

SIX

THE STAR, ST. JOHN N. B. THURSDAY, APRIL 4 1907.

## SAYS MILITIA IS TOO ATTRACTIVE

Taking Men From Farms  
Complains Dr. Sproule.

Sir Fred Borden Denies That He Has  
Been Offered the High Commis-  
sionership—Bills Considered.

OTTAWA, April 3.—In the house today several bills were given a third reading. One was an amendment to the Yukon act, providing for the appointment of an acting commissioner, and to legalize what the acting commissioner has done.

Col. Hughes said he had been informed that gold royalties should have totaled seven million. Instead, only three and a quarter millions had been collected.

Hon. Mr. Fielding said there had certainly been no failure to make proper collections and returns.

Third reading was given the bill to amend the immigration act, making provision to deal with stowaways and undesirable immigrants.

The house spent the night on militia estimates. Dr. Sproule complained that the militia was being made too attractive, men were wanted on the farm rather than in uniform.

The Minister of Militia, Mr. Reid, said that he had not been offered the London high commissionership. The post was being well filled now. He was confident the Ross rifle would stand the test of service use.

All the militia estimates were given through, leaving the minister free to go to England tomorrow.

The marine estimates were then taken up.

Mr. Fielding announced that he had cancelled the resolution on iron and steel bounties, but would later substitute another to replace this one and provide encouragement for electric smelting.

The binder twine resolution was also cancelled and will be replaced by another modifying it in some details.

The house adjourned at 1 a. m.

## MINISTERS' SALARIES INCREASED IN ONTARIO.

TORONTO, April 3.—The bill to increase the ministers' salaries was introduced in the Ontario legislature today. Under it Premier Whitney gets ten thousand dollars, and other ministers eight thousand, including the seasonal indemnity. George F. Graham, leader of the opposition, supported the increase, but said he would refuse any salary in his position.

## LITTLE LIGHT ON MURDER.

TORONTO, Ont., April 3.—At the inquest at Port Credit today for Ray, the murdered man, with a handkerchief at Port Credit, were examined, but their evidence threw little light on the murder. They said they had nothing to do with it, and the inquest was adjourned without getting much information.

## HEADACHES AND NEURALGIA FROM COLDS

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## HON. JAMES BRYCE SPEAKS TO TORONTO CANADIAN CLUB.

TORONTO, April 3.—The Canadian Club of Toronto gave the Right Hon. James Bryce, British ambassador to Washington, an extraordinary reception at a luncheon in McConkey's this afternoon.

Mr. Bryce, who had been in the city since last night, was received with loud applause. He was accompanied by Mark Irish, president of the club, Lieut. Governor Clark, Prof. Goldwin Smith and others.

After paying a delicate tribute to Canada, Mr. Bryce said: "I have come to this topic in 'Some Lessons in modern democracy as it is in Switzerland.' Throughout he made interesting comparisons between the government of Switzerland and that of this and other countries. A motion of thanks by Lieut. Governor Clark, precipitated a demonstration of feeling on the diplomacy of the past and future, which left no doubt as to the feeling of Canadians. The lieutenant governor began by a reference to the fact that Mr. Bryce had represented the speaker's own native city of Albany, N. Y., in 1892.

"And any man who can do that," said Mr. Bryce, "is a man of staying qualities. He must be a man who believes in 'What I have I will hold' and I think that is not bad sentiment to take with him across the line."

At this point reference there was a demonstration of enthusiasm, applause and cheers lasting for some time. His Honor continued: "In the most interesting address which you have just listened to His Excellency has referred to one of the conditions which have conspired to consolidate the Swiss republic. He says one of these conditions is the fact that they have been subject to a little squeezing from their neighbors (laughter and applause).

I did not say anything gentlemen about our case here," (applause).

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## PLEAD STRONGLY FOR PREFERENCE

Colonial Premiers Voice Sir Wilfrid's Sentiments.

Radical Leaders Greatly Disappointed at Speech of Canadian Premier—Will Beg No Favors From States.

LONDON, April 3.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier's emphatic reiteration of Canada's preference offer of 1902 has fallen something like a bombshell in the radical camp. Other colonial premiers as they arrive plead strongly for preference in the interests of imperial unity, but radical ministers hoped that they might at least count on Sir Wilfrid Laurier's continued silence or indifference.

