

country consists chiefly in cattle, horses, sheep, and swine.

621. **Bucharest**, the capital, is a large city, and carries on considerable trade with Austria. **Galatz**, on the Danube, exports grain and wool. **Jassy** is a large city.

SERVIA.

622. Servia is a small country on the south of the Danube, adjoining Austria.

623. The **soil** in the valleys and lowlands is very fertile, yielding wheat, the vine, apples, and pears. Horses, cattle, and sheep are numerous.

624. The **Servians** are a brave, enterprising people, noted for their love of country.

625. **Belgrade**, on the Danube, is the capital. It manu-

factures fire-arms, cutlery, silks, and carpets, and trades largely with Austria and Great Britain.

MONTENEGRO.

626. Montenegro is a small country on the east of the Adriatic Sea. It touches the sea only in the south, being separated from it by Austrian territory.

627. The **surface** is mountainous. A large part of the country is covered with forests.

628. The **inhabitants** are rude and uneducated; but they are noted for their brave resistance to the Turks. They live chiefly by agriculture, which they carry on in a very primitive manner.

629. **Cettigne**, a small village, is the capital. **Antivari** is a small town on the Adriatic Sea.