

cholera. Hundreds of her citizens were consigned to the silent tomb in the space of a few weeks.

Sandusky is built on an inexhaustible stratum of the finest limestone, which is not only used for building purposes in the city, but is extensively exported. The city now contains a court-house, 2 Methodist, 1 Episcopal, 1 Congregational, 1 German Lutheran, and 1 Catholic church, 1 high school, several mills and factories, a large number of stores, 2 banks, 2 printing offices, and a population of about 4,000. In the vicinity of this city, there are many remains of ancient mounds and fortifications. Regular lines of lake steamers run to Buffalo and other points on the lake. Cars leave daily for Cincinnati on the Mad River railroad. Stages leave daily for Cleveland and Toledo; and three times a week for Wooster.

ROUTES FROM SANDUSKY.

From Sandusky to Springfield, (by Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad.)

To Bellevue, 15 miles; to Republic, 15 miles; to Tiffin, 8 miles; to Carcy, 16 miles; to Patterson, 14 miles; to Kenton, 10 miles; to Belle Centre, 12 miles; to Bellefontaine, 12 miles; to West Liberty, 8 miles; to Urbana, 10 miles; to Springfield, 14 miles: whole distance from Sandusky to SPRINGFIELD, 134 miles. Time, 9 hours; fare, \$4. (For routes from Springfield to Cincinnati, by Little Miami railroad, reverse those on page 134.)

From Sandusky to Newark, (by Sandusky, Mansfield, and Newark Railroad.)

To Mansfield, 56 miles; to Newark, 55 miles: whole distance from Sandusky to NEWARK, 101 miles. Time, 6 hours; fare, \$3. This line will connect, at Newark, with the Scioto and Hocking Valley railroad, which, when completed will extend to Portsmouth.

Cleveland, county seat of Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is situated on Lake Erie, at the northern termination of the Ohio canal, and at the mouth of the Cuyahoga river. The location of the city is most beautiful, being on an elevated plain rising to the height of one hundred feet above the level of the lake. The first permanent settlement made at this place, was in the year 1796, and in the fall of the same year, the city was laid out by the Western Reserve surveying party. The settlement was named in honor of General Moses Cleveland, agent for the Connecticut