

BRUNNERIA Saussure.

A single female specimen of this genus, remarkable for its peculiar antennæ, is in my collection, collected by Aaron on the Gulf Coast of Texas. It is distinct from the species heretofore described, all four of which come from S. America, the genus being unknown in Mexico and Central America. It may be called *B. borealis*. It is completely apterous, very elongate and slender, greenish with a ferruginous tinge which is predominant on the thorax; the antennæ, pallid at base, are pale ferruginous in the swollen portion, growing luteous beyond; the posterior part of the pronotum is three times as long as the anterior and is rather distinctly beaded with tubercles or blunt spinules along its lateral margins; the supra-anal plate is sublanceolate, much longer than its basal breadth, and the cerci slender, delicately tapering, about half as long as the fore femora. Length of body about 50 mm.; of antennæ about 12 mm. This specimen is doubtless immature, for a second, much larger, mature specimen from Texas, obtained by A. Agassiz, is in the Museum of Comp. Zoology. It has short and broad tegmina, reaching only the middle of the metanotum, and the body is 88 mm. long.

OLIGONYX Saussure.

Three species belonging to this genus, as latterly restricted, have been described from the United States: *O. Scudderi* Sauss., from Georgia; *O. Uhleri* Stål, from Louisiana; and *O. bollianus* Sauss.-Zehntn., from Texas and Northern Mexico. The first has also been credited, by Stål, to Texas, and is figured under this name by Glover (Ill. N. A. Ent., Orth., pl. 16, fig. 11, ♀), and as *Mantis missouriensis* Riley, by the same (Ibid., pl. 13, fig. 11, ♂). Whether these nominal species are distinct from one another I have not now sufficient means of deciding. *O. Scudderi*, though labelled as coming from Georgia, was originally thought by Saussure to really come from Central America, but he is now evidently of a different opinion, as it is not included in the *Biologia Centrali-Americana*. I have a specimen from Carolina which agrees with his description of *O. Scudderi*, and an immature specimen, apparently of this genus and about 6 mm. long, was found with others running about in a house in Water-ville, N. Y., and sent to Mr. J. A. Lintner with enquiries. It proved to have probably hatched from eggs accidentally sent in the "moss" (*Usnea*) used in packing a barrel of oranges from Florida. So the genus occurs in the South-eastern States. My Carolina specimen is a trifle