the troops. The army advances on Cabul to avenge the treachery to the British envoy.

A severe thunderstorm passed over Western Ontario on Sunday evening, doing a large amount of damage.

Eighty thousand persons in the Staffordshire

potteries are expected to be on "strike" in consequence of a reduction of wages.

Egypt and Abyssinia are in trouble. The King of Abyssinia claims the whole strip of coast that was ceded to Egypt in 1877, and also several towns. If his demands are rejected, war is apprehended; but certain ports on the Red Sea are to be offered him on condition that he concludes a lasting treaty of peace with Egypt.

English journals speak in pleasant terms of the Archduchess Christine, future Queen of Spain. According to all accounts, she is highly accomplished, speaking French, English and Italian, and is now, very properly, making rapid progress in Spanish. She is very fond of reading, and also devotes much of her time to works of charity. Moreover, she is said to be very pretty, with dark eyes, chestnut hair, and small mouth, and full of vivacity in conversation. Report fixes the wedding day on November 28th.

October 19th and 20th, (Sunday and Monday) have been appointed with the sanction of the Archbishop of Canterbury as days of Intercession for Sunday Schools. In our correspondence department the subject has been taken up by S. G. Wood, Esq., and we shall be glad to see it further discussed in our columns by others.

THE SEVENTEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.

LIBERTY and victory are both achieved through becoming the humble servants of Christ. And paradoxical as it may appear there is no principle of Christianity more certain than this. The restrictive character of the Christian religion is that which brings the Christian out of a slavish worship of many gods to the free and hearty worship of Him who is the one God and Father of us all, who is above all, and through all, and in us all. It is a subjection to rule and law, which leaves no room for invention, for wild development or speculation. But as Christ reigned from the Cross; as St. Paul governed the Eastern churches from his prison in Rome; as one who sits down in the lowest room will hear the Host say to him, "Friend, go up higher;" so limitations and restrictions of this kind are a means of real, spiritual freedom, however much they may seem to be irksome to those who have never tried their elevating character. The Christian who worships one God is more free than the heathen who worships many; and the believer in a faith once for all given to the Church is more free than he who is continually looking for new developments, and is open to the bondage of every novel speculation.

The sacred interests of liberty are inseparable from the sacred interests of law. Law is the guarantee of liberty, not its enemy; liberty, if it knows its own interests, is ever the warm friend of law. Each of them rests on an ultimate fact which is Divine; liberty rests on the fact of the greatness, the majesty of individual, human life; law rests on the Divine origin of society, and on the inevitable necessity of protecting society against individual selfishness, by rule or law. To crush this liberty in the name of law is to sow the seed, sooner or later, of social insurrection. To depreciate or insult law in the name of liberty is to make of liberty "a cloak of maliciousness."