

# WILL WORLD POWERS FORM LEAGUE OF NATIONS?

## SIR EDWARD CARSON FAVORS INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT

There Are Many Difficulties to be Contended With, However, He Points Out, Including Those of Disarmament and of Enforcing All Nations to Obey the Decisions of the Majority—An Interesting Interview with Celebrated International Lawyer and Former Member of British Cabinet.

London, Feb. 5.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—There are many practical difficulties in the way of a League of Nations, said Sir Edward Carson, former Minister Without Portfolio in the British War Cabinet, in an interview with The Associated Press.

But what is to become of all of us if it is not realized? he asked. "Has not this war shown that science, which has done so much for the constructive side for civilization and humanity, must inevitably, if turned to a destructive end, soon spell the complete ruin and death of all civilization and all humanity?"

Sir Edward, for nearly a generation one of the greatest English authorities in international law, proceeded to enumerate some of the difficulties in the way of a successful League of Nations. "It goes without saying," he said, "that everybody is in favor of a League of Nations, but many people use the phrase without any idea of what it can do or how it can do it."



ARCHBISHOP WORRELL TALKS TO WALL STREET

Halifax Prelate Tells Money Kings and Their Employees How Universal Peace Might Be Attained.

A Great Blessing.

"My own view, I may say, is that this war, with all its sacrifices and its enveloping chaos, will have been fought in vain unless something results from it which makes war practically if not altogether impossible in the future. If a League of Nations can be evolved which will bring about that result it will be the greatest blessing ever conferred on mankind."

But until you have clearly evolved the machinery of your League of Nations, until you have created machinery which can be so framed and so worked as to make war impossible, you must take the greatest care that the idea doesn't become merely a trap for peace-loving nations and a method of predominance for the more aggressive, ambitious and unscrupulous nations to exalt themselves.

"There are difficulties also regarding the composition of a League of Nations. Are all nations, regardless of size, to have the same voice and vote? Are the British self-governing dominions to be separately represented? How are you to prevent what we in English politics call log-rolling—that method of operations whereby I vote for something that you want and you vote for something I want?"

What is to be the executive of the League, and what the police power to enforce decisions? The reason our law courts are able to settle disputes between individuals is that there stands behind them the high authority who can call out the whole army and navy if necessary to see that the courts' decrees are observed. Who is to be the high sheriff for the League of Nations?"

"It may be possible to reach mutual agreements between the nations as to disarmaments. But it will not be easy. How are you to prevent an aggressive nation from arming its police or other internal forces and thus creating an army useful when the time comes for purposes of aggression?"

"Nevertheless, I am inclined to think that the first great step towards a League of Nations should be limitation of armaments."

Abolish Conscription.

"Then there is the question of the economic weapons possessed by various nations, weapons as powerful and as real, even if less tangible, than the military and naval armaments."

"I have pointed out these difficulties, not with an aim of discouraging or opposing the idea of a League of Nations, but to show that, in my opinion, it will be impossible to work out the idea if any power or powers enter on the attempt with a feeling of predominance, aggression, or anything but a sincere desire to be rid of the evil of bloated armaments and that militarist organization which leads to aggression."

"Whatever happens, there ought to be a good nucleus for the future League of Nations in the continued and expanded friendship of those countries now fighting together for the cause of the Entente."

"The greatest promise for the future peace of the world today is to be found I believe in the union today of the Anglo-Saxon races, and in the fact that they came into the war, not to help each other, but because they were driven into it by common ideals of freedom and common hatred to tyranny."

"It would help, I believe, if all nations would agree to abolish conscription. But the democratization of the remaining autocratic countries would be the greatest possible assurance of a lasting peace, for the peoples of the world could then develop side by side; they could come to have much the same ideas and ideals; they would mix together more; and hatred and suspicion would give place to comradeship."

Colds Cause Headache and Grip. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

J. Sallows of Hampton, left last evening on a business trip to Boston and New York.

Kindergarten Tag Day—Feb. 20th.

New York, Feb. 18.—Money kings and their employees from the financial district crowded Old Trinity at a mid-day Lenten service, conducted today by the Most Rev. Dr. Clarendon Lamb, Archbishop of Halifax. Archbishop of Nova Scotia and Metropolitan of the ecclesiastical province of Eastern Canada, who took for his theme the thought that a unity of all matters—even universal last ing peace—could be attained if an ideal possible to all nations were used as a basis of thought. There is such an ideal to be found, he said, in the fear of God.

