

TURKS FORCE JEWS TO EVACUATE JAFFA

New York, May 7.—The entire Jewish population of Jaffa, Palestine, about 8,000 men, women and children, of many nationalities, were forced by the Turks on April 1 to evacuate their homes and flee from the city, according to a cablegram received here today by the provisional executive committee for general Zionist affairs.

The roads leading from Jaffa were thronged with starving people, some dying by the roadside and mutilated bodies of rich Jews were found on the sand dunes, the message said.

BODY OF FORT WILLIAM BOY IS RECOVERED

Fort William, Ont., May 7.—The body of Edward Moran, 13 years old, son of Frank Moran of this city, was recovered early this morning from the foot of a cliff on the north side of Mount McKay. With four other boys he climbed the mountain yesterday afternoon and fell 120 feet, fracturing his skull. His companions ran to the police station at Fort William and secured help.

STOREY NOW VICE-ADMIRAL.

VANCOUVER, May 7.—Rear Admiral W. O. Storey, admiral superintendent at Esquimaux, has been promoted to be vice-admiral.

ACTION OF AMERICAN NAVY BEING PLANNED IN BRITISH CAPITAL

Rear-Admiral Sims Has Full Charge of Matter.

BRITAIN TO GUIDE ARMY

Conference of Labor Leaders of Both Countries Starts This Week.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Four machine guns, trained from the well of the House upon the members, along with a great array of rifles, revolvers and other weapons, formed an exhibit today to accompany a speech by Representative Tillson of Connecticut, former National Guard officer and member of the House military committee, urging that the United States should use the British army to equip its war effort.

Mr. Tillson declared that it would be impossible to manufacture enough American fighting tanks in time and that the only question was whether the United States should recharter the British fleet for American use.

He argued that there would be a great advantage in having any American force sent abroad use the same ammunition as the British.

Naval co-operation between the United States and the Allies against Germany is being negotiated largely in London, it was learned today, instead of here at Washington, as is the case with military and other aspects.

Admiral Sims, who was on his way to England when war was declared, and who has just returned to the Allied naval conference at Paris, is charged to speak for the American Government on the major questions of policy.

Planning Against Sub.

Admiral DeChaz, head of the naval contingent with the British war mission here, spent most of the day in the navy department, continuing conferences with bureau chiefs. He devoted himself to all sorts of discussions about submarines, means of hunting and trapping them, and lessons learned by the British in their long efforts to suppress the submarine menace.

In a general way he is acting as an intermediary to the British admiralty, and facilitating the technical negotiations between the British and American experts.

British and American officials, divided into eight sub-committees to discuss all the various phases of America's participation in the war, reached details today in their efforts to harmonize the conflicting opinions as to how America's aid may be made effective against Germany.

Conference of Labor.

Secretary Wilson of the department of labor tonight entertained the British labor leaders at dinner, and discussed with them the time and place of conferences to be held this week with American labor chiefs.

The visitors are anxious to begin the conferences as soon as possible, as it was with no little difficulty that they arranged to leave England at this time.

South Oxford Liberals Meeting on Friday Next

Will Be Addressed by Local Candidates and Hartley Dewart, of Toronto.

TILLSONBURG, May 7.—The annual meeting of the South Oxford Reform Association will be held in the opera house here on Friday afternoon, May 11, at 1 o'clock. Reports for the year will be presented, and officers elected.

Among the prominent speakers who will be present are: Hartley Dewart, M. L. A., Toronto; Malcolm S. Schell, and Dr. Rogers of Ingersoll, the local candidates. It is already assured that a large audience will greet Mr. Dewart on his first public appearance in the town. The women have been given a special invitation to attend.

The local members of Otter Lodge, No. 50, I. O. O. F., attended the Baptist Church Sunday morning to commemorate their 99th anniversary. They were addressed by the pastor, Rev. F. B. Loney, formerly of Toronto, who took for his subject "Divine Principles Revealed by the War." Despite the threatening weather more than 300 members were in line.

HINDENBURG'S FORCES BATTERED AND TORN BY BLOWS OF ALLIES

German Plans for Offensive Knocked "Sky-High."

