

FLAGS HOISTED IN 1885.



War Notice.

FINES UNDER THE SCOTT ACT.

The question of who shall have the Scott Act fines which have been imposed on those convicted of having broken the Act has come up in Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. This town has seen many a conviction of those who tried to evade the Scott Act and the fines have become a considerable amount. The *Daily Examiner* tells how a test case has been fought up to the highest Canadian Court. It says: "Some time ago, the branch of the Dominion Alliance in this Province laid claim to half the amount of the fines obtained from those convicted, at their prosecution, for violating the Canada Temperance Act. This was refused by the Stipendiary Magistrate, who paid the money thus obtained into the City Treasury. A test case was instituted Mr. McKinlay, a prosecutor, brought an action in the Stipendiary Magistrate's Court, for half the amount of a fine. Mr. Fitzgerald's decision was adverse to him, and he appealed to the Supreme Court of this Province. The appeal was allowed and the Stipendiary's decision reversed. The City Council then appealed to the Supreme Court of Canada, by which the decision of the Supreme Court of this Province has been reversed and the decision of the Stipendiary Magistrate sustained.

Unless there be another appeal to the Privy Council (which is unlikely), the right of the city to get the benefit of the fine is established; and, as the city is just now in want of funds, we may expect that, forthwith, a vigorous prosecution of offenders against the Scott Act will be set on foot by the city officials. It would be a good idea to offer special prizes to the policeman who will secure the largest number of convictions! At any rate, we may be sure that every policeman or other officer of the city, who does not prove to be zealous in the prosecution of offenders against the law, will be discharged."

A CURIOUS PHENOMENON is reported from New Hampshire. The wells seem to be charged with sulphur and there is a kind of sulphurous smell in the atmosphere. This invasion of sulphur was curiously coincident with the gathering of the whiskey men in that state for the purpose of defeating the re-election of the Hon. Mr. Blair, a prohibitionist, to the U. S. Senate.

THE POLLINGS fixed —

Ontario, Ont. July 16.
 Hamilton, Ont. July 16.
 Victoria, Ont. July 23.

HALDIMAND.—The campaign in this county is fairly under way. Messrs. F. S. Spence, Secretary of the Dominion Alliance, and J. B. Nixon, Grand Treasurer of the L.O.G.T., have lately visited the southern part of the county and done effective work for the cause. Organization is being rapidly pushed to completion in every part of the county. The vote will be taken on the 16th of July, and it is confidently expected that a good majority will be recorded in favor of the Act.

SIMCOE.—Mr. A. Lang, of Barrie, writes as follows:—The Scott Act has made a wonderful improvement in our town, and the county in general, in the scale of sober respectability. People now leave the market as sober and respectable as if they were leaving church, and if this state of things should continue for all time to come, it will repay the county for all the trouble and expense it has cost. During the month it has been in force, we have not had one complaint for drunkenness, and the habitual drunks of our town now help to fill up the ranks of the industrious and respectable.

KINGSTON.—The temperance men, and, after deciding to pay several accounts incurred during the recent contest, it was claimed that no less than 46 had votes were cast, and that twenty men voted twice. After a lengthy discussion it was decided to prosecute every man who voted twice, as the names are known, unless the anti-Scott Act men hand over \$200 in each instance. The law points out that any man who votes twice shall be fined \$200 and imprisoned for six months, and that money goes to the prosecutor. By this means the temperance men expect to reap some \$4,000. They say they will go on with proceedings sure unless the money is handed over. The announcement has created great excitement.—*Mail.*

MR. DRURY'S election in East Simcoe has done more good to the temperance cause than any other incident of this season's campaign. Fortunately the temperance men in the Tory ranks, who were Scott Act men first and Conservatives second, came over to Drury, defeated the liquor men, and it is not too much to say, did more to teach politicians that prohibition is a live issue and has come to stay, than the voters of any other constituency in Canada have yet done. A few more lessons like that, and we shall have a Parliament eager to grant prohibition at the people's request.—*Waterloo Chronicle.*

THE LEGISLATURE of Massachusetts is aiding on the temperance reform with a will. In 1880 the penalty for intoxication was reduced from a fine not exceeding \$5 and costs to \$1 without costs, and the imprisonment for non-payment of this fine from thirty days to ten days. This did not work well and in 1881 the law was so changed that the person convicted might be required to pay the costs of conviction in addition to the fine. The new law restores the penalty for a "simple drunk" to \$5 and the imprisonment for non-payment of fine to thirty days, and provides that a male person convicted of drunkenness for a third time within one year, or convicted of being a common drunkard, may be sent to the Massachusetts reformatory for a term of two years, subject to release on ticket-of-leave when he is thought to be reformed. The person so released may be returned to the reformatory if he fails to keep sober.

