

# The Evening Times-Sun

SECOND SECTION

PAGES NINE TO SIXTEEN

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1924

SIXTEEN PAGES

## Storm That Struck British Labor May Wreck French Govt.

### SOCIALIST GROUPS RESENT HERRIOT'S STRIKE ATTITUDE

**Demand Re-employment of Railway Workers Without Conditions.**

**CABINET MAY FALL**

**Question of Government Support is Considered at Stormy Meeting.**

By WEBB MILLER  
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)  
Paris, Nov. 1.—Storm clouds threatening the political life of Edouard Herriot's Radical-Socialist Government gathered on the horizon today in the wake of the storm that swept Ramsay MacDonald's Labor Government from power across the Channel.

A national congress of the Socialist party met at noon to decide whether to continue to support Herriot when the French parliament reassembled next Tuesday. Two wings of the Socialists are dissatisfied with the Government's treatment of questions of amnesty, economy policies and the budget project. Support of the Socialist deputies is necessary if Herriot is to remain in power and the former are angered at his action regarding thousands of railwaymen who were discharged during the 1920 strike. Yesterday they held a stormy meeting in the Chamber and decided to demand that the Premier practically annul the decision and adopt the Socialist demand for re-employment of the strikers without conditions.

The decision to be reached today or tomorrow is most important because it may lead directly to fall of the Herriot Government.

### WANT FORD TO BUY VIRGINIAN CITY

**Would Have Williamsburg Made as it was in Revolutionary Days.**

Richmond, Va., Nov. 1.—Henry Ford has been asked to buy Williamsburg, ancient capital of Virginia, and restore to it the quaint and picturesque beauty of the revolutionary period. It then would be preserved as a living lesson in American history for future generations.

The suggestion, which Mr. Ford is said to be considering, was advanced by Dr. W. A. R. Goodwin of William and Mary College, through William Ford, brother of the automobile manufacturer.

Under the plan Mr. Ford would purchase a large part of the present city of Williamsburg, at an estimated cost of between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000. A Colonial Holding Corporation then would be formed, according to Dr. Goodwin's suggestion, to which the city would be turned over for all time. The task of re-creating the colonial seat of government would go forward under the direction of the holding corporation. All evidences of modern days would be removed. Motion picture houses, restaurants, telephone poles, and all the trade marks of the present day would exist no more.

In the place of today's Williamsburg there would stand the House of Burgess, rebuilt as it originally stood. Raleigh Tavern once more would stand with inviting door for the traveler. Main Street would be lined with myrtle trees and hedged by roses. Shacks would give way to copies of the colonial houses which formerly occupied their sites. It is not planned to compel present owners of old colonial homes to sell them to the corporation, but options would be requested in view of future sales.

Dr. Goodwin, who for years has been interested in the preservation of the remaining marks of Virginia colonial history, is quoted as follows:—

"For some time I have cherished the hope that Mr. Ford might be interested in making a contribution to the United States of the old colonial capital of Virginia. Williamsburg was associated with all the great debates, resolutions and actions which resulted in the establishment of our federal government. It is distinctly the most interesting colonial relic which now remains in America, and should be rescued and preserved. Unless something is done within the next few years, it will be too late."

### STRANGE BURGLAR CASES FLORE

**Queer Pranks of Night Marauder Raise Excitement in English Town.**

London, Nov. 1.—Iford is greatly excited by the exploits of a night marauder who has been known as "the cat burglar."

It is alleged that he has entered

### Long Stage Divorcee Now She's Real One

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Having been granted a divorce on the stage every day for two successive years, Mrs. Ernestine J. Fetic, played the leading role in Judge Sabath's court in obtaining a decree from Herbert L. Fetic, electrical construction engineer.

Judge Sabath noted Mrs. Fetic's coquetry in going through the divorce proceedings, in which she charged her husband with cruelty. He questioned her and learned that for nearly two years she played the part of the divorcee in the play, "Lightnin'," and has been granted a divorce by a stage judge nearly 1,000 times.

many as six houses in one street in a night, his favorite method of gaining access being to swarm up stack-pipes in order to climb through windows.

A policeman who chased an alleged burglar in De Vere Gardens, Cranbrook, Ilford, late at night, grabbed the man's foot as he jumped a fence. The noise, ran out and seized the policeman, who was in plain clothes. They struggled together until there were mutual explanations.

