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SEVENTEENTH YEAR — SIX PAGES—MONDAY MORNING JULY 27 1896—SIX PAGES — ONE CENT

A CLEAN, GOLD STEAL

The Liberals at Last Appear in Public in Stolen Clothes.

THEY ADOPT PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

Premier Laurier Makes a Statement as to the Government's Policy.

He Says the Government Will Consult the Manufacturers Before the Tariff Is Altered—Nothing Will Be Done in This Direction During the Coming Session, and Trade Must Remain Stagnant Until 1897—Manitoba School Question to Be Settled Within Six Months—That Nervous Little Man Tarte Calls His Former Bedfellows Thieves.

Montreal, July 26.—(Special.)—The political demonstration at St. Johns yesterday was of considerable importance, the Premier, Hon. Messrs. Tarte, Fisher, Geoffrion, Mitchell and a host of local M.P.'s being present.

The Premier began by saying that Iberville was historic ground, and that the soil had been consecrated by the blood of the patriots of 1837. He asked them to return Mr. Tarte unopposed, for, if there is one man whom he particularly desired to see in the Government, it was his friend the Minister of Public Works. The Premier enumerated the strong men of the Cabinet, and said people thought Sir Richard Cartwright would be Finance Minister, but for reasons personal to himself, and which he would soon explain, Sir Richard thought it his duty to decline that portfolio. Regarding the portfolios, he said the law had to be adhered to, but a reorganization of the departments would soon be the order of the day.

Will Reform the Tariff.

Hon. Mr. Laurier also said the Conservative press was most anxious to have an announcement of Ministerial policy. He could tell them, as leader, that the policy of the Liberal party in power would be identically the same as in opposition. "What we advanced then we will now put into practice," said the Premier. "When in Opposition we advocated tariff reform. This was the first article of our program. The people gave us power on the understanding that this policy would be carried out, and our pre-election promises will not go unfulfilled. This reform will not be proceeded with blindly or imprudently. Nothing will be done in this direction during the coming session, which will be exclusively devoted to the voting of supplies. The following session will probably take place in January, 1897, and ere then Hon. Mr. Fielding will have put himself into communication with the manufacturers of the country, and, in fact, all sections of the people, and bring down a tariff that will, besides giving sufficient protection to the industries of Canada, lighten their burden of taxation which now weighs so heavily upon the masses."

To Help Agriculture.

Agriculture, he said, must be aided, and, although the price of farm products is regulated by the demand on the other side, we can encourage cold storage and better facilities for transatlantic commerce.

The Northwest must be developed and a greater population got into that fertile country. Hon. Mr. Laurier then figured out that if five million Canadians pay $27,000 interest each day on the public debt, that if we had ten million people in Canada each taxpayer would only have to contribute half the present amount.

Favors Preferential Trade.

The Canadian Premier then declared for preferential trade with Great Britain, stating that it would be the policy of the new Government to urge upon the Imperial authorities the wisdom of giving Canadian products preference in her markets by a slight duty against foreign countries. He held, however, that the relations between Canada and the United States were not sufficiently amicable. During the past quarter of a century the Governments at Ottawa and Washington had not treated each other in a proper manner. He proposed to use his best endeavors to bring about a change, so that the one will treat the other as a friend, rather than an enemy, for he believed we could be loyal to Great Britain and still be friendly to the United States.

Manitoba Schools.

The leader then took up the Manitoba school question, stating that he had every reason to believe the whole matter would be settled within six months.

Discussing the result of the late election and the cry of French domination, he said that the formation of the Laurier Ministry was the best answer he could give to this accusation.

"Quebec Province," concluded the Prime Minister, "does not wish to be dominated, neither does she wish to dominate any of her sister provinces, and, although she may hold the key of the political situation, never will my native province abuse that power."

"The Infamous Torytsm of Ontario."

Hon. Mr. Tarte also delivered a characteristic address, fulminating against what he termed the infamous Torytsm of Ontario. He announced that one of the first measures proposed by the new Government will be the abolition of the Dominion election law. He claimed that Quebec in the past had not been properly represented in the councils of the nation, and thanked God that this province was no longer represented by the Langevins and the Carons. He had chased out the thieves who had robbed the treasury. "Just think of it," cried Mr. Tarte, "I am sitting in Sir Hector Langevin's chair, and," he added with a malicious grin, "I had it cleaned before taking possession."

The Minister also made an attack upon capitalists and monopolists, and said that the Laurier-Mowat Government are independent of them.

