

NO PEACE WITH KAISER ON THRONE

Alexieff Issues Warning to Conference at Moscow

Allies Standing Firmly For a Democratic Peace

Russian Armies Still in Retreat; Austrians Gain

Wilson's Reply to Pope's Peace Note Endorsed

REGENERATION MUST BE FROM WITHIN

Russia Must Instill New Spirit Into Armies In The Field
ALEXIEFF'S WARNING
Army To-day Well Equipped But Lacking In Morale

Moscow, Aug. 29.—At the third general sitting of the National Conference railway representatives, including M. Froloff, of the Engineers' Alliance, reported that there existed a state of utter disorganization of transportation which, unless improved, would cease completely by November. The representatives gave warning that the consequences would be terrible both at home and on the front, and that the army might turn on the country and commit unexampled excesses.

The extreme demands of the railway workers, the speakers said, played an important part in this disorganization. They called on all those engaged in the transport services to sacrifice personal interests for those of the country.

M. Grusenberg, speaking as the representative of the Jews, said that they loved their country, notwithstanding their persecution under the old regime, and had contributed greatly to the emancipation of their people and defense against the enemy.

Representatives of Ukraine and of western or white Russia said the people were ready to make any sacrifices for the good of the country. The spokesman for the Letts declined Gourland would never belong to Germany. Delegates representing the Mussulman alliances said all Mussulman citizens of Russia fully supported the provisional government.

General Grouzinoff, former military governor of Moscow, told the delegates the chief problem was to save Russia from the enemy and that to this end it was necessary to re-establish army discipline by eliminating politics, strengthening the authority of the leaders, limiting the power of soldiers' committees to economic functions and giving the commander-in-chief opportunity to exercise unreserved authority.

General Alexieff, former commander-in-chief, made a long address in which he recounted the history of the Russians military setbacks and their causes. He drew contrasts between the army of the old regime, poorly equipped with mechanical resources, but strong in warlike spirit, and the present army, well supplied with food and arms, but completely demoralized and imbued with ill-interpreted and ill-applied doctrines, which have been put forward, notably in the famous order of the day No. 1. These doctrines, he declared, had split the army into two opposite camps, officers and soldiers, which have become almost irreconcilable.

Speaking of the committees elected by the soldiers of the various units, General Alexieff said they were useful to the army from an economic standpoint, but were fatal of government commissioners whose appointment he asserted, created an extremely dangerous duality of power.

The general maintained that after publication by the government of the declaration of the rights of the middle states caused showers near the shores of Lakes Erie and Ontario, while the barometer had been rising steadily and is now above average. In all other parts of Canada the weather has been fine.

Light winds, mostly fair and cool to-day and Thursday.

AIR FLIGHT FROM TURIN TO NAPLES

New Record For Long Distance Flying Set By Italian Airman
FLEW OVER 900 MILES
Made Trip From Turin To Naples In Fourteen Hours

Paris, Aug. 29.—Captain Giulio Laureami, an aviator in the Italian army, has established a new world's long distance flying record by flying more than 900 miles without stopping, according to a despatch to The Temps from Milan. The Italian flew from Turin to Naples and return, a distance of about 920 miles as the crow flies.

Captain Laureami used a new Siam machine with a flat motor. He left Turin at 10.07 a.m., reached Naples at 12.30 p.m., flew over that city and was back in Turin at 8.40 p.m.

The previous long distance non-stop flight record was held by Second Lieutenant Antoine Marchal, a French aviator. In June 1916, Marchal flew from Nancy, France, to near Chelm, Russian Poland in a Nieuport machine. The distance covered was about 807 miles. During the flight Lieutenant Marchal dropped proclamations on Berlin. He was made prisoner by the Austrians at Chelm and was interned at Salzberg.

A.O.F. CHANGE FUNERAL AND SICK FUNDS

Important Alterations Made In High Court Session This Morning

Important changes in the sick and funeral fund were made at this morning's session of the A. O. F. after a lengthy discussion. The changes advocated by the special committee, consisting of Messrs. W. J. Vale, W. T. Wittle, S. A. McNutt, Alex. Wootton, P. Bach, Fred G. Butt, C. T. McMillan, E. P. Harbatt and Jas. G. Biggar, were finally agreed upon unanimously.

Two years ago, at the Ottawa convention, a committee composed of W. J. Vale, W. Williams and the permanent secretary was appointed to investigate and report upon the condition of the sick and funeral fund. They discovered that as the fund is now being administered, it would be depleted in the course of four or five years. Hitherto, very high payments have been made, \$100 being paid at the death of a member, \$50 at the death of a member's wife, \$4 a week for 52 weeks in case of sickness, and \$2 a week further for the next 52 weeks. Under the new plan, which goes into effect on October 1st, 1917, the funeral fund will remain as at present, but \$4 a week in case of sickness, and \$3 a week for the following 26 weeks, thus practically cutting the payments in half.

