

CANADA.

CANADA.—OPENING OF THE PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.—His Excellency the Governor General opened the Legislature of Canada on the 2nd instant, with the following speech:

Honorable General of the Legislative Council, and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly.

It gives me sincere gratification to meet you, that we may deliberate on the important interests confided to our charge.

The representations which have proceeded from this and the neighboring Provinces on the subject of the Post Office, have engaged the anxious consideration of the Imperial Government. I am enabled to inform you, that Her Majesty's Ministers are prepared to surrender to the Provincial Authorities, the control of that Department, as soon as by concert between the several Legislatures, arrangements shall be made for securing to British North America the advantage of an efficient and uniform Post-office system.

By a Statute passed during the last Session of the Imperial Parliament, the Colonial Legislatures are empowered to repeal differential duties, heretofore imposed in the Colonies in favour of British Produce. It is probable that by exercising this power you may be enabled to benefit the consumer without injury to the Revenue. I commend the subject to your consideration, and I shall lay before you certain communications relating to it, which I have received from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies, and from the Lieutenant Governors of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

Measures will be submitted to you for extending more generally Warehousing facilities to Inland Ports, and for effecting other improvements in our commercial system, all of which will, I am sure, engage your attention.

In pursuance of an address presented by the House of Assembly during the course of last session, inquiries have been instituted with the view of ascertaining the practicability and probable cost of the construction of a Railway between Quebec and Halifax. A survey of the proposed line has been undertaken by the Imperial Government, and is still in progress.

I shall submit for your information a Despatch from the Secretary of State, describing the course which Her Majesty's Government propose to take in order to remedy the inconvenience which the Provinces of British North America appear to have sustained from the operation of the Imperial Statute for the protection of Copyright.

In view of the large Immigration which may be expected to take place this year, measures have been adopted for providing additional accommodation and Medical attendance for the sick; and for increasing the means of forwarding the destitute to places where their labour may be required. An increased grant has been made by the Imperial Parliament in aid of this service. Although it is to be feared that there may be much want and suffering among certain classes of Immigrants who arrive this season, I have reason to believe that they will be accompanied by a greater number than usual of persons possessed of a capital who are likely to prove an acquisition to the Province.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I have directed the Accounts of the Revenue and Expenditure of the past year, with the estimates for the current year, to be laid before you.

I observe with satisfaction that there is an increase in the revenue derived from Public works.

I rely on your making such provision for the maintenance of the establishments and credit of the Province as may be necessary to support the high character for probity and good faith which Canada has at all times maintained.

Honorable Gentlemen and Gentlemen:

We have reason to bless Providence for our exemption from the calamity of famine with which another part of the Empire has been so sorely afflicted, and I congratulate you on the liberality which the Inhabitants of this Colony, of all classes and origins, have evinced in contributing to the relief of their suffering fellow subjects.

I cannot refrain from adverting to the fact that among those whose generosity has been so conspicuous on this trying occasion, are our Indian Brethren.

The occurrences of the past year, though in some measure exceptional, indicate that there is a growing demand in Europe for the produce of this Continent, and render it highly important, that the Inhabitants of Canada should improve to the utmost, its natural advantages, and those which attach to it, as an integral part of an Empire, abounding in wealth and population.

I feel confident that you will duly appreciate the responsibility which rests on Parliament at this juncture, and that you will endeavour, by wise Legislation, to afford all practicable extension and development to the trade and productive capabilities of the Province, and to give its institutions that hold on the affections of the people, which is the foundation of public and private credit, and the best security for social progress.

In all measures calculated to effect these important objects, I am prepared heartily to co-operate with you, and I am authorized to renew the assurance of the earnest desire of Her Majesty's Queen, to promote to prosperity Canada and the happiness of its people.

After the delivery of the speech, His Excellency retired, under a salute nineteen guns. The weather was extremely propitious, and a large crowd of spectators cordially cheered His Excellency on his arrival and departure to the Parliament House.

Quarantine Station—Quebec. The number of ships at the station on the 1st inst. was about thirty; sick emigrants in hospital under 1100; not sick, but detained under the quarantine regulation about 10,000.