Radical ministers and radical journals have been for five years unceasingly declaring that the colonies have never made an error, Sir Wilfrid has now finally disposed of that fiction. His speech is accepted as a declaration that Canada is prepared to enlarge the preference of Great Britain to adopt the principle of preference in the existing British general tariff.

It is generally believed in well informed circles that three at least of the British cabinet ministers, including Messrs. Haldane and Lloyd-George, entertain serious doubts of the soundness of the Liberal anti-preference policy. Another cabinet minister, Mr. Asquith, has publicly declared that the registration duty on imported cereals is an unimpeachable means of raising revenue. The only obstacle to his acceptance of a preference in favor of colonial cereals is the election pledges of the ministers.

Moreover, a distinguished Liberal journalist, E. Tooke, who is most closely in touch with the ministers, suggests, in the Current Controversy, that a preference be at once given to such colonial products in the British tariff, such as tea, coffee, coconuts, sugar, dried fruits, tobacco, wines, "There is," he writes, "nothing on our existing list of dutiable imports which is produced in Canada. The omission, he adds, might become a strong argument for extending the list."

(Associated Press Dispatch.)  
LONDON, April 3.—The speech delivered in Ottawa by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, has attracted a good deal of attention in colonial circles, especially among the ministers who have arrived here to attend the Colonial Conference.

Sir Joseph Ward, the premier of New Zealand, in an interview today, said that Premier Laurier was only echoing what he and others had said all along regarding preference. He said that Premier Laurier was only echoing what he and others had said all along regarding preference. He said that Premier Laurier was only echoing what he and others had said all along regarding preference.

Lord Strathcona, the high commissioner for Canada, said: "I take it that what is wanted is that Canada is now in such a position there is no necessity in hand acting favorably towards the United States. Without regard to party politics the Canadians will accept gladly what the premier has said and agree with his utterances."

Sir Wilfrid said the speaker's ruling was in accordance with British parliamentary practice. "The object of the member for Labele," he said, "is to clear the atmosphere of the House, there are cases and cases, and how this is to be done which the House has affirmed, and it is also the rule of the House which has been followed by the conduct or sayings of any member of this House cannot be impugned except upon cause being shown and until a man rises in his place in the House and says: 'I have reason to believe and can prove such and such a thing about a member.' Otherwise there is no occasion to go into it on a general inquiry such as is proposed by the member for Labele. Under such circumstances it seems to me that the course of the speaker is the correct and proper one."

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## CLEANER'S LIBELLIOUS CHARGES PROVED FALSE

Parliament Yesterday Refused to Listen to Any More Scandal Talk.

Speaker Declared Bourassa Out of Order and House Supported Him — Fowler and Crockett Voted to Prevent Him from Talking — Fowler Protested Against Bourassa's Motion.

OTTAWA, April 3.—There will be no more discussion of insinuations in the house of commons for some time. The Speaker gave a ruling this morning which made this clear. Mr. Bourassa offered a motion to pass the censure of the house on G. W. Fowler, if he did not state what members and ministers he meant and did not define the charges he hinted at in his women, wine and graft declaration.

The Speaker stated that Mr. Fowler had brought this matter up once before, that the house could not under the rules again discuss it. Therefore the matter was out of order.

The leader of the opposition and Mr. Foster said they thought the rules should not be allowed to interfere with the discussion.

Mr. Fowler said the member for Labele had every opportunity to be heard in connection with the matter which was brought up before. He was absolutely out of order upon a decision which had not been changed. The member for Labele had brought it up once before, that the house could not under the rules again discuss it. Therefore the matter was out of order.

Mr. Borden said that he did not agree with the ruling of the prime minister. He thought that the rule was altogether too technical when the matter concerned the honor of the house. A public body had gone so far as to say that there was an understanding between the parties. He desired to say that he had not heard of any such understanding and believed the statement, so far as the members of the opposition were concerned to be absolutely untrue, and he protested against insinuations which were being made both inside and outside the house, against members of the opposition and the speaker.

Col. Sam Hughes suggested that the editor and proprietor of newspapers referred to, should be brought to the bar of the house.

