

Rubbers

and Girls!

our Boys' and Girls' Rub-
year a stock of HEAVY
stand hard wear. The
higher than "ordinary"
of our HEAVY RUB-
whole-season. Ask for

RUBBERS and
WHITE ROCK RUBBERS.
only by

MONROE, Ltd.,
Shoe Men.

NATURE'S WAY IS THE BEST.

where the healing of skin diseases and injuries is concerned. That is what the Roman gladiators proved when they applied only the essences of roots and herbs to their sores and wounds.

That is why Zam-Buk is acknowledged so superior to ordinary ointments to-day, because it is Nature's Skin Healer—made from roots and herbs like the balms used by the early Romans, but more scientifically refined, blended and concentrated into convenient form for modern use.

When applied to a skin disease or sore, Zam-Buk's unusual power of penetration enables it to reach the underlying tissues where most of the disease germs are located. These it destroys, and when the diseased parts are medically cleansed the healing essences contained in Zam-Buk grow new, healthy tissue which replaces the old and diseased. This is why Zam-Buk cures are permanent. Zam-Buk cures from the root up, leaving no trace of hidden disease to break out again.

Zam-Buk is absolutely pure. It is also free from animal fat and consequently it cannot turn rancid, but will "keep" for an indefinite period. This naturally appeals to careful buyers and in combination with the balm's reliability, explains why Zam-Buk is always found on the medicine shelf of the good housekeeper.

Those who have used Zam-Buk say nothing can take its place for eczema, ringworm, salt rheum, boils, pimples, ulcers, abscesses, chronic sores, blood-poisoning, piles, cuts, burns, scalds and all skin injuries. 50c box, 3 for \$1.25. All dealers, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. FREE SAMPLE sent upon application and 1c stamp for postage.

Zam-Buk

EARLY MESSAGES

LOSS OF TONNAGE HEAVY IN 1917.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.

Ship tonnage sunk by submarine in 1917 was nearly three times as great as the total production in the United States and Britain during that year. This was disclosed to-day by the announcement of Mr. Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the British Commons that Britain produced only 1,183,474 tons of shipping last year. The output in the United States was 3,612,223 tons, making a total combined tonnage of 4,795,697, while the sinkings by submarines last year are generally reckoned at 6,000,000 tons. While the complete figures on construction in Japan, Italy, France and other nations in 1917, are not yet available, officials here don't believe their aggregate equaled the total of the United States. If that is the case, submarine sinkings more than doubled all the new tonnage produced. Both American and British officials expect a very different story in 1918.

ON ANOTHER MISSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.

The presence of Vice-Admiral Sims at Rome is regarded here as not having to do with any proposed assault on the Austrian naval base at Pola on the Adriatic as has been stated in some published reports, but to be more likely connected with plans for cleaning up submarines in the Mediterranean. Naturally navy officers here are not discussing such plans as they may know of, but the suggestion that a naval drive on Pola is in contemplation meets with a cold reception. The Austrian base is well located and flanked by land defences of the strongest character. It is very doubtful that the proposal to storm these defences from the sea without land support would be favored by any power. There seems no doubt that Admiral Sims' visit to Rome was connected directly with plans mapped out by the naval section of the Supreme War Council.

BRITISH OFFICIAL.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

Early this morning the enemy's trenches at Lens were again raided successfully by the Canadian troops. A number of Germans were killed and a few prisoners and two machine guns

were captured. The raiding party returned to our lines without loss. Several other prisoners were brought in during the day by our patrols. On the southern portion of our front there was some hostile artillery activity to-day in the neighborhood of the Souchez River.

BOLO PASHA SENTENCED TO DIE.

PARIS, Feb. 15.

Bolo Pasha was sentenced to death to-day. The court-martial which condemned him to death deliberated only 15 minutes. Darius Porchero, an accused co-defendant, was sentenced to three years in prison. The court-martial was one of the first of the so-called cases of intelligence with the enemy and came up for trial before the third court-martial at Paris, Feb. 4th. Bolo Pasha was then charged with having capitalized the Company that bought the Paris paper Le Journal with the money obtained from the Germans. Bolo Pasha was an instrument of German propaganda, one of the first to find exposure in French investigations of 1917, and his name has come to be used as typifying the entire system of Bolshevism by which Germany strove to break down the French morale and instill a desire for peace by spreading the idea that Germany couldn't be beaten, and that it would be well to make the best terms possible with her as soon as they could be arranged. It had been charged that Germany in attempting to bribe French statesmen and leaders, and influencing French opinion by subsidizing papers in France or founding new publications to disseminate the spirit of pacifism or defeat, devoted a sum of money of about 10 million marks. Bolo himself was said to have had the use of a fund of more than \$1,500,000 to be used in attempting to corrupt the French press. Darius Porchero, who was sentenced to three years in prison, was a business agent, who was charged with receiving correspondence relating to the affair and as an intermediary of Bolo Pasha. Filippo Cavalline, who was judged by default, and sentenced to death, is a former member of the Italian Chamber of Deputies. He was charged with having introduced Bolo Pasha to Abbas Hilmi, former Khedive of Egypt, and

