Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

ORIGINALITY :—As soon as we get time we will furnish the *Advocate* with the text for additional "political notes."

PICNIC :—A grand pic-nic is to be held at Tracadie on 20th, inst., in connection with the Roman Catholic Church there. Particulars next week.

THE CANADA TEMPERANCE ACT :—A decision was given on Tuesday, in the Supreme Court at Fredericton, by which the Canada Temperance Act is declared *ultra vires*. It was the appeal case of Mr. Grieves who sold liquor in Fredericton, notwithstanding that city had secured the adoption of the Act.

"READY MADE." The correspondent who writes finding fault with the venerable character of the items in a local contemporary must excuse us for not publishing his letter. The paper referred to is only a "ready-made" affair and if it serves no other purpose, it will remind its readers of some important things they may have read and forgotten for several weeks. It is quite good enough for "the party" who pay its bills and if they are pleased with it no one else ought to complain.

INFORMATION WANTED.—One of the local papers says :—"We want to know what kind of a Christian the editor is who goes to prayer meeting on Wednesday nights, attends Church twice a day on Sunday, sings in the Choir and teaches a Bible class in Sunday School, and, then, all through the week, steals editorials from his wicked Brethren of the Press?" To make it more apparent who is aimed at, why not say—"and absorbs church funds." "is an ex-President of the Y. M. C. A.," etc.

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER has been lecturing in St. John, Halifax, Moncton etc., during the past week. One of our best poets has written, "Time messes o'er a world of unknown graves," and from the number of prominent leaders in morals and religion who seem to have felt honored in appearing on the platform with the great orator, it might be written that time glosses o'er some great men's moral stains. It is quite certain that a great sin at the age of two or three years does not seem, to some people, so gross as when it is young and fresh.

A DANGEROUS INSECT.—One day last week a farmer named Stone, living in Keswick, Parish of Douglas, York County, sent two or three of his children to pick the bugs from the potato plants, in the course of which his little son about 8 years old, squeezed one of the insects in his hand, and perhaps having some small sore on his fingers, his hand began to swell, continuing up his arm and across his body. About 8 o'clock the same evening the child was a corpse. This will show the necessity of parents taking great care not to expose their children to similar danger.—[Com. to Globe—*Freeman*.

We have been shown three specimens of the bug above referred to, which were, at the time, feeding on a green potato top. They were found in the potato field on Miss Loban's farm, the whole field being full of them. We left the three on a potato top of good size one night and next morning it was all devoured.

A WRECK :—Pilot Allan McEachran of Chatham reports that on Friday last, 8th inst., about 8 o'clock a. m. when some twenty miles E. b S. of Escuminac Point, he discovered a submerged wreck, apparently that of a vessel between 500 and 600 tons. Portions of the bare staunchions only showed above the water. They were painted white on the after side and indicated that the vessel had a poop. Pilot McEachran had run too far by to admit of making an examination of the wreck. There was no sign of wreck stuff anywhere around and he was, therefore, under the impression that the vessel had been, for some time, under water and had probably risen from the bottom.

It is possible, however, that it might have been a vessel caught in the track of the tornado, that devastated Buctouche and which might have carried away everything down to the deck and even broken that. Accounts of the Buctouche calamity show that timbers of a ton weight were seized by the elements and carried several hundred feet. Such a mighty force would readily tear off a poop deck bulwarks etc., even from a bare hull.

CONSERVATIVE TASTE :—The *Advocate* says :

Who is to blame for the closing down of the Dominion Member's saw mill in Chatham, while the Senator's is running.

Those who are directly interested in the working of the "closed" mill referred to informed us at the time operations were suspended that it was because all the available piling room in the yard was filled up, the piles being so high that the men would not venture on them longer. It is well known also that the mill is to start again in a few days, or as soon as vessels arrive and room can be made for work. It is a little singular that while neither of the three steam saw mills of Newcastle have been working for weeks, and other mills on the river, as well as two thirds of the St. John mills are shut down, the *Advocate* should so frequently single out the mill that has actually sawed more lumber this season than any on the river—it not in the Province—for especial adverse references. It is carrying politics to a point which few, except perhaps the owner of the *other* mill referred to, would sanction, and still *he* never attacks anyone—oh, no!

Entertainment of the Dutcher Reformers.

