

2 THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N.B. FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1915

LET ENEMY WEAR HIMSELF OUT IS PLAN OF COUNT CADORNA, CHIEF OF STAFF OF ITALY'S ARMY

MASSES WANT A PEACE SETTLEMENT COMMENSURATE WITH SACRIFICES OF PEOPLE

Wilson's Envoy to Europe Reports on Attitude of Peoples and Diplomats of Nations at War in Regard to Peace Terms—Expects Freedom of the Seas Will Play Most Important Part in Any Peace Negotiations.

New York, June 24.—President Wilson does not see any prospect for an early peace in Europe. Col. E. M. House, his close friend and unofficial envoy to Europe, gave the President today the results of his sojourn in several months in the principal capitals of Europe, where he talked intimately with the responsible officials of the British, French and German governments, and the information he imparted in the long walks and talks which they enjoyed today reflected definitely the ideas held by both diplomats and the military element in each of the countries at war. He also disclosed the various beliefs and currents of public opinion in each country as to what might be the possible terms of peace, and the trend of public opinion toward the different peace proposals that have been brought forward from time to time in informal discussions by the press and peace organizations.

The President has been guided largely by what Col. House has reported to him by cable and letters in handling the delicate question of renewing the efforts of the United States to bring about a general acceptance of mediation. Mr. Wilson said himself last Tuesday to the Washington correspondents that most tenders of good offices had been made to the warring powers, but that all foreign governments well understood the willingness of the United States to be of any service in any way possible to have the way for an approach to peace.

One fundamental thing, the President has learned, which has affected the efforts of the United States to make peace is the unpreparedness of public opinion in some of the belligerent countries as to terms which they fear their adversaries might advance, or that are already discussed. Colonel House observed during his trip to Europe that public opinion in some of the countries was most insistent on terms which the governments of those countries already had learned in various ways would not be acceptable to their opponents. In all countries he found that there had developed among the masses a desire for a settlement that would be commensurate with the sacrifice in blood and treasure that had been made by the people. If left to the diplomats in Europe alone a return to the territorial status quo would perhaps not be difficult, some of the information indicated.

In Germany, it seemed, according to reliable information given to the President that the object of the large and influential party was to prepare public opinion for a realization of the idea that Germany's best interests lie in colonial expansion and the incidental development of overseas commerce, rather than in territorial extension in Europe proper.

The question, however, which Col. House thinks likely will play a most important part in any peace negotiations is "freedom of the seas." Neither the President nor Col. House would make any formal statement to insist on their conference.

SAYS SHIPPERS HAVE NO GROUND FOR COMPLAINT

Memorandum of British Foreign Office Says No Undue Delay in Prize Court Proceedings.

Washington, June 24.—Great Britain in a memorandum transmitted to the United States a few days ago and made public here and in London tonight, recites at length its efforts to minimize inconvenience to neutral commerce resulting from the ordinary council against trade with Germany, Austria and Turkey and asserts that American citizens have no just ground for complaints on account of the treatment accorded their cargoes.

The Foreign Office emphasizes the "various special concessions made in favor of the United States citizens."

According to a summary of ships detained, there are twenty-seven vessels which cleared from the United States, now held in ports in the United Kingdom. Of these eight are said to be unloading cotton which Great Britain has agreed to purchase; seven will be allowed to depart as items of their cargo placed in a prize court have been discharged, and the other twelve—three of them American ships—are the subject of investigations not yet completed.

Regarding the complaint that undue delay has occurred in the prize court, the memorandum points out that delay is frequently caused by the request for adjustment of cases by counsel for the claimants, and quotes from the records of the prize court one specific instance where the claimants after pressing for an early hearing, and an early date having been fixed, came into court and asked for a six weeks adjournment.

The memorandum concludes: "His Majesty's government are earnestly desirous of removing all causes of avoidable delay in dealing with American cargoes and vessels which may be detained, and any specific inquiries or representations which may be made by the United States government in regard to certain cases will always receive the most careful consideration and all information which can be afforded without prejudice to prize court proceedings will be readily communicated; but they can scarcely admit that on the basis of actual facts any substantial grievance on the part of American citizens is justified or can be sustained, and they therefore confidently appeal to the opinion of the United States government as enlightened by this memorandum."

(Signed) PAGE.

AUSTRIANS FAIL TO PIERCE ITALIAN LINES

Reinforced and on Offensive, But Unable to Find Weak Spot in Italian Army's Defence.

