

## The Advertiser

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God's in his heaven,  
All's right with the world.

—(BROWNING.)

If you trust in God and yourself  
you can surmount every obstacle. Do  
not yield to restless anxiety. One  
must not always be asking what may  
happen to one in life, but one must  
advance fearlessly and bravely.

—(PRINCE BISMARCK.)

London, Saturday, Sept. 23.

—Only those communications to which the  
writers are willing to have their names ap-  
peared in print will be published in these  
columns.

## EVER ON THE DEFENSIVE.

It was appropriate that the leader of a  
Government that has done so much for the  
whisky manufacturers of the Dominion  
should make his first address in that  
capacity at a banquet given to the repre-  
sentative of the distillers in the House of  
Commons—Mr. Corby, M.P., of Belleville.  
Once more Sir John Thompson appeared on  
the defensive. His speech throughout,  
while promising tariff changes, was an  
apology for further doing the bidding of  
the monopoly holders. He reaffirmed his  
intention of resisting the demands made by  
the farmers, by the workmen, by the  
independent manufacturers, for a tariff for  
revenue only. The "protective" system,  
whether popular or unpopular, must re-  
main while the present Government  
holds office, is his ultimatum. This  
declaration, read in the light of the state-  
ment recently made by Finance Minister  
Foster, and not yet alleged to have been  
uttered in "a moment of weakness"—that a  
50 per cent. tariff will be maintained if  
deemed necessary by the manipulators—  
shows how little faith need be placed by  
"tariff for revenue only" voters in the men  
now in power at Ottawa. The country  
needs a change.

—The cable brings the information that  
the Governor of New Zealand has signed  
the Women's Enfranchisement Bill and the  
measure is now law. New Zealand is thus  
the pioneer among British colonies in  
granting woman her natural rights to a  
share in the making of the laws that she  
must obey. Women will vote in the New  
Zealand Parliamentary elections for the  
first time in December next. Will Canada  
continue to remain behind in the progres-  
sive race?

## NO FEAR OF REVENUE.

The Toronto Empire, which is main-  
tained by the chief members of the combi-  
nes to sustain "protection" at all hazards, says:  
"The great question with both parties is:  
How shall a revenue be raised?"  
This is scarcely a fair way to put it. The  
great question with the men now in power  
at Ottawa is: How shall a revenue be  
squandered? The expenditure could be re-  
duced enormously, and the revenue could  
be added to with ease by taking off taxes.  
The more a tariff "protects" the less  
revenue there is. Sir Robert Peel added to  
the British revenue a very large sum annu-  
ally by reducing the rate of taxation on im-  
ports. Why should we not have a tariff for  
revenue only collected on this plan?

## LEFT-HANDED ENCOURAGEMENT.

The following appears in the Toronto  
News:

"Fred. T. Trebilcock, manager of the  
Canada Smelting and Refining Works, of  
London, was in the city yesterday on his  
way from Ottawa. 'About fifteen months  
ago,' he said, 'we went into this smelt-  
ing business. It was our intention to buy  
large quantities of jewelers' sweeps and  
photographers' waste in the United States,  
bring it over to Canada, extract the gold  
and silver bullion and sell it again in New  
York. A year ago we bought a lot of  
this waste in Buffalo and when it came  
over here it was detained in the custom-  
house. There was no duty provided  
for this waste, and gold and silver bullion  
is on the free list. In spite of all this they  
detained our raw material and asked 20 per  
cent. upon it. I saw N. Clarke Wallace  
and he promised to see the Ministers and  
have the matter remedied. It was never  
done. I saw Hon. Geo. E. Foster and he  
said he saw no reason why our stuff should  
not be let come in. He would tell Mr.  
Wallace and in ten days we were to have  
it. That was six months ago. I have  
been to Ottawa half a dozen times and  
have seen members of Parliament and  
Ministers all the way from Windsor to  
Montreal. And still our factory is at a  
standstill in this particular line. We  
either must have that stuff come in free or  
we must move our factory to the United  
States. All we want is the privilege of  
manufacturing in Canada. The raw material  
comes from the United States and the  
product is all shipped back there. But we  
cannot get any satisfaction and our factory  
has been put back a year. They promise  
freely enough at Ottawa, but you cannot  
get them to perform—that is the trouble."  
Is it not about time that there was a  
shaking up of the dry bones at Ottawa?

