

libel case to a jury, full justice would have been done to the Learned Judge. As it was the case had been submitted to the legal authorities in this country, and as it appeared that though the Judge had been strictly legal in his sentence for contempt, yet as the practice for many years in the courts of this country was against him, the sentence had been remitted.

Mr SHAW, from his intimacy with Mr Justice Boulton, believed him to be a man of a very cool temper, and not at all likely to be led away by party excitement. More than that, he had seen some public documents bearing high testimony to the impartiality and ability with which Mr Boulton discharged his duty in every particular; and he thought that an opportunity ought to be given him of stating the circumstances under which he had committed a person for contempt of court. It was admitted that he had acted legally, and it should be remembered that there was a great difference between the administration of the laws in this country and in a new and but half civilized colony. It was true that great party spirit prevailed there, inasmuch that an editor of one of the newspapers was stopped on the high road, in the middle of the day, and had his ears cut off; but Mr Boulton did not in any way participate in the causes of this excitement.

Mr DIVETT begged the House to suspend its judgment on the case at present. He had been informed that many signatures to this petition were in the same hand-writing. He would merely observe, in conclusion, that the Chief Justice had received an address on leaving the colony, expressive of the approbation of the inhabitants of the manner in which he had discharged his official duties.

Mr O'CONNELL could only remark that the signatures had been open to the inspection of the Judge's friends for several days. He begged to express his entire satisfaction at the statement of the Right Honourable Baronet, and he was sure the colonists would learn with great satisfaction the mode in which the case had been treated by his Majesty's government. The charge of a Judge having acted in his own case, had he was glad to find, met the disapprobation of the Government, and had received as severe a censure as could well be inflicted upon any judicial functionary. It had been urged by the Honourable Recorder, that the Chief Justice was a very cool man, and therefore could not be a party man. He (Mr O'Connell) had known men as cool as cucumbers, who were notwithstanding violent party men. (Great laughter.)

The petition was then laid upon the table.

**THE STAR**

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1835.

The following is a copy of a letter from GEORGE RICHARD ROBINSON, Esq., M.P. for Worcester to a Mr JAMES DOUGLAS here in reply to an application from the said Douglas as chairman of some meeting purporting to be of the inhabitants of St. John's that the hon. gentleman would support the prayer of the petition to the House of Commons, noticed above. What other answer Mr Douglas could have expected to receive to his extraordinary application, (if any answer were to be vouchsafed at all),—is beyond our comprehension.—*Public Ledger, October 2.*

London, 22nd August, 1835.

Sir,—I have received your letter of the 16th of June, as Chairman of the meeting of the inhabitants of St. John's, stating that a petition was forwarded to Mr O'Connell for presentation to the House of Commons, praying for an investigation into the official conduct of Chief Justice Boulton, and requesting my influence "for a purification of the judicature of the Colony, and a general amelioration of the condition of the people." No copy of the petition, or statement of particular grievances, accompanied your letter, nor have any of my numerous personal friends in the Island (from whom I should naturally have expected some information, on a matter of so much importance) written me on the subject.

Under such circumstances, I have been left to collect the state of public feeling from the colonial papers, in which I find not only a great diversity of opinion, but such an exhibition of party and sectarian violence, as could not fail to produce a most baneful influence on the whole state of society.

I have therefore thought it right not to interfere with the presentation of a petition, entrusted to a member of Parliament unconnected with the colony, but rather to leave the matter with the Executive Government, being assured that they will look into the whole subject, fully and impartially, with a view not only to secure to the inhabitants of Newfoundland generally, their just rights and privileges, but also to uphold the constituted authorities of the Island and maintain the supremacy of the law.

In conclusion, I take this opportunity, as a warm friend to the people of Newfoundland, deeply interested in their welfare and prosperity, to express an earnest hope, that

the constitutional privileges conferred on the Island, in some degree through my advocacy in Parliament, may not be made to operate prejudicially in a colony, where party and sectarian animosities were previously unknown, and all his Majesty's subjects of every religious denomination enjoy equal rights and immunities.

I am, Sir,  
Your most obedient,  
Humble servant,  
(Signed) G. R. ROBINSON.

The Irish church bill was virtually thrown out in the House of Lords on the 24th of August, by a majority of 138 to 41 against one of its most important clauses.

The Corporation Reform bill was in committee in the Lords, but had undergone some extensive alterations, such we understand as are not likely to meet the concurrence of the Lower House.—A great deal of excitement appears generally to prevail.

A Proclamation has been issued, extending the term of the Northern Circuit Court to the 2nd December, and the Southern Circuit Court to the 4th November.

**Married**

At Harbour Grace, on Tuesday the 29th ult. by the Rev. J. Burt, Robert Dobie, Esq., Surgeon, of Brigus, to Julia, youngest daughter of Thomas Danson, Esq., J. P. of that town.

