

## Mr. Beck Speaks Plainly As to Cause of Hostility

Declares Niagara Falls Council is Acting as Mouthpiece for the U. S. Interests Who Want Canadian Energy.

Stratford, April 8.—(Special.)—Stratfordites are taking keen interest in the subject of cheap power. Saturday night a large audience listened to Hon. Adam Beck discuss the question, and at the close passed a resolution showing appreciation at the public-spirited action of Mr. Beck in addressing audiences so as to give the necessary information, also expressing appreciation of the service rendered by the power commission in preparing the report.

The resolution further recommended that in view of the project being too onerous to be undertaken by a few municipalities, the government take it under control, undertaking the necessary expenditure of furnishing Niagara power by purchase, expropriation or development as they may find best, as well as the transmission of power to municipalities that can be profitably reached. A copy of the resolution will be sent to Premier Whitney.

The resolution was moved by George McLagan, one of the most prominent manufacturers in the city, and was carried by a standing vote.

Hon. Mr. Beck was given a warm reception, but as he was compelled to leave on the 9:50 train for London he had not sufficient time to go into details as he had wished, and there was no time for general discussion by the audience.

Hon. Nelson Monette was present but did not speak. Mayor Ferguson presided, and nearly all the aldermen were present.

Mr. Beck made good use of the short time at his disposal. It was such information as the citizens desired, and the audience followed the speaker in an intelligent manner, and many of them approved as point after point was scored in favor of a public-owned electrical development power plant at Niagara Falls.

Speaking of the action taken by the Niagara Falls Council in opposing the scheme, Mr. Beck said that it was not the council that was opposed, but that it had been influenced by others, mentioning the name of Banker Payne. "That is so," he declared, "and I will tell them to their faces. They want power for the people to the south of us, and not for Canadians.

"People in the United States are agitated about the question. We own the juice as well as the orange."

Stratford would become a big city with cheap power, and he hoped the citizens were alive to the importance of the question. It was a case of now or never. People should stop thinking of the present and look towards the future and see that the legislators acted at once. If the scheme was carried out we would not only be a wheat-producing country, but a flour-producing country, and the best of the nations of the world.

**OSHAWA TO JOIN.**

Oshawa, April 7.—(Special.)—There was an enthusiastic meeting of the Oshawa board of trade last night, and in conclusion with the town council it was decided to go to Toronto as a deputation to endorse the sentiments of the western delegates in regard to the proposed public ownership of Niagara power. They have chartered a special car. The board of trade is composed of all the business men and manufacturers of this thriving town, and as the industry is based on power, naturally interested in the live subject of electrical energy.

**CHEAP TRAINS FOR DEPUTATION.**

For the deputation from Western Ontario municipalities which on Wednesday will under Premier Whitney introduce immediately legislation on the lines of the municipal power commission's report the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway will issue cheap tickets from its stations to Toronto, and the Michigan Central is expected to grant a similar concession to-day. The Grand Trunk and the Canadian Pacific have already announced cheap fares over their lines.

**TORONTO'S PUBLIC MEETING.**

We are asked to say that the meeting in Association Hall to-morrow (Tuesday) evening in support of the movement of municipalized Niagara power, is being arranged by the board of trade, it is intended to be as far as possible an expression of the views of citizens as a whole. Every man interested in the subject is most cordially invited to attend and hear the case for civic control of electricity explained by Commissioner Cockshutt and other speakers. The meeting is intended to prepare for Wednesday's deputation to Premier Whitney, which citizens generally are also urged to join. If those who cannot attend on either day will take the trouble to write to the premier directly, the movement will be greatly helped.

**OTTAWA-BROCKVILLE RY.**

Brockville, April 7.—(Special.)—The prospects of the Ottawa-Brockville electric railway being pushed thru this season are bright.

Surveyors have been engaged for several days staking out the proposed route which will touch many small places.

They have covered about half the distance between here and Ottawa.

