



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 14th day of June, 1875.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR  
IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 123 section of the Act passed in the Session of the Parliament of Canada, held in the 1st year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered 6, and entitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby Ordered, that the following Regulations respecting the Bonding Warehouses in the Dominion be and the same are hereby adopted and established, that is to say:—

**REGULATIONS.**

**ARTICLE I.** Warehouses for the storage of imported goods shall be known and designated as follows:—  
Class 1. Stores occupied by the Government of Canada.  
Class 2. Warehouses occupied by Importers exclusively for the storage of goods imported by, or consigned to them, or purchased by them in bond.  
Class 3. Warehouses occupied for the general storage of imported goods.  
Class 4. Yards, sheds and other buildings used for the storing and slaughtering of animals in bond.  
Class 5. Warehouses exclusively for the manufacture or refining of sugar.  
Class 6. Sufferance Warehouses.

*Applications for establishment of Bonded Warehouses.*

**ARTICLE II.** For a Warehouse of the second or third class, the owner shall make application in writing to the Collector of the Port, describing the premises, the location and capacity of the same, and stating the purpose for which the building is to be used, whether for the storage of merchandise imported by, or consigned to himself exclusively, or for the general storage of merchandise in bond.  
The Collector will thereupon examine or direct the Surveyor or other proper officer of Customs, in whom he can repose confidence, to examine and inspect the premises and report to him in writing the particulars of the location, construction and dimensions of the building, its capabilities for the safe keeping of merchandise, and all other facts bearing upon the subject.  
When the examination has been made, the Collector will transmit the report, together with the proprietor's application, with his own report as to the necessity of granting the application, to the Commissioner of Customs.

**ARTICLE III.** If on examination of the foregoing documents the Minister of Customs is satisfied that the public interest will be subserved thereby, the application will be granted, whereupon the owner or occupant will be notified by the Collector, and on fulfillment of the conditions hereinafter provided the Collector will assign a number for the Warehouse, and add the same to his register, placing a Warehouse Locker in charge thereof.

*Warehouses of Class 1.*

**ARTICLE IV.** At all ports where there are Government stores, they shall be used for the examination and appraisement of imported goods, and for the storage of unclaimed and seized goods, and where there are no such stores, the Collector may, under direction of Minister of Customs, make temporary arrangements for suitable premises for those purposes, or may deposit such unclaimed or seized goods in any Warehouses of class 2.

*Warehouses of Class 2.*

**ARTICLE V.** A Warehouse of class 2 shall consist of an entire building, or not less than one whole floor of such building and in the latter case will be so arranged as that the Customs locks established all access to the floor set apart and divisions of a bonded Warehouse, and no partitions of a Warehouse, whether door or partition shall be of the most solid and secure description possible in each case.

*Warehouses of Class 3.*

**ARTICLE VI.** A Warehouse of class 3 shall in every case consist of an entire building and shall be used solely for the storage of bonded merchandise, or of unclaimed and seized goods ordered thereto by the Collector of Customs.

The rates of storage and compensation for labour in the handling of bonded goods in Warehouses of this class, shall be subject to agreement between the owner or importer of the goods, and the proprietor of the Warehouse who will collect all amounts due for storage and labour, the duty of Collector or proper officer of Customs being to look after the safe custody of the goods for the security of the revenue only.

Should the Collector of Customs require to deposit in any such Warehouse unclaimed and seized goods, the charges for storage and labour thereupon, shall not exceed the regular rates, and the proprietor shall be liable as in other cases for their safe keeping.

**ARTICLE VII.** All Warehouses of either class 2 or class 3 shall be secured by Customs locks, provided by the Department of Customs; but this will not prevent the proprietors or occupants of the building from having their own locks on the same doors in addition thereto.

**ARTICLE VIII.** No free or duty paid goods shall be stored in any Bonded Warehouse; and all bonded goods, when entered for consumption, removal or exportation, shall immediately be removed therefrom, unless permission to the contrary be first obtained from the Collector upon an application made to him in writing, specifying the goods and the time for which it is desired they should remain, and in such case the goods shall be legibly and conspicuously marked and set apart from these remaining in bond; but no such privilege shall be granted in any case, except for good and urgent reasons.

*Applications for Warehouses of Class 4.*

**ARTICLE IX.** Application for the establishment of a Warehouse of this class shall be made in the same manner as for Classes 2 and 3, and shall be subject to the regulation adopted by Order in Council of 7th May, 1875.

*Class 5—Warehouses for refining Sugar in Bond.*

**ARTICLE X.** Applications for the establishment of Warehouses of class 5, shall be made in accordance with the terms of the Order in Council, regulating the Refining of Sugar in bond dated 31st January, 1855, except that the application and description shall be submitted for approval of the Minister of Customs, before acceptance, as in the case of Warehouses of class 2 and 3.