The total number of deaths in the hospitals up to the 29th inst. was 110; the majority consisting of young children. The number of orphans which have been estimated at a hundred amounts to twenty, and they receive milk and nourishment from compassionate, who are paid for the duty. Dysentery is the disease which has caused the greatest number of deaths. The patients generally are persons who embarked in ill-health. Six medical men are in attendance at the station, and several ships are at rapid execution. The vessels visited by R. S. Jones Esq. with an offer of provisions, he found none of them in need of oatmeal or biscuit, but they readily accepted the tea, sugar, pork and soft bread he had to offer them.

Electric Telegraph.—It is stated in the Quebec Mercury of the 5th inst. that a contract has been entered into by the British North America Electric Telegraph Association for the construction of the line to the confines of New Brunswick. Mr. Ezra Cornell, of Ithaca, (N. Y.) agent for the construction of the Troy and Canada Junction Telegraph Company, has undertaken the work, which will be commenced without delay.

LIVER FROM MEXICO.—New Orleans papers contain advices from Brazil and Vera Cruz to the 24th of May.

Forty guerrillas had been captured near the Brazos, and sixteen near Vera Cruz.

General Worth entered Puebla on the 15th of May. Santa Anna, with 10,000 men, fled before him, towards the capital. Gen. Valencia, it was reported, was between Puebla and the capital, with fifteen thousand men, determined to give Worth battle.

Capt. Mayo captured Jalisco on the 13th inst. and while returning from the town, was fired upon, and Mississippian Pringle and fifteen men were wounded.

A train with supplies for the army had been captured by the enemy.

Herrera was elected President, on the 15th of May, by a convocation congress. Santa Anna was also a candidate, but he was not known how many votes he received.

The town of Montalva has surrendered to the Captain of the United States ship of war Germantown, but was afterwards retaken by three hundred Mexicans.

The schooner Fraternity, at Manila, had been boarded by 36 armed men, stripped of cargo and burned.

Some fears are entertained that Gen. Worth's despatches were cut off, as none have been received at Jalapa or Vera Cruz.

Letters from Orizaba report that Gen. Scott is sick at Jalapa, and would not proceed toward the Capital until the newly appointed Peace Commissioners (probably meaning Mr. Trist) from the United States would reach him.

Santa Anna, at the last accounts, was exerting himself to increase the army, which he was augmenting rapidly.

The Government were making great exertions to carry on the war, and were fortifying the Capital, the church contributing liberally, and exerting its influence towards raising the men. Enlistments were said to be going on rapidly.

An American baggage wagon containing \$80,000 in specie, had been captured.

It was reported that a party of Guerrillas had attacked General Taylor's wagon trains, and that in the melee General Taylor had been wounded.

The Bishop of Oaxaca had contributed twenty thousand dollars for the prosecution of the war, and the churches were giving their plate, &c., for the same purpose.

By Telegraph for the Philadelphia Bulletin.

FROM CHIHUAHUA.

Col. Doniphan's Return.—Insurrection of Price's Command—Outrage against the Law—The Civil Government Powerless—Indian Depredations—Trials for Treason.

St. Louis, June 3.

Intelligence from Chihuahua up to April 3d has been received here, via Santa Fe.

On that day Col. Doniphan, Col. Mitchell, and Major Clark, started on the route to Patate, with their entire command, except four companies left to guard the city.

The cause of Col. Doniphan's return to Chihuahua has now been definitely ascertained to have been a contemplated outbreak by that department.

There have been twelve executions for murder.

Two more cases of treason were to have been tried, being set down for the 2d May.

Great complaints are made of the incapacity of Col. Price.

The 5th regiment Illinois volunteers for Santa Fe, is now complete and ready to start.

The first regiment of Tennessee volunteers, which entered the service a year ago a thousand strong, has just arrived at New Orleans numbering only three hundred and fifty.

The others have laid their bones in Mexico—and for what?

From Bermuda.—We have our dates to the 5th of May. The Royal Gazette of the 4th says of the potato crop—

It is a most gratifying circumstance to be able now to observe, that we have not up to the present period, heard of one instance, where the rot has attacked the potatoes in these islands this year. In the early part of the season some apprehension was entertained that the plague had reappeared, but such proved not to be the case. The potatoes now gathering, though excellent, are not so numerous or as large as usual—this may be attributed to the want of seasonal weather soon after planting. The quantity of seed planted this season was much less than it would have been, had not the rot attacked the potato the past year.

It is to be hoped the crop, in other quarters of the world, will prove as sound as the Bermuda crop.

