

By Electric Telegraph

SPECIAL TO THE COLONIST AND CHRONICLE.

California.

San Francisco, September 10.—Arrived, September 8th—bark Kutusoff, 15 days from Port Gamble; 9th, ship Mary Glover, 20 days from Kodiak; bark Live Yankee, 11 days from Seabeck with lumber; brig Crimea, 15 days from Port Ludlow; 10th, ship Galatea, 120 days from New York.

Sailed—Sept. 9th—ship Samuel Glover, Liverpool; British ship, Warrior, Melbourne; British bark Annie Langton, Puget Sound; bark Scotland, Puget Sound; British bark Sunshine, Sydney; British brig Princess Alice, Auckland.

San Francisco, September 9.—The British brig Ann Sanderson, Captain Sanderson, sailed from Yokohama, Japan, for San Francisco on the 7th, of June, deeply laden. Shortly after her departure a sudden and most severe hurricane was experienced on the coast of Japan, accompanied by frequent whirlwinds, during which the brig is supposed to have foundered. The vessel and cargo were consigned to Brooks & Co., of this city. The Ann Sanderson being now 94 days out, and no tidings having been received of her, the supposition that she is lost is doubtless correct. She had two or three passengers on board, and a cargo insured with the China agents of the British companies.

The total number of deaths in this city last week was only 49.

Several attempts at incendiarism were discovered in different parts of the city last night, but all were fortunately extinguished before much damage was done.

Eastern States.

New York, Sept 8.—Seven cases of cholera were reported in the city to-day, but none fatal.

The Santiago de Cuba arrived with San Francisco passengers via Nicaragua.

Our Consul at Liverpool writes to the State Department that large quantities of rags are being exported from this country to the United States, and it seems now to be admitted, at least in this country that all clothing, &c., from persons having cholera, which became infected, has been sold for such purpose and that there is great danger in spreading the disease by such clothing. There is not only a possibility but probability that infected rags are to be mixed with those that are now being sent, and it would be well for the health authorities at different ports to look after these importations, and when any doubt arises to take steps to have them destroyed.

Eastern States.

New York, Sept. 10.—The Herald's Troy, N. Y., special says: The Fenian Congress adjourned sine die yesterday, having been in session all Saturday night. Roberts was re-elected; President Mahoney, President of the Senate, and General Sweeney was deposed from the position of Secretary of War. No successor was named. His accounts are satisfactory, but he was believed to be incompetent. Gen. O'Neal was appointed Inspector General of the Irish Republican army, and Col. Bailey Chief Military Organizer. It was hoped that Gen. Sheridan would be prevailed upon to accept the chief command. Another movement on Canada will undoubtedly be made during the fall if contributions are plentiful.

Europe.

New York, Sept. 10.—The following foreign items were received by the City of Boston: Count Bismarck delivered a most significant speech in defence of the German annexation policy. He declares that Prussia must lay hold on and keep what is offered her; that the Crown is determined and able to defend its new territorial acquisition. He believed the consolidation of the power of the Prussian Crown strengthened German unity.

The French commander of the Camp at Chalons in dismissing the troops, addressed the soldiers by order of the Emperor, calling attention to the victories by name in which Napoleon the first defeated Austrians, Russians and Prussians—telling them to ever cherish the memories of Vienna and the Austrians. It is reported the insurgent Poles in Siberia, have defeated Russian regiments, and being joined by revolutionary Russians, have moved towards the frontier.

[BY CABLE.]

The Upper House of the Prussian Diet has passed a bill to indemnify the King, for acting without the assent of the Diet in the matter of the Budget, and army supplies. The Chamber of Deputies rejected the Government proposal for the issue of sixty million treasury notes and passed an amendment authorizing the issue of thirty million payable in one year.

It is reported that the King of Saxony has decided to resign in favor of his son.

Madrid, Sept. 10.—Papers state that the recent visit of the Queen of Spain to Eugenie was of a political nature.

London, Sept. 10.—The Directors of the British California Bank are urged to wind up the affairs of the institution.

Lord Stanley is spoken of as successor to Lord Cowley, as British Ambassador to France.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 10.—It is said the tribes of Dighestan have revolted against the authority of the Czar.

Florence, Sept 10.—The Conference be-

tween the plenipotentiaries of Austria and Italy progress slowly.

