The World is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Canada. It knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public measures.

The World aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a metropolitan newspaper.

The World is offered at a price which places it within the reach of all: $3 per annum, $1 for four months; 25 cts. for one month.

Poorly Disguised Purpose.

It is not a time for light speaking on serious things nor for arousing an undue sense of alarm in the country, but when we see a great party being seduced from its professed principles and swindled of its ancient faith—when, without changing the names of such principles, the party seducers alter the substance of belief and under old familiar terms secrete revolutionary purposes, committing a great multitude to a policy as completely new as it is wholly vicious—to speak out becomes a duty.

The Reform leaders do not openly avow a policy which, though not ashamed to favor, they are at present unable to defend. Considerations of temporary expediency alone restrain. They do not definitely advance a new policy on the merits of which they expect a following, but they skirmish about to entangle the minds of men and the prejudices of party in a concealed cause. Not squarely advocating annexation they assail every other prospect open to Canada and weigh down the people with a wretched and unvarying inference. Behind trade union they secrete political fusion—in the name of free trade strive to widen the area of protection and double its levyings. They seek not to rally their forces and strengthen them by proclaiming a new hope, but to impassion them with despair so that they may accept a destiny that despair alone recommends.

The policy of George Brown had in it economic errors, but its purpose was honorable. It did not contemplate the political surrender of Canada as the price of trade privileges, nor did it favor such a means of overthrowing Tory ascendancy. The Liberal party of his day was a Canadian party.

It is no longer such. Its object, and all men shall soon know it, is not to effect certain changes in Canadian government, but to end Canadian government. It cannot secure Federal control, it will seek to end Federal power, and strong in Provincial rights it expects to be the trusted champion of State rights. As it holds the Provinces, so it expects to do when the Dominion is cut up into a "new tier of Northern States." The success of the party, in the opinion of its present leaders, necessitates the sacrifice of the country. The Globe is entrusted with the pioneer work of the new campaign, and is encouraged to proceed by the tractability of the party under treatment. But Reformers throughout the country are not quiet through assent, but because their hopes lead them to misconstrue the purposes of the party organ. When these can no longer be misconstrued the party at large will assert itself with vigor and snap the cords with which schemers seek to bind it. The Globe's purpose is plain enough. Its daily leaders argue that the existing system is ruinous and sure to perish; that independence would be a temporary make-shift; that Imperial Federation is impracticable and a foolish dream. The only political arrangement against which it neither professes sentiment nor advances argument is political union. More, it produces opinions favorable to annexation and interlards them with trade arguments, persists in quoting Mr. Blake as in its favor, notwithstanding his disclaimer in the Ottawa note. Its columns are open to every nameless correspondent who cares to champion the cause, and its governing purpose cannot much longer be misunderstood, even by friends.

An American has been granted a patent for the manufacture of eggs and promises to drive hens quite out of the market. The machine-made article is claimed to equal the old-fashioned sort in every way and can be sold with profit at three cents per dozen. They will decay as speedily as legitimate hen fruit, but it is noteworthy that the patentee does not claim they will produce chickens if put in an incubator.

The C.P.R. and Long Journeys.

The measure of a people's civilization is said to be its power to adapt itself to and improve the condition of its surroundings. With this idea in view one can form a just estimate of the significance of the latest feat in catering to public convenience of the Canadian Pacific. The feat aforesaid is the production of the new class of sleeping cars called Tourist which The World had the pleasure of inspecting on Saturday. The car is intended for the sole use of through traffic to Vancouver. It provides all the comforts and conveniences of the first-class sleeper, without the unnecessary luxuries of the latter and at a much smaller cost. The saving, in fact, amounts to $40 per fare between Toronto and Vancouver. That this saving is not made up in inferior accommodation in meals or berths can be understood when the relative cost of the two cars is observed, the first-class sleeper costing $43,000 and the tourist only $18,000. The actual cost of a berth for the full trip of five nights to Vancouver is only $2.50, or but 50 cents a night. Each car is in charge of a porter, whose salary is as large as that of a first-class car man and who is authorized and instructed to prohibit smoking and generally to consult the comfort of his employers' patrons. In size the tourist car is exactly the same as the first-class sleeper, except that being a few inches higher more headway is obtained for the lower berths. Meals are served on tables placed between each pair of seats. Bed linen is changed each morning. The cars are supplied with heaters, lockers and other conveniences, lavatory and culinary, which leave nothing to be desired so far as comfort is concerned. The floors are carpeted and the high-backed seats upholstered with dark-brown leather.