**Died**

At St. John's on the 27th ult. after a protracted illness, aged 57 years, Mrs. Elizabeth Tong, a native of Tingmouth, Devon.

**SHIP NEWS**

**HARBOUR GRACE.**

ENTERED.

Sept. 28.—Brig Convivial, Hampton, Liverpool & St. John's, 8 bales & 1 case merchandise, 60 boxes soap, 20 kegs gunpowder, 2 crates earthenware, 22 boxes candles, 100 bls. pork, 31 bags nails, 5 casks shot, 1 iron boiler, 1 case hats, for Harbour Grace, 58 boxes soap & candles, 171 bls. & 50 half-bl. pork, 3 crates & 5 puns earthenware, 40 tons coals, 2 casks linseed oil, 120 stone bottles, 20 pieces stone, 1 tierce rice, 1 cask currants, 1 keg mustard, for Carbonear.

**CARBONEAR.**

ENTERED.

Sept. 28.—Brig Blackaller, Luscombe, Copenhagen, 100 bls. pork, 500 bls. flour, 625 bags bread, 30 bls. oatmeal, 21 bls. peas, 25 bags oats, for Carbonear, 200 bls. flour Harbour Grace.

Oct. 1.—Brig Lark, Power, Miramichi, lumber.

5.—Brig Providence, Rogers, Liverpool, 98 tons salt, 60 mats.

Eagle, Hunt, Hamburg, 200 bls. pork, 190 firkins butter, 350 bls. flour, 623 bags of bread.

**ST. JOHN'S.**

ENTERED.

Sept. 30.—Brig Borealis, Bernia, Hamburg, bread, pork.

Jane Elizabeth, Mundon, Bristol, coal, and sundries.

Oct. 1.—Schr. Annandale, Wrightman, P. E. Island cattle.

CLEARED.

Sept. 29.—Brig Hope, Burke, New-York, oil.

Avalon, Ritchie, Oporto, fish.

Euphemia, M'Gaw, Oporto, fish.

Hebe, Campbell, Lisbon, fish.

St. Patrick, Dooley, Sydney, salt.

30.—Schooner Powels, Muggah, Sydney, salt.

Samuel, Shapley, Barcelona, fish.

Lady Bond, Bridgeport, bread.

Brig Hazard, Churchward, New-York, ballast.

**PROCLAMATION.**

Northern District  
To Wit

BY Authority of a PRECEPT from the Worshipful the Magistrates of this District, bearing date the Eighteenth day of September, 1835, and to me directed

I HEREBY GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE

That a GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS of the PEACE, will be holden at the Court-House in this Town.

ON THURSDAY the EIGHTH Day of OCTOBER Next, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon; and the Keeper of His Majesty's Gaol, the High Constable, and all other Constables and Bailiffs within this District are commanded that they be then there, to do and fulfil those things, which by reason of their office shall be to be done.

Given at Harbour Grace, this 23d Day of September, 1835.

A. HOGSETT,  
HIGH SHERIFF.

**On Sale**

**PUNTON & MUNN**

HAVE RECENTLY IMPORTED,  
And Offer For Sale,

PORK Irish and Copenhagen  
FLOUR States', Copenhagen & Hambro'  
BREAD Hamburg and Copenhagen  
BUTTER ditto ditto  
PEAS, OATMEAL  
Refined SUGAR  
Negrohead TOBACCO 1st quality (in kegs)  
Mould and Dipt CANDLES, SOAP

WITH A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

**MANUFACTURED GOODS,**

From ENGLAND and SCOTLAND, consisting of  
LEATHERWARE, SAILCLOTH  
HOSIERY, COTTONS, MERINOS  
BLANKETS, BLANKETTING  
HARDWARE, &c. &c.

Also on Hand,

RUM, MOLASSES & SUGAR of Superior Quality.

Cheap for Cash, Oil or Fish.

Harbour Grace, October 7, 1835.

**SLADE, ELSON & CO.**

**HAVE FOR SALE**

The Cargo of the Brig  
CARBONEAR,

Just received from St. ANDREW'S, New Brunswick:

CONSISTING OF

80 M. Feet Pine BOARD and PLANK  
10 M. Feet Biren PLANK  
10 Tons Hardwood BALK  
25 M. SHINGLES  
1 Pine MAST 20 INCHES  
42 Spruce SPARS (various dimensions) from 17 to 8 Inches.

All of the best Quality; and any part will be sold on reasonable terms, for Cash, Fish, or Oil Payment.

Carbonear,  
Sept. 30, 1835.

**IT IS OF THE BEST QUALITY!**

**J. DUNSCOMB & Co.**

HAVE Imported in the Lucy, direct from MADEIRA, a small quantity of Choice London Particular WINE of the antique and celebrated Brand I A G, contained in whole, half, quarter and eighth Pipes, offered for Sale at the low price of £65 Currency per Pipe, duty included.

St. John's, Sept. 21, 1835.