On Tuesday evening the weekly entertainment of the Dutcher Reformers was held in the Temperance Hall. William Anderson Esq., occupied the chair, and the meeting was opened with prayer by the Rev. S. T. Teed. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. Dr. Jardine and Mr. Jas. Edger. Solos were sung by Misses Gertie Goggin and S. Coulter. Instrumental Music by Miss Annie Shirreff. Choruses by the Choir; Miss Annie Shirreff presided at the piano.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The Committee appointed to nominate Officers for the ensuing quarter, reported as follows, and their nomination was confirmed:—

President—L. J. Tweedie, Esq.
Vice-Presidents—Messrs. Alex. Cantley and S. J. Frost.
Treasurer—Mr. William Johnston.
Secretary—Mr. Daniel McLachlan.
Chaplains—Revds. Dr. Jardine, J. A. F. McBain and S. T. Teed.
Gentlemen's Executive Committee—Messrs. John Shirreff, E. A. Strang, Jas. Ferguson, Wm. Anderson, A. Forest, W. Rae, J. D. Loban, D. Davidson and Holder.
Ladies' Executive Committee—Mrs. L. J. Tweedie, Mrs. P. Loggie, Mrs. J. R. Goggin, Mrs. E. A. Strang, Mrs. W. Anderson, Miss E. Stapledon Miss E. Loggie.
Gentlemen's Visiting Committee—Messrs. Stafford Benson, J. J. Brown, Geo. Burbridge, A. McLellan, Wm. Johnston.
Ladies Visiting Committee—Mrs. Wm. Murray, Mrs. D. A. Chessman, Miss Jessie Patterson, Mrs. Geo. I. Wilson, Mrs. A. Leishman Miss Mary Davidson.
Marshalls—Messrs. Wm. Sinclair, Jas. Johnston, P. Loggie, and Geo. Burbridge.
Seller of Tickets—Mr. Stafford Benson.
Door Keeper—Chas. Gremley.

The new office bearers were then installed and addressed by the Rev. Mr. Teed, and the proceedings closed with the National Anthem.

Visit of the Metropolitan Bishop.

The most Reverend, the Metropolitan, Bishop of Fredericton, Metropolitan of Canada, reached Miramichi yesterday afternoon. He was met at Newcastle Station by the Rector of Chatham, Rural Dean, the Rector of Newcastle, the Wardens, Vestrymen and other prominent members of the respective Churches and proceeded, accompanied by quite a large number of the party to Bushville, the residence of Wm. Wilkinson, Esq, Q. C., where he will remain until this morning.

We understand that the Bishop will administer the rite of Confirmation as follows :—

To-day (Thursday) at St. Peter's Church, Derby, at half past seven o'clock.
On Friday forenoon at Blackville.
On Sunday next at St. Andrew's Church, Newcastle, at 11 a. m.
On Tuesday at Bay du Vin.

His Lordship will preach at the Evening Service in St. Mary's Church on Sunday evening.

During the week he will visit the Counties of Gloucester and Restigouche and hold confirmation services in the churches there.

He will return to Bushville, Chatham, about the 28th and hold morning service in St. Paul's and confirmation in St. Mary's on the evening of Sunday, 31st inst.

The people of the Church of England at the north receive with much pleasure and profit a visit from their venerated Bishop whose continued good health is a source of great thankfulness to them.

Mr. Bourne's Appointment!

The *Advocate* is suffering from one of its usual attacks, brought on by the hot weather and, in part, by our reference to Mr. Bourne having the office of Intercolonial clock regulator created for him. It defies us to say anything against its claims that Mr. Bourne is respected. So far as we know, Mr. Bourne's respectability is not enhanced by its being the subject of eulogism in the *Advocate* and the worst that we know about him is, that he is charged with being an editorial writer for that sheet. Otherwise he is, we think, a very correct man. We are sorry to learn that Mr. Bourne has not been informed of the amount of his salary. We only hope it will not be paid through any of those friends of the Macdonald Government who used to get positions for *their* friends and take considerable shaves off the salary remittances as they passed through their hands. We have good reason to believe Mr. Bourne was to have received $600. Let him see that none of the amount is intercepted. The *Advocate's* reference to the "clock-repairing relative" almost tempts us to draw a comparison, but we refrain. Mr. Bourne may not after all have written the paragraph.

Northumberland County Court.

The July term of Northumberland County Court opened on the 22nd ult., His Honor, Judge Williston presiding.

The following were the Grand Jury:—

William Falconer,	Foreman,
Jas. H. Phinney,	Neil Gordon,
Enoch Flett,	William Gray,
John Doyle,	William Ennis,
William J. Gordon,	Joseph King,
John Fay,	B. N. T. Underhill,
Chas. H. Boucher,	John B. Creaghan,
Alex. Stewart,	David T. Johnstone,
Thos. Lawler,	Thomas Cowden,

The following is the Criminal Docket:—

The Grand Jury found a true Bill against Robert Johnston on four indictments two of which were tried and the prisoner acquitted. The other two were withdrawn.

The following is the Bastardy Docket.

The Queen, at the instance of the Almshouse Commissioners, against John Osborne—
The same against William John Taylor.
The same against David Fowler.
The same against Robert Fleming.
The same against H. Allen Curtis.

The first and last cases stand over till October term.

The following cases compose the Civil Docket.