Verona, Italy, June 24.—According to reliable information that has reached Verona, the Austrians have received such reinforcements as to enable them to take the offensive throughout the front, but are constantly being repulsed everywhere with heavy losses.

The fundamental idea of the plan of campaign adopted by Lieut. Gen. Count Cadorna, chief of staff of the Italian army, is to cause the Austrians the greatest expenditure of men with the least damage to the Italians.

FOR BELGIAN FUNDS.

The following additional subscriptions have been received by Daniel Mullin, K.C., Belgian Consul, for the Belgian Orphan Fund and deposited to the credit of the fund in the Union Bank of Canada here:

Previously acknowledged \$566.25

St. John North W.C.T.U. per Mrs. A. C. M. Lawson, provincial treasurer 25.00

James F. Robertson, Esq. 25.00

Pupils of Misses Isabel and Margaret Lindsay, collection taken at recital held June 22 5.00

Roman Meal Is Granulated for a Purpose

This purpose is defeated if it is stirred in making porridge. Roman Meal is cut into little granules so that it will mix thoroughly and at once with the digestive juices. It cannot then ferment and become "acid" or produce indigestion and it will not pack in the bowels and cause constipation. If cooked properly without stirring in a double boiler or boiler set in a basin of water it is the most delicious porridge known. For hot weather cook while evening meal is being prepared and eat cold in morning. It's cooling, strengthening and positively relieves constipation. Ask your doctor. All grocers 10 and 25c.

Robt. G. Jackson, M. D.

ROMAN MEAL

A FOOD THAT PREVENTS INDIGESTION RELIEVES CONSTIPATION

(Signed) PAGE.

STREET CARS COLLIDE, TEN PERSONS HURT

Motorman Loses Control, Cars Rushes Down a Steep Grade in Montreal Street.

Montreal, June 24.—Ten persons were injured, three seriously, in a rear-end collision between two street cars on Atwater Avenue, in the west end, late tonight. The accident occurred on a steep hill, when the motorman on the rear car lost control of his brakes.

The three seriously injured are: Miss Annie McGarr, aged 40, left arm amputated and internal injuries. Motorman Steward of the run-away car, head and internal injuries. James Cheyne, head and internal injuries.

OFFICIAL REPORTS

GERMANY

Berlin, June 24.—The statement given out here today says: "Western theatre of war: 'We drove the enemy out of a section of the trench on the eastern slope of the Lorette Hill, which captured recently.'"

"South of Soches fighting continues with good results for our side. Our position in the Lorette Hills, south of Neuville was maintained after stubborn hand-to-hand fighting in the face of a strong attack begun during the night."

"In the Meuse Hills there were further bitter engagements. We took 150 French prisoners. The enemy suffered heavy losses in two unsuccessful attacks."

"Operations against the hill at Ban-De-Sapt, which we captured yesterday were repulsed. The number of prisoners was increased by 100."

"Eastern theatre of war: 'Northeast of Kurazany the Russians left more than 100 prisoners in our hands after an attack which we repulsed. On the Omulew river (Russian Poland), the German advance reached the village of the village of Kopyczka. South of the Vistula, in Poland, several enemy attacks were frustrated.'"

"Southeastern theatre of war: 'The army under Gen. Von Linington crossed the frontier between Halicz, which is still being held by our enemies, and Zuzawno. This army engaged in a fierce battle on the northern bank.'"

"In the neighborhood of Lemberg and Zolkowka the pursuit continues. Between Rawka-Ruska and the San, as far as Ulanow, nothing of importance has occurred. In the angle between the San and the Vistula the Russians have retreated behind a branch of the San; also on the left bank of the Vistula, south of Izza, they retreated toward the north."

AUSTRIA

Vienna, via London, June 24.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office today:

"The general situation in Eastern Galicia is unchanged. To the east and northeast of Lemberg, battles with strong Russian rear guards are still proceeding."

"On the Upper Danube, Mikolajow and Zydaczow have been captured. Down the river from Zydaczow the allied troops are advancing from several quarters."

"On the northern bank of the Danube, between the Vistula and the San, the enemy continues to retreat. North of the Vistula the Russian rear guards were driven beyond the Kamienska river."

"In the Italian war theatre, on the Carinthian frontier a strong attack of Italian troops near Hal (east of Ploeken) was repulsed. Otherwise on these frontiers and those of Tyrol no important engagements occurred."

"On the Isonzo river there is heavy artillery fighting. Italian attacks near Gorizia and Monfalcone failed."

