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FINE AND WARM

THREE CENTS

Anniversary of Armistice Day Solemnly Observed Throughout United Kingdom Yesterday

Two Minutes of Silent Though Were Given the Dead at Eleven O'clock, Hour When Armistice Took Effect One Year Ago.

IMPRESSIVE SCENES WERE WITNESSED

Impressiveness of the Anniversary Accented by Procession of Patriotic Associations to a Cenotaph.

London, Nov. 11.—Great Britain today celebrated the first anniversary of "Armistice Day" with impressive ceremonies. The foremost and most striking of these came in response to the appeal of King George to commemorate the event by a universal simultaneous suspension of activities throughout the country, and the observance of silence for two minutes at the moment corresponding with the signing of the armistice—the eleventh hour of the eleventh day of the eleventh month.

The royal call, which appealed to the imagination of the people, had been published and commented on widely throughout the length and breadth of the country, with the result that everybody was prepared to join with appreciative readiness in the unique celebration. The arrangements for carrying out the plans were made with great thoroughness, extending even to ships at sea.

The orders for silence, and the standing at attention for two minutes were prescribed by the British navy, were adopted also by all the American warships in British waters. The military arrangements were similar to those of the navy.

In addition to general suspension of industrial and commercial activities and the cessation of traffic by railroads and tramways, the celebration included solemn religious ceremonies in churches of every denomination. Conspicuous among the churches which celebrated were St. Paul's Cathedral, Westminster Abbey, and the Westminster Cathedral. One large department store in London had a local clergyman conduct services in its building so that all the customers present might attend.

Among other celebrations in London, which served to accentuate the impressiveness of the anniversary, was a procession, organized by "The Centrades of the Great War," and of other patriotic associations, to a cenotaph in Whitehall, which commemorated "the glorious dead." This ceremony embraced solemn musical rites and the laying of wreaths at the foot of the cenotaph.

The newspapers today devoted columns to the anniversary, printing among other things, messages from prominent public persons appreciative of the occasion. Among these messages was one from the Dowager Queen Alexandra to the Daily Mail saying:

"We all pray God will hear our silent prayers in remembrance of our all brave departed, who laid down their precious lives on the battlefield."

POLICEMAN AND STUDENT HELD FOR MANSLAUGHTER

Charge Grew Out of Trouble Over a Deer.—Defendant Claims Self Defense.

Bangor, Maine, Nov. 10.—Arthur M. Smith, a policeman, of Orono, was held in the municipal court today, on a charge of manslaughter for the killing of James Perkins in a quarrel over a dead deer at Passaw Lake, Sunday. Smith said the shooting was in self defense, while he was trying to prevent Perkins and his brother, Frank, from splitting away a deer, said to have been shot by Smith's son, Byron, and Theodore, of Pittston.

OHIO REFUSES TO RATIFY

Votes Against Ratification of Federal Prohibition Amendment.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 11.—Ohio last Tuesday voted against ratification of the Federal Prohibition amendment by a majority of 641, according to complete official returns received today by the Secretary of State. The vote was: For ratification, 489,579; against, 490,526.

Religious Atmosphere Pervaded Observance of Armistice Day

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—Throughout the whole province of Ontario and generally in the West of Canada, Armistice Day was given solemn observance. In all towns and townships and villages the two minute interval of silence at 11 a. m., was held and in some cities the day was taken as a holiday. In most, however, there were no special celebrations beyond the above. A religious atmosphere seemed to have pervaded the majority of the observances were the usual. Private individuals, in not a few instances, devoted the day to minutes to prayer, whilst in many offices and stores the Doxology, or "Oh Canada" was sung. The day was not regarded as one for rejoicing, but rather as one for deep and grateful thought of those who had made its observance possible.