### NINE INCH SPIKE IS TAKEN FROM BODY

**Remarkable Operation is Performed in West London Hospital.**

London, Nov. 1.—A nine-inch iron spike and a piece of shrapnel have been removed from a boy's body, and his displaced heart has been restored to its proper position, at West London Hospital.

The boy, Edgar Heath, 15 years old, is now making a good recovery.

He fell from the porch of a villa on to some iron railings. One of the spear headed railings broke off, leaving nine inches of metal buried in the boy's side.

"The case is one of the most remarkable we have ever had here," said the medical superintendent of the hospital. "The spike broke a rib and entered the body over the heart, but without piercing it. The heart must necessarily have been displaced, but it is impossible to state the extent of the displacement. As the spike was removed the heart would spring back again into position."

"What probably saved the boy's life was the fact that the spike carried the heart with it, and this could hardly have been the case except for the protection afforded by the piece of shrapnel."

"The boy has come through the operation splendidly, and there is every reason to hope that he will make a complete recovery."

### HORSE-DRAWN HEARSE IS SOLD; BRINGS \$8

Passion, Mass., Nov. 1.—After 15 years' service the horse-drawn hearse which has carried many of the citizens of this town to their graves has succeeded in making a record. It was sold at public auction for \$8.

When it was bought in 1909 the town appropriator \$500 for "the best horse-drawn hearse in the town."

Hereafter motor hearses will be used here.

### ARTIFICIAL VOICES LATEST INVENTION MAY ALLOW THE DUMB TO SPEAK

**British Experimenter Has Already Achieved Considerable Success.**

London, Nov. 1.—Artificial "mouths" made of plasticine with larynxes of rubber are the latest results of scientific experiments which may in due course enable the dumb to "speak" by means of a resonator that would reproduce all the sounds and words made by ordinary human beings.

They are the invention of Sir Richard A. S. Paget, Bt., who, in a paper read to members of the Royal Society, stated that the models he has designed have been able distinctly to say such words as "mother," "weather," "Harry," and "angel" (the latter the French word for "angel").

Sir Richard attacked the problem of reproducing human speech by means of a series of resonating models from the point of view that "it appears to be essentially a branch of human gesture, which the ear has learned to identify without the aid of sight."

Thus the laughter sound, "la, la," is essentially a simple made audible and emphatic by the sudden passage of vibrating air.

He first of all endeavored to reproduce vowel sounds. For this purpose he made a resonator in plasticine, shaped in imitation of the human mouth cavity. The model was progressively altered by raising the tongue, reducing the projection of the lips, and enlarging the mouth, and the alteration of the resonances was noted at each modification.

An artificial larynx (the sound box at the top of the wind-pipe) was subsequently added to the model. This consisted of a rubber strip fixed edge-wise across a flattened air passage, formed in paraffin wax and encased in plasticine.

A large number of models based on these principles were made, and it was found that a slight modification in each case enabled a new vowel sound to be imitated. Models designed to reproduce vowel and consonant sounds in conjunction were then experimented with. Finally a model was made with four resonators in series, which said "Mother" distinctly when the vowel resonator was closed by hand, released, and at the same time a tube connected with it was pinched and released.

"Early in the investigation," said Sir Richard, "it was recognized that it might be possible to substitute electrical resonators for acoustic resonators, so as to reproduce vowel sounds in a telephone. The electrical reproduction of all the English vowels and of many consonants has since been carried out by John A. Stewart in the research laboratory of the Western Electric Company of New York."

It is expected that these experiments will lead comparatively soon to an instrument which will be able artificially to reproduce all the words and phrases of human conversation.

### PLAN TO SECURE DRY CANADA HAS MANY OBSTACLES

**Federal Governments Have Always Confronted Up Difficulties.**

**AUTONOMY MATTER**

**Intensive Work Among the Federal Members Deemed Advisable.**

(Parliamentary Correspondence of the Ottawa Citizen.)

Prohibitionists of Ontario, flushed with their success in Thursday's provincial plebiscite, who call "On to Ottawa," and foreshadow a demand for a federal law prohibiting the manufacture and importation of alcoholic beverages, may be considered to have every reason for their course; nevertheless, from what is heard on the Hill, it would be idle for them to expect the most enthusiastic and responsible reception. Federal governments of the past have always encountered up difficulties and obstacles in the way of prohibition, and it is not clear that the present dynasty is deficient in the same capacity. There was a time when, demanding prohibition, the Dominion Alliance came here on an annual pilgrimage. In the past two years they have not come because, soon after the present ministry took office, the familiar demand was made and turned down "cold." There was not even the accustomed promise of careful consideration.