**Palm Sunday Celebrated.**

The triumphal entry of Christ into Jerusalem was commemorated yesterday by the observance of Palm Sunday in all the Roman Catholic churches. The presence of Archbishop O'Connor, who blessed the palms, and Michael's Cathedral. Mass was sung by Father Rohleder, but before its celebration a palm procession thru the church was observed. Instead of a sermon, the passion was read by Father Murray. The altar was beautifully decorated with palms throughout the usual chant was rendered.

Similar services were observed in all the churches and the congregations were exceptionally large.

## GEORGIAN BAY LOCALITIES WANT POWER TRUNK LINE

Suggestion From Owen Sound That Municipalities Up There Should Share in the Benefits.

Owen Sound Times: A fortnight ago The Times suggested that Owen Sound should initiate a movement amongst the towns in the Georgian Bay district to secure a share of the Niagara Falls power. It has been stated frequently by competent authorities that the transmission of electric energy as a commercial proposition for a distance of 200 miles is quite inside of possibilities, and this fact should arouse the greatest interest amongst the citizens of this section quite as much as amongst those who live inside the lesser radius which includes Guelph, Galt, Stratford, Berlin, London, Toronto and other points. The report of the hydro-electric commission is expected in a few days, and little advance information is obtainable, but the municipal power commission's report given to the public on Wednesday indicates that by the construction of a municipal development plant at Niagara, and by the erection of transmission lines to carry energy to the various cities and towns interested, at least \$2,000,000 can be saved to the consumers of Western Ontario annually. The commission's report covers about twenty municipalities, and the approximate cost would be \$10,000,000, and the service would include lighting, incandescent lighting, manufacturing, pumping traction and other public service requirements, and the cost only \$3 per horsepower unit to develop and \$5 to transmit. The contrast between that total and the cost of horsepower as produced by the municipal power shows just where the advantage would arise. Naturally the charges for transmission to Owen Sound and other points outside the score of municipalities named must be correspondingly greater, but to offset these conditions the provincial government could be asked to guarantee the bonds or provide the funds for the construction of a trunk line thru the Georgian Bay district at a nominal rate of interest. The Times does not pretend to have gone into the question or had an estimate prepared, but it is the work of a specially appointed committee or commission which should be selected from the centers of population in the Georgian Bay counties, and an effort made even at a little more expense than the commission covers to have a trunk line brought northward. Even at double the estimated cost of transmission the power would be a tremendous advantage and deprive Owen Sound and every other town in this section of a handicap in the industrial development which is so greatly needed. Owen Sound could take a net quantity of about 30,000 horsepower with little more development of its industrial conditions and inclusive of the amount that would inevitably be used in traction, and it is probable that such a surplus could be obtained. Giving Collingwood and Meaford a 10 per cent. larger amount for these places combined and then supplying them with power from the 30,000 to 100,000 horsepower would be used, as the industrial development must rapidly expand, and so favorably circumstances. The situation above roughly estimated is well worth a conference among representatives of these places and a united effort made to solve the problem and place the matter before the provincial government in conjunction with the report of the municipal power development plan outlined by the commission. The question is stirring up the people of Western Ontario as nothing else has in recent years, and it is probable that a very large delegation will wait upon the government at an early date to press upon it the advisability of the development of Niagara Falls power and the use of the same. Owen Sound should get in touch with the movers in this matter and in line with the movement at once.

**NEARLY ASPHYXIATED.**

Break in Gas Pipe Imperils Brockville Family.

Brockville, April 7.—(Special.)—Mrs. E. Young and her two daughters had a narrow escape from suffocation by gas this morning. The inmates of the house awoke feeling very sick and one of the daughters came down stairs first and fell in a faint on the floor. Her mother, who followed, was overcome and the father, who was summoned to the house, found the three still confined to their room.

A service pipe leading to a gas lamp immediately in front of the house was the cause of the trouble, the gas making its way into the house thru a drain. The break caused an abnormal record of consumption at the gas house, which was explained when the break was reported.

**Typographical Union.**

At a largely-attended meeting of the Typographical Union No. 21 on Saturday evening in the Labor Temple the fight for the eight-hour day that is now being waged in several cities in the United States was discussed.

A motion was introduced and carried unanimously instructing President Meahan to wire the International officers an expression of confidence for the manner in which the fight for the eight-hour day is being conducted.