By the plan adopted this morning, it is expected that an annual saving of \$8,000 will be effected on a basis of sixty members on extended pay.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST MICHAELIS BEING WAGED IN REICHSTAG

Attack on Imperial Chancellor Continues, Proving Him to Lack Confidence Of The Reichstag; Challenged on Question of Belgium's Status In Peace Settlement

By Courier Leased Wire.
Copenhagen, Aug. 29.—Attacks upon Imperial Chancellor Michaelis continue and Professor Hans Delbrueck now asks the chancellor: an embarrassing question concerning peace. In the Prussian year book, Professor Delbrueck inquires of Dr. Michaelis why, if he really accepts the reichstag resolution as the basis of his policy, he neglects to answer the inquiry made on July 26 in the British House of Commons by former Premier Asquith regarding Germany's readiness to evacuate and restore Belgium.

Professor Delbrueck, who openly questions the good faith of the chancellor in professing to agree with the terms of the resolution, asks whether his silence in the face of Mr. Asquith's summons does not show that those are right who insist that Dr. Michaelis takes another standpoint from that contained in the resolution.

If the German Government is ready to conclude a peace upon the basis of no annexations and no indemnities, asks the Professor, "why all this unprecedented apparatus of a joint committee of the reichstag and Bundesrat to assist chancellor in drawing up a simple answer to the Pope's proposal of peace on that basis?"

The truth is, says Professor Delbrueck, that Dr. Michaelis does not enjoy the confidence of the reichstag. He could not possibly do so, the writer adds, after last week's events in the reichstag main committee and his tacit submission to the assertion that he is in reality opposed to the resolution. Neither the German nation nor the world knows what the chancellor's policy is.

The reichstag's resolution, Professor Delbrueck concludes, would have had a different effect if it was not believed abroad that the reichstag is powerless and that the chancellor is double tongued.

In his speech in the House of Commons on July 26, former Premier Asquith asked if Germany was prepared to evacuate Belgium, to make reparation and to restore absolute independence to Belgium. He said he would like to know the German answer to these questions.

COMPLETE UNDERSTANDING WITH GERMAN PEOPLE ESSENTIAL TO PEACE

Allied Attitude Clearly, Concisely and Fearlessly Affirmed by Wilson; No Settlement While Hohenzollerns Remain on the Throne

By Courier Leased Wire.
Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson's note rejecting the Pope's proposals was regarded here to-day as finally settling the question of dealing with present German rulers unconquered or uncured at home. The President makes it clear that a lasting and durable peace can be negotiated only on a complete understanding with the German people and not alone on unstable grounds of the existing government.

The note indicates that the American Government does not intend post bellum reprisals on the German people, but desires in the interests of world peace that they be allowed to share in international economic opportunities "if they will accept equality and not seek domination."

The note with its unequivocal denunciation of German military autocracy is believed to reflect accurately the attitude of the Allies governments. The general tenor of the communication had been anticipated, but diplomats were surprised to find in it a virtual appeal to the German people to strive for emancipation from military control and become fitted to deal with a world democracy.

Among other objections to a premature peace, the note indicates that "it would result in the abandonment of new born Russia to the intrigue, the manifold, subtle interference and the certain counter-revolution which would be attempted by all the malign influences to which the German government has of late accustomed the world."

Press Comment
New York, Aug. 29.—The newspapers generally, in their editorial comment this morning applaud President Wilson's reply to the Pope's peace proposals.

"It can be compressed into five words: 'No peace with Prussian autocracy,'" says the New York World.
The New York Herald says: "President Wilson rejects the peace proposal of the Pope, and in language that will ring around the world, gives reasons. There can be no truce with Prussia, no temporizing with evil. Peace cannot be based upon any such flimsy structure as the word of the present German Government."
"The President has answered from the great heart of the American people. It is an answer to the Pope, and, as well, to all advocates of a Prussian peace—in this country or any other."
The Washington Post comments: "President Wilson lays bare the inherent weakness of any proposal to make peace on any terms with the German Government. This weakness being the inability of that government to give any pledge or promise that other nations would accept. The German Government having destroyed its reputation for truth and honor, no one else can restore it. It is for Germany to seek peace from within, by setting aside the mad murderers, who have run her toward ruin."
The Cleveland Plain Dealer declares: "The Hohenzollern government of Prussia cannot give peace to the world. It can give no insurance and make no promise which civilization would be justified in accepting. The democracies cannot, therefore, discuss peace while the people of the Central Powers continue to be dominated by ruthless and faithless Prussianism. This, the German Government having de-

RUSSIANS IN RETREAT UPON EASTERN FRONT

SOCIALIST AND LABOR GATHERING

Inter-Allied Conference In London Enters On Second Day
PEACE PROBLEM UP
Stockholm Conference And Other Issues Are Being Dealt With

London, Aug. 29.—The Inter-Allied Socialist and Labor conference, which devoted itself yesterday largely to preliminaries, met to-day to consider the reports of two commissions, one appointed to deal with the general question of the international Socialist conference at Stockholm, the other to consider and report on the drafts of peace terms, submitted by the various Socialist parties. The views of the different elements were so widely divergent that it was considered unlikely that the commissions would have their reports ready, however, and when the delegates met this morning adjournment was taken until afternoon to give the commissions more time. The possibility of an extension of the conference for one or more days is being considered.