William Swim vs. James Wallace., A. A. Davidson, Esq., Q. C.
Robt. & J. Stewart vs. John Murchison, William Wilkinson, Esq., Q. C.
Thos. Sutherland vs. B. N. T. Underhill, E. P. Williston, Esq.,
Michael McLean vs. Richard Gremley, W. A. Park, Esq.
George Vaughan vs. W. M. Kelly, L. J. Tweedie, Esq.
Archibald M. Cassel and others vs. George Traer, Messrs. Adams & Lawlor.
Angus McIntosh and George Rogers vs. James Robinson, L. J. Tweedie, Esq.
Benjamin Casey vs. Malcolm Amos, L. J. Tweedie, Esq.
Alex. Ferguson vs. Enoch Flett and Edward Murphy, E. P. Williston, Esq.
George Forien and John Forien vs. Chas. C. Haviland and James O. Fish, Messrs. Adams & Lawlor.
Donald McInnis vs. Jas. Casey, administrator etc., E. P. Williston, Esq.
J. B. Snowball vs. Elijah Strang, A. H. Johnson, Esq.
John Dwyer, Appellant, against William Crane and Catherine Crane Respondents, William Wilkinson for Appellant.

ATTACHMENT CLAIM.

Ephriam A. Strang vs. Jas. Conway, L. J. Tweedie, Esq., for Plaintiff. Wm. Kelly claims property attached and appears by Messrs. Adams & Lawler, his Attorney.

The first case on the docket, William Swim *vs.* James Wallace, was moved for trial by A. A. Davidson Esq., E. P. Williston Esq., counsel for Defendant. This was an action of assumpsit for goods sold and delivered and board and lodging for Defendant's son. Verdict for the Plaintiff $48.14. The court adjourned.

WEDNESDAY.

On Wednesday at 10 a.m. the Court met pursuant to adjournment. The Queen against Robert Johnston. S. Thompson Esq., Clerk of the court moved for the trial of the prisoner. L. J. Tweedie, Esq. Esq., for the prisoner. Verdict of acquittal. The court adjourned.

THURSDAY.

Thursday morning 24th July. — The Queen against Robert Johnson. S. Thomson Esq., Q. C., moved for the trial of the prisoner. L. J. Tweedie, Esq., for the prisoner. Verdict of acquittal. The court adjourned.

FRIDAY.

Friday morning 25th July.—The Queen *vs.* Robert Johnston, and the same against Robert Johnston. The prosecuting officer alleged that the evidence was not sufficient to warrant him going to trial. L. J. Tweedie, Esq., moved for the discharge of the prisoner, which was accordingly done.

The second case on the Docket. Robt. Stewart and John Stewart vs. John Murchison was moved for trial by W. Wilkinson Esq., A. A. Davidson for Deft. This was an action of assumpsit for scowing lumber to the ship of which the defendant was master, resulting in a verdict for the deft.

The Queen vs. David Fowler. Complaint withdrawn by B. N. T. Underhill, Almshouse Commissioner. On motion of E. P. Williston, Esq., prisoner was discharged. Court adjourned.

SATURDAY.

Saturday morning 26th ult. The Queen at the instance of the Almhouse Commissioner vs. William J. Taylor. The Clerk of the Peace moved for trial, W. A. Park Esq., for the Defendant. Verdict of guilty. The Deft., not being able to comply with the order of the court, was committed to jail there to remain until, etc.

Thos. Sutherland vs. B. N. T. Underhill, settled by the parties. Court adjourned.

MONDAY.

Monday morning, 28th ult., Michael McLean vs. Richd. H. Gremley, William A. Park, Esq. and L. J. Tweedie, Esq., for Plaintiff. R. A. Lawlor and S. Thomson, Esqs., for Deft. Action of assumpsit for work and labor. Plea general issue with notice of set-off. Court adjourned.

TUESDAY.

Tuesday morning, 29th ult.—The case of McLean *vs.* Gremley, was resumed and resulted in a verdict for the Plaintiff of $72.61. The Queen at the instance of the Almshouse Commissioners *vs.* Robert Fleming. Settled by the parties. Court adjourned.

WEDNESDAY.

Wednesday morning, 30th ult.—Vaughan *vs* Kelly, moved for trial. L. J. Tweedie Esq., and William Wilkinson Esq., for Plaintiff and A. H. Johnson Esq. and Samuel Thompson Esq., Q.C. for Defendant. This was an action of assumpsit for work and labour. Plea general issue and notice of set off. After the direct examination in-chief, the Court adjourned.

THURSDAY.

Thursday morning 31st ult. Vaughan *vs.* Kelly was resumed and resulted in a verdict for Defendant of $40.67.

Archibald M'Cassels and others *vs.* George Traer. This was an action of assumpsit on promissory note. Plea general issue. Verdict for Defendant.

FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND MONDAY.