The "Popular Parties" excursions for which the cars are designed will be run on April 3 and 17 and May 1. When the upper lake route opens the excursions will be discontinued from this point. The public may rest assured of the satisfactory character of the service. It is advertised to be such, and the Canadian Pacific makes a point of carrying out its engagements to the letter.

About Assignees.

In relation to the winding up of insolvent estates we are fast approaching a condition of things which to honest and right-minded men must seem deplorable. Our province is flooded with men professing capabilities as assignees (as their circulars and advertisements read) quite sufficient to render them eligible for Finance Ministers, but which professors have shown of late too much fondness for absorbing the whole of the assets of estates which chesk has enabled them to clutch and then quietly leaving the country. Within a short period Toronto has furnished no less than three such examples, and the time has arrived when our merchants can fittingly stop to consider how it is that such upstarts, without character, reputation or capability, can secure control of the estates they invariably plunder. We have been reared on the supposition that the capable, the honest and the efficient man will always be preferred to the adventurer, but it certainly seems now as if this supposition was only a supposition. There are men who have done duty as assignees amongst us for years and whose names are unsmirched and clear, and yet these men seem to obtain only about one half the loaf, as it were, of the assignments.

We are aware of the fact that our merchants are described by our lawyers, our accountants and our assignees as like unto peas on a hot griddle: changing from one lawyer, or accountant, or assignee to another with sleight-of-hand kind of rapidity, allured by the new practitioners' pretentious announcement of speedy work and small charges—the nimble sixpence racket—without looking far enough ahead to see that among our assignees, for instance, the honest and capable man shows up all his transactions and pays over to creditors the funds he holds in trust for them—while the other class cover up all they can with the darkness of night, and when by loud protestations they fail to secure fresh business they leave.

Of course we understand that assignees are supposed to be about as well paid for their services as most men—and in this regard we would say that persons holding positions of trust, like them, and fulfilling their duties intelligently and honestly are entitled to good pay because of their responsibilities; and in construing the meaning of good pay we have looked for light to the records of what is done in this line in England and Scotland and we are free to admit, and at the same time we are sure that our announcement will be wondered at by our merchants, that the charges of our assignees—that is the responsible ones who furnish creditors with correct accounts of their receipts and disbursements and fees—is as low as any reasonable man would desire. The charges of such Ontario trustees is within a decimal of one-third what the charges of the official liquidators of England and Scotland amount to, from which the inference is fairly drawn that our responsible assignees are not too well paid, to say the least of it, and that the charges by this class of men have been lowered to meet the competition of men who profess everything, pay nothing and now and then "get out" in response to the ill-advised demand of our merchants who jump around from one man to another—searching for the unknown who will be honest and just and charge next to nothing for his services and responsibilities. Herein are our merchants foolish.

Let us look a little further. Human nature is human nature. If an assignee does well by his clients, is honest, capable and expeditious, and is therefore respected, praised and encouraged, his efforts are stimulated; but if he is slighted on the first occasion for a new, untried man—because of that new man's loud protests of unequaled though untried skill—surely the best means of encouraging honesty and fair practice is lost in the chimerical search for the impossible. The best way to secure good service is to help those who work for you, by counsel, advice, by loyalty. Choose the man whom you know to be just. Choose him carefully and then stick to him until you find that he is incapable.

Canada's Vital Interest.

The Newfoundland question is of much greater importance to Canada than the matter of reciprocity, of which we have been hearing so much of late. Our Government at Ottawa will do well to give more attention to the situation of affairs in the oldest of the North American colonies than to any other question now before them.

The issue is mainly between the French pretensions to certain rights in Newfoundland and the denial of these pretensions by the colonists, with a very half-hearted support in them on the part of the Imperial Government. As a consequence the colonists talk of rebellion. They even talk of annexation. But this last proposal is the one very thing which Canadians cannot for a moment allow. We are vitaly interested in Newfoundland remaining free from any entanglement with the United States, and indeed our interests are such as to suggest the occupation of the island by Canada should things become more serious. Newfoundland commands almost the entire seaboard of Canada on the Atlantic coast. Confederation with Canada was long ago suggested as a cure for the troubles in Newfoundland, but as yet very little progress has been made in that direction.

