

ITS TREND IS FIXED

The Deer Park Lodge Runs Nearly North and South.

DRIFT IN SHIPPING ORE

Work May Be Commenced Soon in the 150-Foot Level—Smith Curtis Going East to Put Through a Large Ore—The Elmore's Big Vein.

The development work on the 100-foot level in the Deer Park seems to have set at rest all doubts as to the trend of the Deer Park vein. The north drift from the east crescent at the 100-foot level has been in ore for a distance of 35 feet, and there are no indications that the limit of the ore body will soon be reached.

The development work done in the last fortnight at the 100-foot level is proving of a most important character for not only is it determining the character of the lead but it is also opening up reserves that are proving to be of even larger scope than was looked for.

Work has been suspended for the winter on the Elmore on the east shore of Christina lake, owned by the Belcher Mining company.

Work has been suspended for the winter on the Elmore on the east shore of Christina lake, owned by the Belcher Mining company. In all close to \$2,000 worth of prospecting work was done, consisting for the most part of surface prospecting. All the workings show mineral, and the trend of the vein has not yet been determined.

Contracts are being let for the resumption of work on the Pay Ore, says Smith Curtis. Mr. Curtis himself expects to leave next week for the east for the purpose of floating a block of the company's stock sufficient for carrying on work on a liberal scale.

AROUND REPUBLIC.

Owners of Properties Getting in Their Winter Supplies.

REPUBLIC, Wash., Nov. 31.—(Special.)—Winter buildings are now being erected on the Standard claim, adjoining the Tom Thumb on the east. A 110-foot shaft will be started this week, to follow the ledge.

Work will be started on the Erdmann, lying about 200 feet north of the Ben Gillman. The tunnel will be driven all winter.

Colonel Nichols, with an outfit and men, started today to open a group of claims four miles south of town.

Mr. Buller, manager of the Mountaineer group of six claims, on the Tonda creek, is in town. He is running a tunnel on the ledge, and is now in 35 feet, and has six feet of quartz, which assays from \$2 to \$12. He is running a crew of six men, and intends working them during the winter. Five or six different parties are working from four to six men on different properties, having all necessary accommodation and supplies for the winter. A St. Paul company has started a long tunnel, which will give considerable depth. All parties have sufficient faith in that camp to spend several thousand dollars this winter to at least prove whether it will pay to invest more money in the future.

Mr. Clyde, manager of Republic No. 2, arrived from Spokane yesterday. While work has been temporarily suspended, all buildings are being erected, and work will be prosecuted to the limit on the tunnel, which is now in 140 feet. It will be driven to a distance of 400 feet, which, it is claimed, will tap the ledge, gaining foot for foot as they go. As yet the ledge is broken. In running the tunnel some blind ledges were encountered that did not crop on the surface. The assays average about as well as the average surface assays in this district. Pack animals, carrying 4,500 pounds for the Fala M., Sheridan camp, have left town.

William Cleary has returned from a hurried trip to Spokane.

A SIX-FOOT CHUTE.

An Important Strike on the Polar Star No. 1 in Sheridan Camp.

REPUBLIC, Wash., Nov. 29.—(Special.)—An important strike has been made on the Polar Star No. 1 in Sheridan camp. In running the tunnel a ledge of matter was encountered and a six-foot chute of quartz, consisting of agate quartz and rich looking iron. They will sink on the ledge, as the strike is considered one of the most promising in that camp of high values. The great ledge runs the length of four claims, including Polar Star No. 1 and Polar Star No. 2.

The north drift of the San Polo looks fine, the entire face being in quartz. The vein in the south drift which had pinched, is now widening out, more than three feet of quartz being in the face. The north drift of the Black Tail keeps its width and fine appearance in the face.

The Iron Monitor tunnel is progressing satisfactorily, three feet per day being the average.

William Morrell, with a force of men, is sinking on the Nelson, about one mile and a half north of the Tom Thumb. They are sinking on a four-foot ledge of fine looking quartz. Several claims in the vicinity are being developed.

The Butte & Boston tunnel is in over 80 feet.

In the Golden Harvest they are cross-cutting both ways to determine the width and strength of the vein. They are also erecting winter quarters.

The Merrimack shaft is now down 80 feet, and will be sunk to a depth of 100, when crosscuts will be started.

