The Weekly Observer.

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SAINT JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1847.

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THE OBSERVER,

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☞ The postage on all Letters (except those containing money, or from Agents,) must be pre-paid, or they will not be attended to.

TESTIMONY FROM

FRANCE AND PRUSSIA

TO THE MERITS OF

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.

THE fame of this preparation is not confined to the limits of our own country, but by its powerful agency in arresting and curing disease, has won its way successfully into different countries in Europe, as the following unsolicited testimonials from individuals of the highest respectability shows in the most conclusive and satisfactory manner. The same happy success has attended its use there, which has *always* marked its course where ever adopted, and diseases have yielded to its health-restoring influence which Medical Men of profound skill had pronounced incurable. The most potent simples of the vegetable kingdom are united in this preparation, and the combination is such that one modifies and improves the other, and under the name of *Sands' Sarsaparilla*, is presented a compound differing entirely in its character and properties from any other preparation, and unrivalled in its operation on the system when laboring under disease. Its approval by Physicians and men of Science, and the uniform success which has marked its use, furnishes proof sufficient to convince every candid and discerning mind of its great superiority and value.

Legation United States,
Berlin, Prussia, April 8, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands:

Gentlemen—Having seen your Sarsaparilla used in this City with great effect in a severe case of Scrofula, I have been requested to order three dozen bottles, which please send, on the payment of the enclosed draft on Messrs. Hinchin & Unkhart with the *least possible delay*. I am inspired only by a feeling of philanthropy, in begging you to publish this unasked testimony to the value of a medicine which, widely as it is known, is not known as it ought to be.

I am, gentlemen,
Respectfully yours, &c.
THEODORE S. FAY.

The following is an extract from a letter received from Mr. Mace, whose wife had been afflicted with a scrofulous affection of the nose, which baffled the skill of the first physicians in France, it commends itself to the attention of all.

Rennes, Department of Ille & Vilaine,
France, July 17, 1845.

Messieurs Sands:

The Sarsaparilla sent has been received, and the great benefit my wife has derived from its use upon a short trial, as well as the high recommendations we have received, gives us great hopes of being able to cure with this medicine a disease that the most celebrated physicians of France have not been able to effect. My wife is fully determined to continue its use until a perfect cure is effected, and fearing what we now have will not be sufficient, please send us some more without delay, and be assured, gentlemen, we shall take pleasure in making known its great virtues to our friends and the public; and I doubt not that it will soon be extensively used here, and all over the world, and that many afflicted sufferers will hail with joy the knowledge that there is a vegetable preparation sufficiently powerful to eradicate their diseases. I have the honor to remain,

Yours respectfully,
J. MACE,
No. 1, Rue Louis Philippe.

The following is an extract from a letter received from Mrs. Bevan, who had been afflicted for several years with Scrofulous Ulcers, Dyspepsia, &c. and recently with an affection of the Throat and Chest.

Baileysburg, Va. Dec. 13th, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands.—Before I commenced using your Sarsaparilla, my sufferings were almost past expression; my throat was completely ulcerated, I had a dreadful cough, and there were frequently weeks together that I could not speak above a whisper; and besides, the inflammation from my throat extended to my head, so that my hearing was very much impaired. After taking the Sarsaparilla a short time, my health improved, and my throat is now well; I am as free from cough and tightness of the chest as ever I was, and can hear quite distinctly. My throat has been well about three months, the cure of which has been effected entirely by the use of your Sarsaparilla. Your friend, Louisa R. Bevan.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of Agents gratis.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100, Fulton-street, corner of William, New York.

Sold also by T. Walker, & Son, St. John, N. B.; Morton & Co., Halifax; J. Musson & Co. Quebec, and by Druggists generally through out the United States and British Provinces.

Price $1 per bottle. Six bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands' Sarsaparilla that has been and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands' Sarsaparilla, and take no other

Jayne's ALTERATIVE, a valuable Medicine for the cure of Cancer, Scrofulous Affections, and Diseases of the Skin generally; Jayne's SANATIVE PILLS; Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge; Jayne's Carminative Balsam, for bowel complaints; Jayne's Hair Tonic, for the growth and preservation of the Hair.

. Sold in St. John by Messrs. T. Walker & Son

☞ NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of DUNCAN CAMPBELL, late of the Parish of Sussex, King's County, Farmer, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within Three Months from the date hereof: and all those indebted to said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to

DUNCAN M. CAMPBELL,
Sole Executor.

Parish of Sussex, King's County, 21st December, 1846. } 3m

S. M'LEOD, Tailor,

A few doors below the Saint John Hotel,

KING STREET,

RESPECTFULLY tenders his thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind patronage hitherto extended to him, and would inform them that he now keeps on hand an assortment of GOODS in his line, suitable for the season, with TRIMMINGS to match, which he will make up to order on very liberal terms.