There is an honorable and straightforward way out of the difficulty, requiring not a little courage, not a little nerve on the part of those who may be entrusted with the solution, and that is to buy up the French pretensions at their fair market value, or to wipe them out by concessions in some other quarter of the globe and then make Newfoundland an integral part of Canada. It is time that the Canadian Government put themselves on record on this question and brought all possible pressure on Lord Salisbury to procure an early settlement in the direction indicated.

The Story of the Rear Column of the Emin Pasha Relief Expedition: By the late James S. Jameson, naturalist to the expedition. Edited by Mrs. James S. Jameson. Authorized edition with illustrations, appendix, etc. Toronto: Rose Publishing Company (Ltd.)

The book is a contribution to the painful rear column controversy which grew out of Stanley's great expedition. The motive is apparent from the first words of the preface written by Mr. Andrew Jameson, brother of the author. The words in question are Stanley's motto for "In Darkest Africa"—"Let There be Light," and Shakespeare's:

Good name, in man or woman, dear my lord,
Is the immediate jewel of their souls, etc.,

the two being in powerful antithesis.

We can easily forgive the bitterness of Mr. Jameson's preface when we consider that he believed he was defending the reputation of a noble-hearted and, because dead, doubly-beloved brother. We should say nothing but the kindest things of Mrs. Jameson, to whom it was doubtless a labor of sorrowing love to edit the noble letters of her lost husband. Those who desire to spend a few hours in company with a high-principled and generous gentleman—and there is none whom it would not benefit—will do well to read the book. It will give them a vivid picture of what brave men can do and have done in combating difficulties. Of the controversy we can say nothing beyond expressing regret that it should ever have been. Whoever may in the end be shown to have been at fault, none can ever doubt the supreme courage of all the men who participated in that memorable march. If some of them should be proven frail in some respects it will only cause regret to conclude that, being as great as they were, they were not greater.

In addition to the letters is a natural history appendix compiled by scientific friends of the dead author. The value and interest of the work is much enhanced by illustrations made by Mr. C. Whymper from the author's original sketches, and numbering over 100. There is also a fac-simile of a letter in Arabic by Tippo Tib, of an agreement between Mr. Jameson and Sheik Hamed and a map of the Congo from Stanley Falls to Kassongo. The execution of the work reflects great credit on the publishers. In paper and printing it is all that could be desired. The binding is done in dark green cloth, with ornamentation in the form of tropical scenery, the whole surmounted by a portrait of the author in gilt and silver.

A True Canadian.

[The Week.]

In our last issue we deplored the loss to Canadian Literature of the late Professor K. L. Jones. We now mention with regret the death of the well-known Canadian poet and novelist, John Talon Lesperance. Some years ago Mr. Lesperance, under the pseudonym of "Laclede," contributed a series of brilliant literary articles to The Montreal Gazette, of which he was for a time one of the editors. He was at different periods editor of The Illustrated Canadian News and The Dominion Illustrated. He was also one of the first members of the Royal Society of Canada. For many years Mr. Lesperance has been a power in Canadian literature. His novels "Fanchon," "The Bostonnais," "My Creoles"; his numerous poems and critical, literary and historical essays have won for him, in it, a place of honor and distinction. His was a constructive influence, and many a young Canadian is gratefully sensible of the debt he owes to the kindly sympathy, the fair, though generous criticism, and the timely encouragement of his elder brother in the realm of letters—whose voice is stilled in death, but whose memory is as fragrant as the breath of the sweet spring flowers which will soon perfume the woodland air of the land he so dearly loved. Almost the last message sent by this gifted and loyal man to his fellow-countrymen was this:

Shall we break the plight of youth,
And pledge us to an alien love?
No! we have faith and truth,
Trusting to the God above.
Stand, Canadians, firmly stand
Round the flag of Fatherland!

Britain bore us in her flank,
Britain nursed us at our birth,
Britain reared us to our rank
'Mid the nations of the earth.
Stand, Canadians, firmly stand
Round the flag of Fatherland!

Do Speak Out, Mr. Blake.

[The Canada Presbyterian.]