Archbishop Worrell paid a graceful tribute to the nurses and doctors who hurried from New York and other American cities to render aid to the stricken city of Halifax after the recent explosion. The prompt and efficient aid rendered by those humane volunteers added immeasurably, he said, to the bond of affection that unites the two peoples.

### THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Moderately strong south or west winds; fair and milder.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Northern New England: Fair and slightly warmer Tuesday. Wednesday partly cloudy, probably snow or rain. Moderate southwest winds.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—Pressure is high along the Atlantic coasts and over the northwestern portion of the continent, while a trough of low pressure extends from Lake Superior to the southwest states. The weather has moderated in all districts from Ontario eastward, but it continues decidedly cold in the western provinces.

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	-14	0
Prince Rupert	-14	28
Victoria	-28	36
Vancouver	-24	32
Calgary	-22	4
Edmonton	-24	4
Battleford	-18	10
Prince Albert	-20	20
Medicine Hat	-22	6
Mooselaw	-19	1
Regina	-15	5
Saskatoon	-20	11
Winnipeg	-12	6
Port Arthur	2	18
Parry Sound	2	26
London	2	26
Toronto	4	22
Ottawa	4	22
Montreal	6	24
Quebec	6	16
St. John	2	26
Halifax	2	26

—Below zero.

### PARLIAMENTARY DATE

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Wednesday, Mar. 20th, is now regarded as a likely date for the opening of the first session of the new parliament.

## POLES MEET A SEVERE DEFEAT

Bolsheviki Victorious at Minsk — Gen. Dowbormusnicki Calls for German Assistance.

Petrograd, Sunday, Feb. 9.—Counter-revolutionary Polish legions were defeated by the Bolsheviki at Minsk February 6, the Polish forces suffering heavy casualties, according to a despatch to the semi-official news bureau, dated at Minsk, February 7. One detachment of six hundred Poles was annihilated, according to the despatch which follows: A desperate battle was fought on the sixth between workmen and soldiers forces and counter-revolutionary Polish legions consisting of 3,000 men with artillery. After bloody fighting the workmen and soldiers' troops were victorious.

"A detachment of six hundred men was annihilated, two guns were dismounted and the Polish cavalry fell back."

A proposal of submission and complete obedience by the Poles to the Germans is contained in a wireless message from General Dowbormusnicki, commander-in-chief of the Polish forces, to the supreme German army headquarters, which was intercepted at Minsk, according to the semi-official news agency.

General Dowbormusnicki in a despatch ordered the Polish forces to throw off the authority of the workmen and soldiers' deputies.

## THE DOMINION MUST PROVIDE \$800,000,000

(Continued from page 1) Great Adverse Balance.

During the present fiscal year Canada would send to Great Britain probably over \$900,000,000 worth of goods, including munitions, but unfortunately she only imported about \$90,000,000 worth and that left an adverse balance of trade of \$800,000,000 which must be taken care of in some way. The railway problem would take up probably \$35,000,000 or \$40,000,000, close pare the best way they could. The government had to provide at least \$145,000,000 to pay its debts and carry on the army in Canada in addition to \$200,000,000 for the army across seas, although this latter sum would not be actually paid out.

### Next Victory Loan.

Mr. Carvell referred to the recent Victory loan and said he had sufficient faith in the people of Canada that if next August or September there was a call for another \$400,000,000 the government would get it.

"We may just as well realize," he declared, "that the time has come when we must be self-supporting. We must buy our products and send them across the ocean and must furnish the necessary money and the only way to do it is for the people of Canada to dig into their pockets, and I believe they will do it."

### United States Balance.

The minister referred to the balance of trade against Canada in the United States and said that there was at least \$350,000,000 to be provided for this, and some scheme must be devised to do it.

Discussing the railway problem he described the P. R. as a splendidly managed dividend paying concern, the Grand Trunk as well managed but unable to meet the interest liabilities of seven millions loaded on it by the Grand Trunk Pacific; the Canadian Northern as a white elephant, the National Transcontinental as a splendid railway but no revenue getter, and the Intercolonial, which had always been up to the present, a political machine, as, therefore, very badly managed. He declared himself to date no government in Canada had ever succeeded in operating a railway properly, but maybe the present government possessed more ability than its predecessors and possibly might be able to do what others had failed to do, but it was a lamentable fact that government operation of railways had been one of the most tragic farces the country had ever seen.

