

large centres of population, so perilous for them, and rather direct them to the smaller towns of Canada. The Baroness Von Marenholtz Bulow would be very happy to give you the benefit of her experience and advice in the introduction of the Froebel system of education. She could send you a certain number of nurses and governesses annually who have been trained at her own establishment in Dresden, and she commissioned me specially to tell you so. Considering how great an influence the daily surroundings exercise upon the mind of a child, it becomes a matter of serious consideration to procure persons of more refined and systematic training to watch over their tender years, by paying, perhaps, a few dollars more annually than is now done. As mostly all these associations have free registry offices combined with their establishments, and come otherwise into contact with the working classes, too, you see that ample opportunity is offered to supply you with what you need in that line, and new fields of activity can ever be created for daughters of better families, and the importation of German education, culture, and simplicity can be but an advantage to Canada in every respect. During my five years of active labor in this matter, and during nearly twenty years of observation of the course of emigration, I have come to the conviction that nothing has so large a bearing upon all the sore questions of our time than that of emigration; it enters into all our social and benevolent questions, and into those of political economy, &c. Doubtless, Her Majesty the Empress of Germany thinks so too, or else she would not have written so kindly to show me how we can secure the co operation of her association, as the following letter will show, and which was more than I had expected.

Col. Dennis read the following letter .—

BERLIN, 19th December, 1878.

MADAM :—

I have the honor to communicate to you that at the sitting of the Committee of the Union of the Patriotic Ladies, which took place on the 15th of this month, under the presidency of Her Majesty the Empress and Queen, I had occasion to bring to discussion the question of organizing a protection for female emigrants, as I had promised you. I made use of the material which you left me, and of the information which I gathered at the meeting of the 11th of this month. Her Majesty was pleased to give the subject her most high and lively interest, and expressed especially the opinion that the plan was well worthy being furthered, and that it can but be gratefully acknowledged that you lend it your warm and energetic interest. So much the greater was the regret of Her Majesty to agree to the opinion of the Central Committee, that the statutes of the union do not leave room within the limits created for them, to take themselves the initiative in the formation of your projected Emigrant Protection Committee. But there was agreement on all sides on the point, that if said Committee is once founded, it would be possible for the union to enter into relations with it. The opinion was generally expressed that if you could succeed in forming branch unions in Canada, in connection with the Emigrant Protection Committees there, they could establish a common field for action between the Central Union here and the Emigrant Protection Committee about to be formed, and the relation would mutually gain in warmth and interest.

I have the honour to remain, &c., &c., &c.,

VON BOWTICHER,

Privy Government Councillor,

Sec. to the Union of Patriotic Ladies.

And now that I have paved the way abroad for you, said the speaker, I may hope that female emigration will be placed on a higher standard; now that I have every