In common with many others after a careful reading of Mr. Blake's famous Durham letter we came to the conclusion that the honorable gentleman considers political union with the United States the ultimate destiny of Canada. Believing annexation to be unpopular with a great majority of Canadians, we were prepared to give Mr. Blake great credit for honestly making known his views to his countrymen. Courage is a virtue we all admire. It now appears, however, from a letter published in The Globe the other day, that Mr. Blake does not look upon political union with the United States as our "ideal" or "as yet inevitable" future. Perhaps the honorable gentleman may find time before long to take his countrymen into his confidence and tell them what he does think would be our ideal state of political existence. No one should know better than the Hon. Edward Blake that destructive criticism of proposed remedies will not cure the ills of the body politic. When he has hurled his last shaft at the N.P. and said all that can be said against unrestricted reciprocity there will still be five millions of people here who must be governed in some way. If Mr. Blake knows of anything better than our present state of political existence he should lay his plan before his countrymen at once. A patriotic citizen is always willing to say what he thinks is best for his country.

How to Settle the Agitators.

[The Canadian Journal of Commerce, Montreal.]

We submit that it would be highly to the advantage of those mercantile interests that have been and are still liable to be disturbed by the agitation that was set afoot in the States, if the Premier were to present to the House of Commons a short set of resolutions declaring that Canada is determined to remain a political entity apart from the States, that any differential tariff against England is utterly unworthy of our position as a British colony, and that the welfare of the country demands a cessation of the mischievous agitation for any relations being established with the States that tend to political union. We hope this course will be taken and such a vote given as will close this controversy, as it is not nor can it come to good.

"Don" On His Friend "Ned."

[Saturday Night.]

If Toronto is not utterly sick of both the man and the methods, the citizens have an endurance which will result in disaster. He is Mayor this time because nobody who deserved election opposed him. He will never be Mayor again or occupy any important position, because people are thoroughly aware of his unworthiness and will permit him to reorganize his printing office on such a basis that his landlord will know who pays the rent.

Mr. Durand for Bencher.

Editor World: As much space has been occupied of late in advocating the claims of candidates for the position of bencher, allow me as an older member of the bar to suggest the name of a member somewhat older than myself and whose distinguished career as a jurist, a journalist and a moralist I have watched with pride and followed with pleasure and profit. I refer to that aged and honorable practitioner, Charles Durand, and I had hoped to add Q.C., but Mr. Durand is not a subservient follower of any Government, Dominion or provincial, and his fearless utterances upon all occasions have rendered him a terror to evil-doers in high places. Should he be elected, as he deserves to be, he will devote himself to the abolition of unlicensed conveyancers, the purging from the profession of all that is objectionable and the complete separation of the Police Court and all that practice therein from the other courts of the province. Mr. Durand has practised in all the courts of the Dominion, but especially in the Division Courts of Toronto. His knowledge of the practice of this court and of the approved means for the collection of small debts has been of immense service to our Government in the framing of legislative enactments respecting Division Courts. If deserving of no other consideration his attitude with regard to the Old Flag in the recent crisis of our country merits the attention and respect of all members of that society of which he is an ornament and which has done so much to develop the welfare of our common country. Let his friends rally round him and put him in at the head of the polls.

LEX TALIONIS.

The Stolen Letters.

Editor World: I observe S.S. in letter which appeared in your issue of March 19 seems to admit that it was highly dishonorable that any person should have stolen the letters to which he refers but apparently quite honorable that Sir Charles Tupper or any other person should use the stolen letters during the election contest.

I confess that I am somewhat old-fashioned and have always had the opinion that the receiver of stolen goods is more blameworthy than the actual thief, from the fact that without a receiver there could hardly be a thief. I am not blaming one party more than another.

In my humble opinion it is disgraceful to publish or permit private letters to be published under any circumstances or upon any occasion without the consent of the writer.

It is stated upon good authority that on one occasion the late Sir Robert Peel might have convicted the late Lord Beaconsfield of deliberate lying if he could have felt it within the line of personal honor to read a letter from Beaconsfield to himself, which he then held in his possession, but this he would not do, nor was the fact known until after his death and when his private correspondence was accessible to his executors. Possibly Lord Beaconsfield knew perfectly well that he was quite safe in not being convicted of falsehood, knowing that Sir Robert Peel was too honorable to make use of his private letter.

St. Catharines, March 20. OLD-FASHIONED.

THE MUTUAL RESERVE FUND

Life Association and The Monetary Times.