St. John, June 23, 1846.

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE and PIG IRON.

Landing ex *Nautilus* from Glasgow:

84 CANADA STOVES,—20 to 36 inch
12 tons Hollow-ware,—well assorted
100 tons PIG IRON,—No. 1. For sale low by

Nov. 10. WILLIAM CARVILL

Liverpool, 1st May, 1846.
23, *Sefton Street.*

THE Business hitherto carried on by Ashcroft, Mackay & Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent.

We, the undersigned, have this day entered into Co-Partnership, under the Firm of A. F. & D. Mackay, as Wood Brokers and Measurers, and solicit a continuance of past favors.

A. F. MACKAY,
6t D. MACKAY.

WM. A. ROBERTSON,

Tailor, &c., Dock Street,

WOULD inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his Store in Dock-street, lately occupied by Messrs. T. & J. C. Hatheway,—where he has on hand an assortment of the best Superfine CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Tweeds, Fashionable VESTINGS, &c., which he will make up to order, in the first style of workmanship, at short notice.

St. John, May 26, 1846.

SPIKES & NAILS for Sale.

9 TONS Rose and Diamond head SPIKES, of the following sizes:—

4 Casks,	2 Cwt. each,	4½ inch;
3 do.	do.	5 do.
11 do.	do.	5½ do.
19 do.	do.	6 do.
3 do.	do.	6½ do.
12 do.	do.	7 do.
5 do.	do.	8 do.
14 do.	do.	9 do.
8 do.	do.	10 do.

ALSO—100 Casks Wrought NAILS, say—

10 Casks	20dy	NAILS,
15 do.	16	do.
20 do.	14	do.
50 do.	12	do.
20 do.	10	do.
12 do.	8	do.
5 do.	6 & 4dy.	do.

—ALSO—

30 Casks 7, 8, 9, and 10 HORSE NAILS.

December 8.—6i. JOHN KINNEAR,
Prince Wm. Street.

Receiving ex 'Themis,' at

TISDALE'S HARDWARE STORE,

No. 1, South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.

10 PAIR Smith's BELLOWS;
6 Anvils; 1 hamper VICES;
1 cask Hand and Sledge HAMMERS,
20 boxes Tin Plates, IC. DC.;
200 TEA-KETTLES,
3 tons Pots, Bakepans, Griddles, Spiders and Frying PANS;
5 bundles long handled Frying Pans;
24 pair FIRE DOGS,
1 case *Hoole & Co's.* MILL SAWS, 5½ to 7 feet;
1 case do. Circular Saws, 18 to 22 inch,
1 do. Cross-cut, Hand, Tenon, Buck and other SAWS;
2 cases *Thompson's* AUGURS, ⅞ to 2⅛ inch,
1 cask London GLUE,
Heel and Toe Bills, Cut and Wrought NAILS,
Horse and Ox Nails, Copper Boat Nails,
Tacks and Counter-Sunk Nails,
Short Link CHAIN, ¼ to ¾ inch,
1 cask Horse Traces and Ox Chains,
2 cases GUNS, 1 cask Lead Pipe, Block Tin, Spelter,
1 case Coffin Mounting, Chair Web and Hair Seating;
1 case Jack, Trying and Smoothing PLANES,
1 cask well assorted CUTLERY;
1 do. HORSE SHOES,
1 do. Horse Bells, Locks, 2-foot Rules, &c
9 cases containing a general assortment of Hinges, Screws, Latches, Rivets, Squares, Gimlets, Bed Screws, Knitting Pins, Steelyards, Coach Wrenches, Pod Augurs, Fire and Ash Irons, Wire Rat Traps, Castors, Compasses, Timber Scribes, Shovel Pans, Awls, Sail Needles and Palms, Counter and Stand Scales, Dog Collars, Candlesticks, Iron Weights, Sad Irons, Chest Locks and Handles, Fox Traps; Shoe, Paint, Horse and Scrub BRUSHES, Whip Thongs, Mattrass Needles, Jews' Harps, Curry Combs, Heel Balls, Caulking Irons, Augur Bits, Oil Stones, Pins, Axes, Faucets, Stock and Dies, &c.
1 crate Iron and Copper Coal Scoops,
1 case Mill, Cross-cut, Bit and other FILES,
1 case Cast STEEL, for Axes,
1 cask Block Bushes; 1 bale Shoe Thread,
12 doz. Barn Shovels; 1 cask Miners' do.;
Plough Plating, Plough Moulds, and Round IRON, ass'd.

—ON HAND—

PAINTS, OIL, PUTTY, GLASS, &c.
C. F FF.F. and Canister GUNPOWDER.
Rowland's MILL SAWS, &c., together with a general assortment of HARDWARE, which are offered at exceedingly low rates for Cash.