From British Guiana.—By the schooner Globe, Capt. Seelye, we have files of the Royal Gazette, (Georgetown, B. G.) to the 14th inst. inclusive. An extensive seizure of gunpowder was recently made in that post by the Customs. On the 9th ultimo, one of the Colonial Aid-Deputies was placed in charge of the Charlotte, a brigantine recently arrived from Philadelphia with an assorted cargo.

Suspicious appearances arising, a detention was made by that functionary on the 21st, and subsequently a seizure effected on the 25th by one of the Queen's officers of Customs. The result has been the forfeiture of 300 kegs, and 80 boxes of gunpowder, the whole of which were deposited on the 15th in the Royal Magazine and the fort.

The weight of the powder is estimated at six to seven thousand rounds. There is a positive prohibition against the importation of gunpowder, within the limits of any British settlement in foreign bottoms. It is supposed that the destination of this gunpowder was part of the Spanish Main to leeward, to which the brigantine would probably have run with her wretched freight after clearing out from the river. Whether any military or political object was connected with this cargo has not transpired; but considering the unsettled state of many portions of the Spanish Main, we think the affirmative presumption extremely probable.

APPREHENSION OF SCARCITY.

The news from Great Britain of the high price of provisions, and their scarcity, created something like a panic in the city. It was soon ascertained that the quantity of Flour held in store, was not equal to more than a fortnight's supply, which did not tend to lessen the alarm. Holders immediately asked \$15 and \$18 per bbl. and next morning the article had risen to \$14. Some of the Bakers took advantage of the turn, and shamefully imposed upon the community by asking no less than \$14 currency for a two-pound loaf—others we are glad to say showed that they had a conscience—all people began to think that we were about to feel the famine in earnest. The groups of pauper Irish emigrants lying about the streets heightened the dismal impression. The news by the returned Steamship from the United States was anxiously looked for, as upon the accounts she would bring, depended the realization or dispersion of anticipations which had become exceedingly gloomy.

The Royal Mail Steamship Britannia came in on Thursday last from Boston, and the intelligence she brought, we are glad to say, has relieved apprehension, not only for ourselves, but also relates to the scarcity in the Mother Country. There can be no doubt that the presumed scarcity in the latter has been brought about, mainly by the operations of speculators calculating largely upon the inability of the United States to supply the British market, and hoarding their stocks in expectation of an enormous advance. The news by the Britannia will dispel the illusion. The immense granaries of the western territory of the Union, have been opened by the removal of the icy fetters of winter, and are in full disbursement of their stores of flour, wheat, corn, and all kind of provision for man. There is every probability that more of these articles than will fill all the ships that can be procured to carry them, will arrive in a fortnight, hence at the various seaports of the United States—and the consequence will be a material reduction in price. Already has flour declined a dollar per bbl. in New York; and though it may not be expected that a very great decline in price will take place before the next harvest, a reasonable hope is afforded, that in two or three weeks hence Flour may again be brought at retail in the Halifax market, at 88 per bbl.—Standard.

The Small Pox at Yarmouth, N. S.—We learn from the Yarmouth Herald of the 7th inst. that Mr. George Allen, of Kelly's Cove, when recently in Boston, took the small pox. He returned home and being unconscious of the disease, that was lurking in his physical system, went out in a small vessel on a fishing cruise. Having been attacked by the malady, he returned home on Saturday, and unfortunately went into the bosom of his own family. There can be little doubt that others of the crew (consisting of seven) and most of his own family are infected. The Board of Health met on Sunday, and adopted decisive measures to prevent the disease from spreading. The Herald adds—We advise every body, by immediate vaccination, to avert the extension of a malady which has hitherto been so destructive of human life.

The following Address of the June Grand Jury, to JAMES WHITE, Esquire, the late venerable and greatly respected and esteemed High Sheriff for this City and County, with Mr. W.'s reply thereto, have been handed to us for insertion, which we have much pleasure in complying with.—Weekly Observer.

TO JAMES WHITE ESQUIRE.

Late High Sheriff of the City and County of St. John.

SIR,—The Grand Jury for the City and County of St. John, on this their first meeting since your retirement from public life, beg to express their high esteem and approbation for the manner in which you have for many years discharged the duties connected with the very responsible office of High Sheriff for this City and County.

