INDIES TRADE AGREEMENT MADE PUBLIC

Increases in Certain Instances Present Mutual Preferences of 20 Per Cent. to 50 Per Cent.

WILL INCREASE S. S. SERVICES

Weekly Service Between Canada and Eastern Group of West Indies is Provided.

(Continued from Page 1)

(1) Steamers shall sail weekly from St. John or Halifax, calling one week on the outward passage at Bermuda, Barbadoes Trinidad and British Guiana, and on the homeward passage at Trinidad, Granada, St. Vincent, Barbadoes, St. Lucia, Dominica, Montserrat, Antigua, Nevis, St. Kitts and Bermuda; on alternate weeks calling on the outward passage at Bermuda, St. Kitts, Nevis, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, St. Vincent, Grenada, Trinidad, and British Guiana, and on the homeward passage at Trinidad, Barbadoes, and Bermuda.

(2) The steamers shall be from 5,000 to 6,000 tons gross, capable of maintaining an ocean speed of twelve knots, and providing accommodation for 100 first class, thirty second class and 100 steerage or deck passengers, and shall be provided with 'tween decks. Canada will stipulate in any contract entered into for such steamship service, that:

(1) There shall be reasonable proportionate allocation of passenger and cargo accommodation between the colonies mentioned.

(2) There shall be no unfair differentiation in rates of freight against the smaller colonies as compared with the rates to larger colonies situated at a similar distance from St. John or Halifax.

(3) The steamers shall be so constructed that, so far as the traffic warrants, cold storage shall be provided if this can be secured without unreasonable additional cost.

If a subsidized steamship service is arranged for, the government of Canada will endeavor to secure the cooperation of the owners of such steamship service towards the provision of hotels and bungalows in the colonies, the governments of the colonies being prepared on their part to offer such facilities as may be practicable, both as regards sites and financial assistance.

The representtives of the colonies mentioned undertake to recommend to their governments that these governments shall contribute towards such subsidized steamships service, when established in the following amounts, annually:

Barbadoes, not less than £5,000; Bermuda, not less than £2,000; British Guiana, not less than £7,500; Leeward Islands, not less than £2,500; Trinidad, not less than £7,500; Windward Islands, not less £2,500. Total £27,000.

Pending the establishment of such service the government of Canada will use its best endeavors to maintain a fortnightly service on the existing lines and to supplement it with such additional freight or passenger and freight vessels as the trade may require.

Western Group.

So far as the western group is concerned, the provisions for steamship services are:

Canada, subject to the adoption by the governments concerned of the recommendations embodied in the article below undertakes to provide as soon as possible, in any case not later that the first of January, 1921, a fortnightly, freight, mail and passenger steamship service between Canada, the Bahamas, Jamaica, and British Honduras, on the following:

(1) The steamers shall not be less than 3,500 long tons deadweight; shall have an ocean-going speed of not les than ten knots, and shall have accommodation for from fifteen to twenty first class passengers and shall be provided with 'tween decks, and, so far as the traffic warrants with cold storage if this can be secured with reasonable cost.

(2) The steamers shall sail from such Canadian ports as freight conditions require and shall proceed to British Honduras, calling at Nassau in the Bahamas, and at such port or ports in Jamaica as may be necessary, and shall call on the return voyage at such port or ports in Jamaica as may be necessary, and at Nassau.

The representatives of the colonies before mentioned undertake to recommend to their governments, that those governments shall if the service proves unremunerative contribute twenty-five (25) per cent. of any loss, provided that the amounts contributed shall not exceed, in the case of the Bahamas, the sum of £3,000 per annum, in the case of British Honduras, the sum of £5,000 per annum, and in the case of Jamaica the sum of £5,000 per annum.

The agreement is subject to the approval of the parliament of Canada and the legislature of each of the British West Indies colonies and of the secretary of state for the colonies. Upon such approval being given, the agreement will be brought into force at such time as may be agreed upon between the governments of Canada and of the colonies aforesaid by proclamation to be published in the Canada Gazette and in the official gazette of each of the said colonies.

The agreement will remain in force for ten years after the proclamation and thereafter until terminated by twelve months' written notice given either by the government of Canada or by the government of any of the colonies aforesaid, but in the latter case the agreement will remain in full force and effect as to any of the other colonies which have not given such notice.

