London Adbertiser. ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.

Managing Director John Cameron

London, Thursday, April 26.

Arbitration.

The numerous strikes which break out in many directions every year in the early summer throughout the United States and Canada, show that something is wrong.

These strikes do harm to many, and seldom do much permanent good. Besides loss to both sides, they cause inconvenience to innocent third parties. The right or wrong is seldom exclus-Ively with either party; though each side, through failure to put itself mentally in the other's place, may bonestly enough think itself entirely in the right and its opponent entirely to the wrong. That is the standpoint of everage human nature, as it is the sendency of everage human nature to bry to have its own way.

How is this state of things to be remedied? There is one remedy only that fairly meets the situation, and that remedy the general public, if it knew its business and interest, would insist on. The remedy is arbitration. Even arbitration might not satisfy each side absolutely. Very likely; as the right or wrong in most disputes is not exclusively on one side. But by any fair arbitration, in nine cases out of ten, justice would be done on the everage about as perfectly as can be expected in an imperfect world, and this side the Golden Age.

In New Zealand, obligatory arbitration has absolutely prevented strikes; dispensed even-handed justice: relieved employers from harassment and unfair competition; while giving employes the feeling that they also will obtain what in all the circumstances le found to be fair, as between man

It may take some time for the Unitod States and Canada to get into the happy position of New Zealand in the respect we have been discussing; but It will come, and we believe sooner than some expect. For example, a new organization is growing up in the United States among the employing printers of the republic, one of the principal aims of which is to settle, through a capable and even-tempered commissioner recently appointed, as many disagreements as possible by ar-

The Duke of Argyll.

The Duke of Argyll, who has just passed away, was the representative of one of Scotland's ancient and aristocratic homes. His son, the Marquis of Lorne, had the distinction of marnent politician, though he was never what could be called a popular leader. He belonged to the Whig section of the Liberal party-a section which has been very largely absorbed in the so-called Unionist party. The duke came at last to be a critic of men and things in general rather than a leader or worker. There is one point in his character and career which can be mentioned with pleasure, the deep and constant interest he took in science and philosophy. He cannot, of course. be classed in the front rank of sciencists or philosophers, but he furnishes a good example, of which there are many in great Britain, of men of swealth and leisure who devote much time and energy to the pursuit of Durely intellectual interests. As a conproversialist he was not a match for Prof. Huxley, but like Dr. St. George Mivert, who also has recently passed beyond the region of controversy, he belped to stem the tide of materialtem, which at one period of the nineteenth century seemed to be so closely bound up with the study of physical science. Though not the kind of pubne man to call forth any intense perconsi attachment or awaken any widespread enthusiasm, in his own way the Duke of Argyll, though no doubt nampered by class interests, sought to serve his own generation faithfully.

A Striking Suggestion.

In the last issue of the Nineteenth Century the Marquis of Lorne has a suggestion for helping to people South Africa with loyal British subjects. He tells us that there exists a State Children's Aid Society. On its list of supporters may be seen the names of men who have held foremost positions in Great Britain. Its objects are defined as being these:

1. To obtain the dissolution of large aggregated schools, so that the children may be brought up, when possible, in families, or in small groups, where they will be in daily touch with the various interests and activities of mocial life

2. To dissociate the children from all connection with the workhouse and the officials who have to deal with the pauper class.

3. To obtain for the state further powers of control over neglected children.

The very existence of such a society points to a great evil, namely, that in the crowded cities there are parents who negleot their duties. This is a sad state of things, but as it exists a remedy must be provided. The Marquis (now Duke of Argyll) points to judicious emigration as one of the eastest means of dealing with the problem. During ten years 2,410 children have been sent out, and the sum of £28,952 has been spent upon them by authority of the Local Government Board. The selection has to be judiciously made and the work carefully done. The example of Canada is cited, and the precautions required by Ontario and Manitoba pointed out.