Friday afternoon Aug. 1, McIntosh *vs.* Robinson, L. J. Tweedie for Plaintiff moved for trial. Messrs. Johnson and Wilkinson for Defendant. This was an action on the case for negligently and carelessly running rafts, thereby carrying away the Plaintiff's net. Plea not guilty. This case occupied the whole of Saturday and Monday and resulted in a verdict for the Plaintiff of $40.00. Court adjourned till August 25th.

Canada's New Tariff.

Canada is reaping the advantage of her new tariff. Her honest traders are getting poorer under it than they were before and her rogues are getting rich. Smuggling has become a regular industry, and all efforts to put a stop to it are fruitless. The Dominion papers are beginning to raise an outcry against the government for not protecting the legitimate business men, who find themselves undersold by those who are in association with the smugglers, and who plead for justice in vain. It is certain that an effective guarding of the frontier would cost the government more than the amount of all the duties it would collect. The people already see that their protection policy is a blunder, and that, instead of improving their condition, it demoralizes trade, breaks down the *bona fide* merchant, yields no revenue to the government and benefits no one but the lawbreaker. It will not be long before the whole business community will clamor for another change, and this time it will not be on the side of protection through a high tariff.—N. Y. *Herald* 6th inst.

TERRIBLE CALAMITY!!

A Tornado Visits Kent Co.!

A track of ruin over a quarter of a mile wide and nine miles long!

OVER 100 BUILDINGS DESTROYED!

Men Women and Children killed!

The Buctouche Bridge Wrecked.

VESSELS DRIVEN ASHORE.

DAMAGE $100,000!

[*Special despatch to Miramichi Advance.*]

BUCTOUCHE, August 8th. '79.

On Wednesday night, at 5 o'clock, the town and vicinity of Buctouche were visited by one of the most terrific storms ever known in New Brunswick.

About ten minutes to five o'clock, very heavy rain fell which lasted but a few minutes, but was succeeded by a violent wind.

The hurricane started some where north of the Dollard settlement, about ten miles from here and after rushing south as far as the Mill Creek it followed the north bank of the Buctouche River, sweeping everything before it for a breadth of from four to five hundred yards and a length of nine miles and more.

In this distance, upwards of one hundred buildings were raised, many of them fine dwellings.

The moulding shop and other buildings at the shipyard were destroyed as was Irving's Warehouse and other important buildings.

Large quantities of lumber, shooks, and tan bark were destroyed.

The bridge over the main Buctouche River was swept away and shipping in the harbor grounded.

The new superior school house was swept into the river, destroying furniture library etc.

Powel's Tannery and some shops were also entirely wrecked.

Further south the current swept away the spire and roof of the Roman Catholic Chapel and destroyed the out-buildings and barns of Rev. Mr. Michaud, much injuring his dwelling house.

A large number of the houses near the town were much injured; timbers of a ton weight were raised and carried by the violence of the storm, a distance of several hundred feet. Fences were levelled in every direction.

Among the fine buildings destroyed might be mentioned these of Samuel L. Allan and Phillip Cormier.

Spectators tell that the violence of the storm in different localities baffes description.

In many cases the ruins are strewn for miles along the highways and fields. Crops and valuable forest lands are utterly destroyed.

Mrs. Stephen Duplacey, Mrs. John B. Girouard, Alexander King and child, two Indian women and others were killed outright.

Two children of Thomas Ward, had their legs badly broken.

New deaths are continually reported. In one instance, a mother was crushed to death, while her child in her arms was uninjured.

Several children in the Dollard Settlement are missing and are supposed to be killed.

Visitors are arriving from all parts, and subscriptions to the relief of the starving folk are freely made by the people of the town.

The loss is estimated at one hundred thousand dollars.

From the Moncton *Times* we take the following additional particulars.

The destructive agent was not a hurricane as commonly supposed, but a gigantic whirlwind, sweeping about in a zig-zag irregular course precisely as do the small whirlwinds which we sometimes see on the street or in the fields. Its general course was about north-east, but it never followed a straight line for any distance, often sweeping round and sparing a house in the direct line of two others, which it would destroy.

Being a whirlwind, it did its work by lifting the objects of attack and breaking them to pieces in the descent. The work was done almost in an instant, a momentary high wind being followed by a hollow sound, like is made by wind blowing into an empty bottle, then the crash came. But our space to-day for general remarks is exhausted, and we proceed to give a list of the damages sustained as follows :—

LIST OF THE SUFFERERS.