having facilitated negotiations. Capt. Mornet acted as prosecutor for the military authorities. Bolo Pasha was defended by Maître Salles, member of the Council of Albert of the Order of Advocate, while Maître Paul Guillaud appeared for Porchero.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

MONTREAL, Feb. 15.

The lives of at least thirty-eight little children were blotted out shortly after 8 o'clock last night by fire in the fifth story of the west wing of the Grey Nunnery on Guy and Dorchester Streets and its found that the list may run well on to 100. Thirty-eight charred bodies were found by the firemen at 1930, when the fire was under control and its known that while firemen and soldiers were engaged in rescuing the infants they were forced to leave many to die, as the flames and smoke drove the rescuers from the building. The property loss is not excessive as the blaze was practically kept to one floor. Fire started near the tower supposedly from the electric wiring. The top floor was used as a dormitory for infants, being cared for by the nuns, and the lower part of the west wing was occupied by returned sick or wounded soldiers. The ages of the inmates of the nunnery ranged from two or three days to almost 100 years. Many of the bodies whose lives were destroyed in the fire and smoke were but a few days or few weeks old. Elderly inmates were housed in another section of the nunnery and were not immediately affected by the fire.

POLISH CABINET RESIGNS.

ZURICH, Feb. 15.

The resignation of the Polish Cabinet, because of dissatisfaction with the terms of the separate peace between the Ukraine and the Central Powers, was officially announced in Warsaw despatches to-day.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

ATHENS, Feb. 15.

Three lieutenants and two soldiers have been arrested and sentenced to death by court-martial in connection with the mutinous outbreaks early this month at Lamal, which are said to have been engineered by agents of former King Constantine. Another lieutenant has been degraded and sentenced to one year in prison. The military authorities banished eighty-five additional persons, among whom were Alex. Tsoukous, former Minister of Interior, M. Argyropoulos, former Minister of Communication, and Rear-Admiral Danicanos, former Minister of Marine, nine former members of the Chamber of Deputies, several retired officials and two newspaper men.

THE U. S. AND NORWAY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.

Norway, in her reply to the proposals of the United States for a food rationing agreement, made public here to-day by Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, head of the Norwegian special mission offers to guarantee that no American products shall go through Norway to Germany, but declines to meet the full American demands for restricted export of Norwegian products to the Central Powers. In her commercial policy, it is declared, Norway can't break off commercial relations with one of the belligerent parties without serious danger arising, that it will not be possible to maintain political neutrality of the country much longer. Norway will, as compensation for essential supplies which it hopes to receive from the United States and their associates, permit for the present part of its export surplus to be exported to these countries in order to maintain her economic life. Norway also needs supplies from the Central Powers, and it is therefore necessary that it shall remain in a neutral position to render services in compensation for such supplies.

The War Trade Board which is conducting negotiations for the United States declined to state how far the Norwegian counter proposals are acceptable, but said the negotiations would be continued. For the present the policy of granting no licenses for export of any commodities to Norway will be continued.

THE PRESIDENT'S SYMPATHY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.

President Wilson was informed formally of the death of the late Ambassador in a telegram from the Duke of Devonshire, Governor General of Canada. He sent this reply: "His Grace the Duke of Devonshire, Ottawa—May I now thank you earnestly for the courtesy of your message informing me of the death of Sir Cecil Spring Rice, and beg that you will convey to Lady Spring Rice for Mrs. Wilson and myself our profoundest sympathy for the death of her husband whom we had come to esteem as a friend and admire as a man and for whose loss we personally grieve." Frank L. Folk, Counselor of the State Department, has been designated to attend the funeral of Sir Cecil Spring Rice as the personal representative of President Wilson.

At the British Embassy here the following statement was issued: News of the sudden death of Sir Cecil Spring Rice was received this morning by the British Ambassador and members of the British Embassy with great sorrow and distress. The late Ambassador had endeavored himself to every member of his staff by his sincerity of character, his spirit of sympathetic consideration, the patience and courage with which he handled the grave problems provoked by the war will cause his memory to be cherished as an inspiration by all those who were privileged to work with him. Earl Reading, the new Ambassador, added a personal touch to the formal expression of the Embassy staff with a similar statement.