Premier's Attitude.

Premier King declared outright that he did not believe in prohibition, and while the delegation were disappointed and displeased, they at least found his frankness refreshing and refreshing. He fell from the porch of a villa on to some iron railings. One of the spear headed railings broke off, leaving nine inches of metal buried in the boy's side.

Whether the vote in Ontario will have made any difference in the Government's attitude or the attitude of parliament now remains to be seen, but preliminary inquiry discloses no great evidence of it. Prohibitionists will therefore be advised to be friendly here to anticipate the probable obstacle of an unsympathetic attitude by a majority of the Government and to be prepared to meet the inevitable work among the rank and file of parliament. Even there, the disposition may be to sidestep.

Of Federal Competence.

Constitutionally, the sale of liquor comes within the purview of the provinces, while the importation and the manufacture are matters of federal competence. Prohibition of the importation of liquor, therefore, is a matter of federal competence, and of its interprovincial transportation, were evolutions of the war period, enacted, as war measures, with Hon. N. W. Rowell as the moving spirit. When the War Measures Act died, however, the measures enacted by order in council under its authority, and lacking the subsequent ratification of parliament, also expired. Many of the provinces had gone dry, but the federal law inoperative, they were confronted with a condition which prohibited provincial prohibition of the sale. The bars had gone, but there was nothing to prevent an individual importing for his own use. It was to meet this situation that the Doherty amendments to the Canada Temperance Act were introduced.

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### 22 Cars Are Wrecked



Football players never piled up higher than these 22 freight cars, wrecked near Charlotte, N. C. The first car tripped on a small bit of metal, and the others landed pell mell on top.

### HALLOWEEN SEES VARIETY COSTUMES; FUN GALORE IN STREETS AND HOMES

**Time-Honored Customs are Carried Out by Kiddies and Others.**

The mysterious and almost breathless delight that Halloween never fails to bring to children, gladdened many hundreds of little hearts throughout the city last night as they assumed guises and fearsome disguises and went out to play. On the streets and in the homes, time-honored games, grown-ups, also, did not fail to take advantage of the occasion. Games of various kinds, dancing, fortune telling and story telling were all included in the program and each item was thoroughly enjoyed. Refreshments were served by the physical committee. The evening's entertainment was in charge of Miss Dorothy McArthur, the physical instructor.

A greatly enjoyed Halloween party, "a tramp school" was held at the Glen Falls Community Club Hall, last night, when everyone appeared dressed as a tramp and had been at some trouble to look as disreputable as possible. The Jazz band of the Order of Loyalists gave its services for the evening and contributed in no small degree to the complete success of the social gathering. Refreshments were served by the physical committee. The evening's entertainment was in charge of Miss Dorothy McArthur, the physical instructor.

Halloween "bone heads" were working in West St. John last night when the fire department was called out on three false alarms. Box 48 in Prince Street, near Dykeman's corner, was the first to sound about 9:25 o'clock; then followed an alarm at 9:50 o'clock from box 31, at the corner of Lancaster and Duke streets, and the third false alarm was sent in from box 24 at the corner of Lancaster and St. John streets about 10:30 o'clock. It is understood the police are trying to locate the guilty persons, and there is quite a heavy penalty for a person found guilty of sending in a false alarm of fire.

With 300 in masquerade costumes were skating at the Arena last evening and more than 800 watching the merry crowd, there was a grand time for everyone. The St. John Fallers played ten bands and several extras.

Mrs. Reginald G. March entertained last evening for her two small boys, Walter and John, both five and six years old. A dress-up party was staged and the two guests enjoyed Halloween games. The supper table was set with a variety of dishes, including candy and other goodies. The children and their friends were in evidence, and the evening was a most enjoyable one.

The Badminton Club of St. John's church, West St. John, held a successful Halloween costume party Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. A. V. Wright, Lancaster street. The house was very tastefully decorated. Some very amusing costumes were in evidence, and the evening was a most enjoyable one.

A masquerade party was held at the home of Mrs. Dickey, 10 King street, last evening. A very enjoyable evening was spent in games and dancing. The house was gaily decorated in orange and black. About 80 guests were present. Among the costumes were Spanish, gypsy, dancing girl, cowboy, Turkish, clown, shell, Chinese, Japanese, Miss Cella Dickey won praise as "John Bull." Members of the Rossie Kiddies and Rossie Dumbells were present. Refreshments were served.