The delegates to the district labor council were the subject of a discussion and use their best endeavor to have the sessions of the council open to the press and the public.

**Farmer's Accident.**

Brockville, April 7.—(Special.)—A farmer, named Robert Grey, will lose his left hand as the result of an accident sustained by having his arm drawn into the shaft of a well-dressing machine. His coat sleeve became entangled in the moving cogwheels, and the forearm was ground almost to a pulp.

## 1500 IMMIGRANTS ARRIVE SUNDAY BREAKS RECORDS

Good Looking Lot of Men, Too, Who Will Be Eagerly Sought for by Farmers.

The record-breaker in the number of immigrants into Toronto at one time was made last night when the immigration officials were called upon to register 1520 of those landing at Halifax on the Lake Champlain. Five special trains, three C.P.R. and two G.T.R., were required to bring them from Montreal to Toronto. These arrived at the hours of 9, 10, 11, 12 last night, and at 3 o'clock this morning, the last one (C.P.R.) having ten coaches.

The work of registering the immigrants was an all-night job for the officials, and also about 900 of those who were landed at Halifax on the Lake Champlain, the late contingent had to remain in the city till morning.

The great majority were Englishmen who hailed from the West of England, and gave evidence of making a good many farmers happy. They are all young and favored with good physique. To-day will be one of the busiest days in the immigration office in months. Applications on file, it is expected, that only about 200 will be filled, as the great rush of farmers will walk off with the big share.

On the 10 o'clock special over 200 immigrants out from London were received by the Salvation Army immigration department. They, too, were promising looking chaps, and will be sent to their destinations before noon to-day.

The Kensington, the Army's charter steamer, will arrive at Halifax on the 15th of the month, when 1500 will be despatched from that point to all parts of Canada. Two or three hundred of these are expected in Toronto.

The immigration-rooms have been conveniently fixed up for the accommodation of the immigrants. Benches have been placed around the large room, affording them a place to rest, waiting around during the day, and bathrooms, where mothers give their children a refreshing and oftentimes much-needed bath.

## TWO TRINITY STUDENTS

Continued From Page 1.

patrolled. Finally near the mouth of Mimico creek a boat was found that was recognized as having belonged to Moorhouse. Later on, a little further west, three cushions and a paddle also were found.

Meanwhile Charles Nurse, William Ward, Hector MacDonald and others had begun grappling, and this was carried on all day, but without result. Dr. Moorhouse and a body of students took part in the work. Police Constables Dent and Cronin relieved them, keeping on till darkness intervened. The grappling will be continued this morning, but with none too sanguine expectations. It is feared that the bodies may not be recovered, as in the case of other drowning mishaps off Mimico Point.

**Had Prominent Futures.**

Both young men were prominent in the university life of the city, and both were members of the Q.O.R. They were intimate friends, and their popularity was unbounded.

Asaheigh Moorhouse, whose early education was at Toronto, was a student at his university for three years at the University College. After his first Trinity year he was for some time in the North-West, coming to college in the fall of 1904. He would have this year completed his honor as a graduate of B.S., and is now at Quebec; another brother, Victor, is a student at Varsity.

William Hart, while only in his 21st year, was a scholar of unusual brilliancy. He received his earlier education at Guelph Collegiate. He was a member of the Literary Institute, and of the University of Toronto year book. He would have entered Osgoode Hall next fall.

**Frenches in Montreal.**

Montreal, April 8.—(Special.)—Rev. J. A. Macdonald of Toronto preached to-day in the American Presbyterian Church.

## PIN YOUR FAITH ON FERROZONE

A Time-Honored Cure for Spring Ailments That Every Physician Recommends.

But every year has seen the popularity of Ferrozone increase, and to-day it is used by the people of many nations for weakness, debility and the characteristic ailments of spring. It enriches the blood quickly and thereby vitalizes and quickens the whole body.

Humors and impurities are driven out. Disease germs of every kind are destroyed.

Nutritious material is supplied for restoring the waste, and day by day the process of rebuilding goes on till health that outlasts old age is established.

Mr. W. A. Renwick, of 285 Hunter-st., Hamilton, Ont., writes: "A year ago I became run down and lost my health. My strength was greatly reduced and on account of the weakness of my heart I was afraid to take any food."