### Shipbuilding Programme.

Alluding to the government shipbuilding programme Mr. Carvell said the government felt it its paramount duty to make a start with \$35,000,000 or \$40,000,000 and he hoped next year it would be still greater because although the cost per ton might be greater, still the country must have ships. He believed shipbuilding might be a great industry in Canada and hoped the steel manufacturers would have sufficient ability, energy and business acumen to so arrange things that the plates would be rolled in Canada in future and not imported from foreign countries.

### KALEDINES A SUICIDE?

Petrograd, Feb. 18.—According to a report current here, General Kaledines, Hetman of the Don Cossacks, has committed suicide.

## CITY COUNCIL HAS CONFIDENCE IN CITY SOLICITOR

One Lone Vote, that of Commissioner of Public Works, Cast in the Negative—The Council Agrees to Engage Counsel to Assist Hon. Mr. Baxter When Power Bill Goes Before Legislature.

The city council yesterday morning passed a vote of confidence in the city solicitor and agreed to engage counsel to assist him when the New Brunswick Power Co. application was before the Legislature. The matter of Main street paving was again discussed but no decision arrived at.

Mayor Hayes presided and all the commissioners were present.

The first matter taken up was the Main street paving. Commissioner Fisher said he had some additional information to present. Granite blocks would cost \$21,800, Warren Bitulithic would cost \$18,700 and temporary paving \$10,000.

Engineer Hatfield thought granite blocks would be the best and if pitch joints were used instead of grout it would reduce the noise considerably. The members of the council favored having a permanent base no matter what covering was used but no action was taken in the matter.

### The MacIntyre Report.

Commissioner McLellan brought up the MacIntyre report and said that in view of certain criticisms he thought it only right that the council should express its confidence in the city solicitor as well as the city solicitor and moved the following resolution:

"That in view of the fact that the application of the N. B. Power Co. is to come before the Legislature of which the City Solicitor is a member, the council will approve of the selection of counsel to act with him."

The commissioner said that as Dr. Baxter was a member of the legislature as well as city solicitor it would only be right to have counsel to assist him.

Commissioner Russell seconded the motion.

Commissioner Wigmore expressed his confidence in the city solicitor and

stated that he had undoubtedly saved the city money on more than one occasion.

He Voted Nay.

Commissioner Fisher began to read from typewritten copy as follows: "Power Matters.—Some outstanding features with respect to which immediate action appears to be required."

1. Counsel.—We will all agree that in the hearings before the Utilities Board and in the Legislature, and in the preparation for the same, the city should be represented by competent counsel thoroughly free from any leaning towards the Power company. Unfortunately, the City Solicitor, Dr. Baxter, who appeared for the city in the first hearing in December, is not in a free position, as he is personal solicitor for a large shareholder in the Power company, a shareholder who is also very prominent and active in the directorate."

Here Commissioner McLellan objected that Commissioner Fisher was not speaking to the motion, and Mayor Hayes remarked that he did not think Dr. Baxter's fairness should be questioned.

Commissioner Fisher finally proceeded after passing over a considerable portion of his resolutions and read the following:

"Rates for supplying gas.—That in view of the revelations made through the auditing by the city of the company's books, communication be sent to the Utilities Board requesting that the order to increase in the rates for gas be rescinded."

Mayor Hayes said he had had a long experience with Dr. Baxter both in the old council and under the commission government and he had the utmost confidence in his fairness. He felt that if any occasion arose when the city solicitor could not look after the city's interests he believed that Dr. Baxter would be man enough to come to the council and say so.

In his time in office the city solicitor had saved the city thousands of dollars and he was perfectly satisfied that the interests of the city were safe in his (Baxter's) hands.

Commissioner McLellan's motion was then put and carried Commissioner Fisher voting nay.

The city solicitor was then sent for and on his arrival asked to state his opinion of the motion.

