

PROBS; Moderate winds; fair and warmer.

SIXTEEN PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING MAY 28 1913—SIXTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXIII—No. 11,987

## SENATE TO BLOCK NAVAL BILL UNTIL PEOPLE GIVE MANDATE ROSS FIRM FOR CANADIAN NAVY

Borden Proposes to Send "Three Empty Shells of Steel," Says Liberal Leader. Who Asserts That True Imperialism Demands Contribution of Men as Well—Moves For Reference to People.

OTTAWA, May 27.—(Special.)—Sir George W. Ross, as Liberal leader in the senate, this afternoon, at the conclusion of a lengthy speech, moved that the naval aid bill be not read a second time, but that the bill be not further proceeded with until the judgment of the Canadian people thereon had been obtained. This motion, if adopted, as it will be by the senate, discharges the bill from the order paper and means the killing of the bill. Nearly every senator was in his seat this afternoon, including the four new Ontario senators, who were sworn in at 3 o'clock. There were more people in the public galleries than yesterday, the first to enter being Hon. Macdonald King. On the floor of the senate, back of the bar, were a number of prominent people, including Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier.

**Would Breed Naval Heroes.**  
Sir George spoke from his chair and the poor acoustics of the chamber made it difficult to follow his speech. It evoked, however, several demonstrations of applause from Liberal senators and was followed with close interest by members on both sides of the house. Its keynote was distinctively a plea for a Canadian navy. South Africa was recalled and the six thousand Canadian volunteers. Three Victoria crosses, Sir George said, went to Canadians in the Boer war, but in the naval battles of the empire there would be no Canadians to receive decorations, but only "three empty shells of steel."

In opening, Sir George Ross stated that the line of cleavage between the two political parties was clear and distinct. The senate must decide whether they favored a permanent policy of contribution or the policy of a Canadian navy. He could not agree with Senator Loughheed that to talk of building a navy in Canada at this time was an insult to England. On the contrary, Sir George agreed with the excerpts he read from speeches delivered by Mr. Foster and Mr. Borden in 1909 to the effect that we should have a Canadian navy composed of ships built in Canada and officered and manned by Canadians.

**Naval Service Act Inadequate.**  
Sir George said he would not discuss whether or no an emergency existed because Canada could meet any emergency without passing the Borden bill. Everything proposed to be done by the naval aid bill could be done by a vote in supply under the naval service act of 1910. There was no need to violate

Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

## HOW WILL THE SENATE BE REFORMED?

OTTAWA, Ont., May 27.—(Special.)—There is much curiosity as to what the government will do in the way of reforming the senate. It is evident that the senate could not be abolished or reconstituted without a general election, and as an election is not imminent, politicians are enquiring how Mr. Borden can deal with this recalcitrant chamber. One solution of the difficulty is that the British Government will be asked to amend the B. N. A. Act so that any bill that receives the assent of the commons in two successive sessions will become law without the concurrence of the senate. Such an amendment would be in line with the parliamentary act recently passed by the Asquith government and would not be objectionable to the Canadian Senate. It would preserve to the senate a suspensive veto without precipitating in the future such crises as followed the return of the Laurier government to power in 1897, and the return of the Borden government to power at the recent election.

## NEW LAW LORDS BADLY NEEDED

Sir Rufus Isaacs Says Present System Does Not Satisfy the Overseas Dominions.

LONDON, May 27.—(C. A. P.)—Sir Rufus Isaacs, attorney-general, today moved the second reading of the bill providing for the appointment of two additional judges to the privy council, making six in all. This is the third attempt that the government has made to pass the bill. The work of the judicial commission, he said, had increased very considerably during the past few years, and at present there are 63 appeals to be decided, involving very complicated points of law. It was impossible for the work to be done right or to give satisfaction to the overseas dominions unless the house gave the government power to appoint two new judges. Joseph Martin, M.P., opposed the bill. Sir A. Markham, while not opposing it, stated that by appointing two new judges the house was depriving itself of the opportunity of bringing about any reform in the judicial procedure of the house of lords. The mere fact that the overseas dominions asked for additional judges was not sufficient reason for their appointment at a salary of £6000 a year each. The debate was adjourned.

## STRUCK BY ENGINE YOUNG BOY IS DEAD

Nine-year-old Albert Burgess, son of Thomas Burgess, 648 Rhodes avenue, was struck by an engine yesterday morning at Greenwood avenue crossing, where he was playing on the tracks. His skull was fractured and he died at midnight in St. Michael's Hospital, after being unconscious for about twelve hours.

## TREATY OF PEACE MUST BE SIGNED

Ultimatum Is Presented to Greece and Serbia by Ambassadors Now Meeting in London.