KEEN INTEREST IN DRAWING CONTEST

The Standard's Contest Revealing Many Youthful Artists—Have Until Thursday to Get in Their Drawings—Free Tickets to Matinee.

Such keen interest is being taken in the drawing contest of the "Katzenjammer Kids," conducted by The Standard, the management has decided to give the contestants until Thursday afternoon to get in the results of their work.

The drawings so far sent in show artistic taste on the part of the contributors, and, in many cases, refreshing humor.

Producers of the fifty best drawings, and the winners will be announced on Friday morning, and the winners will receive tickets for Friday's matinee performance of the laughable comedy at the Imperial.

START THIS MORNING TO PUNCH THE CLOCK

Employees of M. R. A., Ltd. Start This Morning Registering the Time That They Come on Duty—To Establish Tea and Coffee Room for Employees.

The clerks in the employ of M. R. A., Ltd., will start in this morning to "punch" the time clock, when they report to enter upon their duties for the day, which will register on a card the hour and minute each was on the job.

The system, devised for keeping time tabs on employees in large establishments, has been installed, and the clerks were acquainted with its workings yesterday, and will begin using it this morning to report the time of their arrival for work, as well as the time of departure from work.

Some of the clerks are growling disconsolately, some are smiling pleasantly, and others "don't care a rap" over the fact they must check themselves up. Late "jazzers" must forego that little extra nap in the morning if they wish to make sure of being on the job in time to keep in the good graces of the "boss."

The clerks are granted an hour and fifteen minutes for lunch. Here again the clock will have to be punched when each goes for lunch and when each returns.

For the benefit of their clerks, especially those living some distance from the store, M. R. A. Ltd., have a tea and coffee room, where all who may wish to bring their lunches may be served free with hot drinks, so there can be no excuse for overrunning lunch time. The whole scheme is expected to work to the advantage of employer and employed.

Growing Up.

They're cutting out my child's appendix—
O fleeting years, O aching words!
But yesterday
It seems, that they
Cutting out his adenoids!

HAS PASSED EXAMS.

Arthur N. Carter, son of E. S. Carter of Fair Vale, recently passed the final examinations for the B. C. L. degree at Oxford University with very high standing. After a brilliant career at the University of New Brunswick, Mr Carter was selected as Rhodes Scholar for his native province in 1913. When the war broke out the following year he volunteered, and while in the army won promotion.

He resumed his studies at Oxford after the armistice, and in spite of the interruption in his studies won high distinction in the Final Honor Schools of Jurisprudence. This year he has had similar success with his examination for the degree of B. C. L.

CHINA WILL BE INVITED INTO LEAGUE

By Ratifying the Austrian Treaty Becomes Eligible for Membership.

HER JOINING OPENS UP POSSIBILITIES

Special Invitation May be Sent to United States to Attend November Meeting.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.

London, Aug. 3.—By ratifying the Austrian treaty China is now eligible for membership in the league, and it is expected that the invitation will be issued to Pekin by the league's secretary general, Sir Eric Drummond.

This brief statement contains the nucleus of big events.

China, it will be recalled, refused to sign the treaty with Germany because of the Shantung provision and thus remained outside the nations which joined the league. By now ratifying the Treaty of St. Germain, China steps into the arena of nations already joining forces through the league to bring about international understandings.

But the great importance of China's joining the league, which is anticipated within a short period, is that once China s a member she can brng up before the league for its consideration not only the Shantung question but any Far Eastern problem in which China is involved. And if China makes an appeal to the league it will be compelled to act. Thus the mere announcement that China may soon be a member of the league has injected another factor into the Anglo-American-Japanese relations.

In this connection your correspondent learns that the failure of the league to invite the United States to participate in the first assembly meeting which President Wilson called for November, in Geneva, should not be considered as an affront to America. In fact the question of whether an invitation should be issued is causing considerable anxiety in league circles. There is no doubt but that the United States would be welcome even though America has not yet ratified the Treaty of Versailles. But the fact remains that under the league covenant America cannot be officially invited to send delegates.

It is a striking example of how isolated America is today when the League of Nations announces that virtually every nation in the world will be represented at the assembly meeting this fall excepting the United States, Russia, Germany, Mexico, Austria and Turkey. It will, in effect, be a world conference, even without these countries, for some thirty-five powers will be represented by delegates.