And now that you have withdrawn into private life, the Jury beg to express the high regard which they have all times entertained for you not only in your official capacity, but as a Gentleman, respected and beloved by your fellow citizens; and that you may yet be spared to enjoy many years of comfort and happiness in the bosom of your family, is the sincere wish of,

Sir, Your most obedient humble servants.

[On behalf of the Jurors.] JAMES ROBERTSON, Foreman. Grand Jury Room, 3d June, 1847.

[MR. WHITE'S REPLY.]

GENTLEMEN.—On retiring from an important public office held by me for thirty years, it is most gratifying to me to find that my discharge of its various duties during that period, and my personal intercourse with my fellow citizens during life, have won for me the warmest expressions of respect and esteem from all classes of the community.

For the very kind manner in which you, Gentlemen, as the Grand Jury of this City and County, have been pleased to speak of my past life, and for your wishes for the comfort and happiness of my remaining years, I offer you my warmest thanks.

In conclusion, Gentlemen, accept, one and all, my heartfelt wishes for your prosperity and happiness in every relation of life.

J. WHITE.

To the Foreman and Gentlemen of the Grand Jury for the City and County of Saint John, 3d June, 1847.

THE IRON STEAMER.—The Steamer Conqueror, recently purchased at Liverpool by Messrs. W. H. Seaton & Co., to ply between Shediac, Pictou and Prince Edwards Island, arrived on Wednesday last at Shediac, in 36 days from Liverpool.—Courier.

We have frequently ventured to predict the evils which must result from the abuse of one of the noblest resources with which any Country was ever blessed;—we mean that most and ruinous speculation in Lumbering, which annually drains the Province of its circulating medium, and lays waste the most fair and fertile portions of the Country.

When hired labour is raised to a pitch which precludes the cultivation of the Soil, nay, when the very owners of the Soil leave their comfortable homes and rich Farms, to speculate in the Woods in winter, and in the very planting Season to follow the course of their Logs and Timber along the River, what can be expected but destitution and poverty? Houses forsaken, Land laid waste, Farms mortgaged; Families ruined, these are a few of the effects of the Lumber mania, and all attended with the unfortunate circumstances, that from the injury sustained by the deluded operatives, no direct benefit is reaped in the Province; our money—the fruit of our labor—all passes into the hands of strangers.

During the present Spring when all the energies of our Farming population should be roused to the importance of their calling, we fear little has been done in the upper sections of the Country in cultivating the Soil. The Farms are literally deserted, and should another year like the last, drain the American Market for the population of Europe, heaven only knows whether we may not be called upon to suffer under a similar manner with our fellow subjects on the other side of the Atlantic.

A Gentleman who left the Grand Falls a few days ago informs us, that during the whole route from that station to this City he saw only one man employed in Agriculture! The whole male population were employed in Rafting, Milling, and Stream-driving! What a picture, in a Country which has few to excel it in fertility on the face of the Globe!—Fredericton Reporter.

The Sons of Temperance made an excellent display here on Wednesday evening. About 70 of them met at the Temperance Hall, which was densely crowded, while Alexander Campbell, Esq., from St. Stephen, delivered an excellent Lecture on the advantages and requirements of the Order.—Ibid.

Enterprise.—Mr. Spalding performed a feat with his Tow Boat, which is not unworthy of public notice; and, as we are informed, the first of the sort which has ever been accomplished at the same height of water. He started from Fredericton for Woodstock with a large Tow Boat when the freshest in the

John River was at its highest; the towing path between, of course, in many places some yards under water, and by dint of persevering succeeded in getting her up to Woodstock in about eight days. Wherever a tree or anything else appeared, to which a line could be made fast to pull the boat along, it was taken advantage of, and although for the first three days he only made five miles headway, he continued to persevere until he accomplished the feat which he had undertaken. The distance is upwards of sixty miles.—Head Quarters.

Great Conflagration in Bucharest.—On the 4th of April, one of those dreadful fires which are the curse of Turkey, broke out in Bucharest, the capital of Wallachia. It was blowing a violent Southeast wind at the time, and the fire after raging most intensely for twenty-four hours, ceased for want of fuel, having consumed in its progress upwards of two thousand houses and twenty-seven public establishments. The loss of property is immense, and has been variously estimated at £1,000,000 to £2,500,000. To account for this apparently exaggerated loss, it is necessary to mention that not a single stone counting house or fire proof magazine existed the intense fury of the flames. According to our correspondent, 500 respectable houses are all that remain of the one flourishing Bucharest.

