

SKILL GIVES ON RECIPROCAL

views on the issues of the campaign, far above all party questions and of the especially, I have decided to speak in a campaign. It would mean a new era of thousands who now earn a bare uncertain, limited and distant market, experience a new prosperity.

Hartnett, Catherine, Julia and Nora Sweeney and Jennie Dunn, Edward Chisholm, Moncton; W. F. J. J., and L. J. Lane, Bayfield; Mathew Dalton, Boston; E. Silliker, A. Hayward and E. Elms, Fort Elgin; James Sweeney, W. Spence, Wm. Reilly, Geo. Reilly and C. Strang, Madam; Roy Sweeney, Geo. Dalton, Edw. Mahoney, M. I. Cronan, W. A. Noonan, F. B. White, F. Fitzpatrick, Walter Noonan, F. B. Mahoney, F. D. Mahoney, G. P. Mahoney, F. J. Stack, D. Sweeney and M. Hallihan, Amherst. A dainty luncheon was served at midnight. Mrs. Savage was assisted by Mrs. James Carroll, Misses Mary Barry, Elizabeth Moore, Lavinia Walsli, Mary E. and Gerie Mahoney. Dancing was then resumed until 3 o'clock, when the party broke up, all expressing themselves as fully satisfied with the evening's entertainment.

Mrs. Savage and children and Miss Moore left this morning for a visit to their home in Kenton, Kent county, after which Miss Moore will return to her home in Westfield (Maine).

KINGS COUNTY FOREST FIRE WAS CHECKED

Sussex, N. B., Aug. 12.—The forest fire which on Thursday was running rapidly through the woods above Sussex Corner towards Penobscot was fortunately checked by the exertions of the property owners and neighbors and also by the gangs of men under the direction of the efficient fire warden, D. H. McNutt. The origin of the fire is a mystery for it started in two separate places simultaneously, one in the corner of a wood on the McIntyre farm, and the other in the wood on the Walker McMonagle farm, with the Hannah farm, some sixty-two rods wide of cleared land, lying between.

THE FLORENCEVILLE FIRE

The Florenceville fire loss is estimated at \$30,000. The insurance is not large. There were eleven residences and stores and some barns destroyed. The following are among those who suffered loss: John Carney, store; H. P. Gallagher, store and house; Father Bradley, house; E. B. Gallupe, house; Charles Leary, house; Olin Shaw, house; Presbyterian manse, Rev. Mr. Manly; Dr. Hagerman, store; John Smith, house; William Jewett, house; Turner's house occupied by three families. Some of the amounts insured through St. John are as follows: J. V. Carney, in whose place the fire started, General Insurance Co., \$1,000 on building, \$1,000 on stock; Quebec Insurance Company, \$1,000 on stock; Lockhart & Ritchie, agent; Yorkville, \$500 on house; Pacific Coast, \$1,000 on stock, Mr. B. R. Armstrong, agent.

Dr. Hagerman, damage from removal, Western Insurance Company, \$7,000 on stock, R. W. W. Frink, agent.

Mrs. L. F. Gillespie, Hudson Bay Company, \$1,000 on store and stock, E. L. Jarvis, agent.

Rev. Francis Bradley, German-American, \$1,000 on house, T. B. & H. B. Robinson, agents.

Dr. Hagerman, Norwich Union, \$1,000 on house, T. B. & H. B. Robinson, agents.

Harry W. Frink and probably E. H. Fairweather will assess the loss.

It is possible to buy remnants of fine carpets very cheap, and these, cut into rug lengths and with a fringe added, make excellent and handsome rugs.

If mutton chops simmer in just a little water on the back of the stove before being broiled or fried, the flavor will be quite like lamb chops.

Rev. Father Morrissey

ep-seated pain. surface hurts, such as cuts, bites, etc. it is an excellent remedy. ment is exceptionally good as sent out stiffness and soreness or blisters the skin. n every drop".

111

MONTEAL, QUE.