## DELAYED LETTERS.

From Aylmer and St. Thomas come com-  
plaints of grave irregularities in the postal  
service. It is asserted that special invita-  
tions to the Laurier meeting in St. Thomas  
addressed to residents of Aylmer, had not  
been received until the day after the meet-  
ing, although they bore evidence of having  
been posted in due time. At St.  
Thomas postoffice it is represented that  
invitations of a similar character mailed at  
noon on Friday, Sept. 8, should have been  
sent out by the afternoon mail of that day.  
They were not so dispatched, it is asserted  
by the Journal, for some bear the postmark  
of the 9th, and the railway postmark of  
the 12th, proving that they did not leave  
St. Thomas until the 12th. It is remarkable  
also, that any letters should be post-  
marked by both the St. Thomas and  
railway offices. The ones received in  
Aylmer bore the St. Thomas mark of the  
9th, the Aylmer mark of the 12th. Ap-  
parently, letters posted in St. Thomas on  
the 8th, in good time for the out-going  
mails on the same day, were not post-  
marked until the day following, and not  
allowed to leave the city until two or three  
days afterwards. No satisfactory explana-  
tion has been offered as to this remarkable  
delay. It is to be hoped that, on inquiry,  
the postoffice inspector will find that these  
letters were not delivered with ordinary  
promptitude through some unintentional  
oversight rather than through manipu-  
lations that would lead the public to suspect  
that so important a branch of the public  
service as the postoffice could be used to  
advance personal or political ends.

—A Conservative journal thinks that  
Premier Mowat could save money by cut-  
ting down the salary of the Lieutenant-  
Governor. This is an economy that must  
come from Ottawa. The Dominion Govern-  
ment alone has the power to fix the salaries  
of Lieutenant-Governors.

## NO EQUIVOCATION ABOUT IT.

Mr. Laurier is having some very hard  
lines in Ontario. He equivocates on the  
tariff, having nothing definite to offer in  
lieu of our fiscal policy. —(Berlin News.)

There are but two excuses for a news-  
paper editor of to-day making such a  
statement to his readers. Either he takes  
them for a set of fools, who have no desire  
to know the truth, or he has been enjoying  
a Rip Van Winkle sleep and knows not  
what he is writing about.

Mr. Laurier needs no defense at our  
hands. His speeches on the trade question  
have been listened to and published in  
every fairly-conducted newspaper in the  
Province. He does not equivocate on the  
trade question. He takes his stand against  
a robber tariff of any description. He  
maintains that a government has no right  
to so collect the needed revenue of the  
country as to enable a few men to profit  
at the expense of their fellows. He believes that  
it is the duty of the Dominion Government  
to get as near British free trade as the  
exigencies of revenue will permit. If our  
contemporary desires to treat Mr. Laurier  
fairly, to show that it does him a great  
wrong when it charges him with equivoca-  
tion on the tariff, it will print the Liberal  
tariff platform, adopted at the Dominion  
Liberal Convention, which has been con-  
ceded, even by defenders of the high tax  
policy, to be the most representative  
gathering of Canadians that has ever  
taken place. Here it is:

We, the Liberal party of Canada, in con-  
vention assembled declare:  
That the customs tariff of the Dominion  
should be based, not as it now is, upon the  
protective principle, but upon the require-  
ments of the public service.

That the existing tariff, founded upon an  
unsound principle and used as it has been  
by the Government as a corrupting agency,  
whereby to keep themselves in office, has  
developed monopolies, trusts and combina-  
tions.

It has decreased the value of farm and  
other landed property;  
It has oppressed the masses to the en-  
richment of the few;

It has checked immigration;  
It has caused great loss of population;  
It has impeded commerce;  
It has discriminated against Great  
Britain.

In these, and in many other ways, it has  
occasioned great public and private injury,  
all of which evils must continue to grow in  
intensity so long as the present tariff system  
remains in force.

That the highest interests of Canada de-  
mand a removal of this obstacle to our  
country's progress, by the adoption of a  
second fiscal policy, which, while not doing  
injustice to any class, will promote do-  
mestic and foreign trade and hasten the  
return of prosperity to our people.

That to that end, the tariff should be re-  
duced to the needs of honest, economical  
and efficient government.