October 6. W. TISDALE & SON.

HARDWARE, &c.

T. R. GORDON

Has received per *William Ward, Queen Pomare, Coronation*, and other vessels, a good Stock of HARDWARE, Cutlery, &c. among which are

24 Tons HOLLOW WARE,

—CONSISTING OF—

21 BOILERS, assorted, 25 to 50 gallons,
1835 POTS, ½ to 25 "
950 OVENS and COVERS, 651 Extra do. do.
Fire Dogs, Cart Boxes, Fry Pans, Spiders, Griddles, &c.;
20 barrels Fine GUNPOWDER,
1 bale CHALK-LINES, and Coffin Cord,
1 keg good RED CHALK,
2 cases best Scotch SCREW AUGERS,
1 cask Chisels, Hatchets, Hammers, Plane Irons, &c.
1 cask PLANES—O. G., Grecian Ovalve, Bead, Reed, Table, Plough, &c.
3 casks CUTLERY, well assorted,
3 casks *Vickers'* and *Marsh's & Shepherd's* FILES, RASPS, &c.;
6 rolls Sheet LEAD; 1 case Sheet Copper,
2 casks Shot and Balls; 3 cases Cast Steel,
1 cask Sheet ZINC; 1 case Sheet BRASS,
10 bundles Blister Steel; 10 bdls. Spring STEEL
110 bags NAILS and SPIKES, assorted,
15 cwt. OX and HORSE NAILS,
300 TEA KETTLES, tin'd and untin'd, assorted,
12 dozen long-handled FRY PANS,
100 dozen Socket SHOVELS,
300 pairs HORSE TRACES,
1 cask Ox Chains and Back Bands, Cart Hames, &c.
100 doz. Scythes, 200 do. Sickles and Scythe Hooks,
1 basket Smith's VICES; 8 ANVILS,
12 Smiths' BELLOWS, 22 to 36 inches,
1 cask BORAX,
Sledge and hand HAMMERS, Stocks and Dies, Screw Plates, &c.;
1 ton Iron WIRE, assorted,
2 cases Mill, Circular, Pit, and Cross-cut SAWS,
1 cask Strap Hinges; 1 case Tea Trays,
25 dozen SPADES and SHOVELS,
20 dozen IRISH SPADES,
2 bales Wire Riddles, Rat and Mouse Traps,
2 baskets Sand and Rag Stones,
1 cask of "Water of Ayr" STONES,
3 casks Block Bodies, assorted,
6 bags Rivets and Clout NAILS,
1 case School SLATES and PENCILS,
1 cask Patent enamelled Sauce and STEW PANS, Preserving Kettles, Wash-basins;
1 case Britannia Metal Ware and Stone PITCHERS,
3 cases GUNS and PISTOLS,
40 casks and cases, containing—
Locks, Hinges, and Screws, in great variety, Carpenters' Tools; Norfolk, tun and night Latches; Harness Mounting; Saddle-trees, Girth and Straining Web; Chair Web; Curled Hair; Hair Seating; Lamps, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays; Fenders, Footmen, Foils and masks; Fire Irons; Shoe, Paint, scrub, black-lead and other BRUSHES; Urns; plated Candlesticks, Castors, Snuffers, Bottle-stands, &c.; Brass and Bell-metal Preserving Kettles; Mortars; Coffin Furniture; Slop-pails; Foot-baths and Water-cans; Coffee-mills; Coal Scoops and Sifters, Dust Pans, Weights and Scales, Fish hooks, Hoes, Rakes, Toy Spades, Curry Combs; Trowels; Brads and Tacks, Copper Boat-nails and Pump-picks; Bellows nails and pipes; Fire Irons, Smoothing and Italian Irons, Box irons and heaters; Stair Rods, curtain bands and Pins; Brass and japan'd Knockers; Bell mounting, Cow Bells; Powder flasks and shot belts; Liquor flasks; Percussion Caps; Fishing reels; Dish covers; Tea and Coffee Pots; Socket Castors; Sheep shears; Curriers' knives and steels; Patent and common Steel-yards, &c.

A great many other Goods in the Hardware Line, all of which will be sold as low as possible.

T. R. GORDON, Market-Square.

June 9, 1846.

THE GARLAND.

THE FIRST MILD DAY OF MARCH.

BY WORDSWORTH.

It is the first mild day of March;
Each minute sweeter than before,
The red-breast sings from the tall larch
That stands beside our door.

There is a blessing in the air,
Which seems a sense of joy to yield
To the bare trees, and mountains bare,
And grass in the green field.