The solicitor stated he had decided some time ago to come to Council and ask the commissioners to discuss privately if there was confidence in him so far as the N. B. Power Co. matter is concerned. He was prepared to accept the decision of the Council. He favored having the Council select a member of the Bar to act with him.

He said there were six members of the Bar who were competent to take up the case.

Dr. Baxter said in some quarters the N. B. Power Co. matter had got away

from business limits and had developed into politics and even personalities. He said the auditor's report was not the only side of the city's case; there should be a physical valuation, now or later, he held.

He said it would not be in accordance with practice for him to act as counsel for the city and vote on the N. B. Power Co. petition at the same time. For this reason, he was heartily in accord with the resolution to engage counsel.

Commissioner Fisher asked that a vote be taken on his resolution regarding but no action was taken.

## SIR W. D. REID IS FREED BY POLICE MAGISTRATE

Last is Not Heard of Criminal Libel Case, Possibly, as the Case May Be Taken to Another Court.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 18.—Sir W. D. Reid, under arrest, charged with criminally libelling the Hon. Mr. Coaker, has been discharged by the police magistrate.

The judgment says the complainant failed to produce evidence of others or himself to deny the innuendo complained of that Mr. Coaker was in collusion for the purpose to promote confederation, or that the expenses of the trip to Canada and the United States were defrayed by the Reid Company.

Counsel for the prosecution intimated that, at a later date he would move that the recognition be taken on behalf of the prosecution for the magistrate to transmit the information and depositions to the court in which the indictment should be preferred. Under the law the prosecutor has this right, when the magistrate refuses to commit the accused for trial.

## FAVORS GOVT

The Eastport Transportation Company under the management of H. F. Burpee has a fleet of freight boats on the St. Croix river route making frequent trips from Eastport and Lubec to St. Andrews with stops at Robbinston. Various cargoes are carried, including quantities of sardines and soft coal. It is reported that this company handled about a half million cases of sardines last season. The sardines were taken to St. Andrews, where shipments are made by the C. P. R.—Baltimore News.



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## RUSSIAN CHURCH DEFIES BOLSHEVIKI

Petrograd, Feb. 18.—The Most Rev. Dr. Tikhon, patriarch of all Russia, and formerly representative of the Russian Church in the United States, has issued a proclamation urging faithful Russians to observe the old calendar and church holidays which have been abolished by the Bolsheviki government. The patriarch is coming to Petrograd from Moscow and the churches here are arranging a great procession in his honor.

The patriarchal society at Moscow has been robbed of gold church plate encrusted with diamonds and other precious stones. Bibles with jewelled gold covers, one valued before the war at 2,000,000 roubles, also have been stolen.

# HERE ARE THE DOLLAR DAY MERCHANTS

Every One of Them is Pledged to Give Bargains On Dollar Day --- THURSDAY, February 21