Meanwhile the question is being considered in London of preparing a special invitation to America to send delegates to the assembly meeting, and it is possible that after the elec- President Wilson may be asked to name American representatives.

OBITUARY.

Arnold Rolston.

Many friends will regret to hear of the death of Arnold, son of Mr and Mrs. Arnold Rolston, 125 Rodney street, West St. John, which took place yesterday morning at the age of sixteen years, after a short illness. Besides his parents, he leaves one brother and one sister. The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon from his parents' residence. A large circle of friends extend sympathy to the bereaved ones.

S. H. Kaplin, clothing manufacturer, of Montreal, is spending a vacation in this city, guest of his sister, Mrs. A. Poyas.

TYPHUS ABOARD FRENCH LINER

New York, Aug. 2—A case of typhus which developed during the voyage of the French liner La Savoie, arriving here last night from Havre, caused the ship to be detained in quarantine until noon today. The patient was confined to the ship's hospital and his quarters fumigated. La Savoie had more than 800 passengers on board, all of whom were released.

FILIPINOS WANT INDEPENDENCE

Manila, Aug. 2—Declarations in favor of independence for the Philippines were made today by three members of the United States Congress at a banquet given here by the Philippine Chamber of Commerce to a party of Congressmen, touring the Far East.

Miss Anna Blakeney, of Denver, Colorado, is visiting in the city, the guest of friends.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample Box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

d'ye get that new kitchen aroma? dee-luscious!

Mother's at it again! Keeps the old oven busy with her brown sugar goodies. Since Mother uses LANTIC Brown, I never leave the house. No, sir-r-ee!

Lantic Brown Sugar

Kellogg's WAXTITE

Children run for heaping dishes of rich, crackly Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes---toasted as only Kellogg's know how---poured crisp and fragrant from "WAXTITE" packages, plump with goodness. Made and packed in our big kitchens here in Toronto. This signature is your guarantee

W. K. Kellogg

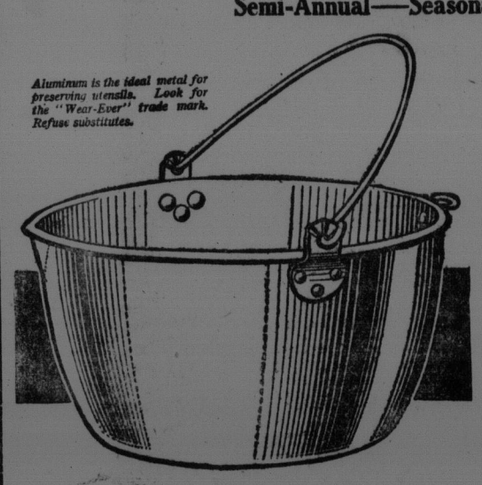
Kellogg's Products—Toasted Corn Flakes—Shredded Krumbles—Krumbled Bran—are made in our new modernized kitchens at TORONTO and *always* wrapped "Waxtite"—Sold Everywhere

MADE IN CANADA

"Wear-Ever"

Semi-Annual—Seasonable

Aluminum is the ideal metal for preserving utensils. Look for the "Wear-Ever" trade mark. Refuse substitutes.



SPECIAL

$2.85 Six Quart Wine Measure

"Wear-Ever" Preserving Kettle

For Only

$1.69

and Coupon if presented

July 31st to August 7th

WEAR-EVER ALUMINUM TRADE MARK

In conjunction with the manufacturers of "WEAR-EVER" Aluminum Cooking Utensils, we again are able to offer an attractive special. PLEASE NOTE:—OUR QUANTITY OF KETTLES IS LIMITED TO 1,000 ONLY.

Careful attention given to Mail Orders. If Kettle is to be mailed add 25 cents for postage. Send Mail Orders Early.

Sign of Satisfaction and of Quality. Replace Utensils that wear out with utensils that "Wear-Ever."

Cut Out the Coupon

Present It Today.

and get one of these durable "Wear-Ever" Kettles.

W. H. THORNE & CO.

Limited

See Our King St. Window.

"WEAR-EVER" COUPON.