On going up stairs or walking fast my heart would beat like an engine. I would gasp for breath and get exhausted quickly. At night I would wake up in an excited condition and find my heart going like mad.

"In this terrible state nothing helped me but Ferrozone. Such food it did me I can hardly explain. It built up my strength, put new life in my heart and made me feel like a new man."

Even in advanced cases of weakness Ferrozone is unfailing. Your druggist sells it, 50c per box or six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A. and Kingston, Ont.

## ANSWER TO MINERS TO-DAY PROPOSAL TO ARBITRATE

Ninety-Five Per Cent. of Western Pennsylvania Coal Diggers Will Report To-Day.

New York, April 8.—With President Mitchell and the scale committee awaiting the reply of the operators to the proposition to arbitrate their differences all is quiet in the anthracite coal strike situation.

There was just a flurry of interest when it became known that the operators held a meeting in New York Saturday to discuss the miners' arbitration proposals, but this disappeared with the statement that the coal presidents were not ready to announce a decision and that another meeting would be held to-day, when an answer to the miners is expected.

No information was obtainable to-day accurately to indicate what stand the operators will take to-morrow. It is known they have carefully gone over the arbitration plan proposed by Mitchell, and it is said they have decided to accept arbitration, but in a radically different form from that offered by the miners. That the operators will ask the coal workers to agree upon the strike commission to reopen the case or to take up new differences is not improbable.

The commission is again asked to take up the dispute. It is not likely that all the members will consent to serve.

The end of the first week of suspension of operations in the anthracite field, the miners stand in their support of Mitchell.

Figures from the anthracite coal districts yesterday showed that in the three days have been idle, so far the miners have lost about \$1,732,419, less the amount paid to the pumpmen. The operators have not sustained nearly so great a loss. They have sold, it is estimated, 1,250,000 tons, the normal demand for the week, and at a price fifty cents higher than they would have received had the normal conditions of April 1st prevailed.

In the Western Pennsylvania bituminous districts reports indicate that 23,000, or over 95 per cent. of the miners, are at work on Monday.

A development of interest in the bituminous regions was the action of the Ohio operators in resolving to refuse to grant a scale of 1904, and to make no adjustment of our differences with our miners except upon the scale and conditions, which were effective until April 1, 1906, or by arbitration as proposed.

From various other sections came reports of operators signing the 1903 scale. Many mines are working regular time.

## CATTLE EMBARGO FIGHT REVERSE IS NOT FINAL

Scotch Press Disappointed at Result of Debate—Irish Journal Looks for Removal.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, April 8.—The fight for the importation of Canadian cattle will continue. This was decided at a meeting of the club after the fate of the bill was known. They will issue a circular answering all arguments used against, which they claim showed the grossest ignorance of facts. They will also press the ministers to make it a government measure.

The Scotch press confesses to disappointment at the result. The Dundee Express regards the Irish position as extremely disappointing and thinks the principle of protection underlies the opposition to the bill. The Scotsman reviews the arguments in a column leader, and says it is misleading to revert to the circumstances of 1896.

What is the real situation? It has not been for ten years. While admitting the friendliness of the premier to the case of Canada, The Scotsman concludes that while the Radical party had a strong, even vehement policy on this question in 1896, they lost it when they changed sides in the house. The Glasgow Herald says the talk-out was legitimate, but that some day there must be another full dress debate for the question.

Henry Chaplin of London, now, criticizing the course of the government. He differs from the premier's opinion that the retention of the act would be a stigma on the Radical party, and that it is possible, he don't think anyone can prove it, that the pleuro-pneumonia may be unknown in Canada at present, but no one pretends that it does not exist in the states south of the Canadian border. With so many thousands of miles of frontier between countries, who can guarantee that it may not cross the line at any moment?

The Freeman's Journal says the indefinite conclusion leaves the whole issue in a great doubt as ever. It reduces the operations of rent fixing and land purchase in Ireland to the level of "gamble" and adds that the free trade majority is so likely to lose the arguments of the premier, and warns tenant-farmers to take precaution against a possible future reopening of ports.