That it should be so adjusted as to make  
free, or to bear as lightly as possible upon  
the necessities of life and should be so  
arranged as to promote freer trade with  
the whole world, more particularly Great  
Britain and the United States.

We believe that the results of the pro-  
tective system have grievously disappointed  
thousands of persons who honestly sup-  
ported it, and that the country in the light  
of experience is now prepared to declare  
for a sound fiscal policy.

The issue between the two political  
parties on this great question is now clearly  
defined.

The Government themselves admit the  
failure of their fiscal policy, and now pro-  
fess their willingness to make some  
changes, but they say that such changes  
must be based only on the principle of  
protection.

We denounce the principle of protection  
as radically unsound and unjust to the  
masses of the people, and we declare our  
conviction that any tariff changes based on  
that principle must fail to afford any sub-  
stantial relief from the burdens under  
which the country labors.

This issue we unhesitatingly accept, and  
upon it we await with the fullest confi-  
dence the verdict of the electors of Canada.

On that platform Mr. Laurier takes his  
stand. Will our contemporary print it,  
and say wherein consists the equivoca-  
tion?

## A HUMAN FIEND

Tricks to Take Undue Advantage of Two  
Little Girls in South London—the  
Police After Him.

A well dressed young man slightly under  
the influence of liquor endeavored to take  
undue advantage of two little girls on  
Barnaby Place, South London, yester-  
day afternoon. Mr. James S. Herriek  
had taken his wife and children, with one  
exception, to the Fair. The little girl who  
did not go was suffering from a sore foot,  
and preferred to stay home and play with  
a little companion, the daughter of  
a near neighbor, Mr. Robt.  
J. Southcott. About 4 o'clock the stranger  
walked into the yard where they were  
playing and asked if the father was at  
home. Receiving a negative reply he  
engaged the little girls—one aged 7  
years and the other aged 5—in con-  
versation that they could hardly  
be expected to understand. He took one  
on his knee, and his actions were such that  
both screamed, and the little girl that the  
villain laid hands on struggled free, and  
both ran home. The man made off,  
but the girls would recognize him again.  
He walked on both sides of the  
sidewalk, they said, in explaining that he  
was drunk; and wore a black suit, a black  
fedor hat, spotted tie and a small mus-  
tache. The police have been notified.

## THE POPE'S ADVICE

To the American Bishops—Peril of Mixed  
Marriages—The Religious Care of  
the Schools Urged.

New York, Sept. 22.—The Rome cor-  
respondent of the Catholic News sends a  
synopsis of the recent encyclical from the  
Pope to the bishops of the United States.  
His Holiness urges concord and unity  
among Catholics and instructs the  
bishops to promote the holding of  
congresses. He calls their attention to the  
importance of combatting for the truth  
of books and journalism and urges that the  
clergy should not occupy themselves too  
much with civil and political matters. The  
Holy Father dwells on the

PERILS OF MIXED MARRIAGES,  
and continues at length on the school  
question and the disciplining of teachers. He  
said relative to elementary schools: "Vener-  
able Brethren,—You must require that  
parish priests and all those having the care  
of souls devote all their care to the in-  
struction of their pupils in Christian doctrine;  
that they confine to no others that grave  
and noble task, but that they set their  
hearts on reserving to themselves the  
entire weight thereof as well; so  
that not only the salvation of families but  
likewise that of the nation depends, in a  
great measure, on the pious and salutary  
instructions of early youth, and never deem  
to have attained that degree of industry  
and of good management, such as to war-  
rant your rest from further progress in  
schools."

## TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

The total paid attendance at the World's  
Fair up to Wednesday has been 13,000,000.

Four new cases of smallpox and two  
deaths from the disease are reported in New  
York.

The royal British yacht Valkyrie has  
arrived at Sandy Hook, N. Y., to compete  
in the international regatta.

Bob Fitzsimmons the pugilist is suing  
for divorce from his wife, and names his  
trainer, Martin Julien, as co-respondent.

The rebels in Brazil have received a  
check at Santos. It is said Rio de Janeiro  
will surrender to them in a few days, how-  
ever.

Business and social circles in St. Paul,  
Minn., have been shocked to hear that  
Burford H. Burwell, vice-president, treas-  
urer and general manager of the Mas-  
sachusetts and Maine Carriage Company, was  
charged with misappropriating \$50,000 of  
the funds of the firm.

