

The Man who tries, and fails, succeeds.

# The Acadian.

The man who succeeds without trying, fails.

HONEST, INDEPENDENT, FEARLESS.

VOL. XXXVI.

WOLFVILLE, KINGS COUNTY, N. S., FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1917.

NO. 29

## THE ACADIAN.

Published every Friday morning by the Proprietors.

DAVIDSON BROS., WOLFVILLE, N. S.

Subscription price is \$1.00 a year in advance. If sent to the United States, \$1.50.

News communications from all parts of the county, or articles upon the topics of the day, are cordially solicited.

ADVERTISING RATES.

\$1.00 per square (2 inches) for first insertion, 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Continued space for literary advertisements.

Reading notices ten cents per line first insertion, two and a half cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

ROLES.

Copy for new advertisements will be received up to Thursday noon. Copy for changes in contract advertisements must be in the office by Wednesday noon.

Advertisements in which the number of insertions is not specified will be continued and charged for until otherwise ordered.

This paper is mailed regularly to subscribers until a definite order to discontinue is received and all arrears are paid in full.

Job Printing is executed at this office in the latest styles and at moderate prices.

All postmasters and news agents are authorized agents of THE ACADIAN for the purpose of receiving subscriptions, but receipts for same are only given from the office of publication.

TOWN OF WOLFVILLE.

O. S. FITCH, Mayor.  
W. M. BLACK, Town Clerk.

Office Hours: 9.00 to 12.30 a. m.  
1.30 to 3.00 p. m.  
Close on Saturday at 12 o'clock.

POST OFFICE, WOLFVILLE.

Office Hours, 8.00 a. m. to 8.00 p. m. On Saturdays open until 5.30 p. m. Mails are made up as follows:

For Halifax and Windsor close at 6.00 a. m.

Express west close at 9.35 a. m.

Express east close at 4.00 p. m.

Keefeville close at 2.45 p. m.

Reg. letters 15 minutes earlier.

E. S. CRAWLEY, Post Master.

CHURCHES.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. N. A. Harkness, Pastor. Sunday Services: Public Worship at 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday School at 9.00 a. m. Mid-week meetings on Wednesday evening at 7.30. Women's Missionary Aid Society meets on Wednesday following the church at 7.30 p. m. The Social and Benevolent Society meets the third Thursday of each month at 8.00 p. m. The Mission Band meets on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at 8.45 p. m. All seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

Presbyterian Church.—Rev. G. W. Miller, Pastor: Public Worship every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 9.45 a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Services at Fort Williams and Lower Horton as announced. W. F. M. S. meets on the second Tuesday of each month at 8.30 p. m. Senior Mission Band meets fortnightly on Monday at 7.00 p. m. Junior Mission Band meets fortnightly on Sunday at 8.00 p. m.

Methodist Church.—Rev. F. J. Armitage, Pastor. Services on the Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 o'clock, a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.45. All the seats are reserved for the young people as all the services. At Greenville, preaching at 8 p. m. on the Sabbath.

Church of England. St. John's Parish Church, or Horton. Services: Holy Communion every Sunday, 8 a. m.; first and third Sundays at 11 a. m. Matins every Sunday 11 a. m. Evening 7.30 p. m. Special services in Advent, Lent, etc., by notice in church. Sunday School, 10 a. m.; Superintendent, H. Creighton.

All seats free. Strangers heartily welcome.

Rev. R. F. Dixon, Rector.

A. G. Cowie, H. Troys-Bullock, Wardens.

St. Francis (Catholic)—Rev. Fr. Donahue, P. P.—Mass 9 a. m. the second Sunday of each month.

H. A. Puck, Secretary.

ODDFELLOWS.

OLYMPIAN LODGE, No. 92, meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, in their hall in Harris' Block. Visiting brethren always welcome.

H. M. Watson, Secretary.

TEMPERANCE.

WOLFVILLE DIVISION No. 2, meets every Monday evening in their Hall at 8 o'clock.

FORESTERS.

Court Hamilton, I. O. F., meets in Temperance Hall on the third Wednesday of each month at 7.30 p. m.

## COAL!

Acadia Lump,  
Albion Nut,  
Springhill,  
Inverness.

