

ant Forks Cheese Factory has been recently opened. To the north of the Qu'Appelle River, and to the south and southeast of Pheasant Creek is an exceptionally fine stretch of wheat-growing country known as the Little Pheasant Plain. Mr. C. H. Bonesteel had, last season, some 3,300 bushels of wheat to 93 acres, and other farmers here are doing equally well.

Mr. J. Donaldson owns a very pretty farmstead to the south of Broadview. Mr. Donaldson has, with his brother, 300 sheep, 30 head of cattle and a number of horses.

In the valley of the Qu'Appelle River lie a number of interesting lakes. The hills on either side add to the attractiveness of the country.

FORT QU'APPELLE is pleasantly situated in the valley at the head of one of these lakes. The town is probably, from its situation and surroundings, as interesting as any to be seen in this part of the country. There are a good number of thoroughly well-built houses, churches, and schools. The Qu'Appelle Valley Flour Mills here are doing excellent work. A drive along the north shores of these lakes is a pleasant one. A line of railway along this road would be a most attractive feature in this section of country. The Indian Industrial School is situated near one of these lakes. This school is under the management of the Rev. J. Hugonnard, who is assisted by ladies and other gentlemen in each separate department of work. A visit to the school will prove pleasant and profitable. The greenhouse, garden, workshops where blacksmithing, carpentering, baking and shoe-making are carried on, the dormitories, kitchen work, recreation and dining rooms all have their special interest. The children are taught reading (English), writing and arithmetic; the girls, to spin, knit, dress and clothes making, cooking and washing; the boys, blacksmithing, carpentering, etc. The farm is situated at some distance from the school beyond the hills. The boys are very much interested in this department of their work. The intelligence of the scholars is most marked, and great credit is due to the Principal and to all associated with him in the management of this large and valuable institution.

To the north and northwest of Fort Qu'Appelle are the Hayward and Parklands districts. The residents here regard this part of the country as well suited to stock-raising. Sheep are now being brought into these neighborhoods. Mr. Wm. Lehan, of the Touchwood District, has some 200, and Mr. John Price, of Parklands, some 300. Mr. McCann, of the Loon Creek Settlement, has four imported Cotswold ewes and other well-graded sheep. The whole stretch of country lying to the north of the C. P. R., and north and west of Indian Head, the Indian Reserves, and to the south of them is well adapted for general mixed farming. The crops were looking well, and are at least ten days ahead of former years. To the west and northwest of Qu'Appelle, a town some 341 miles west of Winnipeg, are the

thriving settlements of Strathcarroll, Springbrook and Edgeley Farm.

In the Balgonie District are the thriving settlements of our German people. The mud houses, as built by the people here after the pattern of those of the homeland, are well suited to this country. They are practically impervious to heat and cold, and can be made most attractive looking. The north of Balgonie is the district of Hednesford. Mr. J. W. Harrison has recently opened a grist mill here. This undertaking will be appreciated by settlers there, and also of the surrounding neighborhood.

REGINA, the capital of the Province of Assiniboia, on the Canadian Pacific Railway, 354 miles west of Winnipeg, is a town having a population of some 2,500 inhabitants. Among its chief buildings will be noticed the government buildings, consisting of the Northwest Council Chambers, the Indian office, the Lieutenant-Governor's residence, the headquarters of the Northwest Mounted Police, and

year ago. The Board of Trade (President, Mr. Paul) has been incorporated here for the purpose of advancing the commercial interests of the town and country. The streets of the town will shortly be illuminated by means of the electric light. Of newspapers, there are The Regina Leader, under the editorship of Mr. J. J. Young, and the Regina Standard, under Mr. J. K. McGinnis. These are published weekly.

To the Indian Industrial School, recently built and under the management of the Rev. A. J. McLeod, a good number of Indian children have been already admitted, and a large number of the Indian people are applying for the admission of their boys and girls. The Regina Agricultural Society numbers (July) 150 members. The spring show was a very successful one. The fall show will be held in the month of October. The Society has recently purchased from the government, for exhibition purposes, about 100 acres of land; one half of this has since been sold to the Regina Turf Club.

A large number of well-bred horses and cattle are now being imported. There is a marked change (in the right direction) in the class of horses and cattle here during the last few years. The mineral resources—coal, etc.,—of this district will, in the near future, probably engage the thoughts of the practical business men of this country. The town is improving, population increasing, farming country around looking well, crops giving promise of a large harvest, and it is to be expected that the united efforts of the people here, helped by the bracing, healthy climate of this country, will ere long place Regina among the leading cities of this Dominion.

To the north west of Regina is the thriving Wascana Creek settlement. Crops there are looking excellent. The example set by Mr. D. F. Jellie, M. L. A., Mr. Chas. Martin, and Mr. Charles Riden (Moose Jaw), and perhaps others, of planting trees (which are thriving and looking well) and gardens around their houses, might, with advantage to themselves and to the country, be copied by all settling on this broad and almost treeless plain. Good stock is being brought largely into the valley of the Qu'Appelle River, and doing well.

MOOSE JAW, 44 miles west of Regina, and 398 west of Winnipeg, is a thriving town. A number of new buildings have been recently erected, and a number are now going up. Bricks are manufactured in the town by Mr. James Brass, formerly of Hamilton, Ont. The electric light is in operation there and working satisfactorily. Of churches, there are the English, Roman Catholic, Presbyterian and Methodist, and a school room used by the Salvation Army. There is an excellent union (high and public) school. It will be necessary after the summer vacation to employ three teachers to assist the Principal, Mr. Calder. A farmers' institute has been recently formed, with Mr. S. K. Rathwell as President, and Mr. John Warden McIntosh as Secretary and Treasurer. The Agricultural So-



PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEW OF AN OAT FIELD, SASKATCHEWAN COUNTY.

the Indian Industrial School, the court house, gaol, banks, land offices, the English, Presbyterian, Methodist and Roman Catholic churches, and an excellent union (high and public) school. There are a good number of first-class business houses and hotels. Most of the buildings recently erected, and in course of erection, are of brick. The building recently built by Smith, Ferguson & Co., for a wholesale and retail hardware business, is a credit to the firm, town and country. An excellent brick building is now in course of erection by the Montreal Banking Co. The town council recently submitted a proposition to the ratepayers that twenty-five thousand dollars be spent in draining the town, and a by-law to that effect has been carried. The town authorities are in communication at the present time with eastern men, with a view to putting down water works similar to those of North Toronto. Among the buildings in contemplation are a town hall and market building. A company is being formed for the purpose of erecting a roller mill to replace the one destroyed by fire a