## NOT ENOUGH CARS.

Big Batch of Immigrants Have to Stay on Shipboard.

St. John, N. B., April 8.—(Special.)—The fourteen hundred immigrants, a mixture of Russians, Swedes, German Dutch and Italians, who arrived at this port late last night on the C.P.R. steamer Montreal from London and Antwerp, owing to scarcity of cars, are still on board ship, and will keep there until more cars are forthcoming. The company hopes to have cars to-morrow to convey new-comers to different parts of Ontario and west.

The Allan liner Tunisian landed four hundred English immigrants to-day.

## DOWIE FRIENDLESS IN ZION FINDS SUPPORTERS IN TEXAS

Overseer Voliva's Denunciation Unanimously Endorsed by Thousands of "the Faithful."

Zion City, April 8.—With the approval of thousands of Dowlites in open meeting to-day, General Overseer Glenn Voliva, denounced John Alexander Dowie as a spendthrift, liar and traitor, and was in turn promised support as leader of the Christian Catholic Church in Zion, to fill the place of its founder, now deposed and on his way from Mexico to fight for his rights.

Whenafter denouncing Dowie, Overseer Voliva suddenly demanded a decision of the audience which crowded Shiloh Tabernacle, as to who should be their future leader, the six thousand persons in the audience arose as one person and signed their willingness to follow Voliva to the end.

"If you want to stand for downright lying, hypocrisy, shameful misuse of money keep your seats," he said; "but if those present who are tired of his lying, his exaggerations, his misrepresentations, and his inconsistencies and his hypocrisy and his gross ignorance of all business laws and principles, stand up as evidence of their denunciation of Dowie and his methods."

**Mrs. Dowie With Rebels.**

When most bitter in the denunciation of his former master, there was no one in the tabernacle who showed more approval of Voliva's remarks than Mrs. Jane Dowie. When Voliva angrily exclaimed, "I will see that all the costly furniture and expensive library adorning Dowie's Zion City residence and which were purchased by that hypocrite while many of his people were in need of food, are sold and the money turned into Zion storehouses," Mrs. Dowie half rose and with her voice and hands loudly applauded the words.

Voliva declared that he had been compelled to keep himself and family on \$50 a month allowed him by Dowie, and that out of this monthly salary, he had been compelled to turn over a fourth in tithes to the church. While receiving \$50 a month, Voliva declared that he had been sending the storehouse at Zion City \$1700 every month and that other deacons had done fully as well as he had for the church. What had become of all this money that had been flowing into Zion for so many years?

**An Outcast.**

Voliva requested all present to keep away from the railway station next Tuesday.

"I don't want you to go down there and listen to his egotistical harangue," said Voliva. "If he should try any of his spectacular antics on his arrival here, we will soon put a stop to it. He can not hold a meeting in Shiloh Tabernacle, because we won't let him. Should he succeed in getting a house in which to hold a meeting to address the people of Zion, I want you all to remain at home and not attend the meeting."

After the meeting the 250 Zion guards employed to keep order in the city, were sworn in to support Voliva. In all his undertakings and all took the oath of allegiance, except one.

A message was received from Dowie this afternoon stating that he would reach Zion City Tuesday morning and ordering Shiloh house, his residence in Zion City, to be prepared for his homecoming.

**Texas With Apostles.**

San Antonio, Texas, April 8.—John Alexander Dowie and his wife left to-night for Chicago. The train was delayed here and local Zionists arranged for a private meeting at which Dr. Dowie was to speak.

L. C. Hall, pastor of the local Zionist Church, vigorously defended Dowie at every point, and made the statement that every man, woman and child in Texas who was connected with the Zionist movement endorsed everything that the "First Apostle" had done, and believed thoroughly in his innocence.

He said: "Even if the 'First Apostle' has been guilty of every one of the charges brought against him, Voliva and his henchmen have acted in an un-Christian-like manner thruout this trouble."

"From out of this great turmoil Zion will arise regenerated and purified, and I believe, before my God, that the 'First Apostle' will be vindicated and cleared of these malicious and cruel charges."