WITH THE RESCINDING OF THE STRIKE ORDER GOVT HASTENS TO AID IN NEW WAGE AGREEMENT

Miners and Operators to Meet Friday in Response to Invitation from the Gov't for the Purpose of Negotiating a Basis for Settlement—The New Conference Will be on Wider Scope Than One Terminated a Few Weeks Ago.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Having forced the miners to call off the coal strike the government set out today to help them negotiate a new wage agreement.

On the heels of the announcement that Federal Judge Anderson, at Indianapolis, had approved the order promulgated by the United Mine Workers of America rescinding the strike notice, Secretary Wilson invited representatives of the miners and operators from all the fields involved in the walk-out to meet here Friday "for the purpose of negotiating a basis for settlement."

The miners accepted. When Mr. Wilson went home tonight he had received no formal reply from the operators, but was unofficially advised that they would comply with his request. The secretary was assured by the operators' association that they would endeavor faithfully to frame a proposal that would send the 425,000 strikers back to work and industry at once.

Wilson As Mediator. Thomas T. Brewster, head of the operators' association of the central competitive field, who arrived here during the day from St. Louis to take an active hand in the situation, made public tonight a telegram to John L. Lewis, acting president of the Min-

Big Boom To Canada's Pulp And Paper Industry To Be Started In The Province of Quebec

Statistics Show That Manufacture of Pulp and Paper is One of Greatest Industries Which Canada Possesses—Closely Rivals United States in Daily Output.

Quebec, Nov. 11.—A big movement for the further development of the pulp and paper industry in Canada will be started in the Province of Quebec shortly by the firm of Price Brothers & Co.

Statistics show that the manufacture of pulp and paper is one of the greatest industries which Canada possesses at the present time, the daily output of paper in this country being 2,500 tons, as compared with 2,900 tons in the United States. Of Canada's daily output, 260 tons are manufactured at Jonquières and Kenogami by Price Brothers & Co., and machinery is being installed to bring this output up to over 300 tons a day. Not even satisfied with this, the firm still plans further expansion, and in an interview given today, Sir William Price, the president of the company, outlined his plans as follows:

"My board has definitely decided to start work without delay on a large newsprint mill in the Saguenay district with a capacity of between four hundred to five hundred tons. Work has already been started on the necessary water power and by May of next year reconstruction of the mill will be under way. A further machine is now being erected in our Kenogami mill. This machine would have been working in England. This brings our present output up to 270 tons per day, including Jonquières, 225 tons per day of paper and board, in addition to sulphite pulp. When our new plant in operation, our total output of paper and board will be in the neighborhood of 300 tons per day."

From this statement most important results are bound to follow. The site for the new town is about three or four miles east of Chicoutimi and will be called "Saguenay," a most fitting name. It is situated on tide water, and free from the usual tide delays that are experienced at Chicoutimi. An excellent level plain stretches to the south and west, and the whole area is most fittingly adapted for a large manufacturing and industrial centre.

ERZBERGER PLAN NOT ACCEPTABLE

Berlin, Nov. 10.—Dr. K. W. W. Heine, Minister of the Interior, in a sensational speech at Dessau yesterday, declared that the financial plans of Matthias Erzberger, the Financial Secretary, if carried out, would mean the collapse of the entire Empire. Erzberger, he said, had to find money wherever it was obtainable in order to carry out the terms of the Peace Treaty, but he asked, what commune had an interest in getting money together when it would all go to fill the Emperor's big pockets and leave the people paupers. The speaker added that the Federal states must strongly oppose Erzberger's plans.

MONCTON TO BE STATION ON THE AERIAL ROUTE

Information Asked of the City Council Regarding Site, Etc. for Aerodrome.

Moncton, Nov. 11.—In connection with the projected aerial service in Canada, the Moncton City Council is in receipt of a communication from Lieut. Col. W. J. Bishop, V. C., stating that Moncton is designated as a station for one of the proposed aerial routes, and asking for information regarding site, etc. for aerodrome.

IMPORTATION OF LIQUOR MAY BE CONTINUED

After Pronouncement of Peace, Liquors May be Imported from One