Speeches were also made by Hon. Messrs. Fisher, Geoffrion, Mitchell and Desmarais, Messrs. Brodeur, Stenson, Desmarais and Monet, M.P.'s, after which Mr. Tarte proposed three cheers for the Queen, and the meeting dispersed.

It should also be said that Mr. Tarte promised on nomination day to treat the electors to some startling revelations in connection with the department over which he now presides.

It does not look as if the Minister of Public Works would be opposed.

A SEAT FOR MR. PATERSON.

Mr. Laurier Did Request That the Seat in Saskatchewan be Given to His Colleague.

Winnipeg, July 26.—(Special.)—A convention of the Liberals of Saskatchewan held on Saturday at Prince Albert, under Premier Laurier's request that he be allowed to resign the seat for there, and that Hon. William Paterson be chosen his successor. There was considerable opposition to the request, but finally it was decided to grant it, and Mr. Paterson was placed in nomination.

There is little doubt he will be opposed, as the Conservatives are aware that they will have the support of those Liberals who desired the choice of a local man.

Mr. McKay, who was defeated by Mr. Laurier, will probably again be the Conservative candidate. However, it is by no means certain that Mr. Paterson will enter a contest in Saskatchewan.

The Globe Man Led Astray.

The Globe's Ottawa correspondent sent the following to the Liberal organ on Saturday: "Some newspaper man started the report that Mr. Paterson, the Minister of Customs, was to run in Saskatchewan, and thereupon it was stated that there were local differences of opinion over it. There has been no proposal from this end that Mr. Paterson should run for Saskatchewan. He will run for an Ontario constituency, three of which have been placed at his disposal."

IS IT A SUICIDE?

George Foster Found Dead in Bed Yesterday Afternoon—Three Years Ago He Attempted Self-Destruction.

George Foster, 27 years of age, died very suddenly at Mrs. McMillan's boarding house, 116 Shuter-street, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The circumstances surrounding the case suggest that he committed suicide and Coroner Aikins has issued a warrant for an inquest to see whether he did or not.

Foster had, for a long time past, been a sufferer from consumption and was often in low spirits. On Saturday he went on an excursion to Oakville, where he told a brother-in-law that he was behind in his board bill and that he was ill, adding that he was tired of life. He returned to his boarding house late at night and went to bed. He did not get up to breakfast yesterday morning, but Mrs. McMillan did not think it worth while for him to stay in bed on Sunday morning. When he did not get up to dinner it was suggested that he was not well and Mrs. McMillan prepared a cup of tea for him. She took it up stairs and Mr. Howard, who also lives at the house, rapped at Foster's door. Receiving no reply, after knocking several times, he went into the room and found Foster lying on the bed in an unconscious condition.

The Doctor's Fruitless Search.

An alarm was given and Dr. Wallace of Queen and George-streets was summoned. The doctor found that Foster was almost dead from what appeared to be morphine poisoning. All efforts to save his life were fruitless.

Coroner Aikins was notified, and seeing the symptoms of poisoning made a search of the room to find something corroborative of the theory that deceased had taken his own life. He failed to find any bottle or paper that might have contained the drug, but as early as possible this morning he filed a warrant for an inquest at 116 Shuter-street to-night.

In the meantime the remains were locked in the room and not even the stricken relatives allowed to see them.

Previously Attempted Suicide.

That which points most suggestively to the assumption that the man committed suicide is that on Nov. 26, 1893, Foster attempted to end his life by taking two ounces of laudanum at Mrs. Calverly's house, 36 Division-st., where he was boarding. As in this case, it was on Saturday night that he retired and on Sunday morning, when he did not appear at breakfast, was found unconscious on his bed. Dr. Ferguson was called in and had the would-be suicide removed to the General Hospital, where, after a few hours' hard work, he was brought round. He said that he had taken laudanum as he had been sick for some time and wanted to get out of his misery. He also said he had taken two ounces in order to make it a sure job. Foster was released after being a week in the hospital.

Deceased has a brother and two sisters living in the city. He was a general canvassing agent and had considerable difficulty in making ends meet, owing to ill-health and bad luck. He went to board with Mrs. McMillan about two months ago. He was very reticent and had but little to do with the other occupants at the house.

NO ONE BELIEVED IT.

Sir Donald Smith Denies the Rumor That He Would Enter the Laurier Cabinet.

Montreal, July 26.—(Special.)—Sir Donald Smith arrived yesterday from England in the best of health and says there is no truth whatever in the story that he will enter the Laurier Government as Minister of the Interior.

Bicyclists, use Adams' Tutti Frutti to allay thirst and give staying power on track and road runs. Refuse all imitations.

The Tussock Moth.