An elaborate programme, arranged for  
the celebration of "Irish Day" at the  
World's Fair, Sept. 30, includes orations  
by Burke Cochrane, of New York; Edward  
Blake, M. P., of Toronto; Lord Mayor  
Shanks, of Dublin; John E. Fitzgerald, of  
Boston, and Archbishop Feehan, of  
Chicago.

CANADIAN.  
The best scores at the recent matches at  
the Rideau range were made by Canadian  
powder as against English.

The Ottawa Citizen (Government) has a  
semi-official paragraph appointing Senator  
Roy to the New Brunswick governorship,  
Mr. Mackenzie to the Northwest, and W.  
B. Smith to Manitoba.

## Worried to Death.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Sept. 22.—Frank Linde-  
schmidt, a groceryman and dealer in coal  
and lumber, was found dead in White River  
yesterday with a bullet hole in his head.  
He was 40 years of age and worth \$20,000.  
He had been troubled by two women who  
were seeking his hand.

## FRANTIC WITH BOILS

And Itching, Would Scratch Until  
Blood Ran Down His Limbs. Forced  
to Take to His Bed. Whole System  
Affected. Doctor after Doctor With-  
out Cure. Instant Relief, Speedy  
Cure by Using CUTICURA Remedies.

My sufferings might have been stopped if I  
had only known of your CUTICURA. Regarding  
eighteen years ago. I contracted the fever and  
ague, and it effected my kidneys so badly that I  
had to have an operation, from which resulted  
blood poisoning, and I suffered untold agonies.  
To make my sufferings more, my left leg below the  
knee broke out in large blood boils, and com-  
menced a sealy, itching irritation, so that at  
times I was almost frantic and would scratch  
until the blood would trickle down my leg. In  
the summer these large boils would commence,  
during which time I would have three or four  
which were so painful that at times I was forced  
to take to my bed. Every winter a dry itching  
sealy mass would gather on my leg, which was  
the boils, seemed to effect my whole system.  
During all this time, a period of three to nine  
months, I had doctor after doctor, but they gave  
me only temporary relief. This last fall I com-  
menced using CUTICURA SOAP,  
CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and now the scales  
have all gone the itching all gone. I have not  
felt sick, and have worked all winter. I would  
not suffer again as I have for the past eighteen  
years for anything. I had doctors from the  
west to the east, all to no purpose. I have not  
felt better so long without a sick spell  
since taking your remedies. Thanks to them  
and to you, and the great Maker of mankind  
for my return to health.

DANIEL P. WOODWARD,  
Warren, Washington County, Vt.

## CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS

CUTICURA Remedies cure every eruption  
external and internal medication of every ery-  
sipel, impurity and disease, and constitute the  
most effective treatment of modern times.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA,  
Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Resolvent, Cuticura  
and Cuticura Cream, 50 Cents per Box.  
Cuticura, Sole Proprietors, Boston.

How to Cure Skin Diseases, mailed free.

PIRI, Blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and  
city skin cured by CUTICURA Soap.

WEAK, PAINFUL KIDNEYS.  
Backache, nervous and muscular pains,  
and weakness relieved in one minute  
by the CUTICURA AND PIRI Plasters.  
The only pain-killing plaster.

## WOODS' FAIR.

Best

No. 1

Refined

Coal Oil

10

Cents

Per

Imperial

Gallon,

At the

Store.

An extra charge of 5 cents per  
can if delivered in city limits.

WOODS' FAIR

200 Dundas St.

Also 123 Dundas St. and  
Market Square.

## Every Lady Should Examine

OUR STOCK OF

MANTLES,  
WRAPS

AND CAPES

This is an article of the utmost  
importance just now. At no for-  
mer period in the history of fashion  
has this article of wearing apparel  
demanded so much attention as  
at the present time. What with  
large sleeves, many frills and wide  
skirts, the transformation is great  
over a season or two ago.

Our stock is one of the largest  
in Western Canada, imported direct  
from the best markets of Great  
Britain and Germany.

Well Trimmed Mantles only \$3  
and \$5; better ones, with Beaver  
Collar and Fronts, at \$7 50, \$10  
and \$12.

Ladies who prefer a plain gar-  
ment may find a grand range in all  
the popular colors in our Mantle  
Department.

## AN INSPECTION SOLICITED

## CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street,

LONDON.