My sister! ('tis a wish of mine)
Now that our morning meal is done,
Make haste, your morning task resign,
Come forth and feel the sun.

Edward will come with you, and pray,
Put on with speed your woodland dress;
And bring no book; for this one day
We'll give to idleness.

No joyless forms shall regulate
Our living calendar;
We from to-day, my friend, will date
The opening of the year.

Love, now an universal birth,
From heart to heart is stealing,
From earth to man, from man to earth,
It is the hour of feeling.

One moment now may give us more
Than fifty years of reason;
Our minds shall drink at every pore
The spirit of the season.

Some silent laws our hearts will make,
Which they shall long obey;
We for the year to come may take
Our temper from to-day.

And from the blessed power that rolls
About, below, above,
We'll frame the measure of our souls;
They shall be tuned to love.

Then come, my sister! come, I pray,
With speed put on your woodland dress;
And bring no book; for this one day
We'll give to idleness.

SONG OF THE SEASON.

BY ELEANOR DARBY.

Sailing *up* the stream of Time,
O, how fair all things appear!
In that warm and genial clime,
O, how bright each glad new year!
Smiling skies and smiling tide,
Smiling friends on every side,
O, how rapidly we glide
'Mid the roses, Hope our guide,
Plying fast, sweet Hope! the silver oar
To Joy's sunny shore!

Drifting *down* the stream of Time,
O, how chang'd all things appear!
In that cold and cloudy clime,
O, how dark each sad new year!
Weeping skies and sullen tide,
Beck'ning ghosts on every side,
O, how rapidly we glide
'Mid the thorns, Despair our guide,
Plying fast, too fast, the oboe oar,
To Death's night-black shore!

MISCELLANEOUS.

We never see a sleigh load of happy creatures, without thinking of the adventures of Johnny Beedle and his "half-a-ton of Dolly Fisher," as portrayed in the following inimitable bit of humor. It is a match-piece to the story of "Johnny Bedell's Courtship."

THE SLEIGH RIDE.

BY JOHN NEAL.

As I was going past Josh Carter's tavern, the other day, I heard a terrible noise in the bar-room, and thinks I, I'll just put my head in, and see what's the matter. "Whoorah!" roared a heap of fellows, "here's Johnny Beedle, he'll go, and that makes ten;" and they haul'd me in among 'em. "What's the occasion?" says I. "A sleigh ride over to Shaw's (every body goes to Shaw's that goes a sleigh riding,) with gals, fiddle, and frolic!" "Whoorah!" says I. "I motion," says Dr. Partridge, "that every gentleman go right straight now, and get his sleigh and his lady, and meet at Hanks' corner;" and with another whoorah, we burst out of doors, and scattered.

I ran full speed to the widow Bean's. Her daughter Patty is the handsomest girl in Casco Bay. I had given her some pretty broad hints, and only waited for a good chance to pop the question. And out it shall come, this very night, says I.

I bounced into the widow Bean's out of breath, and was near catching Patty in the suds. She had just done washing, and was wringing out, standing in the midst of numerous tubs, mops and kettles.—She was struck all of a heap at the sight of her spark, and would have blushed nicely, I guess, if she hadn't been as red as she could be already. "A word in your ear, Patty," says I, givin' her a wink, and stepping into a corner, I told her what was brewing. "I'll run and borrow the deacon's sleigh, and come back right away," says I. "O, you needn't be in such a tearing hurry," says she, "for I've got to shift from top to toe. You see what a pickle I'm in."—"Ah, Patty," says I, "beauty when unadorned 's adorned the——" "Well, I vow," says Patty, says she. And off I shot, for how was I to follow up such a bold speech; but I couldn't help sniggering all the way to the deacon's to think how swimmingly matters were going on. I was so full of this, that I entirely forgot to make up a story to fob off upon the deacon, till I got almost to the door; for the deacon is a sworn enemy to all frolicking, and so is his mare. "I'll tell him I want to carry a grist to mill. But that will be found out. No matter, so it is after election, as the politicians say."

The deacon gave a mortal squint at my face, when I did my errand, but I was safe behind a shirt collar. He then fell to chewing his cud and considering.—"Mother's clean out," says I, "both rye and injun." The deacon spit. "Well, neighbor, if you are afeard to trust a feller, there's two shillings beforehand." "Poh, poh, John," says he, walking up and pocketing the money, "not trust you? hear that. Now, Joshua, tackle up Sukey. You'll drive the critter slow, John; and now I think on't, you may bring my grist, that is, now at the mill—and look sharp to the miller, John, when he strokes the toll measure." It was too late to stick at lies now. So I promised every thing, jumped into the sleigh, and steered to the widow's, with flying colors. It is the height of gentility, you must know, for a lady to make her beau wait as long as possible on such an occasion. I sat over a heap of warm ashes in the widow Bean's parlor, listening to Patty stamping about in her stocking feet, in the chamber overhead, for one good hour. Then I stood up to the looking glass and frizzled up my hair, changed my shirt-pin to a new place, thought over some speeches to make under the buffalo skin, and finally laid a plot to lug in the awful question in a sort of slantindicular fashion.