Along these or similar lines the writer thinks child-emigration might be diverted to South Africa after the settlement which will follow the present war. There will, he thinks, be plenty of room after those who have suffered most for the white race have had the pick of the land. Little settlements might be formed, where clergy and school masters could bring up healthy, loyal colonists. "They would, in short, be bred up to usefully fill places in the South African union of provinces which shall keep for the races who have to live there together the benefits of the best characteristics of the European races." This may be a good idea; the new duke seems to have great faith in it; but like other movements of the same kind, everything will depend upon how it is done.

Not Peace, but a Sword.

Men have often been startled by the saying of the Prince of Peace, that he came not to bring peace, but a sword. It was not that he desired war, or loved strife, but he saw what the result of his efforts would be, and faced it clearly and courageously. It is part of the mysterious moral order of this world that those who most sincerely desire peace are the means of bringing strife. The men who seek to make the world better, whether they act wisely or unwisely, do stir up strife. Part of this no doubt comes from our indiscretions; part is, however, inevitable. No great commotion or war is stirred up by one line of action, or one set of circumstances. There are always many varied forces at work; and the final butcome is the resultant of powers which check and modify each other. We have an illustration of this principle in the present war.

There are no body of men who have been more anxious to avert war than the leading Nonconformists of England, and we may safely say that from that quarter have come influences which have helped to prepare the way for war. We do not mean that their outcry against war encouraged the Boers to think that they could go to any length in their defiance of the British Government, nor that their support of peaceful measures in the past has been construed as a sign of weakness, and an outcome of fear. There is some truth in these statements, but we are thinking of something deeper. It is the work of the London Missionary Society. on behalf of the natives, that has, during the past century, brought out clearly the difference between the ideals and methods of Briton and Boer. Anyone who cares to read carefully the history of the Colonial Office transactions will find the names of Christian missionaries mostly connected with the great Nonconformists of England. These men may sometimes have been mistaken, and some of them may have been fussy and indiscreet, but we know that among them were some of the rying into the royal family. The late noblest men that Britain has ever sent nearly always in conflict with the Boer as to the treatment of the natives and the missionary work of the church

> The comparative steadiness of the native races during the present crisis tells its own tale. As a whole, they pray for the success of the British because they know that it means justice for them. Many influences have no doubt tended to prepare the way for this great conflict, but one has certainly been the different ideals of the two peoples. From England, from Exeter Hall, the center of so much missionary activity, and the object of so many sneers, have gone humanitarian influences; influence directed to the freedom of the slave and the uplifting of the poor. Those who sent out these influences were always advocates of peace; but they have often learned that in that way where men seek for peace, they often find the sword, and their only consolation is the thought that if knowledge brings the sword, knowledge will take the sword away.

A serious accident occurred to A. Smart, near Holland, Man. shooting a duck his gun exploded, driving part of the barrel through his and into his thigh. He is in a critical condition.



what makes home?

Home is made by the family. Without the love which comes with children there may be a house but never a home, in the best meaning of the word. Many a house which was only four walls and a roof has been made a home by the agency of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Nature sets her face against childlessness and "Favorite Prescription" works with nature to remove the obstacles to maternity.

"I had been a sufferer from uterine trouble for "I had been a sufferer from uterine trouble for about three years, having two miscarriages in that time and the doctors that I consulted said I would have to go through an operation befere I could give birth to children," writes Mrs. Blanche E. Evans, of Farsons, Luzerne Co., Pa., Box 41. "When about to give up in despair, I bought a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and after taking it felt better than I had for years. Felt improved before I had taken one-half bottle. After taking four and a half bottles I gave birth to a bright baby girl who is now four months old and has not had a day of sickness. She is as bright as can be. I cannot say too much in praise of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay cost of customs and mailing only. Send 31 onecent stamps for paper covered book or 50 stamps for cloth covered to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE RUNIANS, GRAY, CARRIE CO.

THE RUNIANS, GRAY, CARRIE CO.

Special Friday Bargains.

Dress Goods

Navy Serge, 52 inch, all wool, smooth finish twills, fine and heavy make, regular 75c, Friday

ured Dress Goods, very light finish, for separate skirts, regular price \$1 00, Friday only per yard 50c Black, Brown and Grey Linenette Lining, best quality, 12½c per yard, Friday only for9½c Fancy Black Waist Lining, Gilbert's regular 25c, fast color, Fri-

green, cardinal and fawn, regular 5c Friday per yard 20

Staples

We direct your attention specially to the sale of Remnants. Beautiful Table Linen in all sizes, from 11/4 yards up to 3 yards, at the close selling price, 25 per cent on Friday.