LONDON, May 27.—(Can. Press.)—The growing displeasure in diplomatic circles of the great powers at the attitude of Greece and Serbia, found expression today in what practically amounted to an ultimatum, which Sir Edward Grey, the British secretary for foreign affairs, delivered to the delegates of the belligerents. The commission, which was couched in strong phrases without ambiguity, made it perfectly clear that enough time had been spent in futile discussion of the peace settlement and that the moment had arrived for the signing of the draft treaty. Despite assertions to the contrary, the ambassadors were told that they must sign a modification of the draft, not because of the character of the proposed changes, so much as because of the delay which would attend fresh discussions.

Furthermore, it was pointed out that the proposed modifications were useless in those cases which had been left in the hands of the powers. Consequently the delegates were informed that a decision had been reached that peace should be signed forthwith. It was also intimated that those states which were prepared to sign should do so, and that it would serve no purpose for those not prepared to sign to remain lingering, thereby intimating that the recalcitrants may continue the war. The Serbians and Greeks have notified their home governments of this decision and are now awaiting instructions. The Turks and Bulgarians are ready to sign, and it is not expected that the Montenegrins will raise any objections.

## MUST PAY DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF EYE

Charles H. Rudd Held Liable For Carelessness in Handling a Skyrocket.

Charles H. Rudd must pay the \$1070 awarded as damages to Arnold Pringle last March by Chief Justice Meredith. His appeal from that judgment was yesterday dismissed after argument before the judges composing the court of appeal.

On Victoria Day a year ago Arnold, who is a small boy, or, as the law has it, an infant, picked up a skyrocket which Rudd had thrown into the street because he thought it was spent. The rocket exploded in the child's hands, with the result that he lost the right of one eye.

Charles Pringle, sr., then entered a claim for \$10,000 damages on the boy's behalf, and \$256 on his own account. On March 27 of this year Arnold Pringle was awarded \$1070, the \$70 being allowed to pay the cost of medical attendance.

Mr. Rudd must also pay the costs of the appeal.

## FROG TWO FEET HIGH EYES LIKE TEACUPS

Soliloquizes Like a Locomotive Whistle and Railroaders Are Carrying Guns.

Special to The Toronto World. HYNDMAN, Pa., May 27.—This section is considerably stirred up over reports of a giant frog, who has his abode near a big rock in Wills Creek. His frogship has caused consternation among the trainmen on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, because of his ability to imitate the deep-toned whistles on the freight engines.

According to the trainmen, the frog gets up on the rock and sends his deep-throated bass sounding down the valley, exactly as the big Mogul engines sound their whistles when they call in the flagman. Several flagmen, thinking they had been given the signal to return to their train, left their posts and wrecks were narrowly averted. Brakeman J. W. Fleegle of Cumberland, Md., who saw the frog, says he stands two feet high and has eyes as big as teacups. Several of the trainmen have armed themselves, and threaten vengeance on "Old Gig."

## HERE'S ANOTHER ONE ON THE THIRTEENTH

Thirteen High School Pupils Will Graduate on the Thirteenth of June.

Special to The Toronto World. SUSSEX, N. J., May 27.—Thirteen seniors of the Sussex High School regard themselves as singularly favored of fortune because they are to receive their diplomas on June 13, in the year 1913. The combination is something that could not be beaten again in centuries, they declare, and they are tickled mightily at the prospect.

The elders of the village are predicting dire disaster for the young people who are about to enter the world under such a handicap. They tried to get the board of education to change the date, but the board put it up to the pupils and the latter vigorously opposed any scheme to spoil the "jinks."

## TO STRENGTHEN ARMY OF FRANCE

Government's Proposals to Retain Time-Expired Soldiers in Service Are Endorsed.

