

1 slaughter, 27 to 28c.; No. 2, do., 24 to 26c.; common, 20 to 21c.; waxed upper, light and medium, 30 to 35c.; do., heavy, 27 to 30c.; grained, 32 to 35c.; Scotch, grained, 30 to 35c.; Western splits, 21 to 23c.; Quebec, do., 16 to 18c.; juniors, 16 to 17c.; calf-splits, 30 to 35c.; calfskins, (35 to 40 lbs.), 60 to 65c.; imitation French calfskins, 65 to 75c.; colored calf, American, 25 to 28c.; Canadian, 20 to 24c.; colored pebble cow, 13 to 15c.; russet sheepskins linings, 30 to 40c.; colored, 6 to 7½c.; harness, 27 to 31c.; buffed, cow, 13 to 15c.; extra heavy buff, 15c.; pebble cow, 11½ to 13c.; polished buff, 12 to 13c.; glove-grain, 12½ to 14c.; rough, 22-23c.; russet, and bridle, 35-45c.

METALS AND HARDWARE.—The volume of business in heavy goods is still well sustained. Pig iron is again firmer, and a sale of 50 tons of Summerlee for delivery as wanted during the winter, is reported at \$27, and this is now the general quotation for ordinary lots; Carnbroe is quoted at \$25. Domestic bars are now quoted at \$2.40. A good demand is reported for tin plates from canners, with very steady prices. A very large purchase of Canada plates is reported at something under \$2.50, but it is claimed it would now cost \$2.75 to import. Cable quotations of ingot tin have shown wide fluctuations of late, but the market is again stronger since a week ago, and Straits is now quoted at about 31c. in an ordinary way, and L. & F. at 32 to 32½c. Black sheets are assuming a very strong position. No. 28 gauge being quoted at \$2.70 to \$2.80, with a proposal to advance the price to \$3.10 to \$3.15. as makers' prices have advanced £2 the ton within two months. Boiler plates are also dearer. We quote: Summerlee pig iron, \$26.50 to \$27; Carnbroe, \$25; Calder, \$26.00 to \$26.50; Hamilton, No. 1, \$00.00 to 00.00; No. 2, do., \$00.00 to 00.00; Ferrona, No. 1, \$00; machinery scrap, \$17 to \$17.50; common ditto, \$00 to \$00; bar iron, Canadian, \$2.40 to \$2.45; Canada plates—Pontypool or equal, \$2.60 to \$2.70; 52 sheets to box; 60 sheets, \$2.70; 75 sheets, \$2.80; all polished Canadas, \$3 to \$3.25; Galvanized Canada plates, \$4.25 per box of 52 sheets; Terne roofing plate, 20 x 28, \$8; Black sheet iron, No. 28, \$2.70 to \$2.80; No. 26, \$2.60; No. 24, \$2.50; No. 16, and heavier, \$3; tin plates; Charcoal, I.C. Alloway, \$4.80 to \$5; do., I.X., \$5.25 to \$5.50; P.D. Crown, I.C., \$5.50 to \$5.75; do., I.X., \$4.75; coke, I.C., \$4.40 to \$4.50; galvanized sheets, No. 28, Queen's Head, \$4.75; No. 26, \$4.25 to \$4.50; No. 24, \$2 in case lots; tinned sheets, coke, No. 24, 6c.; No. 26, etc., the usual extra for large sizes. Steel boiler plate, ¾-inch, and upwards, \$3.15; ½-inch, \$3.25; tank steel, \$2.90, ¾-inch; three-sixteenths, \$3; heads, seven-sixteenths and upwards, \$2.95; Russian sheet iron, 9 to 9½c.; lead per 100 lbs., \$4.10 to \$4.25; sheet, \$4.75 to \$5; shot, \$6 to \$6.50; best cast-steel, 11 to 12c.; toe calk, \$3 to \$3.10; spring, \$2.90 to \$3; sleigh shoe, \$2.60 to \$2.70; tire, \$2.60 to \$2.75; round machinery steel, \$3.50 to \$3.60, as to finish; ingot tin, 32 to 32½c. for L. & F.; Straits, 31c.; bar tin, 37 to 38c.; ingot copper, 18¼ to 18½c.; sheet-zinc, \$7.50 to \$8, Silesian spelter, \$6; Veille Montagne spelter, \$6 to \$6.25; American spelter, \$5.75 to \$6; antimony, 10½ to 11c.

OILS, PAINTS AND GLASS.—On Friday last, both linseed oil and turpentine were put up two cents a gallon. In the former case some such step was anticipated in our issue of a fortnight ago. In other respects, there is no change, and business has now assumed a quiet phase. We quote: Single barrels, raw, and boiled linseed oil, respectively, 63 and 66c. per gallon, for one to four barrel lots; 5 to 9 barrels, 62 to 65c.; net, 30 days, or 3 per cent., for four months' terms. Turpentine, one to four barrels, 77c.; five to nine

barrels, 76c.; net 30 days. Olive oil, machinery, 90c.; Cod oil, 34 to 36c. per gal.; steam refined seal, 34 to 36c. per gallon; Castor oil, 8 to 8½c. in quantity; tins, 9 to 9½c.; machinery castor oil, 7½ to 8c.; Leads (chemically pure and first-class brands only), \$6.37½; No. 1, \$6; No. 2, \$5.67½; No. 3, \$5.25; No. 4, \$4.87½; dry white lead, 5½ to 6c. for pure; No. 1, ditto, 5c.; genuine red ditto, 5c.; No. 1, red lead, 4½ to 4¾c.; Putty, in bulk, bbls., \$1.65; kegs, \$1.80; bladder putty, in bbls., \$1.80; smaller quantities, \$1.95; 25-lb. tins, \$2.05; 12½-lb. tins, \$2.30; London washed whitening, 45 to 50c.; Paris white, 75 to 82c.; Venetian red, \$1.50 to \$1.75; yellow ochre, \$1.25 to \$1.50; spruce ochre, \$1.75 to \$2. Window glass, \$2 per 50 feet for first break; \$2.10 for second break.

IRISH WHISKEY PRODUCT.

There is an enormous increase in the consumption of whiskies imported from Scotland and Ireland into England. If the present rate of increase of the spirit trade is maintained, England will presently have adopted whiskey as the national beverage. As Scotch whiskey has come into use here, and Irish whiskey, or, to be more accurate, Dublin whiskey, has lately become a claimant for favor in this market, it is interesting to note that in Scotland the pot distilled whiskey goes to the blenders, who mix it with the patent or grain whiskey to produce the spirit which is sold to the consumer. Patent whiskey is pure alcohol, without what distillers call "body or flavor," and can be made from the cheapest raw grain, Indian corn being largely used in its production. In Ireland, however, they make what is called a "self" whiskey; that is, a whiskey which can be sold without blending, and only requires maturing to fit it for consumption, and, in fact, Irish whiskey will not bear much blending with patent whiskey. There is a growing body of opinion in favor of "self" whiskey, as being more palatable and easy of digestion. The Irish manufacturers stick persistently to the producing of the latter, and the great producers, such as the Dublin Whiskey Distillers, only make a whiskey that can be sold without blending. Whatever be the reason, the fact is that there has been a

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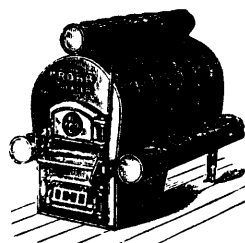
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