LAURIER'S FOREIGN POLICY

Will Benefit All the People

Sir Wilfrid Gets Great Reception at Simcoe Meeting

Declares That Talk of Annexation is Beneath Contempt and is Not Worthy of Consideration by Sensible People—The Liberal Chieftain Opens Campaign in Great Form.

Simcoe, Ont., Aug. 15.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier opened his campaign here today by addressing a gathering estimated at from 6,000 to 8,000 people, in the town park.

There was no doubt of what Sir Wilfrid had come out to discuss at the opening meeting of his campaign in Simcoe today. It was reciprocity from the drop of the hat, and it was what the people wanted to hear.

The premier was in the happiest of moods, and when he said that he was in better health than ever, there was a burst of cheering that was as sincere as it was spontaneous. There was no sound in the crowd, the most perfect attention prevailing, broken only some times by short applause. No time was lost in chattering.

One of the biggest "hits" which the premier has made in a long day was the climax of his history of the reciprocity negotiations.

"Now the question is for you to answer. Do you want it?" he cried and there was an instant yell. With his hands spread wide, he asked the help of Ontario to put an end to the race prejudice being created in Quebec by certain factions.

Laurier's Poser. Sir Wilfrid was fairly bubbling with good humor. "Who knows anything about Bolivia? Let him come up and answer," he asked the help of Ontario to put an end to the race prejudice being created in Quebec by certain factions.

"Remember this is not a treaty. It is only an agreement and it can be abrogated at any time. There is another consideration. This is giving preference to the United States over Great Britain, and there is a reduction of tariff, it will be given to all the world. We would meet the competition of all the world, but it is given to Canada alone. Which is the better for Canada?"

"You have been told, with walls and iron shutters, that this is a treaty to the States. We have opened our doors to the world. What does such a statement mean? They say it is because of some old treaties entered into by Great Britain in barbarous days, favorable to the United States. The chair was taken by Dr. Ross, head of the Peel Lumber Company. Dr. Ross spoke in support of Mr. Carvell and his cause. Rev. J. H. Puddington also spoke and Mr. Carvell was heard in a splendidly clear exposition of the reciprocity agreement, which found much favor.

"Then there is Argentina. But what did we buy from Argentina? We bought nothing mentioned in this agreement. Well, you see that the competition we have from towards paradise and have been thrust back at the gate." (Laughter and applause.)

"It is only three years since this parliament was opened. The Conservatives say that the election has been called because of the superior tactics of the opposition. The Conservatives are merely blocked business in parliament."

"Sir, I am as old a bird as any of these gentlemen in these matters. I understand their tactics. They were simply bluffing. They did not want to enter into negotiations with the United States. We finally decided to go to the people, they commenced to wail and equal and squeak like crows from a nest. It is not the dissolution they want."

Will Benefit Canada Most. "We believe that between two countries like the United States and Canada reciprocal trade is beneficial to both sides. It is mutually beneficial to both countries, but especially beneficial to Canada as it must be to the weaker party."

"I appeal to both Conservatives and Liberals. This is a free country. Every man may think and vote as he pleases, but I appeal to the Canadian people, even more than to my Liberal friends."

"Sir John Macdonald is the Moses of the policy of reciprocity and like Moses, he was the one who led the people from the land of Egypt to the promised land. Unworthy as I am, I may prove to be the Joshua who will carry the people to the goal of reciprocity."

"This is an old policy. When the former treaty was abrogated in 1893, Sir John A. Macdonald was in office. He sent commissioners to Washington, but they were unable to get the treaty renewed. He sent himself to Washington in 1897 and did his best to obtain this boon of reciprocity without success."

"We have made an arrangement under which all the natural products, which I have named just now, shall be admitted without duty into the United States. This is the policy which we have adopted. It was not accepted readily by both sides of the line. I am not surprised that there were objections from our American neighbors. They claimed that it involved the concession to the Canadian farmer in the face of the American farmer."

"If the people of Ontario will give us a hand we shall put an end to all these race prejudices and the candidates first to discuss it and that historic Norfolk election. The first riding to carry the banner to victory is in November or even in October, and

the opposition will have to come down, and we will have reciprocity all along the line."