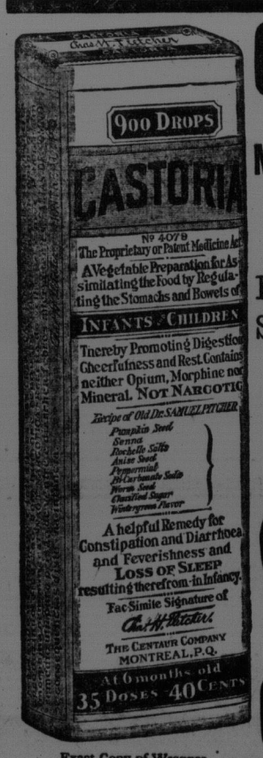
In order that the factory may have an accurate record of the number of these six quart—wine measure—Preserving Kettles, sold at the Special Price of $1.69, we are required to return to the factory this coupon with purchaser's name and address written thereon.

Name .....

Address .....

City .....

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

EASTERN LINES.

St. John River Bridge Substructure.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to C. B. Brown, Chief Engineer, Moncton, N. B., and marked on the outside, "Tenders for St. John River Bridge," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, August 21st, 1920, for the construction and completion of the substructure for a single track Railway Bridge over the St. John River at Fredericton, N. B.

Plans, specifications and blank forms of contract may be seen and tender forms obtained at the following offices:

The Chief Engineer, Canadian National Railways, Moncton, N. B.

The Division Engineer, Can. National Railways, Tunnel Station, Montreal, Que.

The Station Agent, Canadian National Railways, Fredericton, N. B.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate on the tender forms supplied for that purpose.

Each Contractor tendering must submit with his tender a security deposit in the form of an accefted cheque on a chartered Bank of Canada and made payable to the "Canadian National Railways" for an amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars ($20,000.00). Security deposits will be returned to all unsuccessful tenderers. Security deposit of successful tenderer will be forfeited to the Railway if Contractor refuses to enter into a contract based on his tender when called upon to do so. Contractor's security deposit will be returned on the satisfactory completion of the work.

Plans and specifications will be loaned to bona fide Contractors on the deposit of security amounting to Fifty ($50.00) Dollars. This security deposit to be in the form of an accepted cheque on any chartered Bank of Canada, made payable to the Canadian National Railways. Security deposits will be refunded on the return of the plans and specifications.

No revision of any tender will be considered if received by the Chief Engineer at Moncton at a date later than 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, August 21st, 1920.

All conditions of the Specifications must be complied with.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

F. P. BRADY,
General Manager,
Eastern Lines.

Montreal, P. Q., July 30th, 1920.

1800 ACRES TIMBERLAND FOR SALE.

THERE WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION AT CHUBB'S CORNER (so called), in the City of Saint John, on Tuesday, the 24th of August, 1920, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, 1800 acres of Timber and other lands, all in the Parishes of Saint Martins and Simonds, Saint John County, Province of New Brunswick, as follows:

1. THE MILE HILL LOT (so called), being lot "O" on the plan of lands of Richard Lovett and John S. Parker, made by Thomas O'Kelcher, containing 345 acres more or less.

2. THE COLRAINE LOT (so called), being lot "P" on said plan, containing 310 acres more or less.

3. THE SHORE LOT (so called) being part of lot "M" on said plan, containing 100 acres more or less.

4. THE CLAY FIELD LOT and HILL LOT (so called), being lot "c" on said plan, containing 37 acres more or less; and lot "B" on said plan containing 12 acres more or less.

5. THE CHURCH HILL LOT (so called) being lot "J" on said plan containing 89 acres more or less.

6. The southern half of the NORTHWEST MARSH (so called) marked on said plan as undivided and containing 26 acres more or less, and the northern half of the SOUTHWEST MARSH (so called) marked on said plan as undivided and containing 49 acres more or less, both lots being situate on the westerly side of Ten Mile Creek and marked on said plan.

7. A half share or interest in the MILL PROPERTY (so called) marked on said plan containing one hundred acres more or less.

8. THE BELL LOT (so called) containing one hundred acres more or less.

The above eight lots being known as the LOVETT LANDS and situate near TEN MILE CREEK.

9. Lot Twenty of the EMIGRANT LANDS, Parish of Saint Martins on the North side of the upper road leading from Loch Lomond to Quaco.

