

THE EVENING TIMES AND STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1918

5

A Further Cut In Prices — of — SUMMER FOOTWEAR

The first choice having been made, we offer the balance at further reductions of from 15 to 20 per cent. off previous Sale Prices, making the prices on the balance of our summer goods in this sale as follows:

LADIES' OXFORDS
Black and tan. All sizes, particularly 2, 2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/2.

Reg. Prices, \$3.00 to \$4.00.
Previous Sale Price, \$1.95.
Price to Clear, \$1.65.

Reg. Prices, \$4.00 to \$5.00.
Previous Sale Price, \$2.95.
Price to Clear, \$2.45.

COSTS

LADIES' PUMPS—VARIOUS STYLES—ALL SIZES.
Particularly 2, 2 1/2, 3, 4 and 4 1/2

Regular Price, \$3.00—Previous Sale Price \$1.95 Price to Clear \$1.65
Regular Price, \$4.00—Previous Sale Price \$2.95 Price to Clear \$2.45
Regular Price, \$5.00 to \$5.50—Previous Sale Price \$3.65 Price to Clear \$2.95
Regular Price, \$3.00 to \$4.00—Previous Sale Price \$2.35 Price to Clear \$1.95

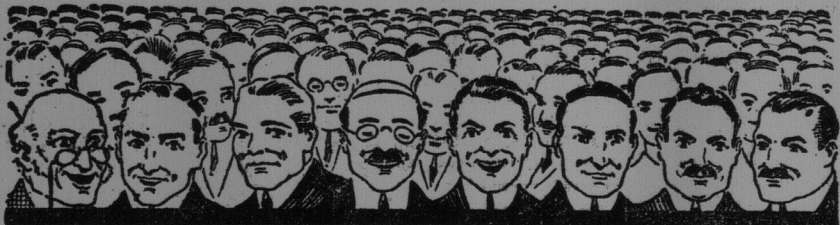
MEN'S FOOTWEAR—LOW SHOES AND BOOTS
From 5 to 9 1/2

Regular Price, \$5.00—Previous Sale Price, \$2.65 Price to Clear, \$2.15
Regular Price, \$6.00 to \$7.00—Previous Sale Price, \$4.95 Price to Clear, \$4.15
Regular Price, \$5.00 to \$6.00—Previous Sale Price, \$4.45 Price to Clear, \$3.65

INFANTS' FOOTWEAR—Soft Soles (Red Kid Material)

Regular Prices, 65c. to \$1.00—Previous Sale Prices, 45c. Price to Clear, 35c.

Some of Our



SATISFIED BUYERS

This Sale Ends Saturday Night, and these goods must be cleared out to a pair. Get Your Choice. A Last Opportunity!

Mostly at Our King Street Store. Goods Also on Sale at Our Two Branches.
NO GOODS ON APPROBATION! SALE ENDS SATURDAY NIGHT, MAY 18

"THE HOME OF RELIABLE FOOTWEAR"

Waterbury & Rising, Limited

61 KING STREET—212 UNION STREET—677 MAIN STREET

BROAD COVE COAL

Limited Quantity for Immediate Delivery.

CONSUMER'S COAL

War Garden Bulletin

PRACTICAL DAILY GUIDE FOR
VACANT LOT AND BACK-
YARD GARDENERS EN-
LISTED IN GREAT-
ER PRODUCTION
CAMPAIGN

Issued by the Canada Food Board in
Collaboration With Experts on
the Staff of the Dominion
Experimental Farm

THINNING.

In some parts of Canada the very early vegetables may now have reached the stage where it is necessary to thin them. This, too, is one of the ticklish problems that confronts the beginner. No gardener is able to get good results unless he does some judicious thinning. Although there are some general rules as to the distances at which plants should be left in the row, yet definite rules need not bother the amateur so long as he does a reasonable amount of thinning. Every housekeeper does not know that the tenderest and most delicious vegetables she can have for early picking are the young vegetables thinned out, and often — through ignorance — thrown away.

Beets should be thinned until they are from four to six inches apart in the row. It is profitable to thin them out gradually. Lettuce should be four inches apart, onions three inches, peas three inches, and carrots and parsnips, from four to six inches.

