MESSENGER AND VISITOR.

This and That

A CURIOUS BIRD'S-NEST.

Those who are familiar with our common house wren know how often it happens that very strange nesting-sites are at times decided upon by this bird. It is not so long ago that a small watering pot, hanging within easy reach of a pump constantly used, was taken possession of, and the wrens, all unmindful of people constantly coming and going very near them. raised their brood, and returned the follow ing summer. A permanent box was placed in the spot after the second season, and this has since been used.

Wrens have been known, too, to enter h uses through open windows and attempt nest-building indoors, and in places, too, very inconvenient to the family, as in a card-basket, on the piano, and on the pole supporting portieres. But more curious than all other instances, it seems to me, is the following : In the spring of 1901, a hornets' nest that had long hung in my hall was 'temporarily placed in a covered porch. Some weeks later, a pair of wrens were noticed examining it very critically, and they finally decided that as a nesting site it was in every way admirable. The fact that I was frequently sitting on that porch, often with two or three people, in no wise troubled them. The birds were absolutely fearless.

Having chosen the hornets' nest as a summer residence, the wrens first cleared. out sufficient space for their use, and chinped a new circular entrance to it. This they made the more secure by placing in front a platform of twigs, many of which were thrust through the paper walls. This was not always easily done, and gave rise to some cross words, or so it seemed. Except a few feathers, there was nothing car ried into the hole made by the wrens in the body of the hornets' nest. As soon as all was to their liking, eggs were laid and the brood successfully reared.

The brood successfully reard. While the parent birds were noticeably tame during the days of nest-making, they were even more so when there were young birds to look after Without really troubling them, I tried in many ways to test their confidence in my good will to-ward them. Several times I kaned against the pillar supporting the roof of the porch, so as to bring my face within eighteen inches of the opening to the nest. Twice under such circumstances, one of the old birds darted by me and entered, but at other times waited most impatiently until legain sat down in the chair near by. One fact that interested me greatly was that when interrupted by my coming, the were, firmly holding a wriggling worm in itsbeak, would scold crossly, making a bird could make the sound and yet retain the worm in its beak I leave to others to explain.—Charles C. Abbott, M. D., in St. Nicholas.

THE BOY'S MISTAKE.

A boy applied to a city merchant for a Incidentally he mentioned that situation. he attended St. Luke's Sunday school.

'St. Luke ?'' said the merchant. he carry on the Sunday school ?"

"Why, no," answered the boy, with evithe saints are all dead."

"the saints are all dead." The boy's mistake was common and not unnatural one. In a liter dense it is true. One must be dead before he can have a place in the formal and official calendar of saints. But not all the saints have been canonized; nor are they all dead. There are saints of whom the world has never heard, and in whose honor no church is ever likely to be named-nea and women who are bearing heavy burdens and wearing unseen the crown of thorns. No halo surrounds their brow, no poet sings their praise, and no artist glorifies them in marb.e or upon canvas. There is the mother broken in health

and spirits, with a family of little ones to care for, and having a dissolute and worthless husband. , God alone knows how hard she toi's and how much she suffers. There is that poor, patient, bedridden sufferer, year after year bearing her burden of pain, and growing sweeter and sweeter all the while

Far out on the frontier is the home missionary, on meagre fare and with threadbare coat, preaching the gospel in rough mining camps and small settlements, while the faithful wife at home mends and patches, pinches and saves, that there may be fire upon the hearth and food upon the

table. Our idea of sainthood is different from that of former days. The old-time saint was mostly intent upon saving his own sonl. He field to the desert, dwelt in a cave, and dozed and dreamed the hours away, and the more dirty and wretched his personal appearance the greater degree of sainthood was he supposed to have at-tained tained

The modern saint is one who serves and gives bis life and thought for others. Many such may be found. Every paper records some heroic act of rescue, some noble deed of benevolence. There is the Red Cross nurse upon the field of battle, the Sister of Charlty moving about in the quiet ward, the engineer who gives his life that the passengers may be saved. No, the saints are not all dead.—Rey. J. S. Gilbert, in Christian Advocate.

LIFE IN THE COUNTRY.

In the country every morning of the year brings with it a new aspect of spring-ing or fading nature, a new duty to be falfilled upon earth and a new promise warning in heaven. No day is without its innocent hope, its special prudence, its kindly gift and its sublime danger, and in every process of wise husbandry and every effort of contending or remedial courage the wholesome passions, pride and bodily power of the laborer, are excited and exerted in happiest unison. The companionship of domestic and the care of service able animals soften and enlarge his life with lowly charities and discipline him in familiar wisdom and unboastful fortitudes, while the divine laws of seedtime, which cannot be recalled, harvest, which cannot be hastened, and winter, in which no man can work, compel the impatience and cov-eting of his heart into labor too submis-sive to be anxious and rest too sweet to be wanton.—John Ruskia. with lowly charities and discipline him in

WHERE HE CAME FROM.

It was in a mission Sunday school far over on the east side, and the brisk young clergyman from Chicago was about to make a brief address His smile was as complacent as ingratiating, and he began with an adroitness, as he supposed, of ex-ordium which would have left Quintilian speechless with wonder and envy

'Well, children, I guess none of you knows where I come from."