The Annexation Hoax. "How can this policy lead us to annexation? Let us discuss this matter calmly and with common sense. How could annexation be brought? Either by force of arms or by persuasion. But no one ever heard that the United States was going to conquer Canada."

"That is the question. Shall we be deceived or not? Now I tell this to Mr. Borden: If he will answer for the Tories, I will answer for the Grits. (Cheers.) You have heard about this annexation hoax. If the farmers are to be benefited, the rest of the country will benefit. For we all know that agriculture is the basis of prosperity. Suppose we have reciprocity for one or two years, or ten years, and we do well, but the United States should then desire to terminate the agreement. Are we to believe that the manhood of Canada would clamor for annexation? No. If they desire to do this, I know the manhood of Canada would say, let them go their way and we will go ours."

"I know a great deal has been made from some utterances on the floor of the American senate and house of representatives. Some men in the United States undoubtedly desire annexation, but there are men in Canada who do not want annexation. (Cheers.)

"I was today addressing a meeting on the south side of the lake, I would tell you: 'We want trade with you, but if this trade involves the loss of our manhood and independence, I say we will have none of it. Remember your own history. When the convention met at Philadelphia, and passed the declaration of independence in 1776, they did it in sorrow on account of the folly of the British government at that time. Today, however, we have nothing but thankfulness for the British government. Today we are a free nation.'"

Beneath Contempt. "This talk of annexation is beneath contempt and beneath the attention of a thinking people. It is funny to learn that the Conservatives are so zealous for preferential trade with Great Britain, when they opposed every step we took to secure and enlarge preferential trade with England. The more conservative party took the stand that they would not give a preference to Great Britain unless they returned it. We refused, however, to do such things with the mother country. We offered and gave her a preference without return. There are people who think the British people will give us a preference, but it is three different elections they have refused to do so."

Will Not Hurt British Preference. "We have made an agreement with the United States involving mutual abolition of tariff on natural products. Does this act as an obstacle to a British preference? Surely not. There is nothing in the agreement which is an obstacle to us. We can enter into preferential arrangements in the matter of manufactured articles with whatever desired."

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BIG AMERICAN TRUSTS TO SPEED MILLIONS TO BEAT RECIPROCAL

Huge Corruption Fund to Be Poured Into Canada to Aid the Tories in Their Campaign to Defeat the Government in Its Efforts for Larger Markets for the Farmer, Fishermen and Lumbermen—Indisputable Evidence That Yankee Combines Will Try to Corrupt the Canadian People.

Montreal, Aug. 15.—A special to the Herald from Washington today says: "Definite information that a final report to the use of a huge campaign fund has been furnished to the Canadian body of the Canadian-electorate by the stirring up of racial and national prejudice, and the disruption, in fact, of the friendly relations between Canada and the United States."

The plan is to beat reciprocity on the ground that it is the forerunner of annexation. A propaganda is under way to show or attempt to show, to the Canadians, by insinuation, by the distorting of statements of statesmen and the press, by absolute forgery of public utterances, that there is concealed behind President Taft's reciprocity plan a purpose, later on to force Canada to become part of the United States.

Annexation Articles Written to Order. "These facts are known to administration officials here, and there is good reason to believe that they have been communicated to the officials of the Laurier administration at Ottawa."

"For instance, it can be said that both the president and Speaker Champ Clark have been informed that a boodle fund is being raised. Other officials and congressmen know of it. It is talked of freely in congress and in the hotels here."

And, a most significant fact is that of the great horde of lobbyists who headed here during the reciprocity fight, not one remains. They have winged their flight, bag and baggage, northward, and two guesses are not necessary to designate their destination.

"In Canada, these interests will join hands with the protected interests of the dominion in one final fight against the tendency toward the battering down of false barriers against the public weal."

Carvell Will Sweep Carleton. Rousing Meetings Greet the Liberal Candidate and Augur Big Victory.