*Class 3—Sufferance Warehouses.*

**ARTICLE XI.** Warehouses of this class for the accommodation of steamers and other vessels may be established in accordance with the Order in Council relating thereto of 23rd October, 1868.

Sufferance Warehouses at Railway Stations and Depots shall be established in accordance with Section 1 of Order in Council bearing date 4th December, 1856, and shall be subject to all the rules for the safe keeping of merchandise stored therein, provided in the case of Warehouses of any other class.

**ARTICLE XII.** The proprietor of every Warehouse of class 2 and class 4 shall pay for the privileges granted him in the use of such Warehouse, the sum of forty dollars per annum in half yearly payments in advance to the Collector of Customs. The proprietor of every Warehouse of class 3 and class 5 shall pay in like manner not less than forty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars per annum, according to the capacity of the building and the nature and amount of business—the exact sum to be determined by the Minister of Customs at the time of accepting the proprietor's application.

All the foregoing payments shall in future date from the establishment of each Warehouse, and in the case of Warehouses already established in the ports named in the Order in Council of June 25, 1869, from the expiration of the time for which the proprietors have already paid, and in all other ports, but not heretofore subjected to any payment, from the first day of July, 1875, and no Warehouses of either of the classes named in this Article shall be recognized by the Collector of Customs as an established Warehouse until, or unless the said quarterly payments are made within not over ten days after the proper date.

*General Provisions.*

**ARTICLE XIII.** No alterations can be made in any Bonded Warehouse without permission of the Collector of Customs; and if any material change in the premises is contemplated it must be submitted for approval of the Minister of Customs.

The Collector of Customs shall advise the Commissioner of Customs of any changes in the surroundings of bonded premises likely to affect their general security, and, if burned or plundered, immediate notice must be given to the Commissioner, with full particulars of all facts connected therewith.

Proprietors of Bonded Warehouses may relinquish the business at any time on giving timely notice to the owners of merchandise deposited therein, but no part of any quarterly payment made by them shall be refunded for any portion of a term unexpired.

The Minister of Customs may at any time for reasonable cause, order the discontinuance of the right to store bonded goods in any premises established as a Bonded Warehouse; and when thus discontinued such Warehouse can only be re-established after renewed application as at first.

All monies received from proprietors of Warehouses as provided in Art. 12, shall be paid over by the Collector of Customs to the Receiver General, and shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue of Canada.

**ARTICLE XIV.** The Collector of Customs will cause the proprietor or occupant to place over the gate or door leading into, or on some conspicuous place on every Customs Warehouse, a board or sign with the following printed thereon,

"V. R.

No.—

*Customs Warehouse."*

**ARTICLE XV.** Sections 12, 13, 14, and 15 of Regulations dated 30th March, 1869, and the Order in Council dated 25th of June, 1869, relating to payments for the privilege of using stores as Bonded Warehouses in certain ports, are hereby repealed.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,

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Clerk Privy Council.



**MAIL CONTRACT.**

TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 13th August, 1875, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's mails, on a proposed contract for four years, two times per week each way, during the winter between Rapids des Joachims and Mattawa, and three times per week each way during the season of navigation between Deux Rivières and Mattawa, from the 1st September next. Conveyance to be made in a canoe, skiff, a suitable vehicle, or on horseback according to the season.

*In Winter*—The mails to leave Mattawa on Mondays and Thursdays at 8 a.m., and arrive at Rapids des Joachims, on Tuesdays and Fridays at noon. To leave Rapids des Joachims on Tuesdays and Fridays at 2 p.m., or upon arrival of mail from Pembroke and arrive at Mattawa on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 8 p.m.  
*In Summer*—To leave Mattawa, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 10 a.m., and arrive Deux Rivières at 5 p.m. To leave Deux Rivières on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 7 a.m., and arrive at Mattawa at 8 p.m.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Rapids des Joachims, Rockville, Deux Rivières, and Mattawa.

J. P. FRENCH.

Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,  
Ottawa, 15th July, 1875.

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**CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,**

OTTAWA, 16th July, 1875.

**A**UTHORIZED DISCOUNT ON AMERICAN

INVOICES until further notice, 13 per cent

J. JOHNSON.

Commissioner of Customs.

**PROVINCE OF QUEBEC**

Rifle Association.

**T**HE SEVENTH ANNUAL PRIZE MEETING will be held at Point St. Charles Ranges, Montreal, commencing on TUESDAY, 10th AUGUST. List of prizes and certificates of passage may be had on application to

JOHN FLETCHER, Lt.-Col.,

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Secretary.