His own ingenuity warmed his heart as he saw visions of his stockyard stories to he saw visions of his stockyard strikes to come. But he promptly got a cold . . ache. "Oh, yes, we do !" spoke up shiny face--pretern túrally so--Joe Dugan in the front row. An orator must follow his lead even if it isn't the one he desired. So the youthful minister, a slight shade of disap-pointment now on his unwrinkled front, asked : pointment now ou survey ssked : "Well, where do you think, then ?" "From the country !"-New York Even-ing Post.

VALUE OF SUNDAY REST.

An important contribution to scientific dent disgust at such deplorable ignorance; data bearing on the necessity of Sunday rest from labor has been mads by a Pennsylvania railroad official. He selected two groups of laborers from the working force of a certain freighthouse controlled by his road. He measured the working capacity of each group in terms of tons handled daily for a week. On Sunday one group rested; the other worked as usual. On the following Monday the men who had been following Monday the men who had been continuously at service showed a decrease of 10 per cent in efficiency as compared with the previous Monday, and each day after their comparative delinquency be-came greater. The men who had their Sunday respite, on the other hand, were as valuable to the company the second week as the first.—Sel.

Christopher Marlo e gave forth the in-vitation so often repeated by his brothers in a less public way : "Love me little, love me long."

The poet Campbell found that "Coming events cast their shadows before," and "'Tis distance lends enchantment to the view."

CHILDHOOD'S PRAYER

The fire upon the hearth is low, And there is stillness everywhere ; Like troubled spirits, here and there The firelight ahadows futtering go. And as the ahadows round me creep, A childish treble breaks the gloom And softly from a farther room Comes : "Now I lay me down to sleep."

Comes: "Now I lay me down to sleep. And, somehow, with that little prayer And that sweet treble in my ears, My thought goes back to distant years And lingers with a dear one there. And as I hear the child's amen, My mother's faith comes back to me; Couched at her side I seem to be, Awd mother holds my hands again.

And mother holds my hands again. O for an hour in that dear place ! O for the peace of that dear time ! O for a glimpe of mother's face ! Yet, as the shadows round me creep, I do not seem to be alone— Magic of that treble tone— And "Now I hay me down to sleep."

-Eugene Field.

CROTCHETY, CRABBED, AND CROSS

Crotchety, Crabbed, and Cross, one day Went out for a sull on the Sulky Bay. Their boat was leaky, their sail was torn, And hung on the bow was a dinner horn. "We'll sail to the north," said Crotchety, "I'll stand by the helm to steer," said he.

Bounding and scudding they sailed along, The waves rolled high, and the wind blew strong, " I won't stay here to be drowned at sea; We'll sail to the south, where the wind is

free ! I'll steer for awhile," said angry Cross, "For I don't see why you should be boss."

boss.
boss.
being the helm with a wrathful frown,
He steered for the south ; and the wind went down.
"We can't drift home ; for there is no tide !
We're stuck here, becalmed !" was what Crabbed cried.
We'll sall to the eastward now." said he,
"No, you won't." laughed the Wind across the see.

actors the sea. Out of the eastward the Wind blew strong, And swift in its path they were borne along. The Westward Shore and the Setting Sun Were laughing to see what the Wind had done. "You went for a pleasure sail, you say? You will never succeed in Sulky Bay."

"Go to the harbor of Smiles and Fun," Said the Wind, with a wink at the Setting

Sun; "You'll find a boat which will sail alone, If plessure, not anger, is only shown." The darkness descended on all the three, And they steered by the stars for the Sun-shine Sea.

-Eleanor A. Sterling, in The Christian Commonwealth.

SING ON, LITTLE BIRD.

SING ON, LITTLE BIRD. Sing on, little bird, sing on ! What though the rain may come down, And the clouds bang heavy and dark, Or the sky wear its solemnest frown; 'Tis only a passing shower Which the flowers have needed so long; The sun will shine bright in an hour; So go'on, little bird, with your song.

Shine on, little star, shine on

Since on, little star, since on ! You are not all alone in the sky, For hundreds and hundreds of stars ~Will be sparkling up there by and by. The children who watch for your light, Will sumie when they see your bright

eye. As you twinkle up there all the night, Then shine on, little star, in the sky. -The Silver Cross

WHAT THE SPIDER SAID.

"I was spinning a web in the rose vine," said the spider, "and the little girl was sewing patchwork on the doorstep. Her thread knotted and her needle broke, and her eyes was full of tears. 'I can't do it, she said, I can't ! I can't.'

"Then her mother came, and bade her look at me. Now, every time I spun a nice, silky thread, and tried to fasten it from one branch to another, the wind blew and tore it away.

and tore it away. "This happened many times, but at last I made one that did not break, and fast-ened it closs, and spun other threads to join it. Then the mother smilled. "What a patient splder I" she said. "The little girl smilled, too, and took up her work. And when the sun went down there was a beautiful web in the rose vine, and a square of beautiful patchwork on the step."—Babyland.



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THE END OF MAN.

The older I grow-and I now stand upon the brink of eternity-the more comes catechism back to me the sentence in the which I learned when a child at my mother's knee and the fuller and deeper its meaning becomes, "What is the great end of man?" "To glorify God and to en-joy him forever."-Carlyle,