Surprise Party.

Mrs. B. C. Reade, Duke street, West St. John, was given a pleasant surprise last evening when friends in Halloween costumes invaded the home and made merry. Mrs. C. E. Belyea presided. Maggie and Jiggs and other quaint characters were represented. Games were played and refreshments were served. The evening was a most enjoyable one.

### URGE STRICTER ENFORCEMENT OF PARTRIDGE LAWS

**Fish and Game Association Suggests Means of Protection.**

**GAME PRESERVES**

**Close Season and Other Remedies Proposed to Combat Wastage.**

The St. John branch of the New Brunswick Fish & Game Protective Association has issued a bulletin in regard to the scarcity of partridges which is comprehensive and well worth the attention of those who delight in seeing the birds in the woods and who during the hunting season have had much pleasure in following them. The association, after reciting some of the reasons advanced for the scarcity of partridges, makes some comments upon the law and its non-observance, and goes into particulars as to how it is violated. Its reasons for the non-observance of the law are many and somewhat complete and the remedies suggested to meet the situation are under seven heads:

- (1) Excessive shooting in violation of the law.
- (2) Prolonged drought in the latter part of the breeding season.
- (3) Blue ice affecting the bird around the head and throat.
- (4) Worms in the bowels.
- (5) Heavy winter storms during the brooding season.
- (6) The theory should be scientifically investigated. The nature of the law should be discovered. It cannot be a new variety, and its effect, if any, upon the partridges should be determined.
- (7) The formation of branches of the New Brunswick Fish and Game Protective Association, Limited, throughout the province. All real sportsmen and lovers of our wild life should belong to this association. Branches can be established by 15 or more sportsmen at any place within the province. Copies of the constitution and information about organizing can be obtained by writing the secretary, Box 612, St. John, N. B.

As individuals we have accomplished nothing. As members of an association that upholds the Game Act and to see it improved in some respects, that supports officials whose duty it is to enforce the act, and that is endeavoring to awaken public opinion to the danger of extermination, we can accomplish much.

No skill is required to shoot partridge with a shotgun, as the vast majority of hunters shoot only when the bird is still. The automobile, by taking away the protection that distance formerly afforded, has added to the difficulty of conservation. Unless this is stopped, the game will be exterminated. The public-spirited citizens of the province must work to avoid this misfortune.

### POLICE HEAR OF MORE BREAKS

Opportunities for thieves were given yesterday morning for police constables the different beats, report the finding open of rear windows in no less than eight business houses.

In addition to the breaks recently reported it is significant that a thief made entrance through a rear hatch to the store of Harry N. DeMille, clothing and furniture, 190 Union street, in the Opera House block, the entrance was made late Wednesday night or Thursday morning and a small sum of money is said to have been all that was stolen.

It is further reported that a thief entered the store of a Charlotte street business place by way of the cellar early in the week, stole a few dollars and left marks where he had been tampering with the safe in the office.

### ENGLISHWOMAN, DEAD IN AFRICA, HAD MANY EXCITING EXPERIENCES

**Was Frequently Compelled to Defend Self in Absence of Husband.**

London, Nov. 1.—Mrs. J. J. Bennett, a Kentish woman who married Mr. Bennett in London, went to Africa on a honeymoon trip and was said to be the first and the oldest Englishwoman in Swaziland, had died at Bremersdorp from cancer at the age of sixty-seven on next day, last night, and buried in the cemetery of the town. She was picked up by a log of wood on another occasion, when left alone at the trading station and a native attempted to steal from the store, and knocked his teeth out with it.

He took his battle-axe in reply and swung at her, and she saved her head being hit by shielding it with her hand, which was slashed open by the blow. The native's orders for the attack.

Mrs. Bennett on a number of occasions, in the absence of her husband, was compelled to protect herself from natives. The induna Masupula of the Nkanyane kraal once came to the house and tried to force his way in, but she shot him through the shoulder and kept him out.

Her husband, when the Boer war broke out, was taken prisoner of war, and Mrs. Bennett, with her family of six young children, was left alone and penniless. The old Nkhlovukazi—the ex-Queen Regent—took the family under her protection and supplied their needs.

Mrs. Bennett was employed by the British intelligence department and carried on correspondence for the British forces from the royal kraal. Mr. Bennett died soon after the Boer war.

