SUNDAY SCHOOL

The Quiet Hour

YOUNG PEOPLE

FEEDING THE FIVE THOUSAND.

(By Rev. J. W. McMillan, M.A.)

Told him, v. 30. It you meet an old school friend, the first thing you say is, "left me an about yoursen. Where have you been and what have you been doing! And he tens you with pleasare and renet, or his successes and struggles. Do you think that sesus cares niche about your career: Every morning He likes to be tord of what you purpose for the day. Every evening He remembers, and wants to be told now you have lared. If there is any special dimenty, any puzzie or injury or temptation you have met, He wants you specially to ten min or that for it is this joyous mission to help in every time of need.

Rest a white, v. of. There is a foolish recitation caned, "No hondays in neaven." Its suggestion is that there should be no homays on earth. Now, we always supposed that it was an hondays in neaven. For rest comes after work. Only those who do no work need no holiday. And omy they have a grudge at recreation. A human body is both a machine and an ororganization it needs recuperation. Sheep is hondays, and the seep of the lacoring man is sweet. Itondays are good things, if you have carned them. The old verse of the school primer is

"Work while you work, Play white you play, That is the way To be happy and gay.

Sheep not having a snephero, v. 34. In the old feudal days, a vagrant was called a "masteriess man." He was a pittable object. Nobody exercised authority over nim. Nobody set him his task. Nobody protected him from his foes. Such is any one who rejects the rule of God over his me: "king of himself, that heritage of woe." The sheep cannot escape from its own nature. It is forever a creature needing a shepherd. No more can man escape from his human nature. He needs God. His true citizenship is in the kingdom of heaven, and his only chance of happiness hes in obedience to its divine govern

Give ye them to eat, v. 3i. Lavingstone once told an African chief of Christ's love Lavingstone for sinners. "Did your father know of this?" asked the hearer. "Yes," said the "why did not your tather come and tell my lather about it?" On, the world is so hungry of soul for the love of God! What sage they long for, to carry or send it to the dark hearts and homes of the hea-

Five, and two fishes, v. 38. It was a boy's lunch, but in Jesus' hands was mu-tiphed into an immense banquet. Our Lord was a practical Arithmetician. He did not work sums on a blackboard, but He worked them in actual stuffs and commodities. With His own life He performed the same miracle of multiplication. His words, spoken to a few people, are in millions of copies of the scriptures. His love is operating in numberless hearts. His blood is washing away uncounted sins.

Did all eat, and were filled, v. 42. There was plenty. Our Saviour never gave but He gave abundantly. He never half healre gave aroundantly. He never han hear ed a cripple, or gave a leper a few years' respite from his plague. No invalid ever tottered away from His presence saying, "I think I feel a slight improvement." When He raised the dead, it was to a life of immediate health and vigor. Never

*S.S. Lesson, May 27, 1906.—Mark 6: 30-44. Commit to memory v. 41. Read Matthew 14:13-21; Luke 9:10-17. Golden Text—My Father giveth you the true bread from heaven.—John 6:32.

doubt the power of Christ to redeem your whole life, and to redeem it wholly. He to able to save unto the uttermost; and willing, as well, if we are but willing to put ourselves in His hands.

The fragments, v. 43. There is always something over in God's gifts to us. It is not meant, nor is it necessary, that we shall consume them all ourselves. It may shall consume them an ourserves. It may be only a triffe we have to give, perhaps only a cheery word or a pleasant smile, but the poorest can be distributors, as but the poorest can be destributors, as but a recipients, of heaven's kindness. The chief blessedness of God Himself contacts in significant without the bounties. sists in giving without stint the bounties of providence and the riches of grace. Let covet the joy of the dispenser.

About five thousand, v. 44. A big company to provide for. But Jesus, as Lord of all, was accustomed to providing daily, for all the myriad inhabitants of earth And His plan of redemption is on a grantic scale. It is a "world" that He came to save, and no mere handful; and it is " into all the world" that He sends the heralds of His cross. The only way in which people can be saved is one by one. But our work is only just begun when we succeed in bringing one soul to Christ. The whole world should be on every Christian's heart.

LIGHT FROM THE EAST.

By Rev. James Ross, D.D.