People Aroused. Many Conservatives Eager for Reciprocity, Desert Their Party—Electors of Border County Cannot Be Deluded by Tory Orators.

Woodstock, N. B., Aug. 15.—During the past week F. B. Carvell has visited several parts of the county and held a number of meetings. Everywhere he has met with splendid receptions.

Probably the most gratifying fact brought out by his trips has been that many former Conservatives are in this election taking themselves on the side of the government because of reciprocity.

At Sticksney, the other evening Mr. Carvell addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting. The chair was taken by Dr. Ross, head of the Peel Lumber Company. Dr. Ross spoke in support of Mr. Carvell and his cause. Rev. J. H. Puddington also spoke and Mr. Carvell was heard in a splendidly clear exposition of the reciprocity agreement, which found much favor.

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Great Damage from Fire at Penobscot

Forest Blaze Sweeping Five Mile Stretch. Houses in Danger.

Wednesday, Aug. 16. Thousands of dollars worth of valuable timber lands have already been destroyed by the serious forest fire in the vicinity of Penobscot, the conflagration is wiping out a five mile stretch, several buildings are in danger of destruction, and quick action must be taken to save the timber.

The fire raged fiercely all day and traveled at an exceedingly rapid rate towards the main road, but fortunately the wind shifted towards evening, preventing the blaze from sweeping the lands towards the main road, and saving several buildings in the vicinity of the timber.

Another fortunate happening was the slight shower last evening which, with the wind abated and the usual dampness of the evening, checked the fire somewhat and made it appear less dangerous.

The fire fighters, numbering about fifty, with teams of horses and wagons of all kinds, spent most of the day in hauling an immense quantity of cut lumber owned by Byron McLeod to a place of safety.

They were also prepared to move the buildings if it became necessary. No attempt has yet been made to fight the blaze but Mr. Warden Joseph McNutt, of Sussex, arrived in Penobscot last night and early this morning the fire fighters under his supervision will commence to fight the blaze in every possible way.

The people of the village of Penobscot are already hauling water from the river to save their property, in case the main dikes and embankments over the village threaten to start a fire in the village at any moment.

The highest station in the province was made by Catherine Stanton, St. John; the next in the list of winners in the order of merit are: Maude Wren, St. George; Mary M. Chestnut, Fredericton; and Sarah Palmer, Rexton.

The winners of the medals are as follows: Albert county—Venia Tarris, Hillabro Superior School.

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Victoria county—Merle A. Stone, Grand Falls Superior School.

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York county—Mary M. Chestnut, Fredericton Grammar School.

N. S. Forest Fires Still Raging

Vast Tract of Country Has Been Swept With Enormous Loss. Rossway Suffers.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 15.—There is no abatement of the conflagration in the forests on the south shore of Nova Scotia, west of Shelburne town, and west of the town of Liverpool. No rain at all has come in the Shelburne district and a light shower near Liverpool this morning amounted to nothing but a drizzle.

It will take two or three days of continuous rain to soak the grass and debris sufficiently to extinguish the fire by burning below, and as much as was put out the fire sweeping through the woods, which are creating tremendous havoc.

The Sabla River Lumber Company's property is still intact, including a pile of 6,000,000 feet of sawn lumber. The company started a "back fire" so as to present a blank space in case the main conflagration came within touch of their mills and lumber.

The fire has not yet reached Churchport, on the opposite side of the harbor from Shelburne town, some eight miles back. A man coming in from Rossway confirms the story of the destruction of property in that village. He says that thirty buildings are gone.

Gangs of men have gone from Shelburne town as well as from the other side of the harbor, nearer the fire, to fight the flames. They are doing what they can but with out rain, their efforts are largely in vain.

It is reported that the towns of Port Laforet and Barrington will be endangered by the wind turns to the northwest. The extent of the damage, it is impossible to estimate. No one knows when the fire will end and before they are extinguished splendid timber lands may be swept over and many more people lose their houses and property and be made homeless. The prayer is for rain.