Alexis Roy, house, two barns and outhouse all demolished, with farming utensils in the barns.
Oliver Marni Girouard, two houses and a barn totally destroyed.
Marin Girouard, jr., house demolished.
Narcisse Chase, house carried a hundred yards and completely destroyed.
M. Munier, barn destroyed,
Sima Allean, house unroofed and greatly damaged, barn destroyed.
Anselm Allain. house, two barns and orchard wholly destroyed.
Peter Allan, barn utterly demolished, house unroofed and greatly injured.
Philip Cormier, new house, barn and shed, wholly destroyed,
Melene Cormier, barn razed, house unroofed and kitchen destroyed.
Clement Cormier, barn demolished.
Hypolite Boucher, house, barn and sheds wholly destroyed.
Mr. Bastarache, house and barn demolished.
Delphis Henri, barn razed.
Thos. Ward. barn destroyed.
Wm. Ward, house and two barns demolished and contents scattered.
Edward Cormier, house damaged and two barns demolished.
D. H. Cormier, house and two barns destroyed.
Edward Landry, house and barn demolished.
Fidele Allain, two barns destroyed.
Oliver LeBlanc, barn razed.
Maxim Bustarache, barn destroyed.
Peter E. Landry, barn demolished.
Martin Thomas, Indian, two houses and barn demolished. Here two squaws were killed, one with a child in her arms, which escaped.
Dom LeBlanc, house demolished.
Joe LeBlanc, barn razed.
A. F. Robicheau, barn and shed destroyed.
B. Allain, house greatly damaged, barn destroyed.
Annelan LeBlanc, barn demolished.
David Cormier, house and barn wholly destroyed.
Dennis Cormier, barn destroyed.
John Morrison, house and barn damaged.
Estate of R. Suthan, house injured and barn destroyed.
M. Duplessis, house and barn destroyed.
Mr. Powell, tannery destroyed.
School District. fine Superior School House costing $1200, carried into the river and broken to pieces.

Local Government, bridge at Mill Creek slightly damaged. Big Buctouche bridge seriously damaged, two spans being carried away, and two piers somewhat wrecked. The Catholic Church, Priest's residence and three barns wholly destroyed. Chapel greatly damaged and Convent slightly.

In addition to these are damages to roofs, trees, etc., more or less serious, but not sufficiently important to add to the above list.

The number of buildings and sheds destroyed or greatly damaged, is said to be 91. Of these probably over 20 would be houses, and the number of families turned out of doors may be put at 25.

The *Globe* of Tuesday says :—

Messrs. James Reynolds and Geo. F. Everett returned this morning from Buctouche. They went over a large portion of the territory visited by Wednesday's cyclone, and state that the facts are about as has been already narrated in the newspapers. The cyclone pursued a zigzag course, and many houses were left standing, so that shelter was afforded the people whose habitations were destroyed. Many of the farmers lost their crops. The damage to the Catholic Church will amount to four thousand dollars, and Father Michaud, as before stated, lost his house and everything in it. Messrs. Reynolds and Everett, will report to the Executive Committee.

It may be stated that Messrs. Reynolds & Everett were sent to Buctouche as a committee of investigation from a citizens' meeting called to provide relief for the sufferers by the Tornado. St. John has subscribed about $800, and Shediac a considerable sum for relieving the distress.

Quebec—"A Mortifying Defeat."

[Halifax *Chronicle* of Friday last.]

There was some excitement in the Quebec Legislature on Tuesday night, arising out of a personal difficulty between Mr. Langelier, Treasurer and Mr. Chapleau, the Opposition leader. Mr. Chapleau violated the rules of the House, and was required to apologize. He offered some sort of apology, but not one that was generally satisfactory. It seems, however, that several of the Government's supporters thought the House should be satisfied with Mr. Chapleau's amende; so when Mr. Joly's motion of censure was put they voted against it, and the motion was defeated by a majority of 2—27 to 25. The Tories made much of this little affair, trying to convince themselves and the public that the Joly Government had lost the confidence of the House. The Tory organ here received with delight the news of the sensation that was tickling its friends in the Upper Provinces. The news was set up in a very attractive style. Here are the head lines of a despatch from Ottawa:

QUEBEC POLITICS.

A Mortifying Defeat for Joly.

HIS ADMINSTRATION DOOMED.

A VOTE OF WANT OF CONFIDENCE, TO BE MOVED IN A FEW DAYS, IT IS BELIEVED WILL BE CARRIED BY A MAJORITY OF SIX.

[Special from our own Correspondent.]

After narrating briefly the proceedings of Tuesday, "our own correspondent" gave vent to the joy that the party felt, in these words:—

"Three old Government supporters, Messrs Murphy, Shehyn and Racicot, voted against Mr. Joly's motion. In the assembly, this p. m., Mr. Joly stated, in reply to Mr. Irvine, that the Government would not resign until a direct vote of want of confidence was passed. It is generally believed that such a vote will be passed within a few days and that Mr. Joly will be defeated by 4 or 6 of a majority. The Montreal *Gazette* of this morning says that Mr. Joly can accept the vote of last night as one of want of confidence or not as he pleases. His administration is doomed, and his defeat last night is but the beginning of the end. The few Grits remaining in Ottawa are sadly depressed, and the Liberal-Conservatives are hopeful that the next few days will see the last of one of the meanest and most scandalous attempts to kidnap the Government of a Province that has ever been known since the establishment of responsible Government in this country."