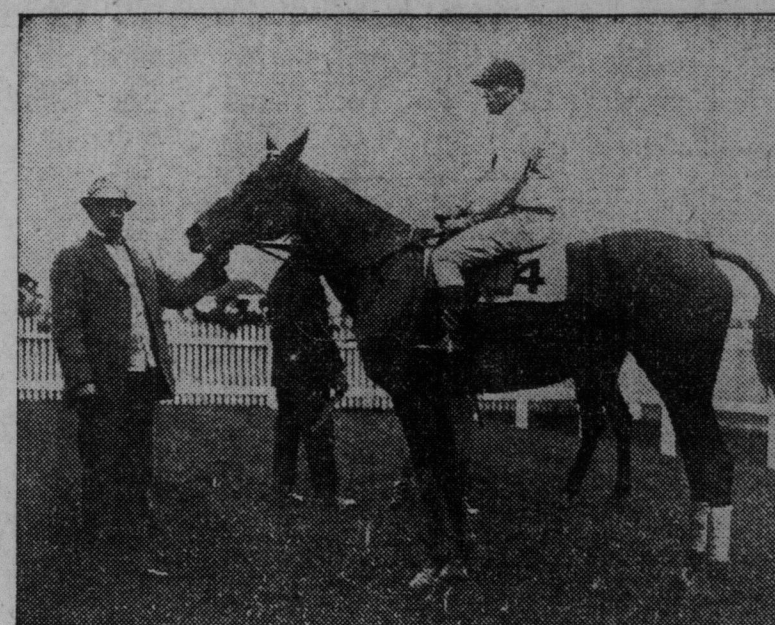
PARIS, May 27.—(Can. Press.)—The chamber of deputies today adopted by a vote of 389 against 165 the proposals of the French Government for retaining the 888,000 necessary to keep alive time-expired soldiers for another year with the active army. Charles Dumont, the minister of finance, explained that the government projected the issue of 20-year 3 per cent. loans and also proposed to issue an income tax on incomes of \$2000 and over, which was expected to produce \$31,000,000. The minister promised to assist those families which had been placed in destitution by the men being kept for three years in the army instead of two.

A strong attack on the government was made by the Socialist deputies. Premier Louis Barthou appealed to the patriotism of the chamber in a speech which was greatly applauded by the members of the Centre and the Right.

## SEAT FOR HON. C. R. MITCHELL.

EDMONTON, Alta., May 27.—(Can. Press.)—George J. Lene, member for Bow Valley, has resigned his seat in the local house to provide a seat for Hon. C. R. Mitchell, who was defeated in Medicine Hat. Nominations will take place June 12, polling one week later. The Liberals of Bow Valley have formally asked Mitchell to stand for the seat.

## WOODBINE STEEPLECHASE WINNER



BELIO, chestnut mare, by Ormus—Tarpais, a most consistent winner thru field.

## MONEY WASTED ON THE MILITIA CHARGE OF OPPOSITION CRITICS HUGHES WOULD DOUBLE OUTLAY

Should Be Twenty Millions a Year to Meet Public Demand, He Contends—Serious Accusations Touching Conditions at Kingston Penitentiary Will Be Investigated.

OTTAWA, May 27.—(Special.)—Col. Samuel Hughes and his estimates for the militia department, occupied the centre of the stage during most of today's sitting of the house. The militia estimates were somewhat savagely attacked by Mr. Carvell, Mr. Lemieux and others, the former pointing out an increase of expenditure of three million dollars per year since the Borden government came into power.

Col. Hughes kept his head thruout the long discussion and assured the house that the expenditures upon militia should be twenty million instead of ten million dollars per year. Indeed, he said, by the agreement with the Imperial Government, made at confederation, Canada was bound to expend ten per cent. of her revenues upon the militia. Several Liberal members came to the defence of Col. Hughes, notably Col. McLean of Queen's and Sunbury and Hon. George P. Graham.

**Prison Reform.**  
The minister of justice at this morning's sitting of the house introduced his bill to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act. The object of the amendments are twofold. The first is to extend the principle of indeterminate sentences in Ontario, and the second to authorize the joint establishment by New Brunswick and Nova Scotia of a reformatory where prisoners from Prince Edward Island may be confined.

When the estimates of the justice department were reached considerable discussion arose concerning St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary. Mr. Wilson (Laval) spoke strongly against prison farming. He pointed out that the prisoners went to work in the fields too late in the morning and returned too early in the afternoon. He said that it would be better for the government to sell the farm adjoining the penitentiary and use the money obtained therefrom for the betterment of conditions in that institution.

The convicts, he said, were often marched thru the streets. Not only was this not a pleasant sight to the townspeople, but it also humiliated the prisoners. He asked that the minister remedy this. The country, he pointed out, was wealthy enough to hire labor for any work outside of the prison walls.

**Tyranny at Kingston "Pen."**  
When the estimates for Kingston Penitentiary were reached Mr. Edwards, the Conservative member for Frontenac, declared that the institution should be cleaned out from end to end. He said that some of the officers there now practised petty tyranny in many ways.

An inspector, he said, should be placed in charge of the institution for the present, as the man who was acting as warden at present was charged with some serious offenses. He should not be allowed to remain in charge while the accusations were uninvestigated.

As an example of the tyranny of some of the officials and their lack of feeling for the convicts, Mr. Edwards related the following incident: "The guards, when making their rounds at night, punch the clocks at certain intervals. A guard one night, some time ago, was about to punch

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

## POLICE ARE SURE SHE KILLED HERSELF

No Inquest Will Be Held Into Death of Mrs. Campbell, Who Was Found Dead in Her Room on Simcoe Street With Sheet Knotted Around Her Throat.

