Trans-Canada Highway Act

brought the federal government share to \$250 million. Then the dateline for completion was set for the end of December 1960. Finally, under the third amendment, the federal government provided the provinces with additional help, agreeing to pay 90 per cent of construction costs on 10 per cent of the total highway mileage in each of the provinces.

Results proved that that offer, particularly under the third amendment I just mentioned, that is the 90 per cent formula, was welcomed by all provinces. And that is why the federal government expenditure increased considerably during the last two fiscal years.

Besides, on the minister's own admission and according to figures he gave us on introducing this resolution, construction work on the highway was stepped up from 1956 on. In fact, he said that from March 31, 1956 to this day, that is, in the last three years, \$236.5 million worth of works were approved, compared to \$225.8 million during the sixyear period from 1950 to 1956.

I think it is only fair to say that the progress which has been achieved to date is largely due to the former Liberal administrato help the provinces complete this highway as fast as possible.

When those amendments were introduced in March 1956-I remember it quite well for it was in a way, my maiden effort, having been entrusted by the minister on that occasion to introduce the resolution to the ernment should pay the whole cost.

this time. In short, they claimed that the federal government contribution at the time was practically non-existent.

Even the present Minister of Public Works (Mr. Green), though a cautious man, felt obliged to join in the discussion and to berate the former government rather sternly. He might go over, with much interest indeed, the recommendations or proposals he made to the house on April 16, 1956. He might reread his own remarks to great advantage, not only to himself, but to the whole population of Canada if he decided, now that the matter is under his responsibility, to translate into fact the suggestions he made at that

Well, Mr. Chairman, that is why I was so disappointed, in reading this resolution, to find that the hon. minister and his government have so soon forgotten the great things they promised when they sat in the opposition. However, this comes as no surprise, because this is not the first time this government has forgotten its promises. There have been several cases since the government took office.

The act passed by the former government was not so bad, because not a single comma tion, which had devised this new formula of the old act has been changed, and you have followed exactly the same procedure as we followed when we were sitting on that side of the house.

Moreover, Mr. Chairman, I feel that the members of the committee expected that when the minister would introduce this resolution, he would tell us what action the house—we ran into bitter criticism and blame government has in mind in the way of by many members who are now on the gov- assistance to the provinces for the improveernment side. I do not intend, Mr. Chairman, ment and modernization of our national to quote all the remarks made at the time, highway system. Indeed, according to forenor refer to the nice promises of the Min- casts, the present trans-Canada highway will ister of Justice (Mr. Fulton), of the Minister probably be completed by the end of next of Transport (Mr. Hees) and of the member year. It seems to me then that we should who might become the parliamentary assist- know a year in advance what the governant to the present Minister of Public Works. ment is planning for the future. I hope that However, on that occasion, they made no the minister also will tell us if he intends bones about charging the government of the to call a conference this year and bring today with doing too little and too late. They gether the provincial ministers of highways criticized us for not paying 90 per cent of to discuss that matter with them—as was the highway cost; some of them possibly done in 1955 under the previous administrawent too far, even suggesting that the gov- tion-so that they know of government plans for the future.

We were accused of leaving the whole re- As the committee knows, one province only, sponsibility to the provinces, of refusing to the province of Quebec, did not join that take charge of the maintenance of the high- program. It is certainly not because there way after its completion, and many other is no need for it in our province as well as things that would be too long to mention at in the others, but because of the stubborn

[Mr. Batten.]