SUPREME COURT

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, June 24.—In the Supreme Court today the appeal in the case of the Dominion Atlantic Ry. vs. Starnett was allowed with costs. Justice Anglin dissenting.

The appeal in the case of the Evangeline Fruit Co. vs. Provincial Fire Insurance Co. was also allowed with costs.

WORK AHEAD YET FOR ENEMY IN GALICIA

Russian Army Not Sufficiently Affected by Retirement from Lemberg to Permit Teutons Withdrawing Forces to Another Theatre.

London, June 25.—A despatch to the Times from Petrograd says that owing to the unimpeded fighting power of the Russian army the Austro-Germans will be unable to transfer either to the Warsaw or the western battle fronts troops now in Galicia.

"As yet," the correspondent adds, "the retirement from Lemberg has not affected the Dnieper front, where modifications are likely to occur only if the Germans succeed in advancing eastward, thus threatening the Russian rear and flank. It is affirmed that the enemy has concentrated on the Russian front all the Austrian cavalry, some eleven divisions, and almost all the German cavalry, namely four divisions, but that their activity is not very marked."

NEW ROYAL COMMISSION IN MANITOBA

Created by Order-in-Council Passed Yesterday to Investigate Charges Made by C. P. Fullerton.

Winnipeg, June 24.—It was announced this afternoon that an order-in-council had been passed by the provincial cabinet appointing Mr. Justice Fullerton of the Court of Appeals, Mr. Justice Galt of the Court of the King's Bench, and Judge Robson, Public Utilities Commissioner for Manitoba, as a Royal Commission to investigate the Pallister charges. Justice Fullerton is chairman of the new commission. The date of its first meeting is not announced.

The charges were made early in the week by C. P. Fullerton, K.C., the members of the late Roblin government and the present Roblin government had been concerned in a "deal" which fixed terms and conditions for the transfer of authority from the old regime to the new.

With its authority to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents affirmed and ratified by an order-in-council, issued yesterday, the Royal Commission on the Pallister charges will at once have subpoenaes served on Thomas Kelly and other members of the firm of Kelly & Sons, contractors. This was made clear at the session this afternoon. C. P. Wilson, senior counsel for the Liberals, recalled the fact that early in May, Mr. P. H. Phippen, K.C., on behalf of Kelly, questioned the right of the commission to compel the attendance of witnesses. When Kelly withdrew from the commission and refused to produce documents the matter was temporarily allowed to rest. Since the powers of the commission have now been more thoroughly established Mr. Wilson announced that he intended to at once request that subpoenas be served on Kelly and some of his associates.

Mr. Kelly has, on the advice of his lawyer, declared that he will resist the authority of the commission.

The examination of Hon. George R. Galt and Hon. J. H. Howden was concluded today and it is expected that Hon. Dr. Montague will be examined further tomorrow. Through counsel for the late government, Dr. Montague expressed his readiness to take stand, but his physical condition is such that if he desires it he will be permitted to give his evidence in the privacy of his hotel apartment in half-day sessions.

Hon. J. H. Howden's evidence consisted in the main of a complete denial of all knowledge of wrong-doing in connection with the parliament buildings. He testified that he never helped to raise the money to keep Salt away and that he did not hear anything from Horwood about the alleged robbery of H. G. Hook, in Omaha. Mr. Howden told of carrying \$1,500 from Dr. Simpson to a solicitor, who was not named, for the defense of Horwood. Mr. Howden said that Dr. Simpson handed him the money at the Adams

DENMARK AND ENGLAND REACH AN AGREEMENT

Relative to the Supply of Coal from the British Isles to Denmark.

London, June 24.—An agreement has been reached between the Danish and British governments relative to the supply of coal from the British Isles to Denmark, according to the Exchange Telegraph's Copenhagen correspondent.

A special bureau, the correspondent says, will be established in Copenhagen to deal with coal coming from England and Scotland. Eight coal steamers arrived in Copenhagen from England.

CASUALTY LIST

Midnight List.

SECOND BATTALION.

Wounded.

Private C. Barnhart, Shannonville, Ont.

THIRD BATTALION.

Prisoners in Germany.

Private Rolfe Welch, Toronto; Corporal Fred F. Philip, Toronto; Corporal Victor A. Jeffries, Toronto.

Wounded.

Lieut. Ernest B. Henderson, Windsor, Ont.

FIFTH BATTALION.

Prisoner of War.

Private Neil Martin Cowan, Yorkton, Sask.

SEVENTH BATTALION.