The prime minister said that when the press was the transgressor procedure provided for calling the offender to the bar of the house and the rule that notice should be immediately taken of language that was out of order, and he was prepared to do so. He said that he had no objection to any one discussing that matter. It had already been discussed in the house and in the newspapers, but he thought it was proper to bring it before the house.

Mr. Borden pointed out, that at the time the rule was made out there were no Harnard reports. Circumstances now, were very different, now, when not only the Harnard but the press was a transgressor.

The incident then dropped.

The prime minister then introduced a bill to readjust western representation.

WOODSTOCK INDUSTRY MAY GO TO ST. STEPHEN.

GIBSON, April 3.—It is rumored that the Dunbar Iron works of Woodstock, will locate here, if arrangements can be made with the city. The works would be a great boon to the village.

It's a simple truth, not a stretch of the imagination, nor a secret, that some of the best known people in the city of St. John have been cured entirely of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Chronic Constipation, Liver Irregularities, and Piles by the use of HERNER'S DYSPEPSIA CURE—a plain grand-motherly remedy that is forging to the forefront of proprietary remedies on actual worth and merit. Only Thirty-Five Cents and One Dollar per bottle, at all good druggists. Made by Dr. Scott's White Liniment Co., St. John, N. B.

Medical Society Regrets

At a meeting of the St. John Medical Society held last evening, a resolution was carried expressing the society's sincere regret at the lamented death of Dr. March. Arrangements were also made for the representation of the society at the funeral.

VAUDEVILLE.

The new order of things at the vaudeville is being somewhat signified this week by the selection of talent that does credit to the management and by the large crowds that are being attracted to both performances daily. That the show finds favor is abundantly evidenced by the remarks around town and the remarkable number of ladies and children attending the matinees. Every act is first class and deserves the hearty reception accorded. No one should miss vaudeville this week.

ORANGE GRAND LODGE OPENS

The Sixty-Fifth Session Begins at Newcastle.

Optimistic Address of Grand Master McLeod—New Lodges Organized—Good Being Done.

NEWCASTLE, April 3.—The sixty-fifth session of the Orange Grand Lodge opened this evening, Grand Master McLeod chairman. The preliminary work over the grand master delivered his address, briefly summarized as follows: The duty of time has covered other orders and organizations that have grown and died since the

## SUDDEN DEATH OF DR. JOHN E. MARCH LAST EVENING.

Popular Quarantine Officer Stricken at 3—Dead at 6.30.

Examined Over 3,000 Passengers Yesterday—A Man of Splendid Ability and Varied Attainments.

The sudden death of Dr. John Edgar March, quarantine officer, which occurred last night about halfpast six o'clock at his home on Partridge Island was heard with grief and surprise by the citizens of St. John, to practically all of whom he was personally known. He was a robust appearing man, of fine physique and exuberant vitality. When the news first came to the city his friends found it hard to believe.

Yesterday morning was a busy one for Dr. March. He had been aboard the C. P. R. steamer Montserrat and examined her 2,312 passengers and the 700 on the Donaldson liner Cassandra. He returned home for dinner, and later went down to the wharf. While talking with some friends there he complained of a numbness in his side, and sat down. Some one remarked that he looked very ill, and he replied "Yes, I fear it is all over." He no doubt realized the significance of the symptoms. He was assisted to his home and Dr. Scammell summoned. This was about 3 o'clock, and he passed away at halfpast six. Hemorrhage of the brain was the cause of death.

Dr. John Edgar March, eldest son of John and Mary Elizabeth March, was born in St. John in June 21st 1868. He attended private schools until of age 15 when he entered the St. John Grammar School which he attended under the mastership of James Hutchinson and Edward Manning. He read medicine with the late Dr. Earle of St. John after which he took a full course at Bellevue Hospital, New York city. After graduation he came to Hamilton, Ontario, where he was employed by the town of Portland. He was very active in political matters for some years and was appointed port physician by the conservative government. Dr. William Harding being retired from duty but retained in service on a pension until his death. During Dr. March's incumbency all the great works and improvements on Partridge Island have been perfected and carried out under his supervision. He was also a member of the Royal Arch Chapter, and a member of the Masonic Club, and had served on the committee of that institution.