THE FIGHT IS TO A FINISH

British Officers From Front Say No Question As To Result.

New York, May 8.—In a cable to the Tribune, Arthur S. Draper says: "The struggle on the western front has reached a point of intensity in the last two days, where the attempt to chronicle incidents is a mere futility."

"His retreat, battered, torn, perhaps bewildered, Hindenburg is now throwing every man of his cherished strategic reserve into the struggle, hoping to win a last, desperate victory."

For 10,000 miles a line of movement, or the capture of positions, are now being fought. Both forces are now engaged in a fight to a finish and the victories are not in the men put out of action.

The greatest accumulation of guns in the world's history fires unceasingly, killing men at an unprecedented rate, and the infantry follows up in a manner reminiscent of the bloodiest battles of medieval history.

Whatever plans Hindenburg had for an offensive against British must wait until he can reorganize his battered forces.

German Prisoners.

Since the first battle of Arras the Allies have taken nearly 50,000 prisoners in the west. The British have taken the enemy suffered five casualties for every prisoner, there is a minimum of 250,000 Germans killed and wounded last month, which gives a fair idea of the intensity and violence of the fighting at the two points of attack in France. It is likely that the casualties run an average of 10,000 daily.

If Russia is in a position to hit late, because the Allied offensive in the west has drawn many eastern divisions into the battle. Italy, too, may spring a surprise.

It would be foolish, however, to become too optimistic for the present. A battle is a costly business, not only to the enemy but to the Allies, and the pace is furious. The Allies' highest authorities seem wonderfully confident of a favorable decision. Every officer returning from the front area says now that there is no question of the result. Most of them expect a decisive victory this year.

STILL FIGHTING FOR BULLE COURT.

London, May 7.—The fighting between Germans throughout Monday were still engaged in violent fighting for possession of the town of Bulle Court, and also in the immediate region at Roux and between Fontaine and Hellecourt.

The British forces are now on the northern, western and eastern outskirts of Bulle Court, leaving only the southern part of it available for the Germans. The British are still inside. Unofficial reports have asserted that the British entered well into the town and that hand-to-hand fighting was going on.

Disaster for the Near Lens.

North of the sector the Germans report that heavy British attacks at Roux and between Fontaine and Hellecourt were repulsed during the day with sanguinary losses, while still further north in the region of Lens the British official communication records the attack on the newly-acquired British positions south of the Souchez River. The British rifle and machine gun fire entirely wiped out the German forces, which attacked in waves, while the supporting contingents were taken under direct artillery fire and barrage and forced to give up the effort.

French Prepare Another Thrust.

There is no continuation of the heavy infantry fighting of Sunday night on the French line northeast of Soissons, along the Chemin-des-Dames, although the artillery continued here everywhere are consolidating their gains and preparing for a fresh thrust against the German lines.

The Berlin war office claims that in Sunday night's fighting the Germans obtained local successes at numerous points, notably on the Wintterburg, the northern slope of which was recaptured and on the southern slope, from which the French were forced to retreat.

BLONDIN HAS TROUBLE AT FIRST BIG MEETING FOR QUEBEC RECRUITS

Montreal, May 7.—Lieut.-Col. the Hon. P. E. Blondin's recruiting campaign got off to a poor start in this city tonight when a big meeting at the Monument National, called in the interests of the French-Canadian Battalion, of which Col. Blondin is postmaster-general of Canada, is the commanding officer.

The trouble-makers were stationed in the gallery, and it was evident that they were organized, with half a dozen leaders. It was also evident that there was considerable drunkenness amongst them. None of the speakers received a half-respectful hearing though Major-General, and Senator Dandurand, who steered the program, were not molested.

clear of controversial subjects, fared the best. Sir Louis Taché, a former premier of the Province of Quebec, presided at the gathering and his appeals for order were made in vain. There was a large force of police present, but they did nothing to quell the disorder. Only the careful and tactful handling of the obstructionists by military officers and private soldiers in the rear of the hall might have ended in a free fight.

Blames Students.

Senator Charles Beaudin plainly told the interrupters what he thought of them, and he placed the blame on students. An officer of Laval O. P. C., who was in the gallery, called out that the students should not be blamed for the trouble. He said that the students were not the cause of the trouble, but that they were the cause of the trouble.

