

# HUMANITY'S HOPE AND FRIEND.

## PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

### The Great Health-Giving Prescription

#### The Weak and Run-down Secure Wonderful Vitality from the Great Medicine in the Summer Time.

Paine's Celery Compound is the grandest and most wonderful medical prescription of the age. That able and noble Christian physician, Professor Edward E. Paine, M.D., LL.D., gave it to the world for the curing of those terrible diseases that are so common and prevalent in our modern life. Nervousness, sleeplessness, prostration, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, kidney and liver troubles, and blood diseases, are banished forever by the use of Dr. Paine's Celery Compound.

In summer time, when strength fails—when that tired, listless feeling is experienced from day to day—when the

digestive organs are not doing their work properly—when constipation is poisoning the blood—when disease with iron hand has taken possession of the body—then it is that Paine's Celery Compound shows its marvellous health-giving powers. Thousands who have met with failures and disappointments in the use of the common medicines of the day, and who at last found health, strength and happiness in Paine's Celery Compound, have given strong testimony for the benefit of all sick men and women.

Mrs. J. J. Dawson, 906 Sanquinet St., Montreal, writes as follows:

"Having suffered for ten years with general debility, dyspepsia and indigestion, that made life almost a continual misery, and having used a great many medicines without any satisfactory results, I was induced to try your Paine's Celery Compound. The first bottle I used seemed to strike at the very root of my trouble. Thus encouraged, I used two bottles more, with the result that I am cured of all my troubles. Your medicine has done for me what the doctors could not accomplish. Now I eat well and enjoy my food, something that was formerly impossible. I cheerfully recommend your Paine's Celery Compound to all who suffer as I did; it certainly is the best medicine in the world."

## THE MINING REVIEW

Despite the Le Roi's Suspension, Shipments Remain Unchanged.

### INCREASE AT WAR EAGLE

The Working Force There Now Numbers 210 Men—14 Drills Employed—Fine Showing at the Columbia & Kootenay—Lily May to Start Up.

The announcement that the Lily May will resume work on July 1 with a force of 15 men under the management of the British Canadian Finance corporation was one of the interesting developments of the week. The property, which is famous as the first location in the camp, has a promising showing and it looks well. Its development will be awaited with interest.

The Le Roi meeting on Friday night did not result in any action, and an adjournment was taken until the 27th of the month.

The development on the Columbia & Kootenay is of the most encouraging nature, and the property is looking exceedingly well.

The shipping list will be increased this week by the addition of the Monte Christo, which is expected to send 25 tons daily to the Trail smelter during the first week, to be increased to 50 tons later. The War Eagle is shipping heavily and produced 1,280 tons last week. The Iron Mask shipments were 65 tons, while the Centre Star produced 30 tons. The total shipments were 1,375 tons.

**The War Eagle.**  
The place left vacant when the Le Roi suspended shipments has been suddenly filled by the War Eagle, which is already producing steadily at a rate equal to its predecessor, while as soon as the new plant is in operation the present figures will be practically doubled. The shipments from the War Eagle last week reached the comfortable total of 1,280 tons, while for the month of May, when shipments were getting fairly started, the average output of the mine was 121 tons daily.

The property is now employing 210 men, so that the reduction of the payroll at the Le Roi is practically compensated by the increase at its neighbor to the north. The sum total of the men at work in the immediate vicinity of Rossland remains unchanged, and there are about 700 men employed in the mines with a radius of two miles from the postoffice.

At the War Eagle there are 14 drills at work, besides a number of hammermen who are employed where machines could not be conveniently utilized. The shaft is being deepened. At the 625-foot level a crosscut back to the body has been run, and a drift along the vein has been started. The ore ledge at that level proves to be five and a half feet wide, all an excellent quality of iron and copper ore. All the War Eagle ore, though coming from everywhere in the mine between the grass roots and the 625-foot level, is running very evenly in values, with an average of about four per cent copper.

**The Columbia & Kootenay.**  
Recent developments in the Columbia & Kootenay have been of the most encouraging character. In the raise a fine body of silicious ore has been met in the past two days, and it is now about two and a half feet wide, with every prospect of widening. The ore, which is copper in quartz, more resembles the Le Roi product than that usually met in the Columbia & Kootenay. The strike is regarded as important. In the No. 3 tunnel, which has opened the vein at the most westerly point yet reached in the mine, there is an improvement in the showing, and the ore is coming in much more solidly than in the past. There are now 34 men employed under ground in the Columbia & Kootenay, not to count the men at the compressor and engaged in surface work. The total payroll of the B. A. C., counting in the Le Roi, now numbers about 225.