Thousands of these pests have been located in Toronto. Sword the popular price men's furnisher, upon opening his store Saturday morning, found hundreds of these moths secreted in the neck bands of his shirts, singing, "We cut fine." Before any serious damage can be done, he has decided to clear his entire stock of negligee and outing shirts this week at sacrifice prices. Don't miss this chance to buy your holiday outfit. No extra charge for moths.

A good truss properly fitted for $1 at The S. B. Chandler, Son & Co., Ltd., 108, 110 and 112 Victoria-street.

Campers should be sure and take a good English waterproof coat. We are selling balance of stock at low prices. Treble's, 53 King-street west.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 75c. 129 Yonge.

If you are thinking of some pleasant spot to spend your summer vacation, don't forget the Kress Mineral Baths and summer resort, Preston. Saturday excursion rates from Toronto on C.P.R., good to return Monday. Send for circulars and rates. C. Kress, prop. d

Butterfly Nets and Sail Boats—The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

For Sprudel, "the popular water of to-day," telephone to Mr. J. S. Giles, wine merchant, Yonge-street.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

The genuine Tonka Smoking Mixture is delightfully cool and fragrant. Try a 10 cent package or 1-2 pound tin.

SUSPICIOUS OF U.S. TRADE

How Billy Bryan's Nomination is Looked Upon in Britain.

No English Capitalist Is Buying American Securities These Days, Because the Action of the Silver Democrats Has Caused Much Unrest—Mr. Balfour Looms Up in the Imperial Parliament as a Clever Leader—The British Public Have Cooled in Their Enthusiasm Over Jameson.

New York, July 26.—Mr. Isaac N. Ford cables from London to The Tribune as follows:

The Populist and silver side shows at St. Louis have not attracted much attention here, but have served to deepen the impression that an anomalous political revolution is in progress in America, with all the moral forces of public opinion on the Republican side. The demoralized Democracy, with its Populist allies, has succeeded in temporarily discrediting the nation and clouding its future. Wherever American affairs are discussed, grave apprehension is expressed of the secession of the West and South from the East, the repudiation of the national debt, and a possible catastrophe by which republican institutions all over the world will be shaken to their foundations. Forecasts of the election of McKinley and the restoration of American prosperity are accepted suspiciously as premature and oversanguine. The grotesque performances of the Populist convention, following the nomination of a stump orator on the strength of a chance metaphor rather than a career of public service, have convinced cautious observers that America is seething with social unrest, and that nobody can foretell what will happen in November.

Suspicious of U.S. Trade.

The moral tha; is generally pointed is that merchants cannot be too cautious in business dealings with American houses, and that American securities should not be purchased under any circumstances. I asked a prominent and well-informed banker yesterday whether the gold shipments would continue from the United States and the gold reserve again be depleted so heavily as to force the Government to issue a new loan. He replied that the American banks would undoubtedly come to the rescue of the Government and make good the losses of gold. They could protect the Government till November if they wished to do so, and they could be depended upon to stave off a new financial crisis. He did not apprehend that there would be a large shrinkage in the gold reserve in the next three months.

Gold Would Leave the U.S.

If Bryan were elected gold would leave the country, and nothing could stop it. Gold payments would be suspended, as it would be impossible to float a new loan after the triumph of the party which is committed to repudiation. The situation would be greatly improved if McKinley were elected, and a new issue of bonds could then be negotiated if necessary, in order to maintain gold payments. American credit abroad had been greatly damaged, however, by the recent proceedings of the Democratic and Populist conventions, and the faith of Europeans in the perpetuity of republican institutions had been seriously impaired. The assurance which was anxiously awaited in Europe was an explicit declaration by the new administration, supported by Congress, that the nation meant to pay its debts in gold, and not repudiate them. Any issue of gold bonds would be saleable in Europe after McKinley's election, and it would suffice to keep up the Treasury gold reserve; but what was indispensable was the conversion of the Treasury deficit into a surplus, coupled with a thorough scheme of currency reform, which should include the cancellation of greenbacks when redeemed. This opinion is generally held in Lombard-street, and is reflected by all financial journals.

Bryan's Nomination Causes Unrest.

The effect of Bryan's nomination is causing social unrest and political depression, which has been shown by the heavy fall in American railway securities. If the lists of stocks of a fortnight ago and to-day be compared, the decline will be found to run from 14 to 20 per cent. McKinley's nomination was followed by a rise in all classes of American securities, but this movement was checked by shrewd speculators in New York, who sold heavily in anticipation of the adoption of a silver platform by the Democracy and the consequent depression of the market.