Blames Students.

Senator Charles Beaudin plainly told the interrupters what he thought of them, and he placed the blame on students. An officer of Laval O. P. C., who was in the gallery, called out that the students should not be blamed for the trouble. He said that the students were not the cause of the trouble, but that they were the cause of the trouble.

Blames Students.

Senator Charles Beaudin plainly told the interrupters what he thought of them, and he placed the blame on students. An officer of Laval O. P. C., who was in the gallery, called out that the students should not be blamed for the trouble. He said that the students were not the cause of the trouble, but that they were the cause of the trouble.

Blames Students.

Senator Charles Beaudin plainly told the interrupters what he thought of them, and he placed the blame on students. An officer of Laval O. P. C., who was in the gallery, called out that the students should not be blamed for the trouble. He said that the students were not the cause of the trouble, but that they were the cause of the trouble.

Blames Students.

Senator Charles Beaudin plainly told the interrupters what he thought of them, and he placed the blame on students. An officer of Laval O. P. C., who was in the gallery, called out that the students should not be blamed for the trouble. He said that the students were not the cause of the trouble, but that they were the cause of the trouble.

Blames Students.

Senator Charles Beaudin plainly told the interrupters what he thought of them, and he placed the blame on students. An officer of Laval O. P. C., who was in the gallery, called out that the students should not be blamed for the trouble. He said that the students were not the cause of the trouble, but that they were the cause of the trouble.

Blames Students.

Senator Charles Beaudin plainly told the interrupters what he thought of them, and he placed the blame on students. An officer of Laval O. P. C., who was in the gallery, called out that the students should not be blamed for the trouble. He said that the students were not the cause of the trouble, but that they were the cause of the trouble.

Blames Students.

Senator Charles Beaudin plainly told the interrupters what he thought of them, and he placed the blame on students. An officer of Laval O. P. C., who was in the gallery, called out that the students should not be blamed for the trouble. He said that the students were not the cause of the trouble, but that they were the cause of the trouble.

after saying Quebec had not done its duty. Other speakers included Lieut.-Col. Blondin, Hon. Jerome DeCarie, provincial secretary, and Capt. Gustave Lantot returned from the war.

Notwithstanding the din in the galleries, Col. Blondin managed to make his speech with some degree of success. "I enrolled of my own free will," he said, "and I am not here to force anyone to enlist. I ask only one thing now, and I believe I will get it. Respect those who enroll."

This was greeted with hoots from the gallery. Yells of disapproval followed a statement from the colonel that the French-Canadians owe their liberty to British institutions.

RINTELEN AND "THE WOLF" HEADED GERMAN PLOTTERS

New York, May 8.—When the trial of Capt. Franz Rintelen of the German navy and seven Americans charged with conspiracy to interfere with the Entente Allies munition traffic was resumed here today there were some 1,000 people in the courtroom.

The first direct evidence introduced to show that Henry B. Martin, a defendant, was the connecting link between two groups of alleged conspirators, one consisting of David Lamar, so-called "Wolf of Wall Street," and Rintelen, and the other of men active in the Labor National Peace Council, was put in the record yesterday.

It consisted of telegrams reporting progress of strikes in munition plants and showing the efforts of the peace council founders to stop the organization started. The telegrams, as the addresses and signatures showed, passed muster between Martin, David Lamar, former Representative

Frank Buchanan and H. Robert Fowler and Herman Schulteis, all defendants.

NATIONALISTS NOW LEADING IN QUEENSLAND ELECTIONS; THE LABOR PARTY IS ROUTED

Melbourne, Australia, May 8, Via London.—The Nationalists are now leading in the Senate election in Queensland, but the result there is still in doubt. Some returns, principally from absent soldiers, are still to come, but it is clear that the rout of the labor party is complete. Majorities for the Nationalist candidates for the Senate are increasing steadily.

Premier Hughes says the Government will have a majority of at least twenty in the House of Representatives. The newspapers estimate the Nationalists will have 50 seats and the Labor party 25 in the House.