The Italian Government has issued a decree which disbands 58,000 men. Austria has invited Italy to send plenipotentiaries to meet others appointed by Austria, for the purpose of adopting measures for the improvement of telegraph and post communication between the two countries.

Athens, Greece, Sept 8.—The Crotons have rejected the terms offered by the Turkish Government and continue in revolt.

The Epirates, inhabitants of Epirus, also claim their freedom from Turkey and have abandoned their habitations and taken to the hills.

Eastern States.

Chicago, Sep. 5.—The President arrived at Detroit last evening, where Gen. Grant joined the party, which will be at Chicago this evening. The President and Secretary Seward have spoken at every station along the route from Washington except Oberlin, Ohio, and the sameness of the President's everywhere confiding the Constitution, Union and flag to the keeping of the assembled people renders the omission to do so at Oberlin more noticeable. At several points along the route between Cleveland and Detroit yesterday there was marked dissatisfaction that General Grant was not present, and pretty strong murmurs of disapproval of the President. Gen. Oglesby declines to attend the Chicago celebration, saying in a speech at Springfield yesterday, that he could not meet and welcome a man who had prostituted a pilgrimage to the tomb of Douglas into a tour for most selfish and unscrupulous ends. He would never welcome Mr. Johnson to Chicago, Springfield, or any other place in the State. Gov. Morton also announces that he will not welcome the President at Indianapolis because the President has accepted the invitation of the Democratic State Central Committee who will make the visit a purely partisan affair. The course of Oglesby and Morton finds further justification because at Albany and various places in New York, Seward had spoken contemptuously of Gov. Fenton's welcome to the President which was addressed to him as Chief Magistrate and not a patriotic, faithful Executive of the nation. Every effort has been made at Chicago to divert the reception of the Douglas monument ceremonies of any partisan character, but in view of the speeches and demonstrations all along the route, the committee here considered themselves sold. The board of trade having originally tendered their hall, have been largely inclined to revoke the offer, and have held some exciting meetings on the subject, but wiser counsels have prevailed. It seems probable, however, if the President and Mr. Seward use the hall for a political harangue, the board will after they think about it.

At the Union Convention at Philadelphia, Rev. Mr. Brownlow, of Tennessee, said he had concluded a journey of a thousand miles in forty-eight hours and came at the head of fifty loyalists of Tennessee. They came to the Convention of what was termed by the Executive "mean whites," and "poor sneaks," but it was a Convention where it would not be necessary to cause to be excluded any of the delegates to produce harmony; nor would it be necessary to muzzle any of the delegates. He placed President Johnson in nomination. As God forgives him, he hoped that the people of Pennsylvania would also forgive; but he would say it would have been better if the whole of the Tennessee delegates had been in the prison instead of Baltimore. In regard to the South he would say, if the spirit of the South and the rebellious spirit combined with the treachery and Copperheadism of the North, shall bring another war in the country and force you to leave your wives and children, your homes and parents, and invade the South and put it down, I want to have something to say about the division of force. Let there be three divisions; let the first go armed according to regulations, with small arms and artillery, and let them do the killing; let the second go with pine knots and burning torches, and let them do the burning, let the third go with muskets and compasses and chains, and we will sell out the land to pay the expenses of the war, and settle the country with men who will honor the glorious banner. [Cheers.]

Hannibal Hamlin, Collector of the Port of Boston, tendered his resignation to the President, in a letter dated August 28th, in which he says: "I do not fail to observe the movements and efforts which have been, and are now being made, to organize a party consisting of those engaged in the late rebellion and their allies who sought to cripple and embarrass the Government. These classes of persons, with some fractions of others, constitute the party. It proposes to overthrow the Union Republican party, and to restore to power, without guarantees for the future, men who have been disloyal—those who sought to destroy the Government. I have all the influence I possessed to uphold the Republican party during the war, without the aid of which the Government would have been destroyed and the rebellion a success. With such a party as that now inaugurated I have no sympathy, and I now therefore tender my resignation, to take effect from the time my successor shall be appointed and qualified."

New York, Sep. 11.—Queen Emma, of the Sandwich Islands, started home to-day, via Aspinwall. She was at Montreal when the intelligence of the death of her mother came by telegraph.

California.