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ENEMY FAILED IN ASSAULTS ON YPRES LINE

Heavy Foe Attacks Delivered In Rain Last Night Repulsed

London, Aug. 29.—(via Reuter's Ottawa agency)—Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters reports the heaviest rain and furious winds is hampering operations. Notwithstanding the rain the Germans twice last night attacked our line astride the Ypres-Menin road, coming in big waves of assault through the Inverness Copse. Both attempts were broken up and the attackers were heavily punished.

"We are getting plenty of evidence of the exhaustion of the enemy reserves in this area," says the correspondent.
British Official.
London, Aug. 29.—"During the night we carried out successful raids northeast of Gouzeaucourt and southwest of Hulluch, and captured a few prisoners," says to-day's official announcement. "Southeast of Langemark our troops cleared up a strong point in which an enemy party was holding out immediately in front of our new line."

Fiction From Fritz.
Berlin, Aug. 29.—via London.—German counter-attacks yesterday drove the British from the indentation they had made in the German positions northeast of Frezenberg on the Flanders front, army headquarters announced to-day. In the Oituz valley region, on the Roumanian front, Teutonic forces stormed hill positions yesterday, says the announcement. More than 600 prisoners were taken.

Fresh Advances By the Foe; Entire Division Quits Position

KERENSKY ASSAILED
Germany Denies His Statement of a Separate Peace Offer

Petrograd, Aug. 29.—A Russian division yesterday abandoned its positions in the region of Fokshani, on the Roumanian front, and fled in disorder, the war office announces.
The statement says that the enemy continued to advance all yesterday on the southern Roumanian front, reaching the line Trechty-Deus—Varnitza—Pitoneshti—Chyoliantchi. In the night Russian positions in the region of Varnitza were penetrated.

Peace Offer Denied.
Berlin, Aug. 28, via London, Aug. 29.—The newspapers denounce as wholly false the reference made by Premier Kerensky, in addressing the Moscow conference, to a recent offer of a separate peace. Nothing is known of such a move in any official quarters here.

Premier Kerensky in his speech at Moscow said: "A little time ago we indignantly replied to a proposal to conclude separate peace." He gave no details.
Amsterdam, Aug. 29.—The semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung attacks Premier Kerensky for his remarks in reference to offers of a separate peace made before the Moscow conference on Sunday. The newspaper says: "Premier Kerensky falsely attributed to us without proof efforts toward and offers of a separate peace. What Germany can do to pave the way to peace already has been done, but from Russia, where the peace movement originated, the echo came back dictated by Lloyd George, Poincare and President Wilson, destroying all the efforts of the Russian democracy."

"It is reported, moreover, that the revolutionary Russian Government again is fixing its mind on the possession of Constantinople."

Noting in Finland
London, Aug. 29.—Serious rioting at Bjorneberg, Finland, is reported in a private telegram from Haparanda to Copenhagen, forwarded by the Central News to London. It is said fighting between Finns and soldiers of the Russian garrison lasted for several hours, and that a number of persons were killed or wounded.

This is the day set for the re-assembling of the Finnish laadtag in defiance of the dissolution order of the provisional government. In his address at the opening of the Moscow conference, Premier Kerensky gave warning that the government would prevent by force the re-opening of the diet and the carrying out of the plan for a separation of Finland from Russia.

CASUALTIES IN THE CITY

Gunner W. F. Myring, of the 54th battery, has been admitted to the Tenth Field Hospital, suffering from gas, according to word received in the city to-day. His home is at 172 Sheridan street, and prior to enlistment he followed the trade of a confectioner.

Wounded Second Time
Mrs. Plumer, Echo Place, to-day received word that her son, Pte. Alfred George Plumer, was wounded in the left leg on Aug. 16th last. Pte. Plumer, who went overseas with the first Brant County battalion, was previously wounded at Vimy.

The war expenditure of the United States is now announced to be one million dollars an hour, including advances to other allies.
Two hundred autos were destroyed or damaged in a fire at the Alhambra garage, New York. The loss is estimated at a quarter of a million dollars.

WEATHER BULLETIN
Toronto, Aug. 29.—Since yesterday morning a very shallow depression over the middle states caused showers near the shores of Lakes Erie and Ontario, while the barometer has been rising steadily and is now above average. In all other parts of Canada the weather has been fine.



"Zimmie"
Light winds, mostly fair and cool to-day and Thursday.

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