"If he is not, then may God demolish Zion. We are not people of peace. We are people of God and the right and in this fight we will win."

When Dowie entered the hall, the audience rose and sang a hymn of praise. Dowie walked down, bowed and said: "God be with thee." For ten minutes Dowie and the audience prayed together to banish the devil from Zion, and Dowie's address was centered about the subjects of polygamy and the alleged conduct of his wife. The audience apparently was with him in all he said, even when he disparaged Mrs. Dowie.

**Mrs. Dowie Condemned.**

After Dowie had been speaking about twenty minutes, Mrs. Emma Rapp and her husband rose and faced the apostle, "Have you anything to say, sister?" asked Dowie.

"I lived in your house for a number of years," said the woman, "and I want to tell these people here that never was there a kinder husband or a better Christian gentleman. I want to say also that while you ever were a man of kindness and consideration to Mrs. Dowie she made life insufferable for you by her insane jealousy and selfish perversity. I often wondered how you could be so kind under the conditions that existed. I make this statement of my own free will because God has told me to speak."

Then Deacon Lewis and Deacon Peters spoke of the conduct of Mrs. Dowie, which they characterized as almost beyond human endurance. Thruout this testimony the audience sprinkled exclamations of "Amen," and "Yes, yes."


Dowie remained in his body he would fight for the rehabilitation of Zion.

**His Last Hope.**

"I have not long to live," he concluded, "but I pray that God may spare me just long enough to win this fight. Then I shall willingly go to that long sleep, knowing that I shall be eased of the last by the 'well done, thou good and faithful servant,' which will be uttered by my people, for they have seen the light and learned the truth."

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**Heavy Delivery Horses**  
**General Purpose Horses**  
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**Heavy Farm Blocks**  
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**WILL BE HELD  
Wednesday Next, April 11  
Commencing Promptly at 11 o'clock**

When one hundred of the finest horses we have ever offered will be sold. Among them are included handsome matched pairs, beautiful single carriage horses, hackneys, coach horses, high steppers, family horses, etc., etc.

Catalogue, which will be ready for distribution on Tuesday, contains some of the choicest blood that it has ever been our privilege to offer.

**PARTIES IN NEED OF STYLISH, RELIABLE HORSES SHOULD  
NOT FAIL TO ATTEND THIS SALE.**

C. A. BURNS,  
General Manager and Auctioneer.

Alexander, first apostle, was chosen by God to give word to Zion.

After the benediction the audience filed past Dowie and shook his hand, each reiterating an assurance of loyalty.

## NURSE AND CHILD MISSING WENT OUT FOR AFTERNOON

Double Disappearance From St. George's Apartment House Reported to Police.

The whereabouts of the two-year-old daughter of Mrs. Page Robinson, who was taken by her nurse from the St. George's apartments yesterday, for an airing, is a puzzle to the police. All efforts made last night to find the baby and its nurse, Miss Helen Bincombe, failed.

The mother of the child is away in Minneapolis on a trip, and the child was left with a friend, Mrs. Bennett, for safekeeping.

Yesterday the nurse took the child out about 3 o'clock and failed to put in an appearance before midnight.

The nurse is described as a woman between 25 and 30 years of age, with a blue skirt, and a brown bow coat. The child was dressed all in white with the exception of its gaiters.

## CRUTTENDEN DENIES THEFT.

Calls Case Spite Work—Other Dealers May Be Charged.

Thomas W. D. Cruttenden, contractor, charged with stealing brass and metals from the Canada Brass Rolling Mills Company, Limited, of New Toronto, appeared before Magistrate Ellis at the city hall Saturday, and was remanded one week. Bail was fixed at \$3000.

Cruttenden is charged, in detail, with stealing forty-one sheets of brass, 500 pounds of copper, 500 pounds of lead, and one pig of tin. Altogether there is nearly ten tons of metal missing.

**Police Not Confident.**

Montreal, April 8.—(Special.)—Of four men arrested for the murder of little Ida Ahearn, two remain in custody, Paul Bradley and John Schneider, the latter being brought in from Massena Springs. Two other arrests were made, but the chief detective reports that both of these men have been liberated. The officers do not think Schneider is the man wanted.