Any permanent recovery in prices cannot be looked for while the political situation is clouded with uncertainty. There are no buyers abroad for anything American; investors are waiting to find out whether Americans have dropped the Eighth Commandment from the Decalogue.

The Irish Land Bill.

Mr. Balfour, after receiving handsome tributes from his colleagues—Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Michael Hicks Beach—has taken matters into his own hands and proved that he can lead the House when he tries. The Government have been exposed on the Irish Land Bill to a double fire from landlords and tenants, and have been in a delicate position. It was the old story of landlords being bent upon reserving for themselves the full resources of the soil, and the tenants insisting that they had an absolute property right in all improvements. Mr. Balfour, after witnessing the defeat of the Government one night on an amendment through the defection of the Unionists and the light attendance on the Ministerial benches, thrilled the House on Thursday night by turning upon the landlords and rebuking them for the madness of their course in obstructing the passage of the bill. The Nationalists not only cheered his refusal to destroy the Land Bill by accepting the landlords' amendments, but also declined, one after another, to move their own proposals, and thereby greatly facilitated the progress of the measure, which passed the committee stage. Mr. Balfour's personality came out strongly in this dramatic episode, with the effect of restoring his prestige in no small degree. The Government are now in smoother water, with a prospect of drifting out of the session without throwing overboard the entire cargo of proposed legislation.

The Trial of Jameson.

The progress of the Jameson trial has been followed during the week with languid interest, the attendance being small in spite of the exceptional nature of the proceedings and the eminence of counsel. Sir Edward Clarke's technical pleadings on questions of jurisdiction were ingenious and hair-splitting, but they were swept away like cobwebs by the three judges. The case resolved itself into a trial on the issue of fact, and the Crown spent several days in demonstrating what nobody in his sober senses disputes, namely, that Dr. Jameson and his associates invaded the Transvaal without the knowledge or consent of the Queen and in defiance of the Foreign Enlistment Act. The defence may be forecast as a plea of extenuating circumstances, emphasized with a view to securing the mitigation of the sentence. The collapse of public interest in the case reveals the moral force of English opinion. Since the cypher despatches were published, Jameson and Cecil Rhodes, who was behind him, have been discredited as intriguers in a sordid financial conspiracy. So soon passes away the glory of speculative jingoism.

THIMBLE-RIGGER CAUGHT.

A Stranger Plays the Game on Unsuspecting Bicyclists in High Park.

The Sharper Jumps Into a Cab and Drives Off—Hue and Cry Raised—Pursued by Enraged Cyclists and Captured—Made to Disgorge His Swindled Gains—Had $600 in His Pockets.

There was a crowd of bicyclists in High Park yesterday, although there was enough wind to discourage novices. The winding hill on the East Drive was the halting place for several hundred wheelers, who amused themselves watching the progress of the bicyclists, carriages and drags which made a constant procession. Some wheelmen who were seen were gotten up in startling style. The brunet young man who acts as an advertisement for a bicycle manufacturer was to the fore, but his costume, brilliant as it was, was surpassed by that of an eccentric individual, attired in a very yellow sweater and blue trousers, who attracted much attention by riding uphill and down with hands folded or behind his back, disdaining the use of his handle bars, which were painted to match his sweater.

A stranger, who manifested considerable skill with three walnut shells and a pellet of wax, operated among some of the visitors to the park, and succeeded in fleecing a number who had never seen the thimble-rigging game before. When his victims began to get their eyes open, the sharper jumped into a cab and drove away. Some wheelmen who had lost "bets" with the rigger pursued him and after a chase of over a mile brought him to bay in Victoria-crescent. He was persuaded to disgorge some of his gains, but would only pay those who were in the chase. He had over $600 in his pockets. The cyclists, satisfied to recover their money, allowed their man to go.

GENERAL OTTAWA TOPICS.

The Lucania's Narrow Escape From Collision—A Job for Dr. St. Jean.

Ottawa, July 26.—(Special.)—Messrs. Laurier and Tarte returned to-night from St. Johns, Iberville.

Ed Ashe, who accompanied Sir Mackenzie Bowell to England as confidential messenger, arrived home this evening. Ashe says that on Thursday night the Lucania had a narrow escape from collision in a foggy sea with a steamer of the White Star Line. The vessels passed within a few yards of each other.

Among the members whose return is gazetted are N. F. Davin for Assiniboia and Wilfrid Laurier for Saskatchewan. Dr. Bechard is gazetted to the Senate.

Le Temps is authority for the statement that Dr. St. Jean of Ottawa has been appointed Superintendent of the Rideau Canal. St. Jean was twice the unsuccessful Grit candidate of the Ottawa Liberals for the Commons.