Splendid Linen Towelings, in ends of 2 yards to 5, at a discount of 25 per cent on Friday. Beautiful Colored Muslin Organ-dies, lawn and dimities, in ends from 2 yards up, at a discount of

25 per cent on Friday. See those Pillow Cottons, Sheetings, Flannelette, Wrapperette, in different lengths, at just 25 per cent discount on Friday. Fine Scotch Gingham Zephyrs and

Chambrays, in different lengths. at a discount of 50 per cent on Six only ends white Pique with colored sprays, spots, etc., regular 15c goods. Friday, per yard..... ure Linen Huck Towels, 21 by

Millinery

fringed or hemmed, regular

85c quality. Friday, per pair 25c

15 dozen Ladies' Untrimmed Sailor Hats, in white, red, green and black, regular 25c and 35c goods,

Gents' Furnishings Gloves and Hosiery

350 Men's Four-Ply Pure Linen Collars, turn-down points, 2 and 24 inch, all sizes, 14% to 16%, regular 15c; Friday bargains, each 5c 15 dozen Silk and Satin Ties, Strings and Fancy Bows; also a few Puffs, dark and medium colors;

stripes and checks, with and without collars, cuffs attached, fast colors, soft bodies, all sizes, 141/2 to 161/2, regular 65c; Friday penders, heavy strong elastic, good buckles, regular 200 to 35c, Friday bargains, pair

Glothing Dept.

100 pairs only, Boys' Tweed Knickers, sizes 22 to 25, and strong, well-lined, navy serge Knickers, all sizes, 25 to 33, regular 50c, Fri-

fancy braid trimmed collars, sizes 20 to 25, regular price \$1 00, Fri-Trousers, hip and corner pockets, all sizes, 32 to 40, Friday, special price 990

Shoe Department

Assorted lot Women's Chocolate Oxford Shoes, Dongola Strap Slippers, and Australian Kid Ox-

thern ties and Trilby buttons, all sizes, our special price \$1 48 pairs, all sizes, Laced and Button Boots, vici kid, hand-turned soles, new round toe, stylish toe-caps; regular \$2 50, Friday .. \$1 77

Skirts

Tailor-made Skirts, wool, homespun, in checks, plaid and plain cloths, regular \$5 50 and \$6; special\$2 %

Ladies' Lisle Thread Gloves, in tan, gray and black, with black red and black, with heavy stitching, two clasps; Friday per

toe; Special Friday, 2 pairs for.. 35c Ladies' Extra Heavy Cotton hose, seamless feet, double heel and toe, regular 15c; Friday, per

pair Ladies' Plain and Ribbed Cashmere Hose, double soles, regular 35c; Hose, fast black, double heel and toe, sizes 6, 6½, 7, 8, 8½, 9, 9½; special Friday, per pair 10c

Ladies' Underwear

Ladies' Cotton Vests, with long sleeves, lace trimmed; special Ladies'

Blouses

Ladies' Striped Blouses, in sateen and print, all colors and sizes; regular \$1; Friday 50c Ladies' Print Blouses, good quality, regular 50c; Friday 35c Ladies' Percale Blouses, plain back, dress sleeve; Friday\$1 00
Ladies' Silk Blouses, plain colors,
with satin stripes, in blue red and purple shades, price \$3 50; special for Friday\$2 75

Ladies' Jean Corsets, filled with heavy cord, good fit; special

Smallwares

Hat Pins, white and black tops.
Special Friday, per dozen 50
Pin Cushion Forms, assorted shapes. Friday, special, each.... 90
Linen Buttons, assorted sizes. Fri-per pair 100

Laces & Embroideries

16 pieces Cream and White Guipure Lace Insertion, straight and applique patterns, from 1 to 21/2 inches wide, worth 12½c, 20c, 25c and 40c per yard. Special, Friday, per yard...8c, 10c, 12½c, 18c, 25c pieces Embroidery, 2 and 3 inches wide, regular 5c to 8c per yard. Friday, 2 yards for yard. Friday, 2 yards for 50 180 Children's Handkerchiefs, colored border, worth 4c. Friday, 3 for

BASEMENT

Friday Specials.