Alarming news, truly. It was "all up" with Mr. Joly at last. True, the people had sustained him at the polls with a degree of earnestness that Liberals regarded as very encouraging, but what of that? Here were Mr. Chapleau, and the Montreal *Gazette*, and the Ottawa Tories, and the Halifax *Herald* engaging to smash the Joly Ministry "within a few days." The majority to be recorded against him was named. "Our own correspondent" of the Tory organ fixed it at "four or six. The editor, who, of course, was even better informed than his correspondent, fixed it at six without any qualifying or. The scheme to "kidnap the Government" was thus all arranged, and nothing remained but to set the wires in motion by moving "a direct vote of want of confidence." In such a crisis delay would have been dangerous. It would have been cruel to have kept Mr. Joly waiting "a few days" for the judgment that was all ready to be delivered against him. Fortunately he was not subjected to such torture. The House kindly resolved to strike its blow at once. On Wednesday night Mr. Irvine moved a direct vote of want of confidence in Mr. Joly's Government, and *the Government was sustained by every one of its old supporters, the majority in its favor being four*

Let us see—which side is the "mortification" on? Perhaps our contemporary's "own correspondent" at Ottawa will be good enough to explain.

Native Shrubbery, etc.

Many people would admit that some form of ledge to line fences or some bit of shrubbery for walks in gardens is necessary so as to give the dwelling house a thorough look of comfort, not to speak of ornamentation. In the absence of that not easily obtainable, I would suggest as a trial such representations from hardy perennials as the Heath family of plants around us; for example a short walk now would give us a sample in the Kalmia with its pretty blossoms. I might mention others equally suitable viz., Anyalia, Labrador tea, etc., that grow in abundance about our swamps. If a higher shrub was required, a choice could be made from the varieties of Dogwood or Viburnam, which blossom from May to the middle of July and are to be found in our woods close by, the fruit affording a rich colour in blue, red, and white. There would be no difficulty in any one procuring them for such use and with some little attention they might answer the purpose admirably. Will some one give us a proof of the experiment?

NATURALIST.

"The Most Complete."

The efforts of some of the St. John papers in the way of describing what ladies wore at the Vice-Regal Drawing Room have been a source of amusement to the many while they might have gratified the vanity of the few. The *Sun* professed to give the most complete description of toilettes of any of the papers and so attractive and important did it consider its effort to inform the ladies of what they wore, that it reproduced on Saturday last even the ridiculous errors of its own and other papers' previous day's descriptions. It tried to be "frenchy" and put *creame* satin on H. R. H., the Princess. Correctly, it was either *creme* or cream, but the *Sun's* readers generally have to be content with quantity rather than quality. Lady Burrard was fitted with a "white colored silk." notwithstanding that "white is no color at all;" and it is generally believed that when anything is colored it ceases to be white. But the *Sun* is so accustomed to "coloring things" that even Lady Burrard's dress could not be expected to escape the usual process at that paper's hands. It put Dr. Holden in petticoats of light green silk, trimmed with cardinal velvet. We don't believe the Dr. appeared in any such ridiculous costume. Then we have "ink" blue and "tulle" green silk placed on some ladies, together with a number of other toilette idiosyncrasies which would have justified the *Sun* in stating that its description was the "most original" rather than the "most complete."

A Fine Job.

An exchange says:—

It is understood that the question of using muskeg fillings on section A, in place of all earth, has been compromised between the contractors and the Government, the latter requiring that where muskeg filling is used, it shall be first thoroughly drained, and afterwards covered with at least 18 inches of earth.

This appears to be true, as the Tory papers make a similar statement. A more flagrant case of jobbery than is thus revealed has seldom been exposed. The muskegs, as they are called, are peaty swamps, some of which are very deep, and the contracts required that in all these the road bed must be of gravel or earth. In some places gravel must be hauled for several miles. Were it known that the peat may be used for the embankments to the extent here stated, the tenders would have been hundreds of thousands of dollars lower.—*Freeman.*

Correspondence.

The Kent Southern and Kent Northern Railways.

Buctouche, Aug. 4th, 1879.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance:

SIR :—So much has been written and said about the "Kent Northern R. R." that I should be almost afraid to say a word about it now, had not a new phase of the matter turned up. We all understand that Brown & Co., purpose to build the "Northern Line" for the Government Subsidy of $5,000 per mile. Are they doing this? I think I am not mistaken in saying that the Dominion Government has guaranteed the rails. Will our M. P. be obliging enough to say whether or no the rolling stock has been also guaranteed? Will he also kindly inform us whether the report is true, or not, that the rolling stock etc., etc., of a certain R. R. in Ontario, now shut down by the Government is to be transferred to the Kent R. R.? If all this be true, as I have reason to believe, then Brown & Co., may well build a road for $5,000 per mile over their *own survey*!