SMALL GERMAN TRADESMEN ARE RUINED BY THE WAR

Copenhagen, via London, May 8.—Labor and fuel difficulties and the necessity of devoting all possible manhood resources to military requirements now spell ruin to the smaller German tradesmen, such as the bakers. The cost of the bigger and more economical establishments has rendered necessary the consolidation of the smaller businesses. This has been voluntary on the part of the Berlin bakers and compulsory in Hamburg, where the small men refused to follow suggestions to make an agreement with the bigger establishments.

Used for making hard and soft soap, for softening water, for cleaning, disinfecting and for over 500 other purposes.

REUSE SUBSTITUTES.

to follow suggestions to make an agreement with the bigger establishments.

MADE IN CANADA

GILLETTS LYE

NEW GILLETTS COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO ONT. CANADA

NUTRATED

The Power behind the Strong Men of Today

Dr. Ferdinand King, a New York Physician and Medical Author, says: "There can be no strong, vigorous, iron men nor beautiful, healthy, rosy-cheeked women without iron—Nuxated iron taken three times per day after meals will increase the strength and endurance of weak, nervous, rundown folks 100 per cent in two weeks' time in many instances. Avoid the old forms of metallic iron which may injure the teeth, corrode the stomach, and thereby do more harm than good. Take only organic iron—Nuxated iron." It is dispensed in this city by Standard Drug Company, Limited, and all good druggists.

Fruit Trees

A consignment of nicely-grown, clean, healthy well-rooted stock just received consisting of

APPLES, PEARS, PLUMS, CHERRIES, PEACHES

CALL AND SEE THESE.

Merryweather's Roses

The best in the world; a large shipment just received, representing 25 of the best varieties.

Hardy Hybrid, Ever-Blooming Teas, Hybrid Perpetuals

All in splendid condition, metal weather proof label attached and roots wrapped in moss.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO OVERLOOK THESE. SALE THIS WEEK.

Darch & Hunter Seed Co., Limited

REMOVING TYPEWRITER

This new invention permits your typist to keep her eyes on her copy. The machine doesn't have to be looked at, or the scale watched. The time saving is automatic. There is no other typewriter like this. Fully protected by Remington patents.

The Self Starter, while adding to speed, adds nothing to the cost of the typewriter. It is part of the machine.

Try the time saver on your own letters. We are constantly making demonstrations throughout the city—they involve no obligation on your part. Shall we put you on the list? Write or phone us. Descriptive folders also mailed on request.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO., (Limited)

71 Dundas St., London, Ont.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

The day will end for you as fresh as it begins—if you take Eno's each morning

ALBERTA NOW BLESSED WITH GOOD WORK WEATHER

More Oats and Barley Being Sown This Year.

EDMONTON, May 7.—The backward weather in this district was broken during the week-end and Edmonton district is now enjoying weather well suited to spring farm operations. Certain districts report a quarter to a third of the seeding completed. There will be little, if any, increase in wheat acreage, but about 15 to 20 per cent more land will be in corn this year, most of it being under oats and barley.