San Francisco, Sep. 2.—Col. Geo. T. Knox, an old Californian and a military officer formerly on the staff of Gen. Hooker, in the army of the Potomac, left Mexico last week, to take service under the Liberal Government of Mexico. It is rumored that some sixty able bodied men, left here by another mode of conveyance, about the same time, and that they will meet Col. Knox somewhere on the Mexican coast.

The Executive Committee of the Union State Central Committee announce Senators Nye and Stewart and Representative Ashley, of Nevada, who have just arrived from Washington, will address the Union citizens of San Francisco to-morrow evening on the state of the nation.

Thomas Byrnes, the cold blooded murderer of Chas. T. Hill, and the perpetrator of numerous and varied other crimes, suffered death by hanging in the county jail, to-day. From the moment of his being brought suddenly and unexpectedly face to face with the corpse of his victim down to the morning of the execution, the prisoner preserved the appearance of a most complete and heartless indifference, never admitting his crime and never expressing himself in terms of kindness and forgiveness towards the witnesses or jurors in the case. On the same day Byrnes' father died of grief.

Attachment suits were commenced against the firm of J. G. Jackson & Co., lumber dealers on Stuart street.

Japan and China.

Reports has been received from Hokokadi of a collision between the Japanese and Russians at Sighatien, in which several of the latter were killed. It appears that a siegding party of Japanese were carried by the clan of their dogs into a Russian encampment. The troops began to beat the intruders notwithstanding their apologies, and the latter drew their swords and killed five of their adversaries.

In Hong Kong five Chinamen were convicted and sentenced to death for piracy and murder, upon the crew of the Danish bark Carl. The vessel was boarded and robbed, and Capt. Hiseberg killed.

Central America.

New York, August 31.—The steamer Arizona brings Panama dates to August 23. The troubles in Chiriqui continue. The rebels are reported in possession of the Central Department, including the Capital. They have about 4,000 men under arms. The remainder of the State is in comparative quiet, though efforts are making to get up a revolt in Panama.

Honduras has signed a treaty of peace, amity, etc., with Spain.

The price of coffee at Costa Rica was unfavorably affected by late news from Europe.

Mexico.

Galveston, August 31.—Mexican news reports that a squad of Liberal cavalry penetrated within seven miles of Vera Cruz, during their burning much property and exchanging shots with the Imperial horseman, retired unpursued.

Various attempts have been made by the Liberals to breed pestilence among the French camps.

Two hundred Indians were enrolled under the Juarez banner, a few days ago, all splendidly armed and equipped.

New York Aug. 31.—The Herald's dispatches from Matamoros, August 17th, says: The cause of the revolution which displaced Caravajal and made Canales Municipal Governor, is traced to the general dislike to the former manifested by all the Mexicans in the city, which is caused by his having besieged the city formerly for near three months, and his Mexican proclivities in having gathered around him a staff of American ex-rebels. It is now feared Cortinez will make an attack for the purpose of assuming command himself over the city.

Kootenay.

The following letter from Wild Horse Creek, August 14th, is copied from the Walls Walla Statesman of Aug. 31st: We are all "O. K." up here and doing pretty well. But the fact is, we want one hundred thousand pounds of "grub" by winter, as there will be about four hundred persons here, including Chinamen.

The big shaft will be in operation again in ten days. The result I will inform you of. The Keese Tunnel Co., are doing well. Griffith & Buchley sold for five thousand dollars; Dorr claim, eight thousand dollars, Kerby claim four thousand dollars.

Finley creek is attracting attention: Some men are working there, and good prospects are obtained.

A creek named Skookum, on which gold has been found, is now being thoroughly prospected.

Judge O'Reilly visited this place and yesterday returned to Big Bend.

The road from Fort Stevens is open for packing.

Everything here bids fair for this country being the best mining camp north of the line.

Fisher formerly of this place, is prospecting on the Boundary pass, with a company, so Linklater, of the Hudson Bay Co., informs us. Report speaks of good diggings there, but we have no confirmation yet.

Europe.

New York, Sept 11.—The following is additional news by the steamer City of Boston: The London Daily News of the 1st instant says, Confederate bonds which have of late been altogether neglected are in demand at an advance. They opened at 4 1/2 and closed at 4 1/2. It is surmised that accounts may have arrived favorable to the Philadelphia Convention. It is difficult, however, to see how the prospects of bondholders can thereby be improved, since an absolute condition has been made and agreed to that the war debt of the South shall be totally repudiated.