Will G. Girouard, Esq., M. P., kindly explain what is his true connection with, and his interest in the proposed line? The *Telegraph* very truly said, a while ago, that the final location of the line would not be determined until the Government Engineers, and also the Engineers of McDonald & Co., had submitted their report.

If I am not mistaken, an agreement was entered into with the Executive of the Province, that the Company whose route was adopted, should pay the expenses of survey, etc., made by the other Company. Furthermore, it is an undoubted fact, as the minutes of the Council meeting will show, that when the Government did consent to the construction of the "Kent Northern R. R." it was with the express understanding and stipulation that the expenses already incurred by the survey, etc., of the Southern road, should be refunded to that Company. And, again, be it noted, that when Messrs. Johnson and Sayre went to Ottawa for the ostensible object of procuring rails for the R. R., they agreed and had an understanding with G. A. Girouard, Esq., M. P. that their expenses should be paid to the amount of, at least, sixteen hundred dollars.

On the return of these delegates, one of them, Reuben Johnson, Esq., M. P. P., stated publicly that his colleagues received from Brown & Co., $1600, the amount which he demanded of them, but that the necessities of his case were such, that he could not afford to pay over more than $300! Reliable parties confirm this: and it is believed. I accepted the statement, although boldly made by Mr. Johnson, M. P. P., as not quite accurate in detail. No one, surely, who knows C. J. Sayre Esq., M. P. P., Secretary-Treasurer of Kent Municipality, would ever accuse him of coolly appropriating $1,300 which was intended for other parties. It is not possible! Is he not known as an honorable man? His past record of dealings with public money, his record of money received for bonds and licenses is sufficiently clear and plain to make it known to all men that *he* is above any suspicion of wrong dealing!

Is he not an honorable man! Can there possibly be any plainer record than his, of the account of public money received? If, however, this $1,600 was actually paid, then comes the very pertinent query: To whom did it go, and for what?

If, as conjectured, it was to defray the expenses incurred by the Southern Co. then it should be paid to that Co. for they have a right to know something about the disposition of that money. If it be held in abeyance for any adequate reason, then most certainly that company would like to see it deposited in the hands of some responsible party, unless it be still in the hands of Mr. Sayre whom we know to be an honorable man!

To both "Bull" and "Bear" the market is a little too much for even Kent, poor suffering Kent, to endure passively. Let us know all about it! Was it a bribe?—The parties implicated—viz. our M. P. our delegates to Ottawa; our R. R. Contractors and the president of the Kent Railway Company ought at once to explain the whole matter, and if the assertion so positively made by one of the delegates be not true, it ought to be most emphatically denied. An easy thing to do, you may say—but men cannot eat their own words without disturbing their digestion. We have lately had an instance of positive assertion and flat contradiction regarding the R. R. Directors and some parties who were interested in its construction with the PRESIDENT and "THE CONDUCTOR." It is to be hoped that it will not take *nine* men to do the duties of the latter!! Here is another side of the picture. That the statement as to the payment of the $1,600 by Brown & Co. or by one of the firm, which means the same thing, was distinctly and plainly made, can be proved beyond a doubt and hitherto has not been denied. For what was it paid?

The people of the Southern part of the County, as well as those of the Northern would like to know all about this little matter.

Will Messrs. B. & Co. say that neither they, nor any one of them have paid money to the Delegate mentioned, nor promised him any?

If the other delegate's statement that $300 only out of $1,600 was paid to the M. P. P. be true, where, we ask, is the $1,300? Gentlemen it is your turn now.

Yours & C. ENQUIRER.

Supervisor Walsh Defended.

POKEMOUCHE, August 4th, '79.

MR. EDITOR :—In the issue of the ADVANCE of the 24th ult., I notice a communication from "Subscriber," who is well known in this community as a man of small views and envious disposition. Being satisfied that Mr. Walsh would not condescend to notice his anonymous slanders and actuated by principles of fair play, I would ask a part of your valuable space to arrest "Subscriber" in his wayward course. He presumes too much as to having established anything against Supervisor Walsh in his "two former letters," as every one living in this locality knows the condition the roads and bridges were in, when Mr. Walsh assumed office. With very limited means he has kept the roads in better condition than his predecessors, besides expensive bridges built and heavy repairs done on bridges which former Supervisors' want of knowledge had spoiled.

Referring to the bridge at Sewell's "Subscriber" has written what he must have known to be untrue viz: it "slewed" and sunk two or three feet. A little fall—just discernable—can be noticed in one of the channel rocks, but why blame the supervisor or builder for that; probably in his next letter "Subscriber" will hold him accountable for the failure of crops, the depression of trade &c.