101/2 pounds Redpath's Granulated tea for, per pound 25c 2 pound tins of Preserved Pears, in heavy syrup, for, per tin..... 12c 1 can of Pure Food Tomatoes for ... 70 1 can of Peas for ... 3 pound tin Flemish Beauty Pears 97-piece Dinner Set in brown and Tea Plates, for, per dozen 28c White Cups and Saucers, for, per dozen 40c
Glass Tumblers, 2 for 5c
Glass Goblets, each 6c
½-gallon Glass Water Jugs, each 25c Glass Salad Bowls, each...10c, 15c, 250 Haviland China a specialty.

208, 210, 2101, 212 Dundas Street, London.

Albert Krok, aged 4, and Frank Krok, aged 2, were killed in Chicago by eating canned meat infected with

Congressman C. N. Fowler will give the City of Elizabeth, N. J., a public library building, fully equipped, to

There are some twenty boats at Port Dalhousie, waiting to lock through. Navigation through the canal will be open on Friday. Hon. M. Sullivan, of Kingston is so

improved in health that it is possible he may attend the senate before the session concludes. The Allan Line steamer Norwegian,

from Portland, arrived on Tuesday morning, and landed her shipment of 352 cattle without loss. A party of 26 French-Canadians, from different parts of the province, left Montreal on Wednesday morning for the Cape Nome gold district in

The men at the Dominion fish hatchery at Sandwich are liberating millions of whitefish fry in Lake Erie Lake St. Clair and Detroit and Nia-

gara Rivers. The Dominion Government Intends extending for a term of ten years the subsidy for the cold storage in steamers between British Columbia, China and Japan.

The extreme penalty-\$50 and costs, or six months in jail-was imposed on the five young men who took part in the disturbance at the Jewish Synagogue at Ottawa on Sunday, April

James Corrigan's famous suit against John D. Rockefeller is on in Cleveland courts. Corrigan alleges that Rockefeller, by false representations, secured from him \$1,250,000 worth of Standard Oil stocks for \$420,000, and sues to recover the difference.

Count Lavine De Tourouse Lautrec, charged by the Montreal authorities having disposed of forged bonds under the name of V. Castano, was released from custody at Chicago on Wednesday, but was soon after arrested on new warrants issued on the old charge.

Leopold Dandurand, of St. John's Que., a third year medical student of Laval University, was found dead early this morning in front of the house in Elizabeth street, Montreal, where he boarded, with a fractured He is supposed to have fallen from his window.

A singular mode of punishing crime was tried by Judge McDougell at Toronto Wednesday morning, when Mrs. Isabella Taylor, a very old woman, convicted of receiving a quantity of stolen furs, was allowed to go on an understanding by her counsel that she will be sent to Scotland.

A DINNER PILL — Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon partaken of is life a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healing nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vege-table Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions, and convey the ment. They are just the medicine to food partaken of into healthy nutri-take if troubled with indisestion.



The twin terrors of this season of the year are Fneumonia and Bronchitis. They hurry off hundreds of people into untimely

On the first indication of a cough or cold don't wait for serious developments. Start taking Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup before the damage done the lungs is beyond repair.

Mrs. Norman Thompson, Poplar Grove, P. E. I., says: "I had a severe cough, and pain and soreness in my chest. The cough was a hacking one and seemed to tear my lungs. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup promptly relieved the cough and remove every trace of the soreness."

Railways and Navigation

CAN TO THE

A TOURIST SLEEPER

A fully equipped Touris Sleeper runs through to Vancouver every Tuesday and Saturday, leav-

ing Toronto at 2 p.m. Every Thursday a through Tourist Sleeper leaves North Bay at 10:30 p.m., and runs through to Seattle.