CASH BOXES STOLEN.

Three cash boxes of the N. B. Telephone pay stations were reported stolen last evening. Two of these were neatly removed from two of the three pay stations in the Union depot and one was reported stolen from the absence of Police Constable Roberts who was at supper. This would be between 7.30 and 8 o'clock. About fifteen minutes previous to this the one was stolen from the armory. Officials at the station said last evening that the thief or thieves made a clean getaway of the two cash boxes. Each tin box was secured to the stand at the bottom by a rod which was fastened by a nut. The rod was neatly ripped off, as were also the brass holders by which the telephone is attached to the cash box. It is said that each of the

pay stations at the depot average almost \$25 fortnightly. They were emptied last Saturday and, in the two that are missing there would be a fairly good amount of money.

Had No Appetite Could Not Work

THEN MME. LAVOIE USED DODD'S
KIDNEY PILLS.

Now She Says She Is in Perfect Health,
and Is Recommending Dodd's Kidney
Pills to All Who Suffer From Kidney
Troubles.

Yvanhoe, Que., May 17.—(Special)—"I know that Dodd's Kidney Pills are good," says Mme. Lavoie, a well-known and highly-respected resident of this place. And Mme. Lavoie tells out of her own experience why she recommends her friends to use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I suffered from kidney disease, headache and indigestion," she says. "I had no appetite, and I could not work. My heart also bothered me."

"I took Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I am now in perfect health."

"I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to everyone who suffers from kidney disease."

That Mme. Lavoie's troubles all came from sick kidneys is shown by the quick relief she got from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. They are purely and simply a kidney remedy. The reason they give good results for so many different diseases is that when the kidneys are sick the whole body is sick.

Weak or sick kidneys cannot do their full work of straining all the impurities out of the blood. It follows that the results of disease are carried to all parts of the body, and affect all the weak spots. The natural cure is to cure the kidneys—to use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

RECENT DEATHS

Mrs. Mary Watson.

Moncton, N. B., May 17.—(Special)—Mrs. Mary Watson, wife of John Watson, Pacific avenue, died at the City hospital this morning after an illness of about two weeks. Yesterday afternoon she was removed to the hospital from her home in a serious condition. She was the thirty-third year of her age, and was born in Scotland, but had resided here for a number of years. She is survived by her husband, three children, Jean, Ernest and John, all at home.

FOOD SHIPMENTS TO ALLIES

SHOW GOOD INCREASE

Chairman of Canada Food Board
Tells How Dominion is Helping
—Rationing in Homes

Toronto, May 18.—"The question of rationing the homes has been given a great deal of thought," H. B. Thomson, chairman of the Canada Food Board, told an audience of 8,000 people in Massey Hall tonight.

"We know the people of Canada do not want any direct order for rationing their homes," he added. The best solution of the difficulty, he went on, had seemed to the board to be to ask the resources committed to each province to draft a standard of voluntary regulations for the homes of their respective provinces.

The government, said Mr. Thomson, had agreed to supply Great Britain and her Allies with large quantities of wheat and flour, between now and July 1. If they did as he hoped they would be between the beginning of the year and that date, they would have shipped more than in the average past three years. Of the 1917 wheat crop, to date, sixty-two per cent more than the average of the past three years had been sent. Shipments of pork had increased by 122,000,000 pounds, beef by 72,000,000 pounds, butter by 12,000,000 pounds, cheese by 80,000,000 pounds, eggs by 15,000,000 dozens, and wheat and flour by 85,000,000 bushels.

Made From Whole Cloth.
Half the stories of the people who said, "What's the use of conserving? The wheat, the pork, is not going overseas. It's being hoarded by the packers and the millers," were made out of whole cloth. The shipments of pork in 1918 were twice those of 1915, and three times those of 1912.

There was still a lot to be made up. Of the total requirements of the Allies the 1916 record showed that Canada had supplied of beef only 2 1/2 per cent, pork 1/2 per cent, butter 1/2 per cent and condensed milk 1/2 per cent.