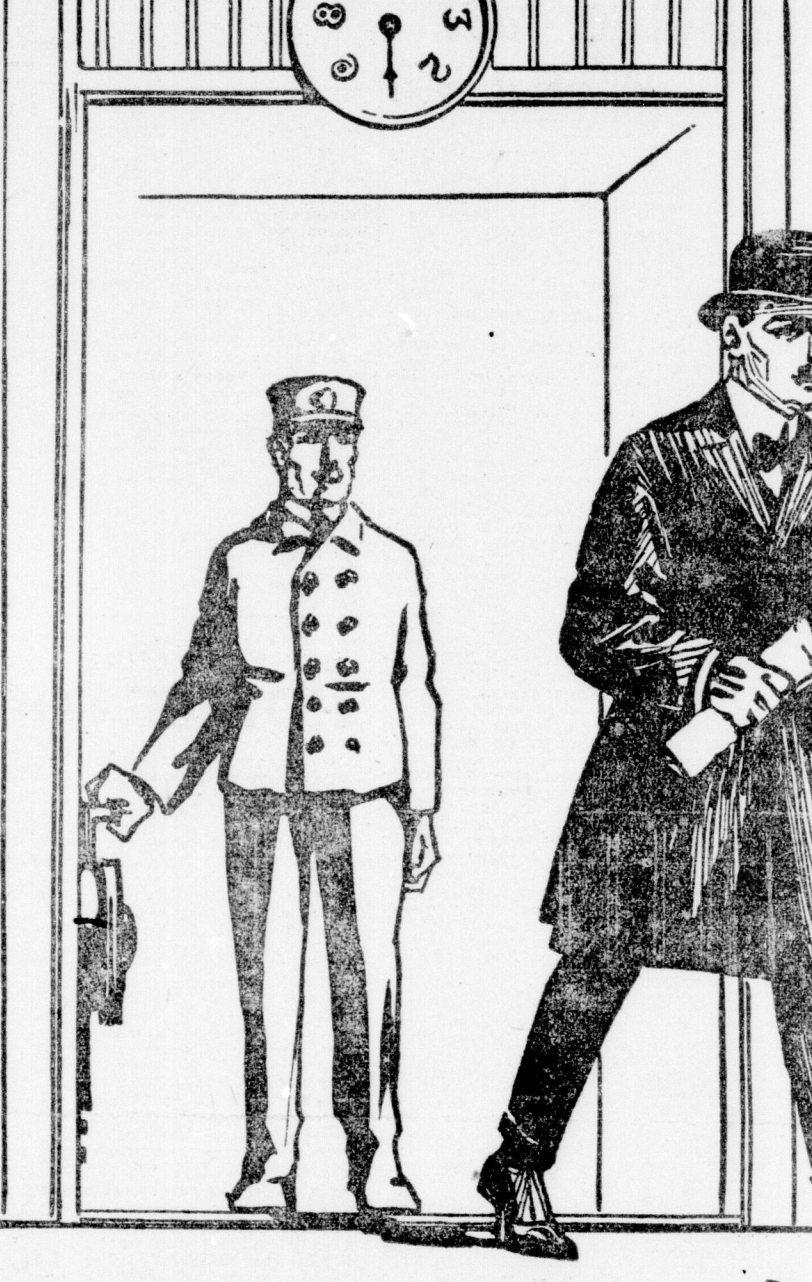
SOWN IN IDEAL BED.

SASKATOON, May 7.—Wheat seeding in Saskatchewan is 40 per cent completed, according to Murdoch Cameron, revee of Cory rural municipality, and seed is being sown on a bed which he describes as ideal. In his opinion there will be a decrease in wheat acreage of full 25 per cent, due to lateness of seeding. This, he thinks, will be partly offset by an increased acreage of oats and other early ripening grains, but even allowing for this there will be far more land summer-fallowed this year than was planted by the farmers.

HUNS WANT NEW HYMN

Berlin, May 7.—Via London, May 8.—Germany wants a new national hymn. The present anthem, "Hail to the Victory," is objected to on the ground that its music is not stirring enough and that its similarity to the English national anthem has been a constant source of embarrassment to German merchants and officials abroad.

A committee of men well known in the world of religion, arts and letters has issued a call for manuscripts of a national anthem which shall be popular in words and music.



RIGA PURGATIVE WATER

RIGA PURGATIVE WATER CO., Montreal

MACLURE & LANGLEY, LIMITED, Toronto.—Ontario Distributors

25c a bottle

RIGA PURGATIVE WATER

ENERGY and vim, eagerness to handle the day's work,—what chance have you to feel this way unless you first look after your health?

The greatest menace to good health is constipation. Desk work, insufficient exercise, too much food and too little time spent in eating it, all these impose penalties that often result in chronic constipation.

Your brain slows up, there is a feeling of laziness and listlessness. Pills or cathartics are resorted to. These, however, only serve to aggravate the condition.

What the system needs is not drugging, but a thorough cleansing, such as RIGA WATER will give. Riga Water flushes the entire digestive and eliminative system and thus encourages natural and regular movements.

Taken but a short time, Riga produces beneficial results, brings about normal bowel activity and supplants languor, mental dullness and physical apathy with buoyant, normal health. Its action is mild and certain, with none of that debilitating effect which one so often feels after an astringent purgative is taken.

Recommended by Physicians. Sold by all Druggists.