A. M. WHEATON

The greatest strength of the world's best wheat is in the bread baked from

# PURITY FLOUR



"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD"

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hutchins* In Use For Over Thirty Years

### CASTORIA

900 DROPS

The Physicians of Great Britain and America have recommended it for the relief of the following ailments: **INFANTS AND CHILDREN**—Promotes Digestion, Clears the Bowels, and Relieves Constipation. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Spasms, and all the ailments of Infants and Children.

50 DROPS—15 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

### Why We Should Swat the Fly.

One fly laying 100 eggs at a time will have an estimated progeny numbering 6,000,000,000 at the end of one season. This means, says Good Health, the transfer of several human beings as a result of disease carried by these flies. The funeral of the original fly will prevent the loss of these lives, and the obsequies of Mrs. Fly should take place now. The measure ple, which is the fly's breeding place, should also be its burying ground. Boxes one pound to 12 pounds of manure, is recommended as a destroyer. Sift this over the heap. Then sprinkle with four or five gallons of water.

### OUR LUNGS ARE DELICATE

Overwork, lack of fresh air, mental strain or any sickness disturbs their functions. Stubborn coughs tear and wear the sensitive lung tissues.

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

should be taken promptly for hard coughs, unyielding colds, or when strength is lowered from any cause. Its high nutritive value creates resistive force to ward off sickness. The rich cod liver oil improves the quality of the blood to relieve the cold and the glycerine is soothing and healing to the lung tissues.

Refuse Alcoholic Substitutes Which Exclude the Cod Liver Oil.

### A Bit of 'Old Canada.'

There exists at Uxbridge, Ontario, a pioneer house 124 years old. This is probably a unique record for a Canadian log house and it is said to be the oldest log house of similar dimensions in the Dominion. Some of the logs are from thirty to thirty-six inches in diameter. It is still occupied, and it is interesting to note, as a testimony to the comfort of the house, that its occupants, numbering thirteen, took first prize in 1912 at a political picnic.

The city bred boy's parents had just moved into the country and arrangements were being made for him to attend the public school. One day he saw electricians at work there.

"What are those fellows doing?" he asked his father.

"Putting in an electric switch."

"Well, I am going back to town at once" was the boy's astonished comment. "I won't stand a school where they do their licking by electricity."

## TO-DAY EVERYDAY AND EVERYDAY

# KING COLE TEA

You'll Like the Flavor

### The Man Who Quits.

The man who has a brain and hand as good as the rest, but lacks the sand and courage to stick with courage stout to whatever he tackles and fight out.

He starts with a rush and a solemn vow that he'll soon be showing the other how; then something new strikes his eye and the task is left for the by and bye.

It's up to each man what becomes of him; He must find in himself the grit and vim

That brings success, he can get the skill, If he brings to the task a steadfast will.

No man is beaten till he gives in; Hard luck can't stand for a cheerful grin;

The man who fails needs a better excuse Than the quitter's whining. 'What's the use?'

For the man who quits lets his chance slip, Just because he's too lazy to keep his grip.

The man who sticks goes ahead with a shout, While the man who quits joins the 'down and out.'

### Where War is Unknown.

How would you like to live on an island where there is an inexhaustible supply of food, drink, warmth and sunshine, where there are no rats and no mosquitoes, no never-ending devices, and no war.

Such an island is Tristan da Cunha, which, for the first time in ten years, a mailboat is now on its way. This most remote isle is one of the most romantic jewels in the ocean.

So cut off from civilization are its inhabitants that it is possible the mailboat will carry them their first news of the great war.

The island is 21 miles in circumference, and is the home of about 80 persons, comprising 17 families, who live in a cluster of cottages on either side of a flowing rivulet. Attached to each house is a pen, enclosed by a stone wall, where sheep, calves and other livestock are kept. According to the last estimate the island contains 400 head of cattle, averaging 800 lbs. each in weight.

If it is ever your good fortune to be forced up on these shores you will receive a friendly welcome. Every newcomer is hailed with delight, which is hardly surprising seeing that strangers are so rare a treat! You will find the women are exceedingly good looking, with their flaxen hair and oval faces. The men wear fisherman's jerseys, and resemble the picturesque fisher folk of Brittany; while the children are pretty in their clean, white calico frocks, white woolen stockings and calico shoes.