No inquest will be held into the death of Mrs. C. Campbell, whose body was found hanging from a stove pipe in a Simcoe street house on Monday morning. Further investigation yesterday convinced the police that the woman committed suicide by placing a bedsheet around her neck and looping it over a stove pipe, which stretched across the room a foot below the ceiling. Coroner Dr. Singer advised the police that it was a clear case of self-destruction, and on the strength of this the department will drop the case. It is likely that the body will rest in the morgue until word is received from relatives in Scotland.

Inspector of Detectives Kennedy informed The World last night that as there was no evidence of foul play the man who gave his name as "Mr. Thompson," and who accompanied the woman to the house, and has not been seen since the tragedy, will not be sought.

**Don't Want the Man.**  
"It looks like a case of suicide," said the inspector, "so we do not want this man. There is nothing to show that there was foul play."

Coroner Singer stated that he saw a dent in the stove pipe where the bedsheet had been looped. And the sheet, which appeared to have been only draped over the woman, revealed on close examination that it was knotted three times with a peculiar knot, commonly called a "Scotch" knot. Also the pipe creaked when the least pressure was placed on it. Detective Older found that it would bear his weight.

There is some doubt in the house where the tragedy occurred as to the time Thompson left. The room was rented on Saturday and he and the woman were noticed leaving and entering the house from that time up to Sunday night. Mrs. Sharkey, the landlady, stated to The World that she thought Thompson left the house on Monday morning a few hours before the body was found. To the police, however, she said that the person may have been another roomer, and that Thompson may not have been there during Sunday night or the early hours of Monday morning. As the man has not been seen there is no way of clearing up this matter.

**Some Wonder.**  
There is also a little wonder as to how the woman was able to hang herself from the pipe, which is about eight feet above the bed. There is a theory that she threw one end of the sheet over the pipe and climbed up the back of the bed, which is high, to swing off, or that she placed pillows and clothes at the head of the bed and then kicked them away in her struggle, but there was no evidence of this.

Detective Older and Constable McCross state that the woman's feet were several inches above the bed when the body was found, while two people in the house, who saw the body before the police arrived, said that the feet were resting on the bed clothes.

There is one fact that points to suicide, the woman having been lonely and despondent in Canada. She had come here from Edinburgh, Scotland. She worked in Castleton, Ont., for a few days, and thence came to Toronto, where she was engaged as a domestic at two different homes. Her employers said that she was very melancholy and had threatened to end her life. Her husband had suicided some time ago in Scotland, and six of their children were over there. The dead woman was about 45 years old.

**LOVE WAS HANGED.**  
OWEN SOUND, May 27.—(Special.)—Charles Henry Love was hanged here today for the murder of his wife at Plesherton on Dec. 9, 1912. A statement from Love was read, which was practically a confession.

## FALL FROM A ROOF MAY PROVE FATAL

Walter Hallett Is Not Expected to Recover From Serious Injuries.

Walter Hallett, aged 28, of Lakeview avenue, Earlscourt, lies in an unconscious condition in Parkdale Hospital, and will likely die, as a result of falling from a roof which he was shingling at 198 Dunn avenue, yesterday morning. Hallett fell about 30 feet when he lost his footing on the slippery roof and his back was broken. It was stated at the hospital at midnight that his recovery was very doubtful.

## Weatherable Hats.

More weather for soft felt hats. A light weight, genuine, fur felt hat is comfortable in any weather. It is almost as light as a straw hat; it clings to the head closely and will not lift with a puff of wind, and it absolutely refuses to lose its shape, no matter how thoroughly it is soaked with rain. Every style of felt hat made by the best English makers. A three dollar hat at Dineen's is worth four, perhaps it is worth five dollars. Dineen's, established 1864—140 Yonge street, corner Temperance. Raincoats, umbrellas, dress suits, cases, hat boxes, club bags.

## Suits

Washed suit, made from medium brown, handily tailored. \$7.50  
Double-breasted, \$7.00  
Trimmed— \$8.00

## Shirts

From fine in or white, fine hairline, all have the double cuffs. \$1.00  
Athletic style, combination sizes. Per \$1.00

White shirts, up for us. Large, throughout. All \$1.00

## Hats

New colored, supported felt. \$1.00  
In high, plum brims, or plain \$1.50

## Wall

Crowded for advance delivery. \$26  
Yellow, and living \$18  
Plain and \$13  
Light and \$9  
Dining \$9  
With as \$4

## ROCKING THE BOAT