MURDERED SURGEONS.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 15.

The Afton Bladet says that after the massacre, which occurred at Kera, the Red Guards wired to Helsingfors for surgeons and ambulances. Five surgeons who left immediately, adds the paper, were murdered by the Red Guards on their arrival.

THE SULTAN'S BODY.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

Advices received here from Constantinople say that the body of Abdul Hamid, former Sultan of Turkey, who died recently in exile, was conveyed by sea from Bengier Bay Palace to old Seraglio Palace. Prayers for the dead were offered in Sophia Mosque.

SECRET PAPERS FOUND.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.

Secret papers containing details of Portuguese shipping, which had disappeared from the Portuguese Consulate in this city, are alleged to have been found yesterday in the Brooklyn home of Joseph C. Moniz, clerk in the consulate, when the police arrested him on the charge of assault and searched his rooms.

In Memoriam.

RICHARD BISHOP BRADSHAW.

By recent American mail the writer of this obituary tribute received sad intelligence from Brooklyn, N.Y., that an old and admired friend had passed to the great Beyond in the person of Richard Bishop Bradshaw, aged 80 years.

The deceased belonged to Jersey Side, Placentia, but for a number of years was attached to the offices of Postmaster and Customs Collector at Gaultois, filling these positions with honor and satisfaction.

Mr. Bradshaw was one of the old type, a pioneer in deeds as well as in years, and bringing into every communication with his fellows the environment of that prowess and hardihood of the "so long ago."

To converse with him was to have tendered to one a high intellectual treat, for the man ever spoke from experience and personal knowledge of those primeval days—the heritage of our forebears.

The name of Bradshaw is closely allied with the old firm of, Newman & Co., pioneers in the annals of the West Coast trade and offshoot from far Jersey, and the subject of those lines grew up with the firm, one of its strongest advocates and supporters, knew and was trusted with its business, was admired and liked by the promoters of that business, and received their fullest confidence.

For the last several years Mr. Bradshaw had been living at intervals with his daughters at Veron Place, Brooklyn, New York, and it was at their residence that the "call" came to him on February 3rd, after an illness of only a few days.

So well known, respected and loved, his passing will be heard of with sorrow by all, and to his bereaved family will go out the sincere sympathy of genuine friends here, of which innumerable circle the writer would humbly ask to be known.

May Heaven's reward be given to the soul of this good man, who died full of years, kindly deeds, and honorable memory.

YOUR GROCER NOW SELLS THESE DELICIOUS FOODS

MADE BY
W.K. KELLOGG CEREAL CO
TORONTO, CANADA

There is nothing more delicious than the REAL Corn Flavor in a thin, crisp flake. Unless you know

Dominion Toasted Corn Flakes

you don't know how good corn flakes can be. The hearts of the finest corn that grows are cooked and made into thin, crisp flakes, and by the DOMINION toasting process a rich golden color is given to the flakes, and the mild, appetizing flavor of real corn brought out to a delightful degree.



All Wheat Ready to Eat MADE IN CANADA

THE ORIGINAL HAS THIS SIGNATURE
W.K. Kellogg

Kellogg's KRUMBLES

is both Wholesome and Delicious

KRUMBLES is made of Durum Whole Wheat—the most valuable food variety grown,—and contains all of the bran, protein, phosphates and mineral salts of the wheat,—just the things needed by growing children.

The flavor of KRUMBLES is one that will pleasantly surprise you. All of the flavor of the Durum Wheat is scientifically brought out, and the longer you chew it the sweeter and more appetizing it tastes.

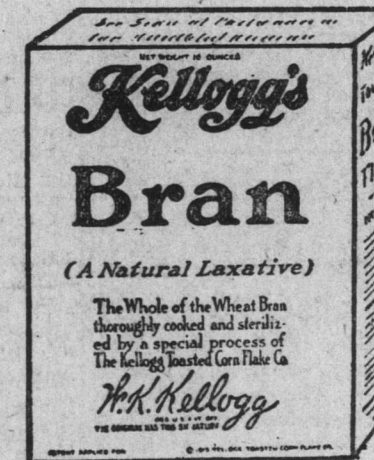
An Appetizing Food with Mildly Laxative Properties

Kellogg's BRAN

Only selected edible bran is used.

