

hon. member realizes that there is no doubt about the present law applying to workmen from the United States. When these men were brought in I called the attention of the company to the fact, and they immediately sent back the American workmen; they did retain a few of the Frenchmen, Germans and Swiss. The union interested thinks that the Alien Labour Act does apply, and have taken action in the courts.

Item agreed to.

Civil government—Public Archives—salaries, \$110,180; contingencies, \$20,000.

Mr. SPENCER: What is the explanation of the increase?

Mr. RINFRET: This is the usual vote. There is no change except the statutory increase of \$1,364.

Item agreed to.

Progress reported.

On motion of Mr. Mackenzie King the house adjourned at 12 o'clock midnight.

Thursday, June 13, 1929

The house met at eleven o'clock.

QUESTIONS

(Questions answered orally are indicated by an asterisk.)

SALARIES OF DEPUTY MINISTERS

Mr. GARLAND (Bow River):

What are the names and salaries of officials of the civil service who enjoy the rank of deputy minister and who may not be actually in charge of a department, exclusive of those reported in unrevised Hansard, April 17, 1929, page 1720?

Mr. RINFRET:

Public Archives:

A. G. Doughty, deputy minister, \$9,000.

Auditor General:

The auditor general, Georges Gonthier, \$15,000 per annum.

Office of the Chief Electoral Officer:

Jules Castonguay, chief electoral officer, salary \$6,000 a year.

Civil Service Commission:

Honourable William James Roche, M.D., LL.D., P.C., chairman, \$7,000; Joseph Emile Tremblay, commissioner, \$6,000; Newton McFaul MacTavish, M.A., D. Litt., commissioner, \$6,000.

Library of Parliament:

There are two joint-librarians, each having the rank of deputy minister; i.e. Hon. Martin Burrell, parliamentary librarian, and M. J. de L. Tache, general librarian. Each receives a salary of \$6,000 per annum.

Department of Justice:

E. R. Cameron, K.C., registrar of Supreme Court of Canada, salary \$6,000 per annum.

CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE—OFFICERS

PENSIONS

Mr. HUBBS:

How many officers of the Canadian Expeditionary Force had their pensions reduced under section (14) subsection (1) of the Pensions Act, in each of the years 1921-2-3-4-5-6-7?

Mr. KING (Kootenay):

The information asked for is not available as statistics relating to individual sections of the Pension Act are not kept. To give a correct reply would involve an examination of the file of each disability pensioner since 1920.

IMMIGRATION—R. A. BURRISS

Mr. COWAN:

1. Does the Dominion of Canada own the site of the immigration hall at Port Arthur, Ontario, and the building thereon, and, if so, what did the site and building cost?

2. When was R. A. Burriess appointed immigration officer at Port Arthur; what were the terms of his employment, and is any record available of the number of settlers located by him?

3. When did R. A. Burriess cease to be immigration officer, and why?

4. Why has no successor been appointed to fill the office of immigration officer at Port Arthur?

Mr. RINFRET:

1. Title vested in Canadian National Realities Limited.

2. (a) The record of Mr. Burriess's employment at Port Arthur is as follows—February 1, 1899, as agent for the purpose of obtaining settlers from the United States. The terms of his employment were:—February 1, 1898 to March 31, 1899, allowance of \$50 per month for expenses plus a commission of \$3 for every male settler over 18 years, \$2 for every female settler over 18 years, and \$1 for all under 18 years. From April 1, 1899, to October 1, 1899, expense grant of \$100 per month instead of \$50 per month as formerly. August 1, 1900, placed on the salary basis of \$50 per month from the Dominion government and \$50 per month from the Ontario government. No commission. May 1, 1901, owing to withdrawal of Ontario government grant, appointed as temporary agent at salary of \$1,000 per annum and travelling expenses when