**HOPE'S CARGO.**

700 Barrels Fresh Superfine FLOUR  
2,500 STAVES  
100 Barrels TAR

Cargo of Brig HOPE, from New-York

WITH SOME

Negrohead and Leaf TOBACCO

For Sale in Barter by

JOHN DUNSCOMB & Co.

St. John's, Sept. 21, 1835.

BY

**THE SUBSCRIBER,**

**NEWCASTLE COAL**

(Prime quality)

Bread, Flour, Pork, Butter  
Molasses, Sugar, Tea  
Coffee, Chocolate  
Oatmeal, Bran  
Wine, Gin, Vinegar, Leaf Tobacco  
Soap, Candles  
Hatchets, Spades, Shovels  
Earthenware, Glassware  
Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes  
And a General Assortment of other necessary and useful

**MANUFACTURED GOODS,**

For which Cash, Fish, Oil, Salmon, Mackerel, and Herring will be taken in Payment.

T. NEWELL.

Carbonear, Sep. 9, 1835.

**FOOLSCAP PAPER**

**FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE**

Cheap for CASH.

Carbonear.

BLANKS of every description For Sale at the Office of this Paper.

Carbonear.

**On Sale**

**JUST RECEIVED**

BY

**THE SUBSCRIBER,**

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

States' Flour, Hamburg Bread  
Irish Butter  
Molasses in Puncheons  
Rum, Gin, Wine  
Teas, Sugars, Chocolate  
Mould and Dipt Candles  
Earthen and Glassware  
Coffee, Sole Leather  
Men's and Women's Shoes  
Negrohead, Roll and Leaf Tobacco  
Snuff in Canisters, and  
A General Assortment of SOFT GOODS  
And IRONMONGERY.

Which he offers for Sale on very moderate terms for Cash, Fish or Oil Payment.

MICHAEL HOWLEY.

Carbonear, Sept. 2, 1835.

**Notices**

**TO BE LET**

ON A BUILDING LEASE,

For such a Term of Years as may be agreed on,

WATER-SIDE, well calculated for Shipping of every description. With a Plot of LAND, bounded by the Widow ANN TAYLOR'S on the South-side.

For further particulars, apply to

JONATHAN TAYLOR, Sen.

Carbonear, June 17, 1835.

**SAMUEL OVERBURY HART**

BEGS respectfully to inform the Inhabitants of St. JOHN'S, CONCEPTION BAY and the COUNTRY at large, that he has ready for the Press,

**A SAVED DRAMA,**

IN THREE ACTS.

SUBJECTS:

*The Rebellion and Expulsion of the SATANIC HOST from HEAVEN,*

AND

*The Creation and Apostacy of MAN,*

Containing about 30 pages, foolscap octavo: Price, One Shilling.

The above little WORK has been inspected and approved of, by Gentlemen of undoubted judgment, candour and talent; and he therefore solicits such a share of Patronage and support, as will enable him to submit his Performance to the decision of the PUBLIC.

For Recommendation, the Author would introduce the following quotation, as a fair specimen of the whole:—

Behold yon cloud of vital consciousness,  
Whose beings' essence was their Maker's praise,  
Thus sunk and ruined by their faithless chief,  
By him, Son of the Morning once, and first  
In love and duty's willing sacrifice;  
'Till not contented with their glorious state,  
And grasping at the sovereignty supreme,  
They listen'd to their subtle Counsellor,  
And from exalted Gods to hellish fiends  
Sunk: and torment vast as former pleasure reap,  
Their unspanned being now their bitterest curse.  
Yet while rebellion's wages each receives,  
Their chief with ampler vigour to endure  
Shall in himself feel all his followers feel;  
And on his countenance shall be impressed  
His characters, Destruction, Shame and Sin,  
His brow shall wear the diadem of Death,  
His rule and sceptre shall be over Hell,  
And millions by his cunning thither led,  
Their pregnant curses lighting on his head,  
Shall stamp his gnawing agony complete.

ACT II., SCENE 1st.

This quotation is part of the Curse denounced by the DEITY upon LUCIFER, after his Expulsion from Heaven.

\*\* Subscriptions will be thankfully received at the Offices of the STAR at Carbonear, of the MERCURY at Harbour Grace, of the TIMES, and by Mr. M'IVER at St. John's:—Also by Mr. M. RYAN at Brigus, and Mr. VANDENHOFF at Western Bay.

Carbonear, August 26, 1835.

**Gentle Board and Lodgings.**

MRS CATHERINE MARA (Widow of the late Mr. THOMAS MARA) begs permission to acquaint her Out Harbour Friends, she is prepared to accommodate GENTLEMEN or LADIES, from any of the Out Ports, coming to St. John's, with comfortable BOARD AND LODGING, at her House near the Old London Tavern—where every attention will be paid them, and on the most reasonable terms.

St. John's.

June 22, 1835.