Hon. Thomas Mayne Daly arrived here to-day and will leave for Stratford to-morrow night. It is more than probable that the ex-Minister will be a candidate in Brandon as soon as the seat becomes vacant.

Sir Charles Tupper arrived this evening.

CAPSIZED IN THE LAKE.

Toronto Yachtsmen Get a Ducking—Rain Spoils Sunday Concerts.

A party of four Toronto men had a disagreeable experience while yachting yesterday afternoon. The yacht Wa-Wa, with her owner, Mr. George Townsend, and three friends on board, was off Port Credit, when a heavy blow came up. Their mast went by the board, and the yacht capsized, the crew taking an involuntary bath in the cold water of the lake. Fortunately for the yachtsmen, Captain Forster of the steam launch Mabel, saw the occurrence and made for the wreck. With some difficulty the Wa Wa was secured and her passengers taken on board the Mabel. The yacht was then towed into Port Credit. The Mabel was out with the Obico Social Club.

Last night's threatening weather detracted from the attendance at the Sunday evening sacred concerts at Hanlan's Point and Centre Island. In the afternoon, however, there were good crowds across the Bay.

One of the most enjoyable excursions of the season will be the moonlight of the city travelers, which is to be held to-night on board the Chippewa.

Easy to order—"Salada Ceylon Tea.

Coal Talk.

Don't get into the rut of getting your coal from the same firm every year. It is not the best thing to do, because you don't know whether you are getting the right thing or not. When you make a change, try John Kent & Co., 78 Yonge-street, a reliable firm, who are particular in giving their customers every satisfaction.

"Salada" Tea is not nerve disturbing.

When you buy the famous Beaver Chewing Tobacco, be sure the word Beaver is on each plug.

Guinane Brothers' "Slater Shoe" Store open every night till 10 o'clock.

Mr. E. Sullivan, the genial proprietor of the Leader Cafe, says no drink is so popular as London Dry and Sprudel, King of Mineral Waters.

Hammocks and Verandah Chairs—The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

City Travelers' Promenade Concert on board Chippewa to-night — Grenadiers' Band.

Lakeview Hotel, corner Parliament and Winchester streets; steam heated, bathroom on each floor; rates $1 and $1.50 per day; special arrangements for weekly board. John H. Ayre, proprietor. 135

Butterfly Nets and Sail Boats—The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

Liquidation and dissolution sale at Guinane Brothers' Yonge-street store—"214."

Outing shirts, in white and fancy Ceylon flannel; also silk, at from $1 to $6.50; largest and best assortment of good shirts at Treble's, 53 King-street west.

WHAT FREE SILVER MEANS.

More Light Thrown on the Important Discussion.

Inspector of Insurance for Ontario States How the Law of the Province Governs Payment of Policies—Larger Securities May Be Required of American Companies—Mutual Life Always Pays in Gold and Will Continue to Do So—Other Companies.

The chief topic in business circles on Saturday was The World's special article on "What Free Silver Means." The many interviews by members of The World staff on the disastrous effect of free coinage on insurance policies are supplemented this morning by further opinions of persons interviewed and by correspondence on this burning question.

Opinion of the Inspector of Insurance.

The World on Saturday interviewed Mr. J. Howard Hunter, Inspector of Insurance for Ontario, upon the silver question and its effect upon Canadian insurance. In reply to a query as to what protection the policyholder was guaranteed in Ontario, and to various other questions, Mr. Hunter delivered himself as follows:

"Whether an insurance company is licensed by the Dominion or the Provincial Government, the law of the province governs any contract it makes. This applies to all sends of insurance companies, fire, life or otherwise."

"I noticed some years ago that some of the American companies, as The World states this morning, were inserting in their policies a clause making the policies payable at New York, or their other United States headquarters, and subject to the laws of the particular state in which their head office was located. Thereupon Hon. Mr. Gibson, then Provincial Secretary, carried through the House a bill remedying the matter. As a result of that action, section 10 of the Ontario Insurance Act, 56 Victoria, cap. 32, reads thus:

"Provided that when the subject matter of the contract is property or an insurable interest within the jurisdiction of Ontario, or is a person domiciled or resident therein, any policy, certificate, interim receipt or writing evidencing the contract shall, if signed, countersigned, issued or delivered over in Ontario, be deemed to evidence a contract made therein, and the contract shall be construed according to the law thereof, and this proviso shall have effect notwithstanding any agreement, condition or stipulation to the contrary.