10. Lots 21, 22, 23 and 24 of the EMIGRANT LANDS, on the North side of said road from Loch Lomond to Quaco, Parish of Saint Martins aforesaid granted by the Crown to John Dooley and Henry Larkins, October 10th, 1828, known as the Lacey and Dooley lands. These lots are estimated to contain one million feet of virgin hardwood timber and one million feet of spruce.

For full description and further particulars apply to

TEED & TEED,
120 Prince William St.,
St. John, N.B.

July 19, 1920.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY Limited

"DOMINION" and "SPRINGHILL" — BITUMINOUS STEAM and GAS COALS

GENERAL SALES OFFICE
112 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL

R. P. & W. F. STARR, LIMITED
Agents at St. John.

Soft Coal

Reserve and Springhill

We recommend customers using Soft Coal to buy now and insure getting prompt delivery.

R.P. & W.F. Starr, Ltd.,

49 Smythe St. 159 Union St.

Medical Inspector Presents Report

Dr. Mabel L. Hannington Told Board of Health Yesterday of Improved Conditions in the Schools — Made 950 Complete Physical Inspections of Scholars.

Dr. Mabel L. Hanington, medical inspetctor of the schools submitted a most interesting report to the Board of Health yesterday at the monthly meeting telling of inapnoved conditions in the schools. She showed there were 154 cases of scarlet fever, and seventy-two cases of diphtheria. Dr. Hanington made 950 complete physical inspections of scholars. Her report follows:

District Medical Health Officer, St. John, N. B.

Dear Dr. Warwick,—The details of the medical inspection service for the term just completed are duly set forth in the required forms accompanying this, which will you please forward to Dr. Melvin, chief medical officer, as required? I send too a typed summary of main data for your reference, and that of any interested members of your board.

You will note that the report on chronic ailments etc., covers a year's work, not a term's. This seemed unavoidable to prevent confusion, as no complete data for any school would be covered in one term's report while for some it would mean just sufficient difference to make data complex.

There were made, you will note, 950 "complete physical" examinations covering practically all pupils of the second school year, 319 parents were present at the examination of their child, a very encouraging feature, as it ensures a large measure of co-operation and understanding.

Seven hundred and ten pupils were examined and notified for ailments which came under observation in one way or another from the other grades, either on report by the teacher, from request by the parent or appeal by the pupil himself, or more frequently by cognizance taken in passing of some condition needing investigation, during the rapid "term survey" made of all scholars in the first fortnight of each term—which as you know is primarily conducted for the detection of communicable ailments. No data of the incidence of the "special" cases in the different schools can, however, be compiled from the number seen, as the teachers report them only with a varying degree of accuracy, and it may be possible to cover them more thoroughly one time than another, etc.

I am glad to be able to report that I have been able to accomplish additionally the re-examination of all children given the "C. P." the previous year as to the condition then notified, this entailing a half a day or more in every Grade 3 room at least. With responsibility for office work and attendance there on three afternoons weekly together with other executive demands, you will realize that the year has been a heavy one. The responsibility is especially heavy in these earlier years of the work, due to the superimposed weight of the senior grades that never had the benefit of inspection at beginning of school life. In a few years all school children here will have had their "C. P." in Grade 2 and the large amount of work be more "in hand." It is worth emphasizing this point, as many people do not understand that no inspector could fully cover the work undone in a previous seven years, while working to the maximum of the fully exacting demand of the one year's legitimate routine. Under the present plan and if I can keep all "threads going" the department does, however, succeed I think in covering the main needs fairly well. It has meant overtime service on Saturday mornings throughout the year on account of illness and for three and a half days from the exigencies of moving.

A great encouragement has been the appreciation and co-operation of the principals and teachers. It would be phenomenal if among the parents of several thousand children, one did not meet with some who were annoyed or "difficult," but the cases of this sort have been relatively very infrequent, and to offset it there has been much of warm appreciation on the part of many others, and even sometimes from the children themselves. Simple health talks have interested junior children also, but it is to be regretted that there is no time available for giving health talks to senior grades.

The percentage of results obtained on number of notifications is difficult to work out during any current year, for many reasons, including action deferred till the holiday season, and the removal of others from the city—more than a hundred of those given the "C. P." during these two years of work!