Sir William Hearst, who presided, read a letter he had just received from Sir Arthur Currie, thanking him for the patriotic resolution of the legislature forwarded to him, which had been promulgated to the Canadian corps. General Currie said in part: "The days to come will undoubtedly demand the fullest measure of sacrifice, not only from the troops in the field, but from all the people at home, and in order to achieve victory the full weight of the empire, both in men and resources, must be thrown in. It is therefore a source of the greatest encouragement and satisfaction to us all to know that the people at home are fully alive to the situation, and resolved to do their full part towards attaining the great result."

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

Stores Open at 8.30—Close at 6 o'clock Daily, Saturdays 10 p.m.

Dining Room Furniture



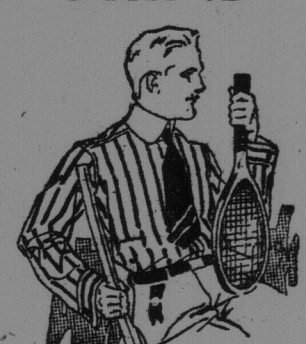
Dining-room Furniture in Fumed Oak, Golden Polished Oak, Walnut and Mahogany, in the dull finish. We can supply any odd piece desired—Buffet, China Cabinet, Extension Table, Side Table, Chairs or Arm-chairs, Tea Wagon, or a complete outfit for your dining-room in any of the finishes.

If our selection does not appeal to you, we are ready to procure from the factories any special design.

(FURNITURE DEPARTMENT)

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

Men's Colored Shirts



New York's Latest
Novelties

The designs and color combinations are entirely new and different from all previous seasons. Many exclusive novelty designs, several entirely new cloths, including sub-silk, which we handled last year and proved very satisfactory.

The style of shirt is this season's favorite all soft with French double cuffs, also a few with starched cuffs.

Superior values in the better grade, at Popular Prices. \$1.75 to \$6.75

Men's Furnishing Dept.

TO BLOCK GERMANS

IN PLOT FOR SHIPS

U. S. Adopts Programme to Prevent
Fees From Getting
Vessels After War

Bill Introduced in House—Gives Shipping Board Power to Pass Upon Requests From Foreign Interests

Washington, May 18.—A comprehensive programme to defeat attempts by German agents to obtain an interest in shipping now being constructed in American yards, and to place contracts for ships which would give preference over other orders after the war has been adopted, and a thorough investigation started which, it is believed, will unearth all efforts at intrigue of this nature which are backed by the Central Powers.

It has been suspected that German capital, in various disguises, has been endeavoring to obtain a foothold in the shipbuilding situation, as in many other industries of the nation. Under the plan adopted, every safeguard will be provided against such an emergency, and indisputable evidence must be submitted to show that German interests are not involved in proposed designs relating to America's shipping programme.

Congress, the Shipping Board, the War Trade Board, and the Allied Property Custodian are all involved in the right to see that in this direction, as well as in all industrial and commercial relations, the Central Powers shall be discouraged as undesirable. It is reported that the most subtle and questionable attempts have been made by German interests to re-establish themselves and

prepare for the future at the expense of the United States and the allied nations.

The move now under way to fight the German agents is, in effect, a part of the broader programme which has gradually been put into force to strip Germany of financial holdings in America and end any hope it may have had of being able surreptitiously to retain its holdings here and, if possible, add to them, so that it could emerge from the war in a position to take a commanding place in international commercial relations.

The scope of the plans as they affect shipping was made known when the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, of which Representative John W. Alexander is chairman, reported favorably a bill giving the Shipping Board unusual powers to prevent foreign interests in any way from obtaining financial holdings in the shipyards of vessels constructed, except with the unqualified permission of the board. The representative asked that this bill, and another affecting rates, be placed on the calendar as war legislation.

Mr. Alexander explained that the legislation was designed to prevent German capital from obtaining a foothold, and indicated that offers and requests had been made through brokers, some of which had aroused the suspicion that the agents of the Central Powers were at work.

Hundreds of requests, it is said, have come through brokers and others for the right to place contracts for the construction of shipbuilding in American yards as soon as the American war programme is completed, whether that point is reached before the war ends or soon after.

