

THE EVENING TIMES AND STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1917

The Evening Times and Star

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 16, 1917.

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WOMAN SUFFRAGE

The woman suffrage bill in the legislature goes over until next week. This bill should pass. New Brunswick should not wait and be the last to grant this measure of justice to the womanhood of the province. Every member of the legislature knows that action can only be delayed, and not prevented for any length of time. The new house should mark its first session by getting in line with Ontario and the western provinces in this regard. Nova Scotia has adopted the principle and at the next elections it will be a plank in the platform of both parties, if in the meantime the legislature does not pass a satisfactory measure. This province should set Nova Scotia an example. In both provinces it would only be a question of organizing the people and there would be so impressive a demand that their representatives could not do less than give women the ballot. The war has changed the whole situation. The women who have given their husbands, sons and brothers to the country, and thrown themselves into every kind of patriotic work deserve that their right to have a voice in future legislation be granted them. Germany is a standing illustration of a country where women are only valued for the sons they can contribute to the armies of the world. The splendid recognition of the rights of women recently given by Premier Lloyd George, Mr. Asquith and other great British statesmen should be approved and acted upon by the members of the legislature of New Brunswick. Industrial competition has thrown women unarmed out of their old-time sphere, and they ought to have the weapon of the ballot. They more than men are interested in all matters relating to social welfare. They would bring a clean and healthy influence into the politics of the province. Give them the vote.

NEW ZEALAND CONSCRIPTION

There is a special interest just now in the compulsory service law of New Zealand, which works well and has lived down the opposition which was at first encountered. The New Zealand act is only enforced after the men have been given one month in which to volunteer. A correspondent from Auckland, writing from the New Zealand Globe, gives the following very interesting account of the law and its working:

"The New Zealand compulsory service law has been well tested. It has been twice challenged, but on both occasions public feeling showed itself strongly in favor of the law and the opposition proved ineffective. New Zealand has undertaken to find 2,250 men per month. The compulsory service law provides that if volunteering falls short of this number the shortage is made up by ballot. It has been proved to be a stimulus to volunteering as well as a safeguard against shortage.

"The act was passed in July, 1916. New Zealand had then raised 60,000 men. The total sent abroad and in camp is now 84,000, of whom at least 78,000 have volunteered. A national register has been compiled containing the names of all men between the age of twenty and forty-six. A man who fails to register is liable to civil punishment or to immediate conscription. Employers may be fined if they fail to deliver from employees a certificate of registration. There is little doubt that the register is substantially complete. It is divided into two classes, the first consisting of married men and the second of single men. So far the ballots have been wholly among single men, and the division is expected to last until the end of this year. When the married men come to be balloted they will be divided according to age and family responsibilities, the young men without children being drawn first. There are, of course, many married men in the force, but they have all gone as volunteers.

"After each draft a month is allowed for volunteering. The lists are then closed, the shortage calculated, and names are drawn by ballot sufficient to allow for exemptions and medical rejections. The margin is growing. At first it was three names for every soldier required, but as the register contains the names of all men, including those already rejected, the blundering single men have already volunteered in great numbers, bigger margins are now necessary. When the law was passed it had a good effect upon volunteering. A sentiment went round among single men that it was better to 'go' than to be 'sent'. The August and September drafts were filled by volunteers. Then volunteering began to drag again. The first ballot was held in November to fill 800 vacancies in the October draft, and 600 in November. Since then there have been regular monthly ballots to fill growing shortages. This month's shortage went up to 1,633, which is the highest yet recorded. These men are not, of course, included in the totals given above, as they are not yet in camp and will not be for two months, that time being allowed between ballot and mobilization to allow men to settle their civil affairs and to give an opportunity for the hear-

ing of appeals by the exemption boards." The anti-conscriptionists were encouraged by the result of the referendum in Australia to attempt organized opposition to the law, but it failed. The coal miners also organized a strike, but the general attitude of the public was so strong, and the determination to uphold the law so clearly apparent that the strike was called off. The issue was carried into the municipal elections, with no better success, for the anti-conscriptionists were utterly defeated. Hence the Auckland correspondent says: "It appears now that we have heard the end of anti-conscriptionist agitation, and that our monthly quotas of soldiers will go cheerfully and unchallenged to camp for the duration of the war."

Of the late Charles H. Lugin it was said years ago that his horizon was more than provincial. He was a gifted writer, and his earlier journalistic work was of great value to his native province. Though he studied law and even practiced it for a time, the love of letters was too strong for him, and as a newspaper writer in Fredericton, St. John, Seattle and Victoria, he exercised a strong influence upon public opinion. In his later years he was one of a coterie of strong men from New Brunswick who helped to shape the destinies of British Columbia, and his contributions to the columns of the Victoria Colonist were always marked by a strong desire to see a strong and united Canada, always friendly with the United States, but always one of the sisterhood of states under the flag for which his Loyalist ancestors fought and suffered in years gone by. Old friends in New Brunswick have kindly memories of Mr. Lugin, and pay their tribute of respect to the memory of a loyal and gifted Canadian.