G. P. Mulcahy has secured the Hit or Miss property. This property is located about 2,000 feet northwest of the

Republic mine; lies north of the Kittie Hayward and Jumbo, and south of the Iron Mask. The property shows large croppings over 1,000 feet on the surface. The intention is to sink a 100-foot shaft, and commence work as soon as possible.

THE BODIE FLOTATION.

Many Rosslanders Are Interested in the Property—The Little Cove.

REPUBLIC, Wash., Nov. 30.—(Special.)—It has been snowing more or less the past two days, and in the hills the snow lies deep. By far the most important deal that has taken place in Republic since the great strike is the purchase and successful floating of the Bodie. It shows the high esteem in which the claim is held, when F. N. Peyton accepts the presidency and D. W. Henley the vice-presidency. Amongst the stockholders and incorporators are S. G. Roberts, of Spokane Falls & Northern force; J. S. M. Fraser, of the Bank of Montreal; Messrs. Meyer, Herrick, Cameron and Crane, and many other noted mining operators. The Bodie claim occupies the same position to the San Polo that the Jim Blaine does to the Republic—the pay chute of both mines dip toward their southern extensions.

P. H. Oliver, who has been uniformly successful in mining matters in this camp, will have charge of the development, and has already engaged the men and arranged for the necessary buildings. Two full shifts will start tomorrow, and another great possibility is added to the list.

The Princess Maud tunnel is in 222 feet, and yesterday the management, finding the ground harder than had been anticipated, released the contractor, paying him up without deduction for every foot run, and changed to day labor. In an interview today Mr. Oliver, the manager, stated it was his intention to reach the ledge as soon as possible, employing three shifts, if he found they could be worked to advantage.

Work on the Pocahontas is progressing rapidly, and the shaft is now over 60 feet in depth.

The Lone Pine tunnel is making good progress, but there are no new developments.

The Little Cove mine is shut down temporarily, but the Knob Hill and other properties belonging to the company are being pushed ahead.

The Palo Alto tunnel is now in 100 feet, running on the ledge, which is rather broken at present, but the owners have faith and will drive ahead.

Joe Davis leaves tomorrow with four men and a pack train loaded with supplies for four months. He goes to develop his property on the south half, which is considered among the most promising in that region. A tunnel between 300 and 400 feet will be run, which it is expected, will cut the ledge at a depth of 300 feet. On the surface the ore body is from five to six feet.

E. L. Robinson & Co., sent a crew of men yesterday with four months' supplies, to work on the Golden Rule, near Keller, on the south half.

The Bryan & Sewall shaft is down 150 feet. They are going to crosscut and put on an extra crew of men.

NEWS OF GRAND FORKS.

Mr. A. W. Robinson Has Sold the Christina Claim.—(Special.)—A. W. Robinson, one of the owners of the famous Christina claim at Christina lake, has just sold an undivided half interest in this property to D. C. Beach, the owner of the well known Cracker Jack claim, also at Christina lake. Mr. Beach has already started a force of men to work on the 100-foot tunnel on the Christina and work will be carried on all winter. The Christina is situated some 15 miles from Grand Forks and is a high grade proposition.

A strike of unusual richness has just been made in the railway construction up the North Fork, on a mineral claim called the Oculifer, some five miles from this city. It seems that the grading outfit was in the act of running a large tunnel through this property when it came upon a five-foot vein of copper sulphides of exceeding high grade. As this out will be some 65 feet in depth, there is every likelihood that the ore will increase in richness as depth is attained. Mining men in this section are jubilant over this strike. This property is owned by Colin Campbell of this city and others.

John H. Smith is building a large frame brewery at the head of Main street. The capacity of this brewery will be 50 barrels a day. This will make the second brewery in Grand Forks.

Alderman Knight is building a large block on his property on Riverside avenue, the first floor of which will be used for stores, while the second floor will be turned into a commodious hall, where dances and other entertainments will be held this coming winter.

The new townsite company's office on Riverside avenue is now in completion. J. A. Smith of Rossland, who along with Richard Armstrong, represents the new townsite company, arrived here yesterday and will act as the new townsite agent in the future.

QUICK ROUTE TO REPUBLIC.

The Road From Kettle Creek Will Be Completed in a Few Days.

KETTLE FALLS, Dec. 2.—A very few days will see the completion of the wagon road now being constructed over the Sherman pass route to Republic from that point. The saving of time that will be effected by this road will be very important, as traffic can be carried over the route by sleighs in the short time of six hours.