"This means that the company cannot contract itself out of the liability as the contract would be measured by the courts of Ontario, and when the contract is to pay $1000 in our courts would not treat that contract as performed by the payment of 50 or 25 cents on the dollar. The result of that is that, so long as an American company has available assets in Ontario, the policyholder must, according to our law, be paid the full amount called for by the policy.

"Now, those American companies have deposits to secure the policyholders, either with the Government at Ottawa or with the Ontario Government, and to the extent of those assets or other assets of the company, held in Ontario, in trust for policyholders, the policyholders will be secured. The city of Ottawa, and the seat of the Dominion Government, being in Ontario, the companies' deposits there are available as assets under the Provincial Act.

"Of course companies are not called upon to deposit anything like the face value of the risks they carry, but simply an amount calculated as sufficient to evidence the responsibility and financial standing of the various concerns, so that policyholders here may have some fund to go against in case they have trouble in securing payment of their policies. For instance, as The World mentions the Aetna, let us take it as an example. The net amount of that company's policies in force on Dec. 31, 1895, was $15,989,361. Part of this company's deposits and securities available to Ontario policyholders is $3,554,003. To show how large this security is in comparison with the annual claims, it need only be said that the total claims under policies of the Aetna for the year 1895 came to only $14,781.

"But the gold basis works both ways, and if premiums are payable in gold the premiums must also be paid in the same coin.

"As to the future, if this proposed silver legislation took effect in the United States, it would no doubt become a question to be considered whether larger securities would not be required of American companies. I hope that this is not likely to be necessary.

"For the present, I consider our Ontario policyholders amply secured. They need not take the precaution of having their policies made payable in gold or in Ontario, as the Ontario Act already protects them in this respect."

Free Coinage and Policies.

Mr. George A. Stainton, Cashier of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, when asked regarding the effect free silver coinage would have on policies issued by his company, said: "It will not be possible for me to explain in a brief interview our various plans of insurance policies, which number over one hundred. The majority of our policies in Ontario do not stipulate in what coin a claim shall be paid. Our 'gold bond' policy, of course, is payable in gold, and all other policies, when it was so desired by the applicant. The Mutual Life has always paid its Canadian claims in gold, and will continue to do so. Our policyholders in Ontario need not be alarmed in the least, as our company has on deposit with the Canadian Govern-

(Continued on Page Four.)

TAKEN TO NEWPORT, R.I.

There It Is Expected That Mr. Vanderbilt Will Recover Sooner.

Newport, R.I., July 26.—Last night Cornelius Vanderbilt was removed from his residence on Fifth-avenue, New York, and taken on board F. W. Vanderbilt's steam yacht Conqueror. An easy trip was made up the Sound and the yacht arrived here about 5 o'clock to-day. So far as can be learned, Mr. Vanderbilt stood the voyage as well as could be expected. It is thought the sea air will make his recovery more speedy.

Hammocks and Verandah Chairs—The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

Travelers, tourists and others should copy their letters with the Horseshoe Press, light and portable; weight 16 ounces. Price $1.75 each, at Blight Bros', 65 Yonge-street.

Butterfly Nets and Sail Boats—The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

Gems in Art

Are found in our platinum-finished photographs. The Bryce Studio, 107 King-street west; Telephone No. 1724 for sittings. ed

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. Evg. 50c

THAT IMPERIAL ZOLLVEREIN.

A London Correspondent Says Premier Reid of New South Wales Has Killed Mr. Chamberlain's Scheme.

New York, July 26.—Mr. Harold Frederic cables from London to The Times: Premier Reid of New South Wales, it is felt, has driven the last needed nail into the coffin of Chamberlain's scheme for an Imperial zollverein. Not only does he declare it impossible from an internal point of view, but he says that it would destroy England by uniting the rest of the world in a hostile combination, armed with a new and substantial motive for revenge. This is franker talk than most colonial politicians have ventured, but it only puts bluntly what seems to be felt in all parts of the Empire. Although Chamberlain seems to be holding his own in Parliament, it is evident that this collapse of his pet project has heavily discredited his reputation outside.

HE'S LOADED WITH MONEY.

Stuart Bostock, the Young M.P. for Yale, Said to be Worth $400,000 a Year.

Mr. Stuart Bostock, the young member of Parliament for Yale and Cariboo, British Columbia, is one of the richest men in Canada. He came to this country only six years ago and interested himself in the British Columbia mines, and now, though he is only 26 years old, his annual income is estimated at $400,000.

BLAZE AT OWEN SOUND.

Fire Does $5000 Damage to Vanstone & Co.'s Drygoods Store.