Described by Sir Wilfrid Laurier as the equal of any man who has moulded clay on this continent, the eminent Canadian sculptor, Mr. Louis Philippe Herbert, whose death is announced, had a romantic as well as a distinguished career. As a youth he worked on a farm. Later he went to Rome, as one of the famous Pontifical Zouaves. He studied his profession first in Montreal and then in Paris. France made him a Knight of the Legion of Honor, and the British government in 1908 conferred upon him the honor and title of C.M.G. Examples of his work as a sculptor are found in Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, Chambly, St. John, Halifax and elsewhere, and in these his fame will endure to coming generations.

Hon. C. W. Robinson confronted the old government yesterday with another bit of its record, which shows how it tried to cover up its reckless extravagance. It was a fitting answer to Hon. Mr. Murray's attempted defence of the old regime. Mr. Murray has also now to admit that Mr. E. S. Carter's charge in regard to the Farm Settlement Board and the Albert county half-acre farm was true, though he flatly denied it many times after the charge was made. Mr. Murray and his friends may as well take their medicine. The province is well rid of their methods of administration, and each new bit of evidence confirms the wisdom of the people in bringing about a change.

Why are there still more than 106,000 Canadian soldiers in England, when the divisions in France are below strength? Why are there 940 unattached officers under pay in England? Why is it that of over 106,000 men in England only 28,000 are immediately available for reinforcement purposes? How many officers and men are under pay in England who ought to be in Canada earning a living?

Yesterday's developments in this city should make it clear that violation of the prohibitory law is not a safe business. The citizens, moreover, want the law enforced. Behind the inspector, the police and the police magistrate is the solid mass of public sentiment.

Sir Robert Borden insists that his conscription bill go to its second reading on Monday. Next week will therefore be one of the most momentous in the history of parliamentary debates at Ottawa.

To send an anti-recruiter to a fat-of-the-bellied instead of to jail is one of the Borden methods of ensuring loyalty and unity. Hon. Mr. Seigney told the story yesterday. How do the ultra-tories like it?

Having got rid of the budget the legislature should now get down to rapid business. The time for campaign speeches is either past or has not yet arrived.

Sir George Porter's daylight saving bill provides that if it is adopted, it will go into effect this year. It has been given its first reading in the house.

If instead of one shipyard St. John gets two, the advantage will be all the greater, as well as the probability that the industry may be made permanent.

Let us hope the weather man will use us better next week. We farmers need his assistance.

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LIGHTER VEIN

The Second

Holdsforth Perrin, poet and critic, tossed aside with a disgusted snort, at the Players' in New York, a resume of Austria's position on the submarine question.

"Karl," he said, "would like to repudiate his ally's murderous submarine policy, but her position in the alliance is like the henpecked husband's in the house."

"This husband coughed and said timidly to the parlor-maid: 'Is my wife going out this evening, Mary?'"

"Yes, sir; I believe so, sir."

"And—er—Mary, am I going with her?"

He Was Far-Sighted

An ambitious colored man had quit his job and was being granted a new one with another concern, when his employer asked him if he could be ready to commence work in two weeks. He replied: "I fear that would be difficult for me to be ready in two weeks, but I could be ready in one week shorter."

"How's that?" asked his employer. "Well, in one week I can finish de garden work," was his answer, "but if I is home then one week more de misus would be ruinin' me into de middle of housecleanin'."

Barber Cured of Eczema

Generously Tells Others How Cure Was Effectuated

Toronto, Ont., June 14—No one is better qualified to judge or treatment for skin troubles than the barber. He finds his customers bothered with barber's itch, pimples and eczema and has his own difficulties in treating these conditions after shaving.

Mr. Lewis learned from a customer about Dr. Chase's Ointment, and when he contracted eczema, applied this treatment with most satisfactory results. He is naturally enthusiastic now in recommending this ointment to any one suffering from similar skin troubles.

Mr. George Lewis, barber, 202 1/2 Wellesley street, Toronto, writes: "I was for some time troubled with an eczema eruption on the scalp and obtained temporary relief by the use of a tonic. About six months later little blotches broke out on my face and the doctor pronounced the trouble to be eczema. I heard of Dr. Chase's Ointment through a customer who was cured by this treatment after trying many remedies in vain, so I began the use of this Ointment and in a short time the eczema entirely disappeared from my face and scalp. You can imagine my relief, as I am a barber by trade and having a face covered with pimples or blotches was not conducive to good business. I shall take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Chase's Ointment to any customers with facial or other troubles of this nature."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60c a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

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SAYS GERMANS BELIEVE WAR WILL END IN JUNE

American Banker Declares They Expect a Peace Move Very Soon While Prussia Still Has Chance

An American banker recently returned from Bern says Switzerland is full of Germans of the financial and commercial classes, and that they will be ended by the fighting which will be ended by June 30. They base their hope on the influence of Herr Ballin and other leading German commercial figures, who are urging the government to make a peace move before Germany loses all hope of industrial and commercial restoration.