BATON.—The following paragraph, clipped from the *Reporter*, shows how effectually the Scott Act is working in this county:—"The writer visited Port Elgin last week, driving by the way of Tiverton, Underwood and the Devil's Elbow. All along the line the report was heard that no liquor could be purchased at any of the hotels. In Port Elgin a personal visit to several hotels leads us to firmly believe that the Scott Act has shut off all bar-room drinking and has lessened the consumption of spirituous liquors by at least 90 percent. In conversation with a number of Reeves and deputy-Reeves at the county council, it is even admitted by those who opposed the passage of the Act that much good has been accomplished since the first of May, and that were the same to be submitted to a vote of the people now the Act would be sustained by twice 1,311—the majority given."

VICTORIA.—The Scott Act is to be sub-

mitted in this county on Thursday, July 23rd. Mr. Jas. Gallon, of Lindsay, has been appointed returning officer. The campaign will be a short and active one. The work of organization is going on energetically. An important meeting of the executive committee of the County Alliance, was held at Lindsay. The gathering was a representative one, delegates being present from the Muskoka district as well as the others. The reports received warrant confidence on the part of the temperance people that they will obtain a substantial majority on July 23rd. The sum of \$1,700 was guaranteed to defray expenses. A corps of speakers was selected, and it was decided to immediately place Mr. John Nicholls, of Lowell, Mass., in the field to hold a series of meetings. Mrs. Youmans and Mrs. Peck will also speak here. An effort will be made to secure Prof. Foster and Mr. Spence, of the Dominion Alliance, for a portion of the campaign. The Scott Act people regard the appointment of July 23rd as a trick played upon them, as they desired the election postponed until the fall.

TWO HOTEL-KEEPERS of Alderbrook, Renfrew County, have been fined for having sold liquor recently. Mr. E. Kelly of the Exchange Hotel, Renfrew, had four charges of infringement of the Canada Temperance Act brought against him. To two of these he pleaded guilty and was fined \$126.00. These are a few wholesome examples for those who think they can traffic in liquor in Scott Act counties in the teeth of the law.

SCOTT ACT WORK is being resumed in Toronto. It was checked for a time by the Senate's amendments. York county is working along with Toronto and has obtained the greater part of the signatures necessary to the petitions.

THE OFFICIAL COUNT of ballots in Middlesex gives a majority for the Scott Act of 3,376. This county has proved itself the banner county of the Dominion in the splendid majority rolled up for the Scott Act. Such a result was far beyond the most sanguine hopes of our leading temperance men.

A TEACHER'S MISTAKE.

A mistake that I made in my teaching is one that I have seen many others make. It is a mistake common to a large proportion of teachers now engaged in teaching the Bible. It is the mistake of devoting all the spare time a teacher has to a study of the Word, and none at all to the study of the scholar. I became greatly interested in the Scriptures, and spent many hours of prayerful study on each lesson. I committed the lesson and went before my class armed with illustrations, parallel passages, and ready to tell my boys all about every place and person mentioned. I pointed out the duties and tried to impress the doctrines, and thought that I was succeeding; but I was tried because they did not seem to remember anything of the lesson the following Sunday. They couldn't tell me anything I had told them, and it gradually dawned upon me that I was making no impression whatever upon their minds, much less upon their hearts. I was unable to solve the difficulty; I studied more, I prayed more, but still no change for the better.

One day I went to my pastor and stated my difficulty to him. He said, "Perhaps you are not acquainted with your boys." I convinced him by naming every one of them to him. "Yes," said he, "but one may know a person's name, may even know where he lives, may even see and hear him often, and still not be acquainted with him." Then he told me of the importance of visiting, in his work as a minister; how a thorough acquaintance with his people helped him in the preparation of his sermons. He also handed me a magazine containing an article on "The Teacher's Pastoral Work." But I already saw my mistake, and was determined to study my scholars, henceforth, as well as my Bible.—*School and Class.*

HALF AN HOUR each week. Thirty-six hours in a whole year. The Public School teacher has thirty hours in a single week for teaching, or four hours more than we have in a whole year, and yet he, a professional teacher, feels it necessary, in order to do the best work, to prepare every lesson beforehand, and make more thorough work of it.