Prisoner of War.

Private George D. Scott, Ottawa; Private P. C. James, Vancouver.

EIGHTH BATTALION.

Wounded and Prisoner of War.

Corporal Joseph Victor Austmann, Winnipeg.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.

Missing.

Private Theodore Valandry (formerly 12th Battalion), Montreal.

Prisoner of War.

Private Vaughan Regan, Boston, Mass.; Lance Corporal Percy G. Chambers, Montreal.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.

Prisoner of War.

Private Sidney W. Barrett, Toronto; Private Ernest Albert Pay, Toronto; Private Archibald P. Campbell, Ottawa.

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.

Killed in Action April 22.

Private C. W. Sarel, North Vancouver.

FIRST FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Wounded.

Gunner William King, Peterboro, Ont.

NO. 1 CANADIAN STATIONARY HOSPITAL.

Suffering from Meningitis.

James Haire, Carleton Place, Ont.

LESS UNEMPLOYMENT NOW THAN DURING FIRST MONTH OF MEN

Sixty-five Per Cent. of 1,097,000 Workingmen and Women Were Employed in April.

Paris, June 24.—The Ministry of Labor has completed an inquiry into the effects of the war upon employment. In 27,610 industrial and commercial concerns, with 1,097,000 employees in ordinary times, it was found that 65 per cent. were fully employed in the month of April. The remaining 35 per cent. does not represent the actual unemployment, because 24 per cent. of the total number prior to the war is now with the colors; so that actually only 11 per cent. including both sexes, were unemployed during April, as compared with 17 per cent. in January, 32 per cent. in October and 42 per cent. in August.

The figures, together with statistics issued by other ministries, indicates continuous improvement in the industrial and commercial situation in France since the opening month of the war.

Club and the solicitor called at his office for it. Dr. Simpson said he was a personal friend of both Horwood and the solicitor.

Mr. Caldwell denied that he had any knowledge of any central campaign fund. In his campaign in Brandon he said he had no assistance from any such fund, if one existed.

It is expected that Sir Edmund Roblin will take the stand after Dr. Montague has been heard.

Clean-up Sale of A Midsummer Millinery

Trimmed Hats, specially trimmed for this sale, at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and up.

Black Moline and Straw Hats for Matrons at \$3.00 each.

Panama Hats from \$1.50 to \$7.00 each.

Colored Velvet Ribbons, 10c. and 15c. yard.

Corded Silk Ribbon, Black and all colors, 7c. per yard and up.

Young Ladies' Net Transparent Brim Hats, Black, White and Colored, \$3.00 each.

Clean-up Sale of Midsummer Millinery Marr Millinery Co. Ltd.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Royal.

T. M. Burns, Bathurst; Thos. W. Fuller, Sherbrooke, Que.; Mrs. O. S. Crockett, Fredericton; A. Miller, Sackville; G. S. Lovell, Boston; J. H. Grisdale, Frank T. Shutt, Ottawa; H. S. Schott, New York; R. B. Hanson, Fredericton; C. H. B. Avern, Montreal; J. G. Goldsmith, New York City; Robt. Connelly, Great Salmon River; R. G. How, Montreal; Jack Rose, Capt. J. R. Jago, C. E. Halifax; T. C. Burpee, Fredericton; Jas. B. McKay, Dalhousie; Miss Meyne, Jamaica, N. Y.; Miss Pauli Montclair, N. J.; F. P. Thompson, Fredericton; M. Jarvis, N. R. Jennings, Toronto; J. F. Avar, Moncton; A. B. Cooke, Montreal; Mrs. Allan McDonald, Mrs. G. A. Leonard, Mrs. L. G. Wilder, Mrs. M. D. Hosford, Mrs. Guy Holbrook, Mrs. F. Black, W. P. Spinney, Boston; L. P. Paris, White's Cove; W. P. Rapley, J. A. McPhail, Toronto; Miss H. Tweedie, Moncton; A. W. Bennett, Sackville.

Victoria.

G. F. Burr, Hartland; W. C. Stephenson, Providence, R. I.; E. L. Beer, Amherst; G. R. Thomson, Toronto; L. A. Thurrott and wife, Fredericton; Mrs. R. Hutchinson, Boston; F. H. McLaughlin, Chatham; F. Lister, McAdam Jet; Earl Crandall, Vancouver; F. X. Laurent, Campbellton; Malcolm Crawford, Northampton, Mass.; W. A. Robertson, Montreal; Frank H. Reynolds, New York; Fred Comeau, James T. Melanson, Little Brook; G. Powers, Brownville Jet; J. E. Humphreys, Pettitcodiac; W. H. Brooke, Montreal.

