- (d) the nationality of the person; and
- (e) the ordinary place of residence of the person.

ARTICLE XII

Surrender of Persons to be Extradited

- 1. The Requested State shall, as soon as a decision on the request for extradition has been made, communicate that decision to the Requesting State. Reasons shall be given for any complete or partial denial of the request.
- 2. When extradition of a person is granted, the person sought shall be delivered to a place in the territory of the Requested State convenient to both Contracting States. The Requested State shall determine a date after which such delivery may take place.
- 3. The person sought shall be removed by the Requesting State within twenty days of the date determined under paragraph 2. This period may be extended by twenty days at the request of the Requesting State.
- 4. If the person sought is not removed within the prescribed period, the Requested State may refuse to grant the surrender or any subsequent request for extradition for the same offence.
- 5. If circumstances beyond its control prevent a Contracting State from surrendering or removing the person to be extradited, it shall notify the other Contracting State. The Contracting States shall decide upon a new date of surrender and the provisions of paragraph 3 of this Article shall apply.

ARTICLE XIII

Postponed or Temporary Surrender

1. When the person sought is being proceeded against or is serving a sentence in the Requested State for an offence other than that for which extradition is requested, the Requested State may surrender the person sought or postpone surrender until the conclusion of the proceedings or the service of the whole or any part of the sentence imposed. The Requested State shall inform the Requesting State of any postponement.