Mails from Spokane leaving that city at 8:30 o'clock in the morning can be distributed in the evening and passengers will arrive in ample time for supper on the same day.

VICTORIA MERCHANT DROWNED.

Shawnigan Lake Claims John Partridge, the Dry Goods Man.

VICTORIA, Dec. 1.—John Partridge, the well known dry goods merchant of this city, was drowned today at Shawnigan lake, 40 miles from here on the E. & N. railway. The particulars of how the drowning occurred are not yet to hand. Mr. Partridge has been in low spirits for some time past on account of poor health.

Died.—At Trail, B. C., on Saturday morning, John Heriot, eldest son of Douglas Corsan, M. D. The funeral will take place on Monday morning, at 11 o'clock, from the Presbyterian church.

Golden Gate Mine.

A very fine display of ore, is to be seen in the office of T. Prest & Co., from the Golden Gate mine near Brooklyn. The assays on this ore run from a minimum of \$15 to a maximum of \$87 in copper, with an average of \$37 besides a lot of samples that were assayed showed from 20 to 25 per cent of silver with a little gold. The company has a considerable quantity of ore on the dock at Dog creek, which will be shipped to the smelter (probably at Nelson) during the coming week, and from this time on expects to make regular shipments. The two shafts are now down about 30 feet and a large force of men are constantly at work. The ore so far obtained shows an extraordinary showing from the surface down.

LE ROI FLOTATION

It Is to Be Placed on the London Market at Once.

A CAPITAL OF £1,000,000

The Empire Predicts That the New Company Will Pay Dividends at the Rate of 25 Per Cent Annually on the Investment.

The British America corporation which has just secured absolute control of the Le Roi, will float the mine at once on the English market. The subsidiary concern will be known as the Le Roi Mining company, limited, and the prospectus is now being issued. The flotation will take place within the next few days, prior to Christmas. The capitalization of the company has not yet been learned, but it will possibly be £1,000,000 or perhaps more.

The Empire, one of the London financial papers, which is in close touch with the Whittaker Wright interests, predicts that the investors who buy the stock at par will receive dividends equal to 25 per cent on their investment. The British America corporation will doubtless retain a good sized interest in the new company, and the income from the dividends on its holdings will be of substantial assistance in meeting the heavy costs which the corporation is incurring in developing its other properties in the Rossland camp.

Development in the Le Roi is proceeding steadily, and more men are being sent to work. The shipments from the mine for the month of November, which has just come to a close, amounted to 10,027 tons, of the value of \$277,718. The average value of the shipments is accordingly a trifle under \$28 per ton. On that basis, if we continue to see it is easy to see that the Empire's prediction of 25 per cent dividends would be far more than fulfilled.

So much activity is under way on Sophie mountain that Fred Linburg, the proprietor of the Le Roi stables, is keeping a regular pack train of six horses busy every day. The train leaves each morning about 7 o'clock and gets back about 5 o'clock in the evening. The Velvet, which has a force of between 20 and 30 men at work, requires a large quantity of supplies, and the Veterinary Hospital is also a heavy consumer of goods which must be packed in. The Leiter and other smaller properties are regular consumers and the pack train has about all that it can handle. Mr. Linburg has vacated his old barn on the corner of Columbia and Main streets, and is now located in his improved stable in International alley.

Work is actively under way on the properties of the Silver Bell Consolidated company on the south slope of Deer Park mountain. A force of 10 men is at work with a steady hand. The contractors and J. S. Hicks are the stipulated amount of work completed in three weeks. The contract calls for the extension of the shaft either 25 or 50 feet from the 75-foot level, and a crosscut is to be driven 20 feet. A. E. Macdonald, the manager of the property, says that at the expiration of the contract the company will probably carry on work direct, without the intervention of tenders. Mr. Macdonald has had the plant overhauled and it is in good shape.

The compressor plant for the Iron Horse is at Spokane and is expected in Rossland tomorrow. It is hoped that the plant will be in running order by the 15th of the month. The pipe line from the compressor building to the shaft house is already completed, and the finishing touches are being put on the cement floor being laid for the machinery.

THE NEW SKATING RINK.

Arrangements That Have Been Made for the Opening.

A. Williams of Portage la Prairie, Man., has been appointed caretaker of the new rink, at present under construction. Mr. Williams bears the reputation of being the best ice maker in the Northwest and the management are congratulating themselves on securing the services of so good a man. He commenced his duties with the first of the month.