But you will have to work. There are no ditches in Tristan da Cunha. The social laws of the island decree that every man shall be self-supporting if he possesses normal health and capabilities.

For example, you will not be allowed to own land unless you can make it productive. All the pastures are regarded as common property, but any man can declare his intention to cultivate a portion of land—there being plenty—and he is allowed to enclose considerably more than enough to grow and to possess this land so long as he keeps it in cultivation.

It is not only the children, but if he lets go to waste it becomes common property.

Another curious law relates to trade with passing ships, of which there are very few. You may not make a personal bargain with the skipper. All trading must benefit the whole of the community; every import must be shared in common. If one man, cleverer than the rest, succeeded in striking a good bargain with a ship, and obtaining for himself something valuable in return, he would secure an advantage over his fellows which is not permitted on this idyllic isle where all men are equal.

It reports speaks truly, quarrelling is quite unknown. There is neither crime nor drunkenness. Although intermarriage between close relatives is naturally common, there is not, the slightest sign of degeneration upon the island. Go there, and you will not only be sure to find a healthy and attractive mate, but you will also find a minister to marry you!

### Garden Notes.

It is time now to sow in hotbeds, coldframes or in the house the seeds of vegetables which need to be started early for transplanting to the garden. This early sowing of some vegetables hastens their maturity and allows a longer season during which they may be had fresh from the garden. Some of the crops which should be started during the last week of March or early part of April are tomatoes, early cabbages, early cauliflower, celery and onions. The last two are better to be sown in March.

For indoor sowing use shallow seed boxes about 3 1/2 inches deep. Good soil for seed boxes is made of equal parts of garden loam and sharp sand in equal parts, well mixed and put through a sieve of quarter inch mesh.

The depth to sow seed in indoor work depends upon the size of the seed. Sow to a depth of from two to four times the diameter of the seed; is an old rule among gardeners.

A good way to water the soil after sowing is to place the box in a pan or in the sink containing enough water to come half way up the sides of the box. When the surface of the soil shows signs of moisture, usually in five minutes, the box is removed. Watering in this way does not wash the seeds out of place or pack the surface soil or cause it to bake and thus prevent the young plants coming through.

If the boxes are placed in a sunny window they should be covered with a pane of glass, or with paper or burlap or some other material to prevent too rapid drying out and baking of the surface soil until the seeds come up. As soon as the young plants appear the covering should be removed otherwise they will become spindling.

A hotbed or a coldframe is an addition to the garden. Plants needing an early start and protection from the cold can be started in it and brought to maturity without transplanting. Among the latter are radish, lettuce and sometimes early beets and carrots (in small quantities). These crops grow in this way would be ready for use long before similar crops planted directly in the garden would be ready.

If regular hotbed ashes are not available storm windows from the house may be used although the former are preferable. A layer of fresh horse manure, containing one-third straw should be placed in the bottom of the hotbed and be firmly tramped down. Fine garden loam to a depth of 4 to 6 inches placed over this makes a suitable cold bed. The seeds should not be sown until the temperature of the manure begins to fall and has gone below 80 or 90 degrees. If the seeds are sown in hotbeds, a layer of soil or coal ashes is sufficient to cover the manure.

Manure for the garden should be composted now or forked over several times to hasten decay and reduce to fineness.

'Curly Frinks has put up a sign in his barber shop, forbidding the use of profanity, the telling of 'ford stories, and the sending of little boys all over town hunting for smoke shovels, meat sugars and such as that,' announced Burt Blunt, of Petouan.

'Well—shucks!' returned old Riley Rezzidew. 'What does that haughty tonorialist think a barber shop is for, anyhow? To split hairs?' he judges.

If kissing should go out of fashion no girl would care to be considered stylish.

### Children Must Be Protected.

The children must be safeguarded, if they do survive the frequent coughs and colds it is often with the lungs so weakened that they become chronic sufferers from bronchitis or consumption, being composed of simple ingredients of unadulterated value. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Licorice and Turpentine is admirably suited as a treatment for children. It is pleasant to the taste. So much so that children delight to take it on this account, as well as because of the quick relief it affords them.