MARRIED.

YEOMAN-NICHOLS.—In St. Luke's church on June 23, by the Rev. R. F. McKim, Miss Susie Nichol, daughter of Mrs. Mary Nichols, of this city, to William Yeoman, of East St. John.

BELDING-GALLOP.—In Main street Baptist church, St. John, on June 23, by Rev. Dr. D. Hutchinson, Albert F. Belding to Eva G. Gallop.

MORROW-BELDING.—In Main street Baptist church, St. John, on June 23, by Rev. Dr. D. Hutchinson, Elvert V. Morrow to Mabel C. Belding.

Sanford Quest Trails Craig to England!

"THE BLACK BOX" AT THE IMPERIAL

Hunting the Suspect With the Aid of Scotland Yard's Famous Sleuths

Sophie Cluts and Slippery Slim IN ESSANAY SCREAM

"SOPHIE'S CHOICE" "WAR OF THE WILD"

One of Those Big Laughs Lions, Tigers, Elephants

Songs That Are Entirely New to St. John

- STANLEY & LAMBERT -

Tasteful and Highly Artistic

Virginia Underwood Concert Soprano

Big Sat. Matinee For Schoolchildren

BIG, BOUNCING WEEK-END BILL!

LOOK WHO'S COMING The World-Famous Comedians

BUNTH & RUDD

Burlesque Magic, etc.—A Howl of Merriment

TONIGHT **OPERA HOUSE** SOLDIERS' BENEFIT

ORPHEUM STOCK CO.

In the Lively Comedy

"MRS. TEMPLE'S TELEGRAM"

Auspices Royal Standard Chapter, I. O. D. E., and Valcartier Chapter

NET PROCEEDS FOR TOBACCO FUND FOR CANADIAN SOLDIERS IN THE TRENCHES

Tomorrow Mat. and Night — "LOTTERY OF LOVE"

Starting MON. **EMPIRE** MUSICAL COMEDY COMPANY

18 PEOPLE — ALL ALIVE

Comedians - Singers - Dancers - Show Girls - Ginger Girls

2 Hour Musical Comedy in 2 Acts at Every Performance

EVERYTHING NEW - CLASSY - REFINED

MATINEE WED., SAT. AND DOMINION DAY

NIGHTS AND THE HOLIDAY MATINEE

10-20-30c MATINEES 10-20c

SEATS RESERVED IN ADVANCE—PHONE M. 1303.

RUS. GRE. AC. RAID ON LUDW. May 27 mos. aerial exploit war—A har enemy. A special cable t Herald gives further of May 27, on the Ludwigsbaven, and ance of the exploit. The correspond says: "The raid by el planes on the gre materials for ex Wisshaven has com as the most import executed by the a country. "The French co time described it a raid," in a now shown the full imp age done it is seen successful even bo enthusiastic airmen to hope. "The official an foray told how on of May 27 French ed the Baden anili at Ludwigsbaven ceas, and that all bar return of the the airman bomb dropping forty-ni Oppan, some two r The airman rep amazing fact that had struck home mous plant of the trust and its bran oped in dense fu away. "Through mea are not for publi since been learn to the plant was portant this is as can be realized on the nature of the factories had been has heretofore as possible. It was really th pan that was the the two plants for laboratorias a grie factory and they d identally ruined This new facto sented the result by the German au through the skill laboratorias a grie suffered by the s maritime comm months, they had the nitrate produ pensable for the m Nitric acid, the powders, came to Chill and Peru in blockade left them to solve. It is int French chemists this problem ex tracts azote from on lime at the gre in Norway, but t Germans. Their problem thesis nitric acid chemists. Profess how it could be d to the French C Chassaigne, the p tory one, slow, ex merically salt for Paris Journal how he turned the e great dye corpora took Professor put at his service atories and practi cial resources. A him was to over that stood in the ture of nitric ac Last December work, the profes He had found a when the reaction about, it required Then it was th was begun on t Oppan. Night and day installed on a v regiments of w their task, the pl to its capacity. I the army with weeks when the raid. The conse the work was un ish energy will its rebuilding an. And now, wh Again have been duce the preciou nitric acid, some may not fly acros all the laborious

INLAND REV. RETURN Special to The S Ottawa, June 2 nee statement fo crease of \$200,000 figures last mont