The price of season tickets this year for the new rink will be as follows: Gentlemen, \$5; ladies, \$3; children under 14 years of age, \$2.50. They can be had at any time from the secretary. These tickets will not be good on special occasions. The building will be ready for occupancy on the 15th of the present month.

Will Go on With the Work.

A meeting of the directors of the Okanagan-Slocan Gold Mines, limited, was held at the office of Daly & Hamilton at 4 p. m. Saturday. The report of Dr. Langhammer, general manager of the company, was read and machinery that was necessary, was read and be authorized to proceed to the property on Tuesday next and go on with the work. Owing to the fact that a large number of the shares which have been offered have been disposed of, the directors passed a resolution ordering that subscriptions shall close on the 15th inst. and that no further shares will be sold after that date at the present price or on the terms now offered.

COPPER MOUNTAIN

A Huge Deposit Discovered by the Aid of an Indian.

GOLDEN GATE IS TO SHIP

The Porto Rico Will Start Its Mill This Week—The Hoist of the Tamarac Is Completed, the Bunk House Finished and Force Increased.

Indians and Indian traditions have been, and are still, associated with the discovery of many famous mines and mining camps.

Readers of papers are undoubtedly familiar with many such legends, in which fiction is almost as prominent as in the discovery of King Solomon's mines, yet the discovery of British Columbia's greatest copper camp may prove interesting, when it is known that the principal actors are around, ready to tell of its truth and correctness.

From unknown times the Similkameen valley has been the favorite camping ground of the Indians of Southern British Columbia, the nearest to the north and east of the "hunting grounds." There were many sunny nooks for their wigwams and primitive gardens, plenty of grass for their ponies, the blue river and its tributaries alive with salmon, and large meadows and schools, and today peacefully along the foothills, no snow even in the winter time, and bright sunshine nearly every day.

There is no fairer spot from an Indian's standpoint in the north-west, and large meadows and schools, and today peacefully along the foothills, no snow even in the winter time, and bright sunshine nearly every day.

The intrepid traders of the Hudson's Bay finally reached the sunny valley, in their trade of the French missionaries and then came the stockmen and white settlers. The red man's ideal primitive empire was forever destroyed. The savage came a Christian and a farmer, built a school and a school, and today peacefully along the foothills, no snow even in the winter time, and bright sunshine nearly every day.

Similkameen river heads about 10 miles south of the international boundary, runs north for about 40 miles, and empties into the Okanagan river, then runs easterly and south and empties into the Okanagan a few miles south of the line, forming almost a square with one side left open.

Over 20 years ago a Mr. Allison, a white settler, located near the junction of the Similkameen and Tulameen and engaged in stock raising. His was the first white family in that section for years, his nearest neighbor being an Indian named Samblin.

In 1884 gold was discovered on Granite creek, a tributary of the Tulameen river, and what is known as the Granite creek excitement followed, and no time was lost in prospecting, and miners and camp followers invaded the country. Placer gold was the watchword in those days and no attention was paid to the numerous veins and leads.

One day Mr. Allison delivered some provisions to a party of miners at work on a small tributary of the Similkameen and saw them shovel out pieces of green-looking, very heavy rock.

Nobody knew what it was. Out of sheer curiosity Mr. Allison put a few small pieces in his pocket, took them home, where, a few weeks later, they fell into the hands of a California mining man that had been attracted there by famed Granite creek.

The Californian was up to snuff, he assayed the samples and he found, to his surprise, that the rock was 48 per cent copper, 91 gold and 22 ounces silver. If you think the expert was not anxious to find that lead you are mistaken.

He prospected for weeks and months, but failed to find the vein. He found, however, a good many large and small pieces of similar ore. Months later the good Indian Samson visited Mr. Allison and there spied the green rock, kept in a shelf. He grinned and shook his head and being told its value, but kept silent and departed soon after. In less than six hours Mr. Indian was back again with pieces of green rock like the one found a year previous. He informed Mr. Allison that he knew of a few days later Mr. Allison made that two first mineral locations on Copper mountain. They are now crown granted and are still held by his family. Six years ago, Mr. Brown of volcanic fame, was guided to Copper mountain by the same party and located the famous Sunset claim. Hundreds of claims have been located since, and the showings on nearly all of them are simply wonderful considering the amount of development work. Copper mountain bids fair to become the greatest copper producer in America as soon as transportation is provided.

