8788—Cryptorhynchus pumilus Boh.

8795—Cryptorhynchus fallax Lec.

These kinds I find occasionally on the bark of dead linden, etc.

8820—*Acoptus suturalis Lec. Quite common on hickory. June and July.

8834—Caliodes flavicaudis Boh. Rare; swept from smart weed (P. persicaria).

8893-Pseudobaris t-signum Boh.

9071—Pityophthorus cariniceps Lec.

9223—Brachytarsus alternatus Say.

These three species I have taken rarely while sweeping.

PREPARATORY STAGES OF EUPLEXIA LUCIPARA, LINN.

BY HARRISON G. DYAR, RHINEBECK, N. Y.

EGG.—Nearly spherical, flattened at the base, marked with about twenty-five longitudinal ribs and numerous transverse ridges, the former somewhat irregular and running to a depression on the summit; color whitish, with a circle around the middle and a spot on top of purplish-brown; these marks more or less confluent. Length about .5 m.m.

NEWLY-HATCHED LARVA.—Walks in the manner of a geometer, not using the central abdominal legs. It is of a whitish colour, with many black dots, from each of which arises a hair. Head, thoracic legs, and cervical spot, black. Duration of this stage about four days. When not feeding, the insect remains stretched out at full length on the back of a leaf.

AFTER FIRST MOULT.—Semi-transparent, whitish, with fine black dots as in the previous stage, a transverse row to each segment. Head whitish, mouth-parts black. Duration of this stage four days.

AFTER SECOND MOULT.—Differs from the preceding only in size. Duration, five days.

AFTER THIRD MOULT.—Whitish, a blackish lateral band with traces of dorsal and sub dorsal lines on first three segments. Black piliferous dots. Duration, six days.

AFTER FOURTH MOULT.—Much the same. The twelfth segment is somewhat thicker than the rest of the body. Semi-transparent, with the markings indistinct. Lateral line white, shaded with blackish above, the