He was a musician of ability both as a composer and instrumentalist on the piano and organ. He was organist of the Main street Baptist church for some years, and was always ready to assist in every good and philanthropic work. He was also a member and officer of the R. K. Y. C., and took a great interest in its annual outings. He was a member of the Baptist church, but his many other duties have left him little time for church associations. He was a universal favorite in all walks of life and with all classes. He leaves an aged father and mother, three brothers, Ernest C., purser of one of the Joy line of steamers plying between Boston and New York, residing with his family at West Somerville, Mass., Cecil S., electrical engineer, St. John, and Ralph A., commercial traveler, who lives at Hampton, and a family consisting of his widow, one daughter, Maud, and three sons, Ernest A., John Edgar and Douglas Brooke, all residing home.

Grand Master McLeod, began sixty-four years ago, but this Orange order grows and becomes stronger and stronger, laying hold on the heart of the province, and is here to stay, while love of country and free institutions exists in free men's hearts.

Four new lodges, at Newton, Kings county, Upper Derby, St. Andrews, and New Mills, were established. During the year McLeod attended the Grand Lodge of British America at Toronto, the first city of Canada, also the Grand Lodge of Ontario.

Toronto has fifty-six lodges. He spent much time with Grand Master Sproule, M. P., a man of keen insight, judicial mind, great qualities of heart and mind, cautious and courageous. The Orange body was not a political body, and gives allegiance to any one political party, but it is a political party in that it must take active interest in all public questions tending to the growth and ultimate well being of this young nation.

Brother F. M. Sproule, expelled from the order, was upon appeal reinstated during the year. Mr. McLeod said he was pleased to commend the Orange Sentinel to the brethren. The literary culture of its editorial page had no superior in Canada. It proclaimed vital truths and the basic principles of the order.

Concluding he thanked the brethren for their two years' confidence, and pledged his service to the coming grand master. He declared that the future of our country depended upon the quality of citizens and order. If true to its trust it would continue producing good citizens.

FIGHTING NOW FOR THE CLOSED SHOP

Last night at their rooms in Berryman's Hall the Carpenters' Union held a rather stormy meeting. The action of Messrs. Clark and Adams was the main cause of discussion. Five new members were initiated and Wm. Fraser was elected a walking delegate. His duties will be to visit all work upon which union men are engaged and to see that no non-union carpenters are employed on the same. President Breen reported last evening that not more than thirty men were out at the present time. No strike is on, and no grays have been declared, he says. The carpenters' demand for increased wages has been acceded to, and the "closed shop" is what they now want. That is union and non-union men are not to work for the same contractor. The sheep are to be divided from the goats. Clark and Adams have refused to grant this demand and as a result they are engaged in a struggle with the union. The officials of this organization think that Messrs. Clark and Adams will be brought to terms in time. The statement which appeared in an evening paper yesterday to the effect that the non-union men had been induced to leave the work on the West side was incorrect.

ESTIMATES FOR ST. JOHN DREDGING.

OTTAWA, April 3.—The estimates for St. John dredging will be in the supplementary estimates for the fiscal year 1907-8, which are not down yet. Those brought down last night were for last year, and contained a \$15,000 item for back payments for the harbor.

Hon. Mr. Fielding is acting Minister of Railways.

## RAILROADS.

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## INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, JAN. 15th, 1907, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:  
TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN.  
No. 6—Mixed train to Moncton. 6.30  
No. 2—Express for Halifax, Campbellton, Point du Chene. 7.00  
No. 26—Express for P. du Chene, Halifax and Pictou. 12.25  
No. 8—Express for Sussex. 12.10  
No. 134—Express for Quebec and Montreal, also P. du Chene. 12.00  
No. 10—Express for Moncton, the Sydney and Halifax. 12.25  
TRAINS ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.  
No. 4—From Halifax and Pictou. 6.20  
No. 7—Express from Sussex. 9.00  
No. 133—Express from Montreal, Quebec and P. du Chene. 13.45  
No. 25—Express from Halifax, Pictou, P. du Chene and Campbellton. 17.40  
No. 1—Express from Moncton. 17.30  
No. 11—Mixed from Moncton (daily). 4.00  
All trains run by Atlantic Standard Time; 24.00 o'clock midnight.

NOTE: A special train (with buffet sleeping car attached) will leave Truro every Saturday night for Sydney and Sydney Mines, after arrival of No. 34 (Express) from Montreal.

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All cargo, except live stock, via steamers of this company, is insured against fire and marine risk.  
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