On the 13th inst. a paragraph was inserted in The Monetary Times referring to the suspension of the American Loan and Trust Company, which was the depository of the $250,000 kept by the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association for the prompt payment of death claims. The association, considering that this paragraph reflected upon them, Mr. W. J. McMurtry, the Toronto agent, sent the following letter to that journal as a reply to the statements contained in the paragraph:

To the Editor of The Monetary Times: Sir,—In your issue of the 13th instant you published the suspension of the American Loan and Trust Company for the purpose of calling the attention of the public to the fact that it was the depository for the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of the sum available for the prompt payment of death claims, and suggesting the possibility that the company would incur heavy loss thereby. You also took occasion to publish the malicious query from The United States Review as to whether the balance of the possessions of the Mutual Reserve is as securely invested as the quarter of a million under consideration. As to the amount on deposit in the American Loan & Trust Company, the following letter from President Harper is a sufficient answer:

In reply to many enquiries I would state that the Special Emergency Fund, which had been temporarily deposited with the American Loan and Trust Company for the prompt payment of death claims, was entirely withdrawn for that purpose, so that when its doors closed the Mutual Reserve had no money on deposit with the American Loan and Trust.

E. B. HARPER, President.

With reference to the balance of the possessions of the Mutual Reserve—over $2,000,000 is invested in first mortgages upon real estate in the City of New York, and these are held by the Central Trust Company as trustee for the policy-holders; $200,000 is on deposit with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, $102,325.57 is on deposit with the Insurance Department of the Dominion of Canada, $97,500 is on deposit with the Bank of England, as required by the Board of Trade; $54,834.56 is on deposit with the Insurance Department, France. All of the above, I should judge, are fairly secure investments. I enclose with this copy of Call 54 (which has been received by every policy-holder). You will observe that in this document you have a statement of the business of the Company from its inception up to 15th Jan., 1891; also the Auditor's Report to the President, showing the financial position of the Company on above date. I would also draw your attention to the fact that in this statement you will find no such items as commuted commissions, office furniture, agent's balances, notes held, premiums outstanding, which must come under your observation and with which your readers must be familiar in the many reports of life insurance companies published in your paper.

Before closing I wish to make you a proposal which I trust in the interest of your readers you will accept. You can select any accountant in the city, and either send, or go with him yourself to the head office of the Mutual Reserve, Potter Building, New York, and there verify the auditor's report which I have enclosed, dated Jan. 15, 1891. I will guarantee that you will have access to every book of the Association and that you will be treated with every courtesy, and assisted in every way in making the examination. And I will also agree to pay all the expenses incurred, you in return agreeing to publish a full report of your findings in The Monetary Times. I am, Sir, Yours truly,

W. J. MCMURTRY.

Instead of inserting the letter, however, The Monetary Times merely referred to it and mentioned some of the statements contained in the first paragraphs, but said nothing about the last clause containing Mr. McMurtry's proposition.

A World reporter on Saturday asked Mr. McMurtry his opinion of the course adopted by The Monetary Times in publishing the paragraph of the 13th inst. and in neglecting to publish his letter in full. He said:

"My attention has been called to the article in The Monetary Times, which I consider to be injurious to the good name of the association, and I at once sent them the letter in reply. This, however, they did not publish. As a proof of the injury done to the association by the statements of The Monetary Times, I may say that I have received a letter from one of our agents in which he says that two of the old line agents in the town in which he is engaged had armed themselves with The Monetary Times item and were using it to create a lack of confidence in the Mutual Reserve.

"Since the organization of the Mutual Reserve," continued Mr. McMurtry, "President Harper has made the statement that not one cent has been lost by speculation or peculation."

Mr. McMurtry was then questioned with regard to the proposition made by him in his letter. He replied: "I would be delighted to have the editor of The Monetary Times and any accountant he may select go to New York and make the investigation suggested by me, and I would fully carry out the terms proposed in my letter. I do not object to fair competition, for that we must expect, but I certainly deprecate that sort of journalism and the publication of malicious and untruthful reports.

Mrs. W. J. Lang, Bethany, Ont., writes: "I was one of the greatest sufferers for about fifteen months with a disease of my ear similar to ulcers, causing entire deafness. I tried everything that could be done through medical skill, but without relief. As a last resort, I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and in ten minutes found relief. I continued using it, and in a short time my ear was cured and hearing completely restored. I have used this wonderful healer successfully in cases of inflammation of the lungs, sore throat, coughs and colds, cuts and bruises, &c., in fact it is our family medicine.