**The Le Roi.**  
A station is being cut at the 750-foot level in the shaft, and connections to that level with the skip will soon be established. A new chute of ore has been met in the west end of the 600-foot level, about 550 feet from the shaft. It gives the lower levels of the mine is proceeding without delay.

**The Victory-Triumph.**  
On the Victory-Triumph the development of the past few days has disclosed exceptionally good ore in the crosscut run across the ore chute met about 100 feet from the mouth of the tunnel. An average sample returned \$15, and the streak on the hanging wall is expected to return even better values. D. B. Bogle, the manager of the property, is satisfied that the ore will prove of shipping grade. In the face of the tunnel, work is proceeding steadily, and the tunnel is being driven ahead.

**The Monte Christo.**  
Work on the Monte Christo has been pushed during the week in anticipation of the shipping of ore, which begins tomorrow morning. The contract for hauling the ore in wagons from the mine to the track of the C. & W. railway has been let and all the preparations made. Superintendent Pfunder said yesterday that the shipments the first week would be at the rate of 25 tons per day, but by the end of that time he thinks he will be able to double that quantity. Further on the output will be still larger.

**The Velvet.**  
The steam pump has succeeded in draining the shaft of water, and work will be resumed shortly sinking. The shaft is now down 165 feet. The drift to the north has been run 175 feet, and the showing, while not so fine as nearer the shaft, is nevertheless very satisfactory. About 30 men are employed.

**The Iron Mask.**  
Good ore continues to be met in both the winze and the raise. In the former workings a depth of 330 feet has been attained, which is the extreme depth yet reached in the mine. Shipments continue steadily.

**The Great Western.**  
Two drills are at work in the bottom of the shaft, which is down about 120 feet.

**The No. 1.**  
Excellent surface ore continues to be met, from which good values are obtained. It is probable that an air pipe will be run to the property from the Josie to supply air to the shaft that will be sunk on the No. 1.

**The Good Hope.**  
Four men have started to work on the Good Hope stripping the vein that extends from the Good Friday across the Good Hope ground. Later on work will be resumed in the shaft.

**The Evening Star.**  
In the upper tunnel a crosscut is in progress near the bottom of the shaft, which connects with the tunnel. Some little ore has been met, which promises well.

**The Abe Lincoln.**  
Work raising the water from the shaft is in progress. W. T. Macdonald, who is in charge of the company's affairs, says that mining will be resumed shortly.

**The Josie.**  
The surface improvements are completed, and the shaft house is in excellent shape. At the 300-foot level three drills are at work crosscutting the ledge.

**The Jumbo.**  
In the lower tunnel level a crosscut is in progress, and three feet and a half of lively quartz has been disclosed. The ore contains some little iron.

**The Bear Park.**  
Work is continuing in the bottom of the shaft and at the 180-foot level. In each place good ore is met.

**The Mascot.**  
The showing in the shaft is little changed. Good progress is made in driving the tunnel.

**The Nickel Plate.**  
Two drills are working in the crosscuts from the lower levels in the shaft.

**The Southern Belle.**  
The tunnel is being pushed ahead. Some ore is met.

**The Centre Star.**  
Shipments last week amounted to 30 tons.

**The Good Friday.**  
Operations are continuing in the tunnel.

**The Coxy.**  
The crosscut is still being continued.

**The Gertrude.**  
Sinking the shaft is continuing.

**The Atlantic Cable.**  
Work in the shaft continues.

## A DAY OF JUDGMENT

Criminals Sentenced at Victoria by Mr. Justice McCall.

### A BUNCO MAN SURPRISED

Charge of Criminal Libel Against Mr. Bostock, Mr. Coltart and Senator Templeman Dismissed—Progress of Glenora Wagon Road.

VICTORIA, June 4.—Belle Adams, alias Zella Ward, the young white woman, who last evening cut the throat of her mulatto lover, Charles Kincaid, because he was about to desert her, was today committed for trial on the charge of murder.

Sentence was pronounced by Justice McCall today on the prisoners found guilty at the assizes just concluded. An Italian named Barratta, for attempt to murder, was sentenced to seven years. Williams, the Seattle confidence man, who took \$210 from a Manitoba farmer, was severely lectured by the judge, and seemed stunned by the shock when seven years' imprisonment was named as the punishment. It is said that he expected six months and his counsel had given prominence to the fact that he had already spent two months in jail. Martha Wolf, found guilty of manslaughter by causing the death of Mrs. Marsden by throwing a lamp at her, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment. In the Nichol libel case the grand jury being again summoned on account of the objection raised to the bill returned the previous day again reported having found a true bill against the defendant and incidentally protested as a body against the refusal of the judge to consider the petition for a writ of habeas corpus presented on behalf of the defendant.