By the Kellogg process, the bran is thoroughly cooked and sterilized and the flavor evenly distributed. This eliminates the acid taste usually found in bran, and gives a uniform, pleasing flavor that is always palatable and satisfactory.

You will find KELLOGG'S BRAN makes splendid muffins, etc., and is unusually tasty when mixed with Dominion Toasted Corn Flakes, Krumbles, Oat Meal or other cereals.



A Revelation in Cereal Beverages

DRINKET

Practically everybody has wished, time and again, for a food-drink that adults and children could partake of, without the usual after-effects of coffee. DRINKET has solved the problem.

Selected farm grains are the only ingredients of DRINKET—no molasses or artificial flavoring. A skillful blending and roasting of the grains develops the coffee-like taste and satisfaction—but without coffee's usual results. You may give DRINKET to your children; it is a wholesome, satisfying food-drink. DRINKET IS ECONOMICAL. A 25c. tin makes 75 cups.

DRINKET IS CONVENIENT. It is prepared in a minute—just add boiling water.

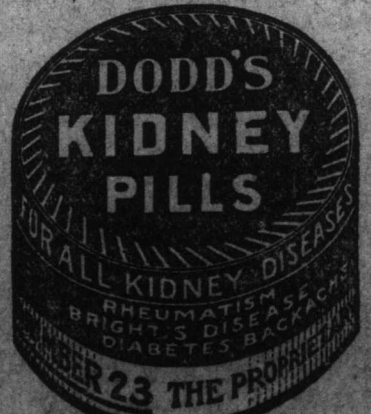
All W. K. Kellogg Cereals are packed with a WAXTITE wrapper, which keeps out all moisture and air, and insures them reaching you in a fresh and appetizing condition.

Take a package home with you to-day.

At the Casino.

"BABY MINE" TO-NIGHT.

The Charlottetown Patriot speaks as follows: Last night before a big house "Baby Mine" was staged. This play was written solely for laughter and it has made hundreds of thousands throughout America and England laugh. The story in brief tells of a young married man who just loves children but hasn't any of his own. His wife isn't so fond of them as he is but anything to oblige, so en-



lists the help of his best friend "Jimmy" and his wife. They decide that the lover of children shall have his wish gratified, and it is decided to "let Jimmy do it." Jimmy does it, and does it so well that in a short time there are more babies in the house than they know what to do with. Babies are secured from a foundling home, babies are leased, borrowed and stolen, they are secured in any way possible and the result is that the owners of the babies start in to make trouble and then the fun starts. From the rise to the fall of the curtain, the play was nothing but one hearty laugh.

The W. S. Harkins Players were to have given two performances in North Sydney Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, but owing to ice conditions in North Sydney Harbor, Mr. Harkins has decided to remain here Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, leaving here on Thursday and opening in Sydney February 25th.

The play for Monday and Tuesday nights will be "Manzelle" a vaudeville comedy of surprises. A Farewell Matinee Wednesday afternoon, and a special bill for Wednesday night.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

Wedding Bells.

On Feb. 5th, 1918, a pretty wedding was solemnized when Rev. S. O'Driscoll, P.P., united in the holy bonds of matrimony Mr. William Hayward and Miss Theresa Power, of Bay de Verde. The bride looked charming in a suit of blue nuns veiling, and wore a black picture hat. She was assisted by Miss Cecile Fleming, who also wore a suit to match. The groom was ably supported by his cousin Mr. John Hayward. Before the wedding ceremony a reception was held at James C. Gibbons. After the ceremony was performed they drove to the residence of the groom where supper was partaken of by over fifty. We wish Mr. and Mrs. Hayward many years of wedded life.

St. Vincent, Feb. 10, 1918.

Three months of winter due you—you need a good Overcoat and must have one. We have a splendid stock to select from, and can give you the latest and smartest cut; and, listen, perhaps a cut in price, too. SPUR-RELL the Tailor, 365 Water St. Phone 574—Jan 16, 1918.

HIROP Engine.

Not on its Low Price
Engine
eventually buy.

MURRAY,
DIST. AGENT.

DOCK:

36, Large Baldwins and
24 Baldwins, Starks and
1's Baldwins, Starks, etc.
as Onions.
bags—all sizes.

LAWRENCE,
HOWE STREET.

Success in 1918



Clothing Co., Ltd.

The Telegram

The Wellington
THE UNIVERSAL PIPE

MORE men smoke a Wellington than any other pipe—because they like it better. So will you. The well catches the moisture. The W.D.C. triangle trademark on every Wellington means genuine French briar. Get your size and shape and begin to enjoy smoking. At good dealers—75 cents and up.

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New York