The City Continues to Grow.

These building permits were issued by the City Commissioner on Saturday last: A two-story brick addition to the Girls' Home in Gerrard-street, cost $6000; R. T. Brown, for eight attached two-story and attic brick dwellings, Beverley-street, corner Stephanie-place, cost $20,000; James Quinn, for alterations to Clarendon Hotel, King-street west, cost $6700; James McEnvey, detached two-story and attic brick dwelling, 188 Simcoe-street, cost $3000; J. Bedford, detached two-story and attic brick and stone villa, north side of Isabella, near Sherbourne, cost $15,000; J. R. Armstrong, four one-story brick stores, south side Queen-street, near Sherbourne-street, cost $2000.

Soon Now.

The new stores in Page's Block, Nos. 202 and 204, have been enlarged, extended and beautified for McKendry & Co., the dry-goods pushers. In about one week the doors will be thrown open to the public, and the crowds who used to visit 178 will be augmented with thousands more to make things hum in what will probably prove one of the live trading centres of Toronto. Surprises are promised for opening day. 136

Consider This Fact.

The fact that rheumatism is caused by an acid in the blood points to the remedy Burdock Blood Bitters, which removes all impurities from the blood, not only poisonous rheumatic humors but even obstinate scrofulous and cancerous taints.

Mr. Botsford's Millinery Opening.

On Wednesday of this week (the 25th inst.) Mr. C. S. Botsford, the successful drygoods importer in Queen-street west, promises a treat in the way of first complete view of the new styles in millinery, mantles and costumes which will be worn this season. Judging from past years and the fact that this store is now acknowledged as being the leader in fashions by the people of Canada from ocean to ocean, the showing will certainly be worth the seeing. An invitation to inspect the display is extended by Mr. Botsford to everybody.

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

Will Return to Canada.

PORT HURON, March 22.—William Dimbrook, arrested here with several articles in his possession which were supposed to have been stolen, has confessed to having burglarized a store in Berlin, Ont. He agreed to go back to Canada for trial.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children

Eighty voices and an orchestra of 15 will present the "Mikado" in Toronto on April 13 and 14 in aid of the Sunnyside Orphanage Asylum.

TWO IMPORTANT MEETINGS.

Senator Frank Smith to Be Asked to Shorten the Hours of Labor.

Two very important committee meetings will be held in the City Hall to-day. The first is in connection with the Toronto Street Railway franchise, and it is possible that the arbitrators will send in their award to it. If such be the case then it is probable that the opening of tenders will be the next thing in order. One of the West End members proposes to ask the committee to request Senator Smith to shorten the hours of labor for the drivers and conductors.

The Esplanade Committee is also called for this afternoon, and it is not unlikely that Grand Trunk General Manager Seargeant will be present to confer with it on the present position of Esplanade matters. Many of the aldermen, now that matters are approaching a crisis, are in favor of calling on Mr. Christopher Robinson, Q.C., and S. H. Blake, Q.C., to assist the City Solicitor in conserving the interests of Toronto in the two important agreements with the rival roads it is about to enter into.

Medical Students' Mission.

The first issue of The Medical Missionary, a paper devoted to the interests of the Korean mission of the medical students of Toronto and Trinity Universities, has appeared, and will be mailed free not only to all contributors to the fund but also to all physicians and students in Ontario, Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. Those not receiving a copy may have one by notifying 212 Carlton-street, Toronto. The treasurer's report shows that $1584.50 has been received by the board to March 13. The following subscriptions have been paid since March 2: Dr. Avison, $116 (additional); Mrs. Hyde (Stratford), $5; Dr. Moses Aikins, $10 (additional); weekly offering from students, $28; other amounts, $6.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N.Y., writes: I have been afflicted for nearly a year with that most-to-be-dreaded disease, Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended, I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills—I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

The Property Market.

The following properties were sold at John M. McFarlane & Co.'s auction rooms on Saturday: Lot 7, Danforth-avenue, s.s., 54x133 (vacant); lot 8, Danforth-avenue, same size, with unfinished brick-fronted house; lot 5, Battye-avenue, 54x153 (vacant); lot 6, Battye-avenue, with unfinished b.f. house, to John F. Taylor for $5650. A number of other properties were withdrawn, the reserve not being reached, good prices being refused.