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Bigger Cream Checks Sure For Years to Come

Just because a separator skims close is not sufficient reason for buying it. Equally important is the question of durability.

An I H C Cream Harvester was put to a year's test at the factory—running steadily for 10 hours every working day. This is equivalent to 20 years of ordinary work on a basis of half an hour's daily service. Yet in all this time there was no perceptible wear. What better proof of I H C durability can you ask?

I H C Cream Harvesters Dairymaid and Bluebell

have been paying cow owners big dividends for years. Their skimming qualities are unequalled—their ease of turning—ease of cleaning—durability are easily proved by the testimony of owners. Why not investigate?

You will find that I H C Cream Harvesters are the only separators with dust-proof gears, which are easily accessible. The frame is entirely protected from wear by phosphor bronze bushings. The I H C has large shafts, bushings, and bearings. The patented dust-arrestor removes the finest particles of dirt from the milk before the milk is separated.

I H C Cream Harvesters are made in two styles—Dairymaid, chain drive, and Bluebell, gear drive—each in four sizes. The I H C local agent will be glad to point out the above features and many others, or, write nearest branch house for catalogue.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA (Incorporated) Chicago, U.S.A.

I H C Service Bureau. The Bureau is a clearing house of agricultural data. It aims to learn the best ways of doing things on the farm, and then distribute the information. Your individual experience may help others. Send your problem to the I H C Service Bureau.

Elopers Remarry in Catholic Faith

Geraghtys Take Step to Balk Bride's Relatives and Please "Jack's" Parents. Wife Silent on Religion—Signs Agreement to Bring Up Any Children Born to the Couple as Catholics.

Springfield, Aug. 16.—Mr. and Mrs. John Edward Paul Geraghty, the Newport couple who eloped and were married in Central Village (Ct.) last week, were remarried in this city yesterday by the Rev. M. A. K. Kelly, of the Catholic Cathedral of St. Michael. Mrs. Joseph Harris, a cousin of Geraghty, and her husband were the only witnesses of the ceremony, which was performed at the parish house of the cathedral.

The couple took the step to prevent annulment by the bride's parents and to please the parents of the groom, who is a Catholic.

From the Harris home, where Mr. and Mrs. Geraghty were the parish house, Mrs. Geraghty was driven in a taxi-cab with Mr. and Mrs. Harris to the work house, Mrs. Geraghty wore the same silk dress and black picture hat which she wore for the first wedding at Central Village.

After the ceremony the couple returned to the Harris residence. They announced that they would spend their "second honeymoon" in Springfield; but did not state just how long they intended to remain here.

Soon after their arrival in Springfield, the elopers consulted with Father Kelly, Geraghty, who is a Catholic, at first expressed the intention of being remarried by the priest of his own parish in Newport, although at that time he denied that his wife, who is an Episcopalian, had any intention of changing her faith. It was finally decided that Father Kelly should perform the second ceremony, in order that it might be carried through as soon as possible. Today Mr. and Mrs. Geraghty did not wear the same dress as they did at the first ceremony, but they wore the same as they did at the first ceremony.

Geraghty telegraphed his parents in Newport of the second marriage, and later in the day received a telegram of congratulation from them.

See Open Top Tub Room to Work. See How the Winner is Attached.

MAXWELL'S HIGH SPEED CHAMPION. The Winner's Secret. This shows precisely the whole of the tub to open—makes it easy to put in and take out. No other tub has so large an opening. No other tub can be worked with such ease and so well as this tub.

Do you use Maxwell's "Tub" the clean that makes quality better. Write to the manufacturer for your dealer does not handle them.

MAXWELL & SONS, ST. MART'S, N.B.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S HIGH SCHOOL ENTRANCE PRIZE WINNERS

Fredericton, Aug. 16.—The lieutenant-governor has announced through his private secretary, B. S. Barker, the winners of the medals given by his honor to the students making the highest average in the High school entrance examinations in the various counties. Miss Mary M. Chestnut, daughter of C. Fred Chestnut, is the winner of the lieutenant-governor's medal for the county of York.

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