While it is admitted that the large majority of these offers, many of which are made in behalf of financial interests of foreign nations, are legitimate and open to the most searching investigation, there is no intention on the part of the administration to give the German intrigu-

ers the slightest loop-hole for furthering their interests.

Yards under jurisdiction of the Emergency Fleet Corporation—and they include practically every yard of importance in the country—will not be permitted to consider the acceptance of other than government contracts, at least until it is known that all of America's needs are provided for and that offers which have been made by brokers bear no pro-German taint.

This policy is not aimed at any neutral or allied nation, and applications by these countries for permission to let contracts for ships to be constructed later will receive every consideration.

In carrying forward the programme the officials have at their disposal the mass of invaluable information concerning enemy connection with financial interests of all kinds, in this nation and in foreign countries, which has been gathered by the War Trade Board, the Allen Property Custodian, and the allied nations.

It has been announced that the department of the Allen Property Custodian, which has been riding many of America's industrial interests of the German menace, is prepared to seize any property, shipyard or ship, where it is shown that German agents have succeeded in obtaining an interest, and to take steps to purge the property involved of its undesirable connections.

The government, through the Shipping Board, now has complete control of and must pass upon all ship contracts before they may be accepted by shipyards, and this power of supervision will be used to the full where occasion is found. The Trading with the Enemy act provides ample power to deal with persons or corporations which attempt to transact business with enemy interests, and heavy penalties are named.

The more important of the bills which have been reported by the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries gives full authority to the Shipping

Board to pass upon requests coming from foreign interests with the object of preventing German capital from obtaining, even indirectly, any grip on the shipping interests through the holding of mortgages, stocks, or bonds. Ships built in American yards under the terms of the legislation will not be leased to any corporation influenced by German interests.

Power for Shipping Board.

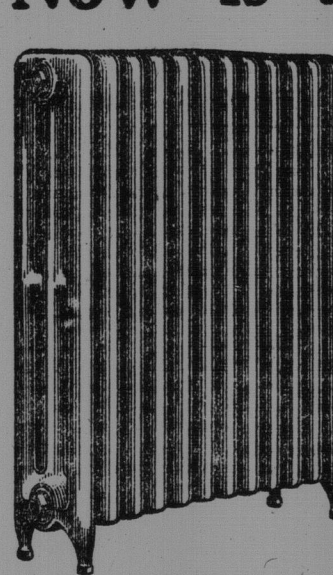
The Shipping Board is vested with the power of making the decisions involved in order to defeat the efforts of Germany and assure a control of all shipping constructed here by interests in which the Central Powers have no holdings or authority. The legislation is applicable for a reasonable period after the war.

A careful watch on all efforts on the part of Germany to act in the guise of a neutral agency—and these attempts have been made despite the best efforts of neutral governments to discredit them—is being maintained and a thorough organization is being built up, through the co-operation of all of the government departments, dealing with such matters, by which it is predicted Germany's hold on any of the shipping interests, as well as on other industries, will be broken.

The recent agreements made by the War Trade Board with the allied governments to fight German efforts to play a part in commercial relations among these nations, by having exports and imports involving the United States carefully viced and purged before production and shipment is permitted, is believed by officials to have gone far to defeat many of the plans which the Germans had prepared.

ALMANAC FOR ST. JOHN, MAY 18.
A.M. P.M.
High Tide ... 5.49 Low Tide ... 12.02
Sun Rises ... 4.55 Sun Sets ... 7.45

Now is the Time to Plan Your Heating



As soon as possible, the earlier the better, get your plans complete for putting in a new and satisfactory Hot Water Heating System. Architects and Builders and Sanitary Engineers realize that the comfort of Canadian families during winter is best secured by having homes heated with the famous

ROYAL HOT WATER BOILERS AND IMPERIAL RADIATORS

There are fourteen constructive advantages in the Royal Boiler, and Imperial Radiators have an exceptional capacity for throwing off heat quickly, uniformly and steadily, maintaining an even temperature even in the severest weather. We shall be glad to give particulars of a Royal Hot Water System suited to your requirements if you favor us with an enquiry.

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