The Latest From Ymir.

Among the arrivals at the Windsor hotel yesterday was L. Herman, who, with L. J. Winelov, has been working the Iroquois near Ymir. He reports that the shaft of their mine is now down about 75 feet and that the prospects are improving with every foot of depth. The work is now closed down on account of the winter, but they expect to be able to resume in the beginning of March.

Mr. Herman stated that the Porto Rico mine with a 20-stamp mill will start up this coming week. The owners have also a concentrator which will be started up at the same time. The Ymir mine with another 20-stamp mill, will be running by the beginning of the year. Another plant which will start up again at the beginning of the year is that of the Dundee, which has a concentrator but no mill. The Tamarac, of which J. L. Parker is the engineer in charge, has been increased before long. The hoist has been finished and is ready for work and a new bunk house is in course of erection. Everything points to Ymir being a good camp.

Archie McQueen has taken charge of the Little Cafe on Columbia avenue. Mr. McQueen is an artist when it comes to catering, and those who pass his cafe are sure to get a good meal and the most careful attendance. When you are passing give him a call.

The Present Month of the Closing Year Must End the Lives of Many if They Fail to Banish Disease.

Paine's Celery Compound, Earth's Great Medical Prescription, "Makes Sick People Well."

Another short month and the year 1898 will come to a close. As the year ends, many loved and dear ones will pass away, severing ties and associations that will bring untold sorrow, agony and mourning. The victims will come from all classes and conditions of our population.

While it is true we must all leave this transitory life, it ought to be well understood that our years of life on earth should be three score and ten or four score years.

When young and middle aged men and women fail to reach a good old age, the fault is theirs in ninety cases out of every hundred. It is safe to assert they have violated the laws of nature and have allowed disease to enchain them.

Years ago the attention of that celebrated medical expert, Dr. Phelps, was specially directed to the class referred to, who die in middle age. He realized the fact that something far beyond the ordinary remedies and prescriptions of the day was required to meet the varied conditions of suffering humanity.

His wonderful life-giving prescription, Paine's Celery Compound was the boon bestowed on the hosts who suffer from the common diseases — penalties of nature for transgressions of its wise laws.

Dr. Phelps found that nervous diseases, blood troubles, liver and kidney complaints, rheumatism, neuralgia and dyspepsia were dragging thousands to the grave every year, notwithstanding all the well directed efforts of conscientious medical men.

This marvelous prescription of Dr. Phelps was a revelation to the world, in that it cured desperate and long standing cases of disease that had baffled the best medical skill.

Since its advent, Paine's Celery Compound has saved tens of thousands, and is still conquering disease every day. No other medicine known to man has ever received such flattering notices and testimonials from prominent men and from the entire press of the land. It is the one and only life savor in every case of disease and suffering; it defeats death when the physician is unable to save.

It is to this marvelous banisher of disease—Paine's Celery Compound—that we would direct the attention of all who are run down, tired, sleepless, nervous, debilitated and weak—symptoms of the diseases we have referred to above. It will quickly give to every ailing man and woman that vigor, strength and perfect health that insure and guarantee a happy old age.

Burlington Route CHICAGO OMAHA NEW SHORT LINE FROM MONTANA, IDAHO AND PUGET SOUND A. C. SHELDON, General Agent, 250 Washington St., PORTLAND, ORE.

THE FAVORITE WITH YOUNG AND OLD. THE CRUSADER CIGAR J. RATTRAY & Co. MONTREAL E. J. MacKAY, Winnipeg, Agent.

Charles Dangerfield STOCK BROKER ROSSLAND, B. C. Weekly Market Report with Quotations on Rossland, Slocan and Republic Stocks Furnished on Application.

IN THE SUPREME COURT, IN THE MATTER OF O. K. GOLD MINING COMPANY Limited Liability, (Foreign). In Liquidation. The Undersigned Official Liquidator Will Sell by Private Treaty Subject to Ratification by the Court IN ONE LOT

The property known as the O. K. Mine and the buildings belonging to the said company. Also the entire mining and milling plant of said company, the whole situated on the south slope of O. K. mountain, in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay, Province of British Columbia. The claim is surveyed and crown granted and known as the O. K. mineral claim, official number 678. The property is about two and one-half miles west of the City of Rossland and close to the main wagon road and Red Mountain railroad, both leading from the City of Rossland to Northport, in the State of Washington.