- | CENTRAL  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| C. & E. Everett, Hats and Furs, . . . . .                                      | Charlotte Street |
| F. W. Daniel & Co., Dry Goods, . . . . .                                       | Charlotte Street |
| F. A. Dykeman & Co., Dry Goods, . . . . .                                      | Charlotte Street |
| J. & J. Manson, Millinery and Dry Goods, . . . . .                             | Charlotte Street |
| Hunt's Clothing Store, Men's Outfitters, . . . . .                             | Charlotte Street |
| Emerson & Fisher, Hardware, . . . . .  | Charlotte Street |
| Francis & Vaughan, Boots & Shoes, . . . . .                                    | King Street      |
| Miss Kate Hennessey, Hair Goods & Switches, . . . . .                          | Charlotte Street |
| Marr Millinery Co., Millinery, . . . . .                                       | Charlotte Street |
| Macaulay Bros., Dry Goods, . . . . .   | King Street      |
| D. Magee Sons, Hats & Furs, . . . . .  | King Street      |
| Waterbury & Rising, Boots & Shoes, . . . . .                                   | King Street      |
| Scovill Bros., Ltd., (Oak Hall), Ladies' Wear and Men's Furnishings, . . . . . | King Street      |
| A. Gilmour, Men's Clothing, . . . . .  | King Street      |
| W. E. Ward, Men's Furnishings, . . . . .                                       | King Street      |
| E. G. Nelson, Books & Stationery, . . . . .                                    | King Street      |
| McRobbie's Shoe Co., Boots & Shoes, . . . . .                                  | King Street      |
| O. H. Warwick, China & Glass Ware, . . . . .                                   | King Street      |
| Ross Drug Co., Pure Drugs, . . . . .   | King Street      |
| H. Mont Jones, Furs, . . . . .   | King Street      |
| T. McAvity & Sons, Hardware, etc., . . . . .                                   | King Street      |
| J. T. Wilcox, Dry Goods, . . . . .   | Charlotte Street |
| American Clothing House, Men's & Boys' Clothing, . . . . .                     | Charlotte Street |
| W. H. Thorne & Co., Hardware, Paints, etc., . . . . .                          | King Street      |
| W. H. Hayward Co., Ltd., Crockery & Glassware, . . . . .                       | Princess Street  |
| D. Bassen, Dry Goods, . . . . .  | Charlotte Street |
| M. C. Hetherington, Notions & Dry Goods, . . . . .                             | Charlotte Street |
| I. Chester Brown, Dry Goods, . . . . .   | King Square      |
- | SOUTH END                            |                  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Daylight Store, Dry Goods, . . . . . | Charlotte Street |
- | NORTH END   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Waterbury & Rising, Boots & Shoes, . . . . .            | Main Street |
| Kominsky & Baig, Ladies' Clothing, . . . . .            | Main Street |
| F. S. Thomas, Hats & Furs, . . . . .                    | Main Street |
| Wasson's Drug Store, Pure Drugs, . . . . .              | Main Street |
| F. A. Johnson, Ladies' Clothing, . . . . .              | Mill Street |
| The Barry Supply Co., Hardware, Paints, etc., . . . . . | Dock Street |
- | WEST END   |                    |
|--|--------------------|
| Amdur's Department Store, Complete Furnishers, . . . . . | King Street, West  |
| Ideal Shoe Store, Boots and Shoes, . . . . .             | Union Street, West |
| C. E. Belyea, Shoes and Men's Furnishings, . . . . .     | Union Street       |
- | UNION STREET   |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| Waterbury & Rising, Boots & Shoes, . . . . .         | Union Street    |
| D. J. Barrett, Stoves, Kitchen Ware, etc., . . . . . | Union Street    |
| M. J. Mullholland, Men's Furnishings, . . . . .      | Waterloo Street |
| H. N. DeMille, Men's Clothing, . . . . .             | Union Street    |
| Wiesel's Cash Store, Boots & Shoes, . . . . .        | Union Street    |
| H. W. King, Hats & Furs, . . . . .                   | Union Street    |
| S. Gilbert, Dry Goods, . . . . .                     | Brussels Street |
| J. R. Hopkins, Printer, . . . . .                    | Brussels Street |
| Alex. Corbet, Men's Furnishings, . . . . .           | Union Street    |

## DON'T FORGET THE DAY!

# Thursday, February 21st

### RIOT BOSHEVIKI GRIN

Four Thousand City of Kiev dreds Killed in Petrograd Germany

Stockholm, Feb. 17.—(Associated Press).—The Bolsheviki in Russia are gradually departing from Petrograd, where they were masses of soldiers and Moscow, said Bolsheviki opponents, any attempt to establish a government was in vain. The matter of fact, many are not Bolsheviki, the presence was a deterrent to the Bolsheviki, and villages and towns recall them.

This is especially where the opposition Lenin and Leon Trotsky to pluck up courage against the Bolsheviki. The recent procession in Petrograd was led by priests, was as a result of the Bolsheviki's attempt to prevent it. Probably a great number of educated Russians of church and state, the idea of confiscating properties by such composing the presence.

Germany M.

Berne, Feb. 17.—The German government has received reports from the Ukraine, there to act upon the order. The German probably will meet with

### RUMANIA LI TO MA

Country Intends negotiations with Powers.

Amsterdam, Feb. 17.—The Central Powers are sending tenders to enter into the Central Powers. The Central Powers will not assent to the Central Powers. The Central Powers will not assent to the Central Powers. The Central Powers will not assent to the Central Powers.

### MANY DROW ZULULAN

Terrific Storm Which Submerged Sixty-three Missing.

Durban, Natal, Feb. 17.—Europeans are missing number of Indians are missing. A terrific storm sea, the water, a wall, submerging sugar cane in the v.

### Why Py

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