The charges against Mr. Bostock, Mr. Coltart and Senator Templeman, in connection with the alleged libel, were announced, were to be proceeded with and accordingly they were formally dismissed. Counsel for Mr. Nichol then took exception to the constitution of the jury panel out of which the jury to hear the case was to be called. Upon this point the judge reserved a decision until Tuesday next, and the trial was fixed for Monday, the 13th.

J. H. Russel, who has just arrived from Glenora, reports that McKenzie & Mann have 150 men at work on the wagon road, which the foreman expects to have completed to the summit by next Saturday night, while within two weeks there will probably be a good road from Glenora to Teelin lake.

### INSULTING DOGGERS.

They Gave Barrister Schultz to Assault ex-Prince of Wales.  
VICTORIA, June 3.—For several weeks past V. M. Ruthven, the ex-priest, who is lecturing on Sunday afternoons and evenings at the A. O. U. W. hall, has been distributing scores of doggers, all making allusions to S. D. Schultz, the Victoria barrister. The attacks were of such a character that Mr. Schultz had no recourse by law, for Mr. Ruthven knew just how far to go. This afternoon Ruthven was wandering around with an array of his doggers when he met Mr. Schultz. No sooner did the latter see the lecturer than he put up his fists and proceeded to punish the ex-priest. They were soon separated. Ruthven will have Schultz arrested on a charge of assault.

### LIBEL CASES.

An Attempt to Quash Indictment Against Nichols on Technicalities.  
VICTORIA, June 3.—In the criminal libel suit brought by Premier Turner and president of the council, Pooley, against the Province and Times newspapers, counsel for Walter C. Nichol, editor of the Province, formerly of Hamilton, Ont., moved to quash the indictment on the ground that the foreman of the grand jury, W. F. Bullen, was a partisan of the Turner government. Mr. Bullen is a candidate with Mr. Pooley for the Esquimalt district and avowed bitter opponent of the Province and Mr. Nichol. Justice McCall overruled the motion, but reserved the decision on the second grounds that of grand jury having found a true bill without examining witnesses. A long legal fight is assured. The cases against Senator Templeman and Hewitt Bostock depend on the decision in the case of Mr. Nichol.

### FROM THE GAZETTE.

The Latest Incorporations, Orders and Appointments, Etc.  
The council of public instruction has created school districts as follows: Alexandria, Fairview, Lumby, Mara, Nanaimo Bay, North Bend, Okanagan Falls, Quatsino, South Cedar, South Nanaimo, Trout Lake, Wardner, Union Wharf, White Valley and Ymir.  
Applications for certificates of improvement have been made for the following mineral claims: Apex, Cinderella fraction, Madford fraction, Keyser fraction, Imperial, Jubilee, Sunset.

The following appointments are gazetted: W. F. Robertson of the city of Montreal, Esquire, B. A., Sc., to be provincial mineralogist, vice William A. Carlyle, Esquire, resigned.  
W. Benie Walker, Esquire, J. P., and James Arams, Esquire, S. M., to be members of the board of license commissioners for the city of Cumberland, V. I.  
Following are the new incorporations: The Casca Trading & Transportation company, limited, with a capital stock of \$100,000, divided into 20,000 shares of \$5 each. The registered office of the company is at Glenora. The objects for which the company is formed are to carry on a general trading, merchandising, shipowning, wharfing, forwarding, transportation and merchandise business in British Columbia and elsewhere.

The Victoria Shoe company, limited, with a capital stock of \$50,000, divided into 500 shares of \$100 each. The objects for which the company is formed are to carry on a general wholesale and retail boot and shoe business, to manufacture and import boots and shoes, and to deal in all kinds of leather. The registered office of the company is in Victoria.

The Ymir Waterworks, limited, with a capital stock of \$12,000, divided into 300 shares of \$40 each. The registered office of the company is in Victoria. The objects for which the company is formed are: The construction, maintenance and operation of a system of water works for the unincorporated locality known as the town of Ymir.

Notice is given that a meeting of the West Le Roi & Josie Consolidated Mining company (foreign) will be held at the office of Daly & Hamilton, barristers, in this city on June 24, for the purpose of disposing of the whole or a part of the assets of the company; and notice is given that a general meeting of the Poor-man Gold Mining company (foreign) will be held in the office of Daly & Hamilton, in this city, on June 24, for the purpose of disposing of the whole or any portion of the assets of the company.

### A Theory of Gold.

John Patten in the Salt Lake Tribune says: "I do not profess to be an educated scientist and do not claim that my ideas on the following subject are beyond criticism; yet I have been reasoning and speculating somewhat upon the cause why the gold deposits in Alaska and the Klondike country are so much richer and more abundant than in other parts of the world."