A strange rumor comes from Rome to the effect that a conspiracy to poison the Emperor or of the French at Vichy, was discovered before he left that place. Poison was to have been given in a potion which the Emperor was accustomed to drink after his bath. It is asserted that a man named Valentine was to have carried the design into effect, but when it was discovered through a warning letter sent by one of the conspirators in Rome to the Emperor, Valentine committed suicide.

A French newspaper thus announces the failure of the Archduchess Carlotta's conditions with Napoleon: The Empress Carlotta has paid her last visit to the Emperor and there is no longer the slightest doubt that he has lately announced to the Princess with extreme regret his irrevocable resolution not to

subscribe to any of the arrangements which she had come to propose as the means of aiding the dynasty of Mexico. It is now certain that the Empress of Mexico will not again return to that country and that Maximilian will soon join her in Europe after having abdicated.

London, Sept. 10.—Evening.—The Eastern question seems to be looming in the future. Russia shows signs of moving once more to obtain control of Danubian principalities, and probably eventually of Constantinople. The Porte has determined to recognize Prince Charles, of Hohenzollern, as Emperor of the Principalities.

Vienna, Sept. 10.—Evening.—Orders have been issued by the Minister of War declaring that regiments of the Austrian army named after the King and Princesses of Prussia, Duke of Baden, and some others, shall cease to be so named.

PACIFIC COAST APPROPRIATIONS.—It is quite impossible to get at the Appropriation bill which passed during the last hours of Congress, to ascertain exactly what the items for the Pacific coast were. The California items in the Naval Appropriation bill which passed some time ago, may not have reached you; if so, here they are:

For the foundry and boiler establishment at Mare Island, \$85,000; for cisterns and buildings, \$7,000; for quay wall, \$50,000; for grading, \$20,000; for cistern and holder for gas works, \$2,500; for repairs of all kinds, \$50,000; for repairs of building appendages, painting, glazing, furniture, and miscellaneous items, \$7,500.

Surveyor General Upson, who is still here, is entirely satisfied with the amount of appropriations provided for service of his office; so we may assume that California is all O. K. on the land question.—Bulletin's Washington Letter.

Odds and Ends

A lady in London recently called at the shop of a maker of chimney ventilators to see if he had any contrivance which would make her husband stop smoking.

"Tell me," she said, "my messengers of love, shall swindle printers here below have no redress about?" The shining angel band replied—"To us is knowledge given; delinquents on the printers' books can never enter Heaven."

A stranger in our printing-office asked the "devil" what his rule of punctuation was. "I set up as long as I hold my breath, then I put in a comma; when I gasp, I insert a semicolon; and when I want a chew of tobacco, I make a paragraph."

A California editor, speaking of the complaints by his readers that he don't publish all the local items they desire to see, justly observes that it is often their own fault, in not sending the facts. He says he don't like to publish a birth after the honeymoon is over, or the death of a man after his widow is married again.

SENSE AND SENTIMENT.—A SPRING SERENADE. Come forth in the garden, my darling, For night is has ceased, There's the thrush on the lawn and the starling Is having a feast; For the dawn is far up in the sky—"and the wind's in the east!"

Come forth in the garden, my dearest, And the stars that at midnight were clearest Have broken-up camp. And the dew is glistening the earth—"and the grass is quite damp!"

Come forth in the garden, my sweetest, Come forth and behold The dawn, when its triumph completes In blazoned in gold. "Yet, no! You had better stay in, love, for you catch cold!"—Fun.

WEAK STOMACH OPRESSION AFTER EATING, &c.—Indigestion takes innumerable shapes. Sometimes the stomach becomes so sensitive that it rejects even the simplest food; and in other instances, digestion is so painful that the patient is afraid to indulge the appetite. It is in cases like these that the tonic properties of Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills are most strikingly manifested.

Mrs. Margaret McElroy, of Troy, New York, testifies that for five years, she was unable to get solid food—taking nothing but jellies, rice, and arrow-root—and even these caused her so much uneasiness, that she was obliged to limit the quantity to a couple of ounces three times a day. She was terribly emaciated, and to use her own words, "hardly cared to live." After having tried more than twenty modes of treatment, she at length commenced taking Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills, and she relates the result as follows: "I am thankful to say that I am quite well. I eat heartily, sleep comfortably, have recovered my flesh, and feel no pain. All this I owe to Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills, and I earnestly recommend them to all who suffer from weak stomach. They are sure." They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills should be used in connection with the Pills. For sale every where.