At last Patty appeared in all her glory; I was just crooking my elbow to lead her out, when in came Mrs. Bean.

"Where are you going to, Patty?"

"Over to Shaw's, a sleighing."

"What, and leave your cousin Dolly all alone, to suck her fingers? A pretty how d'ye do that, after coming all the way from Saco to see you."

Here was a knock-down argument. All my plans of courting and comfort melted down and run off in a moment. I saw directly that the widow was resolved to push big Dolly Fisher into my sleigh, whether or no; and there was no remedy, for the widow Bean is a stump that is neither to be got round nor moved out of the way. I said something about the small size of the sleigh, but it wouldn't do—she shut my mouth instantly.

"Let me alone," says she—"I went a sleighing afore you was born, youngster. If I don't know how to pack a sleigh, who does? Patty Bean, stow yourself away here, and shrink yourself up small. If there ain't room, we must make room, as the fellows used to say. Now, Dolly, hoist yourself in there!"

She tumbled her into the sleigh like a shot from a shovel, or a cart load of pumpkins into a gondola. It was chuck full of her. O, she's a whopper, I tell you.

"Why, Johnney Beedle," says Mrs. Bean, "in my day, they used to pack us layer on layer."

At this hint, I sneaked round to Patty, to begin the second layer on her lap. But the widow was wide awake. She clenched me by the collar, and patting upon Dolly's knees—"Here's the driver's seat," says she. "Plant your feet flat and firm, neice—jump up, Johnny, and now, away with her, my lad."

By this time I had got so ravin' mad that I could hold in no longer. I fell foul of the old mare, and if I didn't give it to her about right, then there's none o'me, that's all. The Deacon counted the welts on her side a week afterwards, when he called on me for a reckoning, which was made with chalk upon the upper flap of his every day hat. Sukey, not understanding such jokes, took the bit in her teeth, and shot off, right on end, like a streak of true Connecticut lightning. Jemima; how we skimmed over it. And the houses, and barns, and the fences, and pig-styes, flew by us like clouds by the moon. "Yonder is Hanks' corner—Whoorah!" and "Whoorah!" answered all the ladies and gentlemen with one voice. Sukey, scared with the noise, turned the corner with a flirt, and the sleigh was bottom upwards in a——! "Whoa, there, whoa!" The first thing that I knew, I was in the bottom of a snow bank, jammed down under half a ton of Dolly Fisher! I thought I never should see daylight again, and when they hauled me out, I left a print in the snow very much like a cocked up hat knocked into the middle of next week, as the sailors say.

Howsomever, no bones were broken. We shook our feathers and crept into our nest again laughing as loud as the best of them. The sleighs were now formed into a string, the fiddler leading, and away we started on the road to Shaw's—bells jingling, fiddles sounding, and every body hallooing and screaming for joy.

Peter Shaw heard the racket two miles off; for he was always on the look out of a moon shiny night. He fell to kicking up a dust in the best room to put it to rights, and when we arrived, the floor was swept, the best japan candlestick paraded, the fire place filled with green wood, and little Ben was anchored close under the jamb, to tug at the broken winded bellows. No fire appeared, but there was strong symptoms of it, for there was no lack of smoke; and part of it missing the way up chimney, strayed about the room, which gave me a chance to hit off another compliment upon Patty's beauty, as being the cause of drawing the smoke.

Every body laughed at the novelty of the idea.—But there was no time for chat. As soon as we had taken a swig at the hot stuff all around, we sat the fiddler in the jamb, took the floor, and went to work, might and main, the fiddler keeping time with the bellowses. Not to be prolix, we kept it up, frolicking and drinking hot stuff till midnight, and while it lasted, the fun was real ginnivine, I tell ye. But as I cast a sheep's eye at Patty, I took a notion that she and Siah Golding were rather thick, considering'. Thinks I, she wants to make me jealous, to spur me on; so seeing them in close confab, as I was cantering down outside, I poked my head between them and cried *boo!* But the cat was soon out of the bag. We paid the reckoning—four and sixpence apiece. Think of that. Every body grumbled, but Peter Shaw didn't care. Then followed the crowding of sleighs, taking in the ladies at the door. Such a hubbub and confusion! But when my turn came, lo and behold! Patty Bean was missing, and so was Si Golding!