"It is well known that gold is widely diffused throughout the world, though not in paying quantities. I am a believer in the nebular hypothesis that all the matter that composes our solar system existed in a vaporous condition, caused by intense heat. It has been estimated by some scientific men that these vapors extended half way to the fixed stars; that their density averaged about two ounces a matter to the square mile of space; that it revolved upon its axis with immense velocity, and that in time it commenced to lose its heat by radiation into space; that it contracted and became less and less, and its speed increased upon its axis until it became centrifugal force became so great that the planets were thrown off from the great nebula and assumed orbits of their own. The planets still retained their vaporous condition and intense heat; they possessed a corona like that of the sun at the present time, which is said to extend 80,000 to 100,000 miles, which is caused by convulsions and explosions from the body of the sun. That the physical condition of the planets at the time they were thrown off from the great nebula was in somewhat similar condition that the sun is now."

"It is conceded by the scientific world that our solar system is composed of a certain number of original elements; that these elements were in an amalgamated form; that one of these is gold; that all of these original elements were in their melting and vaporizing points at different degrees of heat; that the elements that vaporize at a low temperature will still retain their vaporous condition, while the elements that require a much higher degree of temperature to vaporize them will separate from the elements that vaporize at a lower temperature, and assume the condition that we find some of them in at the present time—pure gold being one of these. That in consequence of gold being one of the heaviest metals, it would settle near the center of the planet while it was in its semi-vaporous condition. I also believe that the vapor of gold would be heavier than the vapors of other elements that evaporate at a lower degree of heat, and would take position according to its specific gravity."

"I now come to the explanation why gold should be found in greater abundance near the poles than in any other part of the earth. It is an established fact that the earth is an oblate spheroid; that it is about 26 miles less from pole to pole than it is through the equator; that the centrifugal force created by the revolution of the earth upon its axis causes the elements to recede from the polar regions and accumulate and pile up towards the center. A natural consequence would be that the lighter material would flow towards the equator, leaving the heavy material behind. Gold being one of the heaviest elements, a greater proportion would be left near the poles than would flow to the equator, just the same as the sands in the rivers flow slower than the waters flow."

**A Courthouse for Rossland.**  
VICTORIA, June 4.—F. C. Gamble, provincial government engineer, has left for a tour of the Kootenay country in connection with the public works required there, notably the new courthouses at Rossland and Nelson.

## Have you made any money in Mining Stocks?

100's and 1,000's of Dollars

Have been made by careful investors. Will you accept a few suggestions as to your buying?

1. Buy as an investment, not to sell again in a few weeks.
2. Invest through a man who knows the camp, and whose reputation is at stake.
3. Do not buy where extravagant promises of dividends in a few months, etc., are made.
4. Invest in three or more of the most promising companies to the amount of 1000 or more shares.
5. Do not buy when the stock of any company is on the "boom." NOW is a good time to invest.

I shall be glad to have your patronage and will buy as carefully as if investing my own money.

**D. D. BIRKS,**

P. O. Box 447.

Imperial Block - Rossland, B. C.

## Harris, Kennedy & Co.

Mining Brokers and General Agents.

P. O. BOX 328. ROSSLAND, B. C.

We are in a position to negotiate the sale of some of the most promising properties in West Kootenay. Stocks bought and sold on commission. Are prepared to act as local agents and keep the necessary office, etc., for Foreign corporations as required by the 1897 Companies act. Under bond if desired. Correspondence solicited.

Best English, Canadian and American references.

Cable Address "Graham," Rossland, B. C.

Code: Clough's Moring & Neill

J. L. PARKER, Consulting Mining Engineer.

Code: Clough's Moring & Neill

JOSEPH B. DABNEY, Mining Broker.

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MINES AND MINING.

Mines Examined and Reported On. Special Attention Given to the Placing of Mining Properties and the Management of Mines. Box 64. Rossland, British Columbia

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Wholesale Merchants, Wharf St., Victoria, B. C.

Groceries, Wines and Liquors



Yes, I see it all now  
**The Reason Why**  
**Shorey's** Ready to Wear Clothing...

Is better in style and finish than what I can get from my tailors.

Of course a large concern like Shorey's can keep a staff of experienced workmen upon one class of work from year to year until they become absolutely perfect, while a tailor's hands produce a sack coat to-day, a dress coat to-morrow and so on, consequently they cannot be expected to attain the proficiency of Shorey's workmen.

Shorey's Guarantee Card in the pocket of every garment shows that the firm is bound to give perfect satisfaction in every instance.

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