Owen Sound, July 26.—Saturday night about 9.30 fire was discovered in the second storey of T. E. Vanstone & Co.'s drygoods store. How the fire originated is still in doubt, as the usual Saturday night's trade was being done. It was very quickly under control of the firemen, but the damage by water, smoke and fire will run between $5000 and $8000; insured.

Two Small Fires.

A blaze in the fence at the G.T.R. track, foot of Beatty-avenue, caused trifling damage and gave the firemen a run on Saturday evening.

Early on Sunday morning an alarm from box 207 called the firemen to a vacant house at 409 Pape-avenue, where a small blaze was extinguished after doing little damage.

Still in a Critical Condition.

Mrs. M. Raymer, who, with her mother, was injured in a runaway accident on Queen-street east, has been discharged from the hospital, but Mrs. Caroline Raymer's condition is still critical, her broken legs being slow to heal, owing to the unlucky lady's advanced age.

He is Injured for Life.

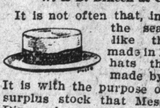
William Sirr, the young Orangeville man who is being treated at the General Hospital for injuries received owing to alleged careless driving on the part of an Orangeville man, is paralyzed below the waist and will never get better.

Another Bicyclist Seriously Hurt.

Leslie Eaton, 9 Palmerston-avenue, met with a bicycle accident at Lambton Mills Saturday morning. Owing to a collision with a telegraph post he was thrown from his wheel and was badly cut about the head. Dr. Cotton attended him, but as there is a possibly serious injury to one eye, the young man at his advice went to the General Hospital. Eaton is a machinist, 21 years of age.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

All the Famous Straw Hats Introduced by W. & D. Dineen at Cut Prices.



It is not often that, in the height of the season, anything like the reductions made in Dineens' straw hats this week are made by a large firm. It is with the purpose of clearing out surplus stock that Messrs. W. & D. Dineen have made the cut in prices, and every straw hat in the stock will be placed on the "bargain counter." All the straw hats will be displayed in the King-street store, and as the styles are of the latest, including the Herald, Pemberton, Yorker and others of the highest class, there will be real bargains for every purchaser. Everyone who reads these advertisements knows the prices at which these hats have been selling, and now when anyone of the hats knows that it was good value at the former price. It may be judged, then, that it will be worth while dropping into the store this week if you require anything in hats for summer. Dineens' big store is on the corner of King and Yonge streets.

Funeral furnishings. Gormally & Sons, 712 Queen st. West. Tel. 5353.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., Ladies, 75c

$5 Book Tickets to Hamilton & St. Kitts.

If you want a nice short trip, give us a call. We have low rates to Europe. Steerage, $24.50; second cabin, $34; first, $45 to $70, via Montreal or New York. S. J. Sharp, 78 Yonge-street.

For slow digestion use Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti Gum. See that the trade mark name Tutti Frutti is on each 5 cent package.

Monuments.

See our designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. We are manufacturers. D. McIntosh & Sons, office and showroom, 524 Yonge-street, opposite Maitland street. Works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

Hammocks and Verandah Chairs—The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

Mrs. M. J. Low, wines and spirits, 376 Spadina, reports sales for Sprudel, the King of Mineral Waters, on the increase during this hot spell.

City Travelers' Promenade Concert on board Chippewa to-night — Grenadiers' Band.

Turkish Baths, 127 and 129 Yonge, Evg. 50c

DEATHS.

BICKERSTAFF—Suddenly, at his late residence, 97 Hazelton-avenue, on Sunday, July 26, 1896, Joseph Bickerstaff, late of H.M. Customs, Toronto, aged 63 years. Born at Tandragee, Ireland. Funeral Tuesday, July 28, at 4 p.m., to St. James' Cemetery.

FLEMING—On Sunday morning, the 26th inst., Henrietta (Etty), the beloved wife of Andrew Fleming, in her 40th year. Funeral to-day at 4 o'clock from 28 Louisa-street to St. James' Cemetery.

SHEPHARD—Very suddenly, at 5 p.m., Saturday, July 25, 1896, Delena Kerr, wife of John Shephard, aged 29. Funeral on Tuesday at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, from residence, 40 Heward-avenue, to Mount Pleasant.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. day, 75c

City Travelers' Promenade Concert on board Chippewa to-night — Grenadiers' Band.

MANY WENT TO DEATH.

A Sudden Cloudburst in Colorado Causes Terrible Destruction.

OVER THIRTY BODIES RECOVERED.

Several of the Dead Were Summer Visitors From Denver.

The Water Rushed Along Like a Solid Wall, Sweeping Everything Before It—One Old Man of Eighty Was Carried Down Stream Half a Mile and Lodged in a Tree, From Which He Was Rescued Several Hours Later—Railway Bridges Down and Trains Stopped, Crops Destroyed.

