The Organization was already therefore in a most unsatisfactory state of financial health in July, 1960 when the Congo operation was launched. The immediate cash outlook is particularly bleak because the assessment notices for the 1960 costs of the Congo operation unavoidably did not reach member states until 1961, and because the Assembly established an <u>ad hoc</u> account for the Congo, to which, judging from the UNEF precedent, member states may again not pay their assessments as rapidly as they do the regular budget.

My Delegation believes that the time has now come to decrease the dangerous reliance which the Secretary-General must place on <u>ad hoc</u> procedures such as borrowing from special accounts, from governments, or from commercial sources. To this end we would suggest that the following steps be considered:

I. Member states who are in arrears in respect of the regular budget and the UNEF Special Account should be urged once again to meet these arrears. If they cannot do so immediately, they might consider making monthly payments (as was suggested in this Committee last Fall), or they might make partial "payments. The fewer the countries which are in arrears, the more likely it will be that legislatures and parliaments will agree to any short term advances which may later still prove necessary.

2. The Secretary-General should be instructed to send out the assessment notices for the 1961 costs of the Congo operation, as soon as the Assembly passes the required financing resolution.

3. Member states should again be urged to pay all their current assessments as early in the year as possible. The current assessments are the costs of the Congo operation in 1960 and 1961, the 1961 regular budget and the 1961 UNEF costs.

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