SANITARY CONQUESTS.—Milton says, in the greatest of his sonnets: "Peace hath her victories Not less renowned than war."

The vicaries which BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS have been daily achieving for the past thirty years have been of this class. They have involved the distress of almost all human complaints. Scrofulous disorders have been routed, cancers expunged, tumors obliterated, abscesses healed, eruptions removed, affections of the liver cured, and all distempers originating in an acrid condition of the secretions and corruption of the blood, rapidly overcome. Scores of cases as hopeless as that of Mr. Alexander Mann, of Rochester, New York, whose tongue, mouth and facial muscles were nearly gone, have been brought to a triumphant issue, and it is known that in more than twenty thousand instances the most malignant external diseases have been permanently cured by BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS. For sale by all Druggists.

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER.—The introduction of this healthful and delicate perfume must inevitably render the inferior scented waters, manufactured from strong and impure essential oils, a drug in the market. Twenty years ago it took the place of the Raro rose extracts and essences, in the South American and West Indian markets, superseding every kind of Eau de Cologne. Its aroma is a closer approximation to the breath of living flowers, than that of any toilet article in use; and as a wash for the teeth, and for the complexion (when diluted with water) it is unequalled. As there are imitations abroad, it is important to see that the name of Murray & Lanman, are embossed on the bottle and in scribbled on the label. For sale by all druggists.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Grand Discovery.—The knowledge that all the different components of the body—flesh, bone, brain and skin—are alike extracted from the same food, led the inventor of these medicines to the conclusion that disease was likewise nourished from one source—impurity of the blood. Taking this new view of the cause of ill health, he set himself to the task of finding out the means of ridding the circulation of all poisonous or deteriorating matters, and after Ointment succeeded in propounding his celebrated Ointment, which has since been found to be the most reliable, relieves the local vessels of every taint and all disordered action; the latter repels every atom of corruption from the general circulation.

YALE COLONIAL HOTEL, And Restaurant,

Perrie & Latremouliere, - Proprietors

The above new and first-class Hotel, situated nearly opposite the Steamboat Landing, in the town of Yale, B. C., is now open for the accommodation of the public, and having been fitted up with great care, is provided with every accommodation for the comfort of its guests. In the

RESTAURANT DEPARTMENT, The cooking will be found of "Rare Excellence" and the table supplied to suit the most fastidious taste.

THE SLEEPING APARTMENTS, Are neat, comfortable, and commodious, and the accommodation for private families excellent.

THE BAR, Is stocked with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars. The whole establishment being under the special management and superintendence of the Proprietors. Guests may rely upon being treated with every care and attention.

YALE, JULY 28th, 1866. and side

SAUCE.—LEA AND PERRIN'S Worcestershire Sauce. FROUNCHED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE, and applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, To his Brother at WORCESTER, May, 1853 "Tell Lea & Perrin's that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Caution. Lea & Perrin's WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE L. & P. having discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with Spurious and inferior Copies, the labels closely resemble those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the names of L. & P. are forged.

L. & P. will proceed against any one who manufactures or vend such imitations and have entrusted their correspondents in the various parts of the world to advise them of any infringement of their rights.

Ask for Lea and Perrin's Sauce. * * * Sold Wholesale and Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. Cross and Blackwell, 11, Abchurch Lane, London; etc., etc.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. J. H. W. 1866

Janior, Green & Rhodes, Agents for VICTORIA, V. I.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS &c., &c.; (Free from Adulteration.) Manufactured by CROSSE & BLACKWELL, PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S VARIOUS first-class Manufactures are obtainable from every dealer in the Colony. Purchasers should insist on having C. & B.'s goods when they ask for them, as it is not at all unusual for inferior preparations to be substituted. Their Pickles are all prepared in Pure Malt Vinegar, and are precisely similar in quality to those supplied by them for use at

Her Majesty's Table. C. & B. invite attention to the following:—Pickles, Tart Fruits, Sauces of all kinds, Pickled Meats, Durham Mustard, Orange Marmalade, Essence of Coffee, Calif' Foot, and other Table Jellies, Pure Mushroom Catsup, and numerous other articles, all of which are of the highest quality, and are prepared with the most complete attention to Purity and Wholesomeness. Their Salad Oils is the finest imported.