Here is the end of my story; and whoever wants to know the particulars that happened on the ride home, must ask Dolly Fisher. The Deacon will tell you what a pickle Sukey came home in, and how much I paid "for the whistle." Finally, whoever went to our meeting-house the next Sunday morning, knows very well how Patty Bean and Josiah Golding are to square accounts.

The Meadow Daisies.

While walking one day in August, by the dusty road side, sad and dispirited, my attention was arrested by a cluster of meadow daisies that grew fast by the pathway. Every thing around me was dark and dingy with dust; but these, watered by the dew and painted by the sunbeam, looked as fresh, with their pure white rays and yellow discs, as if fresh from the hand of their Creator.

Sweet daisies! Their race never looked half so full of interest to me as at that moment. A new halo of beauty seemed thrown around their long graceful stems and simple blossoms. They seemed planted there in the midst of sterility, on purpose to light up the eye of the traveller with the assurance that the finger of infinite love had been there. Never did a view of the most brilliant exotic so effectually drive care and sadness from my heart, and fill it with pleasure and gratitude, as that cluster of simple daisies. A bright spot seemed opened through the clouds above me, by this emanation from the source of love, and the sunshine again lightened and gladdened my spirit.

Thus it ever may be in life. If, for a time, one is oppressed with care and sorrow, and in the dark future can see no relief—let him but open his heart to Nature's teaching, and believe that the same being who nourishes, expands, and so delicately paints every tiny flower that grows wild and unnoticed—watches over him with infinite love. Let him at such a time open his selfish heart to the warm sunshine of human sympathy and love, and the clouds will disperse, and he may go on his way rejoicing. And the man deserves pity as well as blame, who will sit down in sullen inactivity, and gloomily brood over personal sorrow, in a world where so much is to be enjoyed and accomplished.—*Christian Citizen.*

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Wednesday, March 10.

Mr. Partelow, from the Committee of Trade, submitted a second Report; and he having read the same, handed it in at the Clerk's Table, where it was again read, and is as follows:—

"The Committee of Trade, in further investigating the several matters referred to them, have had under their consideration the following Petitions, viz:—

No. 30. The Petition of Henry Fisher and others, of the County of York, praying that an additional allowance may be made N. Wheeler, Preventive Officer in that County, to enable him to adopt more effective measures to check Illicit Trade: The Committee recommend that the sum of £20 additional be placed at the disposal of His Excellency to remunerate this Officer for his services.

No. 31. The Petition of Amos Dickinson, of Wakefield, County of Carleton, praying a remission of Duties paid on six hundred and fifty tons Timber in 1843, by reason of the said Timber having become subject to an Export Duty at the place of shipment, under a subsequent Act of Assembly: The prayer of this Petition your Committee cannot recommend.

No. 32. The Petition of Hugh M'Monagle, of the Parish of Sussex Vale, Kings' County, praying to be reimbursed Duties on two Entire Horses, of a superior description, imported from New York: The Committee recommend that £4 be granted him.

No. 34. The Petition of Samuel Abbot and others, of the County of Charlotte, praying for the abolition of the Imperial Duty on Wheat Flour imported into this Province: As this matter is more especially for the consideration of the whole House in Committee of Ways and Means, your Committee think it unnecessary to express an opinion on the subject.

No. 35. The Petition of Andrew Barberie, President of the Restigouche Agricultural Society, praying a remission of Duties paid on six Ayrshire Cattle, and sundry Agricultural Implements imported for the use of that Society: The Committee recommend that £11 13 1 be granted him.

No. 36. The Petition of Roderick M'Kenzie, of Newcastle, County of Northumberland, praying Legislative protection on the manufacture of Rakes, Scythe Sneaths, and Forks: This, like No. 34, is a subject for the consideration of the Committee of Ways and Means.

No. 37. The Petition of John Wright, President of the Northumberland Agricultural Society, praying a return of Duties paid on two Entire Horses, imported in 1846 from the United States: The Committee recommend that £4 be granted him.

No. 38. The Petition of Charles C. Stewart, of Saint John, praying a remission of Duties paid on British Sheathing Copper, imported from the United States for his Ships "James Stewart" and "Athol," employed in prosecuting the Whale Fishery: As Copper for this purpose had been previously ordered from England and shipped in a Ship called the "Hibernia," which vessel was wrecked on her voyage to Saint John, and Mr. Stewart was thereupon compelled to replace it by an importation from the United States, the Committee recommend that £76 6 9 be granted him.

No. 39. The Petition of Jane Brown, of Hampton, Kings' County, praying reimbursement of Duties paid on an Iron House imported from Liverpool for construction in New Brunswick, which House was destroyed by fire previously to its being erected: The Committee recommend that £16 13 4 be granted her.