Allowing for those and other sources of inaccuracy, and incompleteness, returns show, that approximately seventy-five per cent. of all serious ailments notified are attended to, as advised, also about fifty per cent. of defective dental conditions, and perhaps sixty per cent. of defective sight cases. The greatest factor in failure to comply with advice inthe two latter defects is the lack of clinical provision, and again I urge upon your board definite and prompt action to secure the necessary provision, for those who cannot afford treatment otherwise. Inspection work the world over has found such clinics the essential concomitants of any successful work. The general hospital has looked after all cases for which it has facilities, notably the tonsil and adenoid operative cases, a great cause for thankfulness that we have at least that provision.

I have already furnished a list as required of me under Section 190 of the regulation for medical inspection, of parents persistently negligent as regards the health of their child, and feel that the work will be more effective when steps are taken regarding this type of case.

As regards the semi-annual return for notifiable diseases as reported through the schools, you will note that they are very incomplete and give no basis for accurate data. This is due to (1) the fact that formerly the physician was not required to state cause of disease for which absence had occurred when issuing certificate for return to school; secondly ,that very few as yet use the new forms; thirdly, that as yet [illegible] of the city physic[illegible] cases of the minor[illegible] eases at all, and [illegible] two cases the pri[illegible] to make the return[illegible] ceived to me as [illegible] the term actually [illegible] of Diphtheria, and [illegible] have occurred in [illegible] my care as far as k[illegible] the l ightness of t[illegible] been many cases [illegible] the community at [illegible] ing for the mild[illegible] vailed in one or [illegible] One case of diph[illegible] scarlet fever, were [illegible] attendance at sch[illegible] its were paid when [illegible] tigate as to other c[illegible] either by myself o[illegible]

Regarding the [illegible] undertaken by the [illegible] strong, beside her[illegible] sist me at the reg[illegible] tine, where she a[illegible] tests for eight and [illegible] see that there wer[illegible] term, seventy-six e[illegible] ed condition of pe[illegible] other notices given [illegible] cases were re-notif[illegible] Armstrong reports [illegible] meet in this respe[illegible] schools during the [illegible] She made twenty-n[illegible] absence on reporte[illegible] investigation; 46 ca[illegible] ditionally during th[illegible] of the term, to en[illegible] action during the h[illegible]

Regarding the wo[illegible] ten pupils u ndertal[illegible] ian Order Nurses [illegible] my department, the [illegible] pupils enrolled, 103 [illegible] five kindergartens [illegible] thirty-five visits to [illegible] exclusions were ma[illegible] were for pediculosis [illegible] fied for chronic [illegible] treatment and eight [illegible] fective conditions o[illegible]

Conditions are re[illegible] main very satisfac[illegible] children.

And action re the [illegible] ly defective must [illegible]

W. H. BR[illegible] Moines, [illegible] he gained twen[illegible] days after takin[illegible] feels like a diff[illegible]

"Thirty days ag[illegible] only weighed 125 [illegible] balance the scales [illegible] Tanlac did it," d[illegible] des, a well-known [illegible] ed citizen of Des [illegible] Brandes has been [illegible] plumbing work o[illegible] Public Schools for [illegible] years.

"And many of [illegible] scholars can tell [illegible] look since I began [illegible] said. "I suffered [illegible] the worst kind fo[illegible] more and was ofte[illegible] I couldn't stand [illegible] Nothing helped m[illegible] take my bed and [illegible] eral weeks. Final[illegible] ed me to try Tanl[illegible] seen or heard of a[illegible] It relieved me en[illegible] and put me righ[illegible] I have not only ga[illegible] in weight, but I f[illegible] in every way. I [illegible] the finest thing e[illegible] store."

Tanlac is sold b[illegible] Drug Co., and F. W[illegible] personal direction [illegible] representative.—Ad[illegible]

WITH FINGE[illegible] CORNS

Freezone is magi[illegible] calluses lift r[illegible] Doesn't h[illegible]

A few cents buys [illegible] the magic Freezone a[illegible] Apply a few drops of [illegible] tender, aching corn, [illegible] stantly that troubleso[illegible] stops hurting, then sl[illegible] out, root and all, wi[illegible] screeness or irritation [illegible] bottles of Freezone co[illegible] to rid the feet of ever[illegible] corn, corn between th[illegible] calluses on bottom of [illegible] So simple. Why wai[illegible]