### Legislature in Nova Scotia.

There was introduced into the legislature on March 27th a Sheep Protection Bill, the leading feature of which were the placing of a tax of \$2.00 on dogs and \$5.00 on bitches. The tax collected is to go into a special fund for the purpose of compensating the owners of sheep destroyed by dogs, the owners or harborers of which are not known. Whether this bill will pass or not will depend largely upon the support which it will receive from the farmers of Nova Scotia. Anyone reading this item who is interested in the subject of increasing the sheep population of Nova Scotia will help materially if he will get in touch with his County Representative and help him to support the bill.

### To Keep White Silk White.

If you are fond of wearing white crepe de chine or plain silk blouses and wish to keep them from turning yellow, wash them in cold water and a hard, white soap. Cold water and soap will take out the oil as well as warm water, only it takes a little more time for the work. Rise well in two waters and roll up tightly in a Turkish towel. Press on wrong side before dry, with a moderate hot iron. Too hot an iron will yellow the silk. Georgette crepe should not be ironed perfectly dry.

### Acadia Re-union.

The Acadia reunion which was held at the Y. M. C. A. Hall last evening was attended by all those who number the Valley rest of leaving and their Alma Mater in the city, and also gathered many of the members of the various classes from outside points.

College reunions are always delightful occasions, not only to those who have been members of the college at some time or other, but also to the guests present who have not known the joys of "under-grad" days together.

There is something perpetually youthful about the college spirit and that something marked the reunion last evening. Old times to be reviewed, and progress in the grim fight with the world since graduation to be told.

The big Y. M. C. A. Hall was tastefully arranged and decorated for the occasion, though with the joyousness of those present, there was no need of anything further to make the room bright and pleasant.

The program which was rendered during the evening, in a large measure due to the energy of Mrs. Miller, was as good as good things can be, and was enthusiastically received.

After the opening chorus, Dr. (Major) Cutten, in his genial and pleasing manner, made a few remarks welcoming those present and touchingly referring to those who had so bravely gone forth from the college and made the name of Acadia a thing to be proud of, not only with the pride of a student, but the pride of a citizen of this great Dominion, on the battlefields of Europe.

The remainder of the program was as follows:

Mixed Quartette.—Mrs. J. Wm. Smith, Mrs. Albert Smith, Prof. Falconer, Mr. Gorbell.

Reading.—Miss Kitchen, Acadia Seminary.

Piano Solo.—Mrs. Cobb.

Violin Solo.—Mrs. Falconer.

Reading.—Miss Kitchen.

Vocal Solo.—Miss Belle Wilson.

Among those present were: Rev. P. C. Read, Lt. Blackadar, Major and Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Nelson Smith, Capt. and Mrs. Angus Horton, Mrs. M. P. P. L. Rogers, Sergt. K. Burns, Major Margeson, M. P. P., Mrs. Cutten, who came from Wolfville for the occasion, Mr. Justice Longley, Hon. M. H. Gouge, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Wood, Capt. I. E. Wood, Mrs. C. H. Haverstock, P. D. King, K. C., Lt. Col. Parsons and wife, Mr. Mark Curry and wife, and Capt. Corey.

The chief point of interest was, as before mentioned, the Honor Roll of the college which was prominently displayed and contained the names of those who had made the supreme sacrifice as follows:

Major Stanley L. Jones  
Capt. L. H. Curry  
Lieut. George E. MacGregor  
Capt. Henry H. Pines  
Lieut. Vere K. Mason  
Sapper C. Preston Hillyer  
Gunner C. W. Lee Blackadar  
Pte. Chas. Wm. Fitch  
" Wm. Elderton  
" Vernon C. Elderton  
Harold G. Cox.

Before the gathering dispersed, and while the refreshments were being served, a number of rollicking college songs were sung and the closing National Anthem concluded a very pleasant evening.

—Halifax Morning Chronicle.

### Opportunities for the Farmer.

Agriculturists for the Province and of the Dominion have an unprecedented opportunity for National Service. Every possible piece of ground should be cultivated this year. As the war continues, the financial position, not only for Canada but for Great Britain, becomes one of increasing magnitude. The farmers have a grave duty to perform. In no way can the financial stability of the country be better sustained than by the cultivation of products of all kinds. Every acre, every foot of land that can be utilized for agricultural purposes should be employed to supply our home market as well as for export purposes. The importance of such development cannot be overestimated.