No. 40. The Petition of Joseph Michaud, of Madawaska, in the County of Carleton, praying relief by reason of a seizure of a Horse under peculiar circumstances: It clearly appears that the Petitioner has become subject to much loss by this seizure, and they recommend his claim to the favourable consideration of the House on further information being afforded.

No. 41. The Petition of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John, praying a Grant for the purpose of placing Buoys on the Reefs at the entrance of the Harbour, and to extend the Breakwater at Sand Point; The Committee recommend that the sum of £200 be placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, towards the first object prayed for;—the Grant for the Breakwater your Committee cannot at present recommend.

No. 42. The Petition from the same Corporation, praying remission of Duties paid on Fire Hose imported from the United States for the use of the Fire Department; The Committee recommend that £15 19 5 be granted them.

No. 43. The Petition of John Kinnear, of Saint John, praying a Grant to reimburse him for Duties over-paid on Oil imported from the United States; As the Certificate from the Province Treasurer clearly shows that £7 10s. has been so overpaid, the Committee recommend a Grant for that amount.

No. 44. The Petition of William Mackay, of Saint John, praying Legislative encouragement in aid of his Steam Establishment for the manufacture of Clap Boards, Shingles, &c. for exportation; The Committee cannot recommend the prayer of this Petition.

No. 45. The Petition of the Honorable William Crane and others, of Sackville, in the County of Westmorland, praying that measures may be adopted to establish a Port of Entry and Free Port at that place; As the whole question of the Custom House Establishment must necessarily come before the House, the Committee entertain no doubt that the claims of the Petitioners will receive the proper consideration.

No. 46. The Petition of Robert Watson, Deputy Treasurer at Saint Stephen, in the County of Charlotte, praying reimbursement of expenses incurred in proceedings had against John Marks, for refusing to execute a Bond to the Crown under the Act of 7 Vict. c. 18; The Committee recommend that £6 6 6 be granted him.

No. 47. The Petition of Henry E. Dibblee, Sub-Collector and Deputy Treasurer at Woodstock, praying a Grant to reimburse him for Office Rent: As this subject has been under consideration of the House for many previous Sessions, and not been entertained, your Committee cannot discover any good reasons for departing from the decision of former Houses.

No. 48. The Petition of George Rogers and others, of the County of Albert, praying that measures may be taken to establish a Port of Entry and Free Port in that County; On this Petition your Committee have but to reiterate the expressions contained in Report No. 45.

No. 49. The Petition of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John, praying a Grant towards constructing approaches to the Breakwater in that City; As it appears that the communication with the Breakwater is entirely cut off in consequence of its being taken for Military purposes, the Committee recommend that the sum of £500 be appropriated;—the amount not to be drawn until it be satisfactorily certified to His Excellency in Council that a similar amount has been raised by subscription or otherwise, and is applicable towards this object.

No. 50. The Petition of Joseph F. Allison and others, praying that the Export Duties on Lumber cut upon private property may be repealed; Your Committee regret that relief cannot be afforded the Petitioners without materially affecting in other respects the Export Duty Act now in operation.

No. 51. Is the Petition of Barzillai Ansley, of Saint John, praying reimbursemsnt of duties paid on a quantity of Wheat imported into that place on the second March, 1846; The Committee having considered particularly the allegations of this Petition, and the Affidavit and Certificate attached to it, are of opinion that a Grant of £15 18s. should be granted him.

No. 52. The Petition of Flewelling and Reading, of Saint John, praying reimbursement of Duty paid on a barrel of Rum destroyed by accident in the Bonded Warehouse at that place; The Committee do not recommend the prayer of this Petition.

No. 53. The Petition of Thomas Sime, Junior, praying a Grant for Return duties paid on Corn Broom Brush for the manufacture of Brooms, imported from the United States; The Committee recommend that a Grant of £5 5 2 pass in favor of the Petitioner.

No. 54. The Petition of the Honorable Charles Simonds, and others, of Saint John and Portland, praying Legislative aid towards erecting Ferry Landings for the Public accommodation at Indian Town, in Portland, and the opposite side, in the event of the Portland and Lancaster Steam Ferry Company becoming a Law; The Committee recommend £100 to be applied towards this object.

No. 55. The Petition of William H. Scovil, of Saint John, setting forth that he had purchased in Great Britain a new and substantial built Iron Steamer, constructed on the latest and most approved principle, and praying encouragement towards keeping up and maintaining a weekly communication between Shediac, Prince Edward Island, and Pictou, by means of said vessel; The Committee recommend that the sum of £250 annually, for three years, be placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, towards this object, to be paid at the expiration of each year, for the said three successive years, on the requisite certificate being produced, that a Boat answering the description alleged in the said Petition, has run once a week during open water, between the aforesaid places, (unavoidable accidents excepted) for the accommodation of passengers and conveyance of freight.