C. & B. are Agents for LEA & PERRIN'S CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, Carstairs's Sir Robert Peel's Sauce, M. Sayer's Sauces, Relish and Aromatic Mustard, Payne's Royal Oboena Sauce, and Captain Whitten Oriental Pickle, Curry Powder and Paste, and Mulligatawny Paste, for sale by all Grocers and Dealers.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &c. (FREE FROM ADULTERATION.) MANUFACTURED BY CROSSE & BLACKWELL, PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S renowned first-class Manufactures are obtainable from every respectable Provision Dealer in the World.

Purchasers should see that they are supplied with C. & B.'s genuine goods, and that inferior articles are not substituted for them. To insure thorough wholesomeness, their Pickles are all prepared in Pure Malt Vinegar, bottled in Oak Vats, by means of Platinum Steam Colls; and are precisely similar in quality to those supplied by them for use at

HER MAJESTY'S TABLE. C. & B. are AGENTS for LEA & PERRIN'S Celebrated WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and are Manufacturers of every description of Oils and Sauces of the highest quality. 1866-1867

THE BEST REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION, &c. NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS

Are confidently recommended as a simple but powerful tonic remedy for Indigestion. They act a powerful tonic and gentle aperient; are mild in their operation; safe under any circumstances; and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits derived from their use.

Sold in bottles at 1/6d., 2s. 6d., and 11s. each, by Chemists, Druggists and Storekeepers in all parts of the World.

* * * Orders to be made payable London 48, Old Bailey. Agents for Victoria, W. M. SEARBY, Chemist, Government Street, 1866-1867

The Weekly British AND CHRONICLE

Tuesday, September 18

The "Deadlock." The Governor has declined the gratuitous services of the public officers who have some time ago that the Government would not hold itself responsible for their salaries. Their positions therefore vacant. The school and other institutions, will be closed to the children, who were made and satisfactory progress, to the streets. The public have opportunity of realizing "crisis" is. They now see of the hostile legislation of the House, and the obstinacy of Chamber, with regard to mates. "The conflict with the "which certain uneasy this Colony have labored so earnestly to bring about, and what step do they take to escape from the effects of their own acts? What part do the ill we labour under suffer for our relief? A negotiation to the United States of all the schemes concocted mad brains of political humors is the wildest and most ruinous in the first place, England never consent to our "sever connection" from her; and, in second place, we are not Uncle Sam would take us as a According to the argument Annexationists, we are "bankrupt," "rotten to the why, then, should our neighbors bride that has no dowry debts to offer in return for protection? The proposition from the same cracked brains have so often led the country on other topics. It cannot not be carried out, and the people settle down to that better for themselves and the some sensible plan will be devised to put an end to the present "lock," for which there is not excuse. The House should be the Governor as much money thought the country could pay, and should have stopped. Instead of doing that, they their powers, afforded the Council an opportunity to them, and the result is be country.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE Wednesday, September 19

CHERRY CREEK SILVER.—Spokane Cherry Creek silver ore, submitted at the Bank of British North America, have yielded at the rate of 2 dwts. and 16 gra. of silver, and 2 dwts. of gold, to the ton. The were taken promiscuously from the Hon. John Morris, and were brought most favorably. The importance of and silver quartz interests should be for the public.

VISITORS.—The Sound steamer landed fifty-nine passengers on the effect of low fares, which on both sides of the Straits, and the addition, if maintained. We need to see fares at their old standard waters; their existence was ruinous interest.

"LEA."—An attempt to dig a shaft near of Mr Wilson's clothing store developed a spring which shows under the presence of coal oil. The creates not a little excitement in the neighborhood, and leases have slid up figure—the holders believing that slipped into large fortunes.

A CORRECT ESTIMATE.—For several the other day, John Butts was sent a month in the chain-gang. For two hundred Telegraphs, yesterdayistrate merely advised him to leave try. The relative value of the two easily ascertained by any arithmetic.

THE SUDDEN DEPARTURE.—When formed that the boot and shoe deviated his premises so summarily dap last, stood in no danger of property seized—the mortgagee of the property having both notified they would not molest him in any way.

U. S. DESERTERS.—The collector of the American garrison at Island notifies all deserters from that they will be restored to duty trial or punishment, on reporting quarters on the Island.