### Steamer Carries Odd Tourist Pair

New York, Oct. 31.—Thomas Kelly, 3½ years old, and his sister, Ida, 2½, arrived yesterday on the Panama-Pacific liner Manchuria from the pier. They traveled under the care of Mrs. M. Adlung, a stewardess, and a child's clothing which they were put aboard was scanty and they were barefoot. A party of 100 California Mystic Shriners, on their way to Havana, took up a collection for the little ones. When the Manchuria reached Havana on Saturday the stewardess bought outfits for them, which they wore on arrival.

Thomas and Ida were sent to Ellis Island, where their father, Thomas Kelly, called for them an hour later. He told immigration officials that he formerly was in the Eighteenth Infantry and while serving in the Canal Zone had married Ida Pineria; also that while he was working here to make a home for his family his wife fell in love with another man in Panama, so he obtained a divorce.

### FATHER DELORME IS ACQUITTED ON MURDER CHARGE

**Accused Freed After Jury Deliberates for Four Hours.**

**THIRD TRIAL**

**Jury Disagreed Twice Before—Case was Begun 2½ Years Ago.**

Montreal, Oct. 31.—Rev. J. Adelaire Delorme, 41, was acquitted last night on the charge of murdering his half brother, Raoul, one of the defendants in the trial of January 6, 1922, was acquitted last night after the jury had deliberated for over four hours. At 4:45 p. m. the jury returned to the court room and pronounced their verdict of "Not Guilty." Father Delorme was immediately freed and left the building with his family. Raoul, one of the defense counsel, by a door which had not been opened for half a century. In this way the liberated priest escaped the thousands who were waiting outside the court room for a glimpse at him.

This was the termination of the third trial in one of the most interesting cases in the annals of Montreal. Disagreement of the jury in the first two necessitated the third which has resulted in Delorme's acquittal. In the first trial, in June 1922, was found innocent by a special jury of the court of King's Bench. The second trial was held on June 20, 1923. A second trial was necessitated by a disagreement of the jury and this was begun on February 23, 1924. The third trial was held on October 31, 1924. The case was the same as that of the preceding one and Delorme was called upon to submit to a third which opened October 6 before Mr. Justice Tessier. Until the last two days, there was little public interest in the third trial.

A short summary of the Delorme case is given as follows:

January 6, 1922—Raoul Delorme murdered.

January 7, 1922—Body of Raoul found with six bullets in the head.

January 14, 1922—Abbe Delorme brother of the murdered man, offered \$10,000 reward for arrest and conviction of murderer.

February 14, 1922—Inquest closed and Abbe Delorme arrested on "coroner's warrant."

March 14, 1922—Abbe Delorme committed for trial.

June 20, 1922—Abbe Delorme found innocent by special jury of court of King's Bench. Members of jury were all French-Canadians.

October 10, 1922—Abbe Delorme committed for trial.

June 20, 1923—Abbe Delorme's trial on charge of murdering his half brother began before jury composed of English and French Canadians.

July 21, 1923—Jury reported unable to reach an agreement and is sent back by judge.

July 28, 1923—Abbe Delorme's trial on charge of murdering his half brother began before jury composed of English and French-Canadians.

July 21, 1923—Jury reported unable to reach an agreement and is sent back by judge.

July 28, 1923—Jury disagreed, ten for conviction and two for acquittal.

Nov. 7, 1923—C. H. Cahon, K. C., and Allen Tuschereau retired as counsel for prisoner.

Dec. 4, 1923—Allen Germain, K. C., appointed Delorme counsel.

Jan. 8, 1924—Mr. Justice Martineau assigned to preside over Delorme trial.

Feb. 23, 1924—Second trial commenced before French-Canadian jury in court of King's Bench.

March 18, 1924—Second trial terminated at midnight and placed in hands of jury.

March 19, 1924—Jury disagreed and was discharged.

Oct. 6, 1924—Third trial began before French-Canadian jury.

Oct. 31, 1924—Delorme acquitted and discharged.

### FOREST FIRES IN MICHIGAN STATE

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 31.—Forest and brush fires were reported in four sections of Michigan today, one of them believed to be the largest so far this season. At Mesick, in the northwest part of the state, 200 men were fighting a blaze that had destroyed thousands of acres of second growth timber. Fanned by a high wind last night, there was danger, it is reported, of the conflagration spreading to Virginia Island.

### BOYS CAPTURED

Two boys who escaped from the Boys' Institute at Home on Sunday evening, were captured last night and returned to the institution.