No. 56. The Petition of James Whitney, of Saint John, praying a return of Duties paid by him on Steam Boat Machinery imported from the United States in the year 1836; The Committee cannot recommend the prayer of this Petition.

No. 57. The Petition of Robert Jardine, in behalf of himself and others, Commissioners for establishing 'a Sailor's Home' in the City of Saint John, setting forth that individual subscriptions had been made to the extent of £2000 towards such Institution, and praying further Legislative aid: The Committee recommend an additional appropriation of £1000 from the Marine Hospital Fund, to be applied towards this humane and benevolent object.

No. 58. The Petition of Kendall and Nash, and others, of Fredericton, praying that the Duty on Rum, the produce of British Plantations, may be reduced: This being a subject for consideration in Committee of Ways and Means, your Committee express no opinion on the subject.

No. 59. The Petition of Otis Small, of Saint John, praying reimbursement of Duties paid on Bricks imported in 1841, from the United States, for the erection of the new Custom House: This matter having been adjudicated upon unfavourably to the prayer of the Petitioner by former Houses, your Committee can discover no reason to disturb such adjudication.

No. 60. The Petition of the President and Officers of the Ladies' Total Abstinence Society in Saint John, praying that the importation of Alcohol or intoxicating Liquors into this Province may be prohibited, or that Legislative measures may be taken to prevent the consumption thereof to the extent now existing: Your Committee recommend this subject to the consideration of the whole House in Committee of Ways and Means.

No. 61. The Petition of William Connell and others, praying Legislative aid to encourage the running of a line of Steam Boats between Fredericton and the Grand Falls: The Committee are of opinion, with reference to this application, that the interests of the Petitioners would be better secured by some removal of the obstructions now existing in the navigation of the River between those points.

No. 62. The Petition of Robert B. Cutler, of Buctouche, in the County of Kent, praying return of Export Duty paid on a cargo of Timber and Deals shipped in the Brig 'Mary Ann,' which vessel was anchored subsequently in the Harbour, and the cargo relanded: The Committee recommend that £17 16s. be granted him.

No. 63. The Petition of Charles N. Smith and others, Commissioners of Buoys and Beacons at Buctouche, praying a Grant to assist them in erecting new Buoys and Beacons in that Harbour; The Committee recommend an appropriation of £40 towards this object.

No. 64. The Petition of Thomas M. Deblois and others, Commissioners of Buoys and Beacons at Bathurst, in the County of Gloucester, praying a Grant to enable them to pay a balance due to them in that capacity: The Committee recommend that a Grant of £76 be made them.

No. 65. The Petition of John Doran, Tidewaiter, at Shippegan, in the County of Gloucester, praying an additional Grant by reason of increased duties of his office; The Committee recommend an increased Grant of £15 to him.

"Respectfully submitted, asking liberty to sit again.

"J. R. PARTELOW, *Chairman.*
ALEX. RANKIN,
W. H. BOTSFORD,
ROBT. D. WILMOT,
JOS. READ,
L. A. WILMOT,
DAVID WARK,
I. WOODWARD,
WM. PORTER.

"*Committee Room, March* 9, 1847."

Ordered, That the Report be accepted; and

On motion of Mr. Partelow; further

Ordered, That so much of the said Report as recommends the appropriation of monies, be referred to the Committee of Supply.

Mr. Partelow, from the Committee appointed on the twenty third day of February last, to take into consideration the subject of the Laws now in force relating to Marriages, reported—That they had under their consideration a Petition from the Presbytery of New Brunswick, and the Reverend Robert Irvine and others, presented on the twenty sixth day of the same month, praying for an Act of Incorporation, and had prepared a Bill for that purpose, which he was directed to submit to the House, and to request that the powers of the Committee be continued.

Ordered, That the Report be accepted, and the Committee continued to enable them to report further upon the matters referred for their consideration.

The Bill, as reported by the Committee, under the Title of—"A Bill to provide for the Incorporation of certain Presbyterian Churches in this Province," was then handed in and read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Partelow,

Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to direct to be laid before this House, a particular statement, shewing the number of Prosecutions instituted at Saint John during the past year, under the direction of the Emigrant agent, against Owners and Masters of Vessels, for breaches of the Imperial Act relating to Passengers and Emigrants, specifying the name or names of the Owner or Owners, Master or Masters, and the names of the Vessels, respectively, against which such suits were brought—the several Fines imposed and recovered,—and the cases, if any, where the party or parties proceeded against escaped conviction;—The said Return also to shew the name or names of the Magistrate or Magistrates, or other Tribunal, before whom or which such cases were tried and brought to issue.

Ordered, That Mr. Partelow, Mr. Tibbits, and Mr. Ritchie, be a Committee to wait upon His Excellency with the Address.