Green 'Grass-In the hot Jordan valley grass is never green after April, as the nerce sun and the extraordinary dryness of the air shrivel it up, and this confirms the statement of John that the Lesson miracle occurred at the Passover season (the second Passover in our Lord's ministry, see John 2:13-25). The place was a plan at the northeast corner of the Sea of Gaillee, where the people followed Josephs, and where they were joined by crowds on their way to Jerusalen. Pennyworth—The Roman denarius, ren-

dered penny, was a silver coin about the size of our ten cent piece, but thicker. The aureus, the standard gold coin of the empire, worth about five dollars at the present price of gold, was equal to twenty-five denarii, each of which would thus be equivalent to twenty cents. The translators of our Bible fixed its value at fifteen cents, estimating it by the value of silver in their day. But not only is there a dif-lerence between the value of a coin as bullon, and its value as a legal tender, but the price of silver is a very change able quantity, and the purchasing power of a coin is its real value. A penny was then the day's wages of a workingman, so that it was about equal to our dollar today, and the whole sum to \$200, which would allow four cents worth of bread to each man.

A PRAYER.

O God, our Father, we thank Thee for the grace that makes poor wanderers in sin hear Thy voice when out and away from all that can call to holiness of life. How we drift. Sin drives the httle shal-How we drift. Sin drives the intue smalely of life out on the raging seas of separation from heaven and Thee. Human voices are drowned in the noise of the raging storm. Then out to the sinner ready to perish sounds the great voice of love divine, with its tender call, "Come ready to perish sounds the great voice of love divine, with its tender call, "Come come, come unto Me, for with Me is life and fulness of joy." For this wonderful grace and for its saving power, we thank Thee, O God, in the name of Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

The smallest things become great when God requires them of us; they are small only in themselves; they are alway great when they are done for God, and when they serve to unite us with him eternally.

THE CHRISTIAN'S COMMISSION.

By Rev. John W. Little, B.D.

"As My Father hath sent Me, even so Lord give His conception of what it means to be His disciple. To be a fol-lower of Carist is to be committed to a career whose controlling purpose is the same as that for which He was sent into the world.

This purpose may be separated in longhit into two aspects, according as it looks Godward or man-ward. The same Christ who said He came to to eal the Father, said also, that He came to seek and save the lost. Under the one pect, we think of personality, character, pect, we think of personality, character, lie; under the other, of inducace, con-duct, service. Alas! we sometimes try to separate them in expeasence. There they are indissolubly united. We cannot build ourselves up to God through the most personent Bible study, prayer, and praise, unless we, at the same time, give our lives in self-denying service for oth-cis. Nor can we become effective workers. Nor can we become effective workers in the Master's kingdom, if we ers in the Master's kingdom, if we neg-lect the personal cultivation of our own inner spiritual life. Our influence in-creases only with the growth of our per-conality. On the other hand, our service enriches our own life. The higher the tree grows, the longer its branches beand the greater the area of kindby shade it furnishes for the weary tra-by shade it furnishes for the weary tra-weler. So, in the Christian, there should be a growth God-ward and man-ward taking place at the same time. We can taking place at the same time. We can become good Christians, neither by pri-cate devotions alone, nor by public ser-tice alone. vice alone.

Our purpose in life is, therefore, to re-Our purpose in life is, therefore, to reproduce the life of Christ in its double
aspect. "Christ in us, the hope of gory,"
means also Christ in us, the regenerative
power of the world. This is the conscience that Christ has placed in us,
that we will fulfit this purpose. This
ts the end of all the graceous influences
the has brought to bear upon us, that we
computed this commission and accomplish
tt. It is a lofty ideal for weak and err-It is a lofty ideal for weak and erring man. 'Who is sufficient for these things?' Yet He wino knows what is in things: Let He who knows what is in man, has commissioned us to realize this ideat, has "sent" us into the world to carry forward His life and work. He authority is behind us, if we make the endeavor, and His resources will avail for the interest of the control us in our need. Because He calls us to it, we can do it in Him. Here is our hope, not in ourselves, -our wisdom our hope, not in eurselves,—our wisdom, our progress, or in the encouragement of others, but in God as bucked with main in Christ, and dwelling in man. Thus does Jesus strive, and, in a very readesmed heart. "He that hath seen Me thath seen the Father," said Christ. "He that sees the Father," said Christ. "He that sees Me, sees the Christ' in the ideal of the Christan.

"The not what a man doese that exalts him, but what a man would do,"

alts him, but what a man quese that ex-alts him, but what a man would do," writes Browning. If we enter into Christ's conception of our life as this disciples, if we patiently and persistententer into ly and prayerfully struggle onward and upward to its fudfilment, if our present apovard to its manaments, it our present dissatisfaction only acts as a stronger etimulus to "press toward the mars," then, however many our failures and falls, yet the very struggle, with the nobiaty of its animating ideal, will leave right deposits in our character. Keewatin, Ont.

This world is a place for the training of souls in a Christian immortality. Hence Christ must be the Lord of life and death, of diseases and demons, of every mystery and might.—George Macdonald.

A tear is never too small to mirror the