Denver, Col., July 25.—This morning a terrible state of affairs is revealed at Morrison, Golden, Central City, and other points in Colorado, where last night's storm raged the fiercest. Dead bodies, horribly mangled, are discovered, and at 9 o'clock 30 dead had been recovered, of which 21 were in Morrison alone. Trains left Denver early this morning with coffins for the stricken districts, and by noon further information will be received of the extent of the disaster.

Second Flood at Morrison.

Morrison, Col., July 25.—A second flood this afternoon resulted in completely paralyzing all efforts to recover the bodies of those lost in the debris of last night's flood. At dark to-night the following bodies had been recovered and identified. Reports from up the country bring news that none of the people camping there were lost. The list of identified dead follows:

Mrs. Moses Miller and three children, Morrison.

Child of J. C. Longnecker, Morrison.

Thomas McGough, aged 21, of Dayton, O., cousin of Mrs. Casey, also drowned.

Mrs. A. S. Proctor, 32 years old, wife of A. S. Proctor, President of the Denver Tent and Awning Company.

Robert James Proctor, aged 5 years.

Grace Proctor, 7 years.

Edith Proctor, 2 years.

Mrs. T. E. Casey, 38 years, Denver.

James Casey, 12 years.

Eddie Casey, 10 years.

Mamie Casey, 7 years.

Annie Casey, 5 years.

Clara Casey, 3 years.

Mrs. Anthony Herres, 31 years, Denver.

Eugene Herres, 7 years.

Mabel Herres, 2 1-2 years.

Josephine Herres, 6 years.

Carl Herres, 4 years.

Anple Hansen, 20 years, servant of Mrs. Proctor.

Miss Della Horner.

Miss Mary Horner.

Miss Josephine Holme.

Mrs. Horace M. Warren, all of Denver.

All of the bridges across Bear Creek were swept away. It is impossible to get across to learn if any fatalities occurred there.

Great Destruction at Golden.

Golden, Col., July 25.—A cloudburst last night left 7 o'clock did an immense amount of damage in this vicinity. Three lives are known to have been lost, and thousands of dollars worth of property destroyed. The dead are: Mrs. Jesse Edwards, A. A. Johnson, Mrs. A. A. Johnson.

James Bishop, 80 years of age, was carried half a mile down stream and finally caught a tree, from which he was rescued some hours later. His terrible experience had unsettled his reason.

The Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf Railway loses a bridge and other property. The light and water plants of the city are disabled. News is anxiously awaited from up the canyon, as it is believed there has been a heavy loss of life there.

At 7 o'clock a greenish colored cloud was noticed hanging above Mount Lookout. Inside of ten minutes the worst storm ever known in this section was raging. It continued with unabated fury for half an hour. As soon as

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He Lost His Whiskers.

A good joke is quietly going the rounds in church circles at the expense of a popular and learned church dignitary, whose recent promotion met with universal approval. On his return to the city for a brief visit recently the friends of the aforesaid dignitary were struck with a change in his appearance, which they could not account for, and which in some instances almost caused them to pass him by without recognition. It has leaked out that his changed appearance was the result of a combination of tonsorial skill with mental abstraction. Since leaving Toronto he had visited New York, where he placed himself in the hands of a barber to undergo the usual process of lathering and scraping. While the operation was in progress he fell into a reverie, disturbed only by the scrape of the razor and the small talk of the barber, until he suddenly realized that the side-whiskers which were his glory had disappeared from one side of his face. He expostulated, but the barber could not replace them, and the only recourse was to remove them from the other side.

Showers or Thunderstorms.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Edmonton, 42—76; Calgary, 40—76; Prince Albert, 52—72; Swift Current, 52—78; Winnipeg, 50—70; Parry Sound, 56—78; Toronto, 58—82; Ottawa, 52—86; Montreal, 62—82; Quebec, 60—80; Chatham, N.B., 56—86; Halifax, 54—84.

PROBS: Moderate to fresh southerly to westerly winds; partly cloudy and very warm, with showers or thunderstorms.

Steamship Movements.

July 25.	At	From
Pomeranian	Glasgow	Montreal.
Bangore Head	Dublin	Montreal.
Glanton	Yarmouth	Quebec.
Lake Ontario	Liverpool	Montreal.
Aureola	Greenock	Montreal.
Geruna	London	Montreal.
Marsala	New York	Hamburg.
New York	New York	Southampton
La Normandie	Havre	New York.
Venetia	Copenhagen	New York.

WHEN YOU READ
THE WORLD
YOU GET ALL THE NEWS.