TAHITI—Conquered at Last.—Advices from the French Governor (Brast) of the Georgian Islands, dated 1st January, say that on the 17th of the previous month, the fort of Patahau, which had been deemed impregnable, was carried by the French and their native allies.

It was fully expected at Tahiti that the Queen would also yield, more particular as her husband has long been urging her to do so. The next bone of contention will be the Society Islands, all of which the French claim sovereignty over, on the plea that they were all a long tributary to the Georgian Islands, now in their possession. The French Admiral has instructions not to insist on their possession for the present, and it is hoped that their independence will be acknowledged by the English Government, and acquiesced in by that of France.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREW'S, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16, 1847.

Charlotte County Bank.

Hon. HARRIS HAVEN, President. Director next week—J. W. Street. T. B. Watson, Esq., Solicitor. Discount Day—TUESDAY.

Hours of Business, from 10 to 2. Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday otherwise they must lie over until next week.

St. Andrews and Work House.

Commissioners—R. M. Andrews, R. Ker Jacob Paul, Thomas Berry, John Bailey.

St. Andrews.

Steam Mills and Manufacturing Company R. M. ANDREWS, Esq., President. Director this week—F. A. Babcock. J. Wetmore, Agent.

Saint Stephens Bank.

G. D. KING, Esq., President. Director next week—Wm. Todd. Discount Day—SATURDAY. Hours of business, from 10 to 1.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST RATES.

Liverpool, May 19 Montreal, June 2 London, May 18 Quebec, June 8 Edinburgh, May 16 Halifax, June 13 Paris, May 1 New York, June 13 Toronto, May 29 Boston, June 14

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.—By a Telegraphic report at New York on the 11th inst. from Fredericksburgh, letters had been received at New Orleans from the City of Mexico dated 21st May, bringing intelligence that Santa Anna had arrived at the Capital on the 19th, and that the populace had showered curses and even stones upon him. It is said he escaped with difficulty, protected by his friends to the palace.

MORE TROUBLE FOR THE UNITED STATES.

From a correspondence in the Journal of Commerce, dated Washington, June 9, we learn that the American Government have assumed an insolent and menacing tone towards the Government of Brazil, which it is said, will eventually lead to a war. The principles, set forth in Gen. Scott's proclamation apply strongly to Brazil. The U. S. Government, it is said, has not disclaimed these principles.

The Brazilian Ministers will be recalled, in consequence of his having made explanations, instead of asking apologies, in reference to the difficulties between the two governments.

Strawberries, cherries, grapes and green peas are plenty in the markets at Philadelphia, at high prices however.

The Boston Transcript says, Tom Thumb has "wood and won a little maid" and is to be married in a short time. She is 16 years old, weighs 19½ lbs. and is 30 inches high. Their united weight is fifty pounds!

Flour.—Large sales of flour in the New York Market at 88, nessee, and 88, 69 for Michigan day last.

FREIGHTS 4s. is the asking pool. Money is very plenty.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—Sa have been effected to day 300 37½—Corn Meal \$5 31 to \$5 37½ yellow corn sold at \$1 14 to.

ARRIVAL OF EMIGRANTS AT MICHIGAN.—The following melancholy account of the ship Looetank, Capt. Thain, from Liverpool, with 467 emigrants, having put on the 2d inst. in distress, having suffered by disease, and the destruction of four, were laid up with a Clemer says—

The usual quiet of our life considerably disturbed on Thursday last, by the appearance of a Henderson's wharf, and one collected, and put on board 1100 Joseph Conrad furnished with written instructions to the ship's crew, which was a dance, fresh provisions, bread the Poor Commissioners being directly set about collecting the credit of the inhabitants was responded to. In a short time of beef bread, and other collected, and put on board 1100 Joseph Conrad furnished with written instructions to the ship's crew, which was a dance, fresh provisions, bread the Poor Commissioners being directly set about collecting the credit of the inhabitants was responded to. In a short time of beef bread, and other collected, and put on board 1100 Joseph Conrad furnished with written instructions to the ship's crew, which was a dance, fresh provisions, bread the Poor Commissioners being directly set about collecting the credit of the inhabitants was responded to. 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