Misery vs. Comfort.

Misery is one result of biliousness or liver complaint. Comfort is the first result of using Burdock Blood Bitters as a remedy. Cure is the final result always obtained. We back this with the strongest proof by testimonials from reliable Canadian people.

St. Alban's Cathedral.

The dean and chapter of St. Alban's Cathedral beg to acknowledge the following subscriptions between Feb. 1, 1891, and March 17: Mrs. T. Hodgins, $4.86; Rev. H. P. Hobson, $5; Rev. J.W. Sutherland, $5; S. H. Janes, $100; Benjamin Monton, $25; H. L. Hime, $10; Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Helsden, $50; W. G. F. Cassels, $20; J. A. Worrell, $25; Harry Symons, $25; E. R. C. Clarkson, $50; H. P. Blanchford, $50; Nicol Kingsmill, $50; H. T. Beck, $25; J. H. Plummer, $10; William Grindlay, $50; H. D. Armstrong, $10; Frank Cayley, $10; Edwin Crickmore, $25; A. Cassels, $20; J. F. Fisken, $50. Mr. C. J. Blomfield is now collecting subscriptions for the completion of the cathedral. The Bishop hopes he will meet with a cordial reception and that every member of the Church of England will contribute liberally.

An Accident Policy.

The best Accident Policy is to keep Hagyard's Yellow Oil on hand. As a pain cure it is unrivalled, while for croup, sore throat, quinsy, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc., its results are often almost magical. Used externally and internally. Price 25c.

The Ottawa Mayoralty Case.

Mr. Justice MacMahon on Saturday made an order in the Ottawa quo warranto case on the application of Thomas Birkett, the unseated mayor, staying proceedings for one week from this date to allow him to appeal from the order of Mr. Justice MacMahon upholding the jurisdiction of the master in chambers to try such cases. The appeal will have to be made to the Queen's Bench Divisional Court, the proceedings being in that division, and it is hoped that before the expiry of the week a court will be obtained for the hearing of the appeal. His Lordship refused to stay proceedings for more than one week.

Messrs. Stott & Jury, chemists, Bowmanville, write: "We would direct attention to Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, which is giving perfect satisfaction to our numerous customers. All the preparations manufactured by this well-known house are among the most reliable in the market.

A Cycle Dispute.

Messrs. Fred Garvin and W. R. Smyth, solicitors, and Alexander Downey, official stenographer, have returned from Cleveland, where they have been engaged on a commission in connection with the patent case of Garford v. Stark re bicycle saddles. They have been out of town on the case for four days. The plaintiff, Garford, of Ilyria, O., sues the Charles Stark Manufacturing Company, Toronto, and Brooks & McLean, Toronto, to get a decree of the court to stop defendants manufacturing a saddle similar to the Garford safety saddle. The defendants reply that there is no novelty of invention in the Garford saddles and that the patent should not have been granted. The case will be tried in Toronto.

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator gives relief by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

One of the features of the Chicago World's Fair will be C. J. Whitney's "Wild East and Wild West Show." There will be Indians and cowboys, camels and Arabs in the company.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN.
DIAMOND VERA CURA
CURES DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION
If you cannot get Diamond Vera Cura from your Druggist, send 25c. for sample box to
CANADIAN DEPOT
44 and 46 Lombard St.
TORONTO, - ONT.

Good Advice.

If you do not want to injure your liver and kidneys don't buy baking powder in bulk. Buy the Princina or Borwicke, both are absolutely pure and as cheap as the bad powders. Purity of the Princina and Borwicke proven by the Dominion Government and ogny sworn declaration with each package.

Personal.

A number of very bad cases of stammering have been successfully overcome by the Autovoce method of Mr. Church, Symphony Music Hall, Lindsay.

Burglars at Watford.

WATFORD, March 22.—Burglars entered Swift Bros.' drygoods and Dodds Bros.' hardware and grocery last night. They took some ready-made clothing and other goods from Swift's and pocket knives, revolvers, boots, etc., from Dodds.

Leduc for Nicolet.

THREE RIVERS, March 22.—At the re-count before the judge here yesterday, Leduc (Liberal) was declared elected for Nicolet by one majority.