I have not seen the specification which "Subscriber" seems to understand so thoroughly, but I have seen the bridge and cannot see those deficiencies which he proclaims. If "Subscriber" lives until the freshet carries it away it is to be hoped he will have a little sense, and more regard for truth. He appears to have had the reports of several years before his eyes at the time of his writing, but if he had let his mind carry him over the supervisor's district, he would find several bridges that wanted and got repairs.

As his statements are all on a par it is needless to proceed any further. I would however add, he appears to be hungry for place and power but "while mourning the hopes that left him" he should recollect that a good and efficient officer cannot be harmed by any anonymous scribbler. I am &, FAIR PLAY.

It is a dangerous thing to allow the diarrhœa or dysentery to go unchecked and there is no need of it. A small bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* will cure the most stubborn case that can be produced.

Fever and ague, malarious fever, billious and typhod fevers all originate in one producing cause and may all be easily prevented by *Parson's Purgative Pills*. These pills act directly and powerfully upon the blood.

That the Phonograph can "bottle" up the voice and pass it down to future ages is, indeed, a wonder, but is not the restoration of a *lost* voice more wonderful? And yet Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery speedily restores a lost voice, cures hoarseness, sore throat and bronchitis, and consumption. Many ministers who had abandoned the pulpit, by reason of sore throat and general debility, have by the use of the Discovery, been restored to perfect health and strength. Sold by druggists.

NIJNE NOVGOROD FAIR. The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Olga Rivers in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years. Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindt stones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegan Bazaar, where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the yaourts of the North as well as the huts and cabins of the western continent. —*Lincoln (Ill.) Times.*

DIED.

On Saturday the 9th inst., (August) W. B. Perley, aged 56 years.

Shipping Intelligence.

Port of Chatham.

ENTERED.

Aug. 7—Bk. Condor, 320, Lubke, Brest, bal., J. B. Snowball.
9—Bk. Astraea, 432, Schwenn, Liverpool, bal., A. Morrison.
11—Bk. Neutral, 263, Tellessen, Connah's Quay, coal, iron, and bricks, Guy, Bevan & Co.
12—Bk Hjolmar, 355, Brunn, Barcelona, J. B. Snowball.

CLEARED.

Aug. 6—Brgtne. G. A. Coonan, 253, Irvine Irvine, deals, W. Mulrhead.
Schr. Wild Brier, 84 McLeod, St. Pierre, deals, A. Morrison.
8—Bk. Lothair, 648, Hollywood, Londonderry, deals A. Morrison.
Bk. Nordcap 465, Christansen, Marseilles, deals, R. A. & J. Stewart.
9—Brgtne. Kitty Clyde, 132, Mathieson, Boston, grindstones, and lumber, J. B. Snowball.
11—Brig Annie Barker, 355, Welsh, Garston Dock, deals, Guy, Bevan & Co.

General Business.

NOTICE.

AS the Subscriber intends closing up business, all parties, indebted to him will please settle their accounts immediately as all accounts not settled by August 15th, will be placed in a Lawyer's hands for collection.

5114. W. H. FRECKER.

Extensive Sale

of Carriages, Sleighs, Carriage Stock, Carriage Makers, Blacksmith & Painters Tools.

Real Estate in Carriage Paint and Blacksmith Shops.

AT AUCTION.

TO be sold at Public Auction on the Premises, Henderson street, on

SATURDAY, 30TH AUGUST, NEXT

at 10 o'clock, a. m.

The whole of the Subscriber's Stock, with Shop and carriage Stock, in Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Shafts, &c.

4 Thousand feet 1 to 3 inch Birch Plank.
1½ " " ½ to 2 inch Popple.
2 " " Deputy, 4.35 " 4.50 "
Chatham, Arrive, 5.05 " 5.20 "

Train leaves Chatham on Saturday night to connect with express going South, which runs through to destination, but the Express going North lies over at Moncton from Saturday night until Monday morning.

The above Tables are made up on St. John (or Miramichi) Time.

All the above Trains stop at Nelson Station, both going and returning.

All freight for transportation over this road, if above Fourth (4th) Class, will be taken delivery of at the Union Wharf, Chatham, and forwarded free of Truckage, Custom House Entry or other charges.

Close connections are made with all passenger Trains both DAY and NIGHT on the Intercolonial.

☞ *Pullman Sleeping Cars run through to St. John on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and to Halifax on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from St. John, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from Halifax, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.*

Chatham Passengers wishing to return from the Junction by the same train may obtain Tickets for the trip both ways at one fare.

Tickets for the Chatham Railway are sold at the Junction Station (as well as at the Chatham end of the line) and all passengers are requested to procure them before going on the Cars. Passengers who are not provided with Tickets will be charged extra fare

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, woman, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly Outfit and terms free. Now is the time