Any Canadian Pacific Agent will gladly give you further particulars, and secure you accommodation in one of these cars. A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 1 King street east, Toronto. THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent

161 Dundas street, corner Richmond.

FAST TRAIN SERVICETO....

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MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route." Special Fast Train

Leaves London, 7:15 p.m. daily (Sunday excepted), Arriving BUFFALO, 11:10 p.m. ROCHESTER, 12:56 a.m. SYRACUSE, 2:50 a.m. ALBANY, 6:25 a.m. NEW YORK, 10:00 a.m. JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent, O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticke

E. B. EDDY'S

Parlor Matches

Have No Superior. NO BRIMSTONE.

NO OBJECTIONABLE FUMES.

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS.

nurse, is dead in Concord. N. H. APIOLOSTE EL S A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES

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Superseding Bittle Apple, Pil Cochin, Penny royal, etc. Order of all chemists, or post free for \$150 from Evans & Sons, Limited, Montreal, Que. Toronto, Ont., and Victoria, B.C., or MARTIN, Chemist, Southampton, Eng

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Railways and Navigation

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Full information from agents G.T.R. System. or E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A., "clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets,
M. C. DICKSON, district passenger agent,

IMPORTANT NOTICE. Passengers are now being booked for summer sailings. Reserve at once and save disappointment. Bear in mind that it is easier to cancel accommoda-tion at a late date than to secure it. S.S. GERMANIC May 2, Noon *S.S. OCEANIO May 16, 7 a.m.
*S.S. TEUTONIC May 23, Noon S.S. GERMANIC May 30, Noon

De La Hooke,

Railways and Navigation

On and after Sunday, Jan. 14, 1900, the trains leaving Union Station, Toronto (via Grand Trunk Railway) at 9 a.m. and 9:30 p.m., make close con rection with the Maritime Express and Local Express at Bonaventure Depot, Montreal, as rollows:

The Maritime Express will leave Montreal daily except Saturday, at 11:30 a.m., and on Sunday at 11:55 a.m., for Halifax, N. S. St. John, N. B., and points in the Maritime Prov-

inces.
The Maritime Express from Halifax, St. John and other points east, will arrive at Montroal daily except on Monday, at 5:39 p.m.
The Local Express will leave Montroal daily, except Sunday, at 7:49 a.m., due to arrive at Riviere du Loup at 6:09 p.m.
The Local Express will leave Riviere du Loup daily, except Sunday, at 12 noon, and Levis at 4:35 p.m., due to arrive at Montroal at 10:10 p.m.

10:10 p.m.
Through sleeping and dining cars on the
Maritime Express. Buffet cars on Local Ex press.

The vestibule trains are equipped with every convenience for the comfort of the traveler. The elegant sleeping, dining and first-class cars make travel a luxury.

THE LAND OF BIG GAME. The Intercolonial Railway is the direct route to the great game regions of Eastern Quebeo, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. In this area are the finest hunting grounds for moose, deer, are the finest hunting grounds for moose, deer, caribou and other big game, as well as unlimited opportunities for shooting wild geese, duck, brant and other fewl common to this part of the continent. For information as to game in New Brunswick, send for a copy of "Rod and Gun."

Tickets for sale at all offices of the Grand Trunk system, at Union Station, Toronto, and at the office of the General Traveling Agent.

Wm. Robinson, General Traveling Agent, 80½ Yonge streets, Toronto.

H. A. Price, District Passenger Agen 143 St. James street, Montreal.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships for Liverpool, Calling at Moville. From From Montreal. Quebec. 9 a.m. 6 p.m. May 12, May 12 May 26, May 26 Tunisian (new).... Numidian.

RATES OF PASSAGE. RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin, \$52.50 and upwards. Second cabin \$35 and upwards. Steerage, \$23.50. New York to Glasgow. First cabin, \$50 and upwards. Second cabin, \$30. Steerage, \$23.50, Reduction on first and second cabin return tickets.

London agents—E. De la Hooke, T. R. Parker, F. B. Clarke.

GERMUN SENSE KILLS Roaches, Bed Bugs, Rats and Mice. Sold by all