YOU WANT A MACKINTOSH
If you expect to keep warm and dry these damp, raw, keen days. We offer the choice of nearly a hundred different materials and make to order Mackintoshes for ladies and gentlemen, insuring proper style and a comfortable fit. We are the only house in Canada doing custom work, and it's worth anybody's while to glance over the garments already in stock. Very nobby and not too costly.
GOODYEAR RUBBER STORE
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DR. WILLIAMS PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, TONIC and RECONSTRUCTOR, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from POOR AND WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a SPECIFIC ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.
EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.
EVERY WOMAN should take them. These Pills will cure all suppressions and irregularities, which inevitably entail sickness when neglected.
YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the results of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.
YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These Pills will make them regular.
For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing
THE DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO. Brockville, Ont.

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PIANOS
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Most Reliable Piano Made

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PIANISTS! VOCALISTS!
THE PERFECT TRANSPOSING PIANOFORTE
Unanimously pronounced by the press and all the leading artistes to be the piano of the future. Transposes any music into any key by a simple lever movement in a second.
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THE HIGHEST MUSICAL AUTHORITIES CLAIM FOR THIS PATENT THE FOLLOWING ADVANTAGES
1. The accurate and instantaneous transposition of music.
2. The simplicity of its construction.
3. The ease with which it is adjusted.
4. The Piano does not get out of tune like other so-called Transposing Pianos, neither is the quality of the tone affected.
5. The Sounding board being larger than that of ordinary Pianos, the tone of a Transposing Cottage Planoforte is equal to that of an ordinary Grand.
6. The compass of the instrument contains eight octaves.
7. The Transposing Patent can be applied to either Cottage or Grand Pianos of any Maker.
8. The keyboard is not movable.
9. The instrument can be played in unison with any string or wind instrument and is therefore highly suitable for use in Theatres, Concert Rooms, Music Halls, &c.
10. This ingenious invention enables vocalists to practice any music, even though not written for their particular compass, thus opening up a wide area of delightful study.
On view, where full particulars can be obtained, at the offices of the W. H. BELL MANUFACTURING CO., Nos. 108 and 110 King-street West, TORONTO.
A. H. DIXON, 337 KING-ST. WEST, TORONTO,
SOLE AGENT FOR THE DOMINION OF CANADA.
Descriptive circular on application. 15

An Early Easter.

[From The Pall Mall Gazette.]

The fact that Easter falls on a very early date this year (March 29), has caused a "friend of fact and figures" to collect some curious statistics. In 1883, he says, Easter fell on March 25, and it will only once again this century, namely, in 1894, fall on so early a date. In the three following centuries it will occur only eight times on the same date, namely, in 1951, 2035, 2046, 2057, 2163, 2114, 2125 and 2198. The earliest date on which Easter can fall is on March 22, and this only in case the moon is full on March 21, when this date happens to fall on Saturday. This combination of circumstances is extremely rare; it occurred in 1590, 1761 and 1817, and will happen again in 1990, 2076 and 2144, while during the three following centuries it is not once "on the books" at this early date. On the other hand, Easter never falls later than April 25; this was the case in 1693, 1734 and 1886, and will only happen once in the next century, namely, in 1943.

Mara & Co., Grocers,

Have beyond dispute the most thoroughly complete grocery establishment in this city, both as to stock and appointments. Families in any part of the city will be called upon for orders twice a week if required, and goods delivered same day. They pay special attention to shipping family orders to all parts of Ontario. Mara & Co., 280 Queen-street west, near Beverley-street Telephone 713 135

Cod Liver Oil.

This valuable medicine for weak lungs and debility is frequently rendered unavailable by its strong odor and taste. Caswell, Massey & Co's. Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with pepsin and quinine, entirely overcomes these objections. See letters from leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal, and all druggists. ed

The "farm-yard drama" seems to be a drawing card everywhere at present.

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE
The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat or Bronchitis use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease, Consumption, use it. Ask your druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. Price 10c, 50c and $1. For sale by HARGRAVES BROS., Wholesale and Retail, and all druggists 133

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THE INGRES-COUTELLIER SCHOOL OF MODERN LANGUAGES.
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Prof. Geo. Coutellier, B.A., D.C.L.
WILL DELIVER
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Made by the most celebrated makers, may be found at BUTLAND'S Music Emporium. The stock of rial is distinguished for its variety and excellence, and prices are very low compared with the superior quality of the goods.