It has been estimated that the ground occupied by an average stump and its roots will grow up to 25 to 30 cents worth of food crops per year. Multiply the many millions of stumps which now occupy the uncultured lands of this country, and you will see that colossal treasure lies beneath them.

Brayntrude—I'm terribly worried. Dear Harold is coming home on leave, and he tells me he's captured seven Germans. Now I really haven't the faintest idea how to do with them.

### Sideways the Best.

It was the day before their first 'hop over,' and the regiment was drawn up in mass behind the lines to listen to a few words from the colonel. He pointed out to them at some length the straight and narrow path wherein their duty lay, and after giving them the general direction of the road to glory, concluded with the lines:

It we go forward we die,  
If we go backward we die,  
Better go forward and die.

The aged silence which followed was broken by the languid voice of a British in the rear. 'Yates, he draws it to be a blinkin' crab!

### Piles Entirely Cured.

Mrs. Wm. Woodell, 107 St. John St., Carlton, St. John, N. B., writes:—'I have used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching, bleeding piles, and as a result have been entirely cured. For years I was a great sufferer from this distressing ailment and can say that three boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment cured me. You may use this letter for the benefit of others.'

A man never knows what he can do until he tries and then he's often sorry he found out.

## The Racking Pains of Sciatic Rheumatism

Were Well-nigh Unbearable—After Five Years of Suffering Cured Was Effectuated by Dr. Chase's Medicines.

For downright excruciating pain few ailments can be compared to sciatic rheumatism. Since this condition of the sciatic nerve denotes exhaustion of the nervous system, logical cure is found in the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to nourish the starved nerves back to health and vigor.

Reports are continually coming in to us regarding the splendid results obtained in the treatment of sciatic rheumatism by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food after each meal and Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills occasionally as a means of arousing the action of the liver, kidneys and bowels and thereby keeping the system free of pain-causing poisonous impurities.

This statement is endorsed by Mr. H. E. Woolley, J.P.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, six for \$2.50. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills 25 cents a box, all dealers or Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and Nerve Food as a constant.

### No Eggs, Milk or Butter

The following recipe shows how an appetizing, wholesome cake can be made without expensive ingredients.

In many other recipes the number of eggs may be reduced one-half or more by using an additional quantity of ROYAL Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, in place of each egg omitted.

1 cup sugar  
1/2 cup melted butter  
1/2 cup oil  
1/2 cup shortening  
1/2 cup molasses  
1/2 cup vinegar  
1/2 cup lemon juice  
1/2 cup orange juice  
1/2 cup cranberry juice  
1/2 cup currant juice  
1/2 cup raspberry juice  
1/2 cup strawberry juice  
1/2 cup cherry juice  
1/2 cup plum juice  
1/2 cup apricot juice  
1/2 cup peach juice  
1/2 cup apple juice  
1/2 cup pear juice  
1/2 cup quince juice  
1/2 cup grapefruit juice  
1/2 cup orange marmalade  
1/2 cup lemon marmalade  
1/2 cup currant marmalade  
1/2 cup raspberry marmalade  
1/2 cup strawberry marmalade  
1/2 cup cherry marmalade  
1/2 cup plum marmalade  
1/2 cup apricot marmalade  
1/2 cup peach marmalade  
1/2 cup apple marmalade  
1/2 cup pear marmalade  
1/2 cup quince marmalade  
1/2 cup grapefruit marmalade  
1/2 cup orange marmalade  
1/2 cup lemon marmalade  
1/2 cup currant marmalade  
1/2 cup raspberry marmalade  
1/2 cup strawberry marmalade  
1/2 cup cherry marmalade  
1/2 cup plum marmalade  
1/2 cup apricot marmalade  
1/2 cup peach marmalade  
1/2 cup apple marmalade  
1/2 cup pear marmalade  
1/2 cup quince marmalade  
1/2 cup grapefruit marmalade

## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes, adds none but healthful qualities to the food.

Made in Canada. Absolutely Pure. No Alum.

### TO INVESTORS

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

## DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500, OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada, other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA  
OCTOBER 7th, 1915.