On the other hand the German jingoes are busier than ever in attempting to convince the country that overwhelming victory followed by world domination is in sight. With the approval of the military authorities a pamphlet has been published recently in Prussia, which was written by a group of university professors, setting forth the German peace terms. It is being circulated enormously and apparently semi-officially.

The pamphlet contains maps of Europe and of the world, showing that Germany proposes to take all of western Russia, including Petrograd, the eastern coast of the Adriatic, including all of Albania; most of Belgium, the iron mining district of northern France, and require the restoration of the lost German colonies, Egypt and nearly all of north Africa must be restored to Turkey, which is to become practically a German vassal.

CASH SPECIALS for Saturday, June 16th and Monday, June 18th At CHEYNE'S

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20 lb. bag Sugar..... \$1.85
10 lb. bag Sugar..... \$1.00
5 lb. pkgs. Sugar..... 47c.
24 lb. bag Regal Flour..... \$1.85
24 lb. bag R. Household Flour, \$1.80
98 lb. bag R. Household Flour, \$7.10

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5 cakes Gold Soap (with orders), 25c.
5 pkgs. Soap Powder..... 25c.
3 pkgs. Old Dutch..... 25c.
3 pkgs. Borax..... 25c.
5 pkgs. Pearlina..... 25c.
2 bottles Ammonia..... 25c.
2 cans B. C. Salmon..... 25c.
3 pkgs. "Jello"..... 25c.
2 pkgs. Lipton's Jelly..... 25c.
4 pkgs. Bee Jelly..... 25c.
1 bottle Pure Jam..... 25c.
1 bottle 20 ct. Chow..... 25c.
1 30c. bottle Marmalade..... 25c.
1 can Grated or Slice Pineapple, 25c.
2 Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour, 25c.
1 lb. Shortening..... 25c.
3 lbs. Choice Onions..... 25c.

West End Customers orders will be delivered Tuesday

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COR. FITT AND LEINSTER. TEL. MAIN 2292-21

Further, Germany's enemies must pay nearly \$80,000,000,000 indemnity, partly in money and securities, partly in foodstuffs and raw materials, and merchant and naval ships.

These preposterous terms are considered out just a little longer.

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RECENT WEDDINGS

Doherty-O'Neill

Many in the city will be interested in the marriage of Edward J. Doherty and Mrs. B. G. O'Neill, both of this city, which took place in New York on June 12 at the Church of Our Lady of Victory. Rev. Peter Quinn officiated. Following the ceremony luncheon was served at the home of T. J. Killackey, 1754 Topping avenue, after which Mr. and Mrs. Doherty left on a trip to the southern states.

Hayes-Turner

A wedding of much interest to many friends in St. John was solemnized in Providence on the evening of May 30, 1917, when Thomas Henry Hayes, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hayes, 26 Westmorland Road, St. John (N. B.), was united in marriage to Miss Agnes Turner, of Scotland. The ceremony was performed by Rev. George Hunter, of the Methodist church, Providence. They will reside in Providence.

Crossman-Kilcup

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kilcup, Sackville, on Wednesday evening their daughter, Miss Laura, became the bride of Russell Crossman of Fairview, parish of Sackville.

Gaskin-Buntin

The marriage of Carman Gaskin and Miss Irene Buntin, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Buntin, Middle Coverdale, took place on Tuesday at the Presbyterian Manse, Moncton.

Dibble-Alexander

By Rev. Canon Cowie, rector of Fredericton, at the Parish church, both on Wednesday afternoon, William Ellis Dibble of Hoyt was united in marriage to Miss Alice Mary Alexander, formerly of the parish of Gladstone, but for the last two years a resident of Fredericton.

Hobbs-Elliott

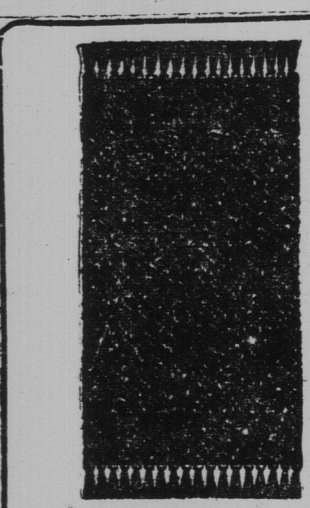
On Monday evening at the Brunswick street Baptist parsonage, Fredericton, Rev. G. C. Warren united in marriage Pte. Leo Julius Hobbs of the 286th battalion and Miss Florence Maud Elliott.

Hawkins-Flewelling

Arthur Calvin Hawkins and Miss Mildred Elaine Flewelling, both of Auburn, N.C., were married recently. Mrs. Hawkins is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Flewelling of Avondale, N.B. Mr. Hawkins is also a native of New Brunswick, a son of Mr. and Mrs. James Hawkins now of Auburn.

DAYLIGHT SAVING

Halifax Chronicle—Newfoundland is to be congratulated upon the adoption of summer time, which went into effect on Sunday night. We hope that the example of leadership set by our sister colony will stimulate Canada in adopting this sensible and very beneficial reform. Once it is adopted by the country as a whole, we venture to say that we shall wonder why we remained wedded to our old idols so long.



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