a great amount of labor on its compilation. But unfortunately there does not appear to have been the same care exercised in its revision. We would suggest that at the next revision the revisor rearrange the whole work and make it in keeping with modern methods of teaching the subject. We would also suggest that more attention be devoted to remedies in every day use, and less to such ancient drugs as cockroaches, egg shells, oyster shells, bones, etc.

Sujous Annual and Analytical Cyclopedia of Practical Medicine. Subscription entire series only. Six volumes; one every six months. Cloth, \$5.00; half Russia, \$6.00. Monthly supplements sent free during the three years, Philadelphia: The F. A. Davis Company. Second volume, Dislocation—Infantile Myxcedema.

The third volume of this admirable series is to hand. We are more pleased with each volume. The quality of the articles and the completeness of references is if anything improving. There are three very interesting articles in this volume which will prove of great value in special cases: "Cretinism," by Prof. Wm. Osler and Dr. Norton, of Baltimore: "Goitre," by Prof. Adami, "Montreal; and "Exophthalmic Goitre," by Prof. Putnam, of Boston. While these articles are not of subjects commonly met with, one's ability to properly appreciate these cases when met with is much increased by a perusal of these

very scientific articles.

An important article on a subject of the greatest practical value both to the patient and the physician is "Empyema," by Dr. J. McF. Gaston and Dr. J. McF. Gaston, Jr., of Atlanta. Drs. Gaston have paid very special attention to Empyema and its operative treatment. They have adopted a very radical procedure and the results have been admirable. The literature of the subject is finely reviewed and ably commented on. Stetnagon, of Philadelphia, has reviewed the subject of "Eczema," and has concisely put all the salient points of diagnosis and treatment. We do not think, however, that the article on "Formaldehyde" is by any means as complete as it should be. The subject warrants a very much more comprehensive reference than we find in this volume. We are pleased to note the attention paid to the therapeutic agents, Gelsemium, Cocaine, Exalgine, Hyoscine, etc. The article on Hypnotism is well worth perusal and thought. Dr. Reginald H. Sayre's article on "Hip Joint Disease" is very elaborate and complete. It is freely illustrated, and the experience of the present Sayre and his illustrious father are such that he speaks with authority based on practical experience. volume is an acquisition.