PUZZLES.

HOW TO FIND A PERSON'S NAME.

A	B	D	H	P
C	E	I	Q	
F	F	J	R	
G	G	K	S	
I	L	L	T	
K	M	M	U	
N	N	N	W	
O	O	O	X	
Q	R	T	X	
S	S	U	Z	
U	V	V	Y	
W	W	W		
Y	Z			

Let the person whose name you wish to know tell you in which of the upright columns the first letter of his name is found. If it be found in but one column, it is the top letter; if it occurs in more than one column, it is found by adding the *alphabetical numbers* of the top letters of these columns, and the sum will be the number of the letter sought. By taking one letter at a time in this way, the whole name can be ascertained. For example, take the word Jane. *J* is found in the two columns commencing with *B* and *H*, which are the second and eighth letters down the alphabet; their sum is ten, and the tenth letter down the alphabet is *J*, the letter sought. The next letter *A*, appears in but one column where it stands at the top. *N* is seen in the columns headed *B*, *D*, and *H*; these are the second, fourth, and eighth letters of the alphabet, which added give the fourteenth, or *N*, and so on. The use of this table will excite no little curiosity among those unacquainted with the foregoing explanations.

CROSS-WORD ENIGMA.

I'm in hail, but not in snow;
 I'm in gale, but not in blow;
 I'm in baby, but not in child;
 I'm in cool, but not in mild;
 I'm in arm, but not in part;
 I'm in warm, but not in hot;
 I'm in ink, but not in paper;
 I'm in sport, but not in caper;
 I'm in trot, but not in run;
 I'm in star, but not in sun;
 I'm in robe, but not in dress;
 I'm in bet, but not in guess;
 I'm in earth, but not in land;
 I'm in rock, but not in sand;
 I'm in rich, but not in poor;
 I'm in much, but not in more;
 I'm in hold, but not in blind;
 Herein now a proverb find.

TWENTY-FOUR BURIED TREES.

We are planting a grove in our level meadow. Just fancy pressing father into a kind of life different from his former tastes, and making him a pleased participant in it. If I roused him up in earnest by a little strategy, the result—which I naturally hope can restore his health—seems in a fair way to be accomplished.

I placed a red letter over the day on which he said: "I will own you have made me rub a year's rust from my mind. It was no blind enthusiasm which prompted you to begin this work. We will do greater things than you planned. This spot where our cattle used to range shall blossom as the rose."

I never dreamed his voice would be echoing to such a strain, or that he would take hold of any job as strongly as he has of this. We first set out a hedge very thick, or, you would think the shrubs were thick, to see them locking their limbs already. The principal derangement of our work came from our gardener. Alcohol made him helpless when we most needed him. I miosiated part of our grounds with brilliant flowers. For fertilizers we are trying, besides phosphates and gypsum, a compost from the barnyard. It took a whole month to dig it in properly.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES.

REVERSAIS.—1, D, L, T, I, O; 2, H, O, W, W, O, R, L, D; 3, R, E, V, I, L, L, E, D; 4, D, E, L, I, V, E, R; 5, R, E, P, P, O; 6, A, N, I, M, A; 7, A, N, I, M, A; 8, A, N, I, M, A; 9, D, E, I, T, S; 10, S, O, L; 11, S, T, R, I, P; 12, P, A, R; 13, D, R, A, W; 14, D, R, A, W, E, R; 15, R, E, W, A, R, D; 16, N, O, O, T; 17, L, O, O, P; 18, L, O, O, P; 19, S, P, O, O, L; 20, G, U, A, T; 21, T, A, G; 22, E, N, D; 23, D, I, S.

RIDDLE.—O, W, I, L.

ANAGRAMS.—Works by John G. Whittier: *Snow-Bound*; *Maid Muller*; *Tot on the Beach*; *The Peppy*; *Invails Pilgrims*; *The River Patn*; *The King's Messy*.

CORRECT ANSWERS RECEIVED.

Correct answers have been received from Lillian A. Greene, and Jennie Richmond.