Under an order of the court heretofore issued the undersigned is authorized to give a short option or working bond on the mine. Telgraphic and cable address, Flewman Rossland Bedford McNeill's Code. RICHARD PLEWMAN Official Liquidator

THREE MEN WERE SHOT Night Watchman Kennedy Pistoloted at Cascade City. He Wounds Both of His Assaultants, One of Them Fatally, While They Were Releasing Prisoners.

GRAND FORKS, Dec. 2.—(Special.)—News has reached here from Cascade City that on Wednesday morning about 5 o'clock, while Night Watchman Kennedy was on his rounds he noticed two men trying to enter the lockup, which men contained some prisoners. Kennedy shouted to them to stop, whereupon one of the two fired a revolver at Kennedy and shot him in the left breast, inflicting a slight flesh wound.

A Fire Laddies Library. The fire laddies have decided to devote the \$50 generously donated by the E. A. O. towards forming the nucleus of a library. They have ordered a number of newspapers and purchased a few books. Should any of the citizens have any surplus books the boys would be glad to place them on their shelves.

A Shortage of Cars Leads to the Put of the Car

SHIPMENTS, 2,800

The Le Roi Being The Bared Throughout—Nements for Lowering War Eagle to Work 40

The ore shipments for amounted to 2,800 tons, inability of the Columbia railway to carry away the War Eagle as rapidly as the shipment would have larger. During the seven at midnight of last evening produced an even 1,000 tons War Eagle's output was The Iron Mask was created. The production of tabular form is shown in the

Following are the ore shipments adjacent to Rossland from 3, 1898:

Table with columns for mine names and shipment amounts. Includes Le Roi, War Eagle, Centre Star, Iron Mask, etc.

Total. The ore shipments for the week Nov. 26 to Dec. 3, inclusive, were:

War Eagle... Le Roi... Centre Star... Iron Mask... Total...

Shipments for same week last year. The total shipments from the Columbia for the week ending Dec. 3, 1897, were 1,811 tons.

What with good ore met Josie and the Nickel Plate, has been an interesting one camp and for the E. A. O., owner of the two fortunes in the Josie, after careful development, an ore chute in the 300-foot level, ranging from two to six feet, and excellent values. No one expects the Josie to have rich bodies, and that the future body is a brilliant one, but of nature of the ground it has cut matter to locate the lower levels. The end in Plate is also interesting, for that the same system of vein the Le Roi and Centre Star to the south of those properties the Nickel Plate.

The usual weekly mining work done in some of the most important mines is given herewith:

Le Roi.—Since the acquisition property by the British American, the policy of the management has been to develop the mine in the most economical manner. Expense has been paid to timbering completely, and that task is rapidly. About 200 men are and the shipments for the last night amounting to 1,000 tons are being put to work and the great engine will operate the mine on a never been attempted in the station in some of the most foot level is finished, sinking foot level will be taken up, that sinking will be resumed first of the year, and the 900-foot level, and the 800-foot level in the camp by 175 feet, is as yet a mere pigmy in development when compared big mines of the Rand, Butte and the Josie.

The management is now concentrating on the development of a three-compartment shaft end of the property, and it is undertaken soon. Under the Le Roi many practical men are under way with the visitation and a series of shafts necessary in a mine and importance of the past the great amount needed in timbering the mine way to the shaft house, and in skids to the levels required. The process, however, expensive, has hindered the development of the property by the skids be used in handling the ore instead of hoisting it. In the future all timber necessary will be taken through Bear tunnel, which has its beside the Red Mountain tunnel connects with the 85-foot level, and a regular shaft from the point of connection lower levels of the property will be installed, and as timber is brought through it is to be lowered down the level where it will be needed.

No. 1.—The No. 1 will that good position of first mine in the Rossland equipped with a cage for 10 men. The vertical shaft, which 300 feet, will soon be extended to the shaft house, and the Rossland company's type in use. The advantage of and raising the minerals to and work is self-evident. In mines, where the men are climb an easier, heavier shaft, their energy and time is saved. The No. 1 is to be developed and the management has decided to put in a new 60-horse power boiler to put in place for operating the for working the pumps. However, is to be temporary little while it will be superseded by a much heavier and more durable structure well adapted purposes for which it was designed. The superintendent reached the 375-foot station.

NICKEL PLATE.—The prospecting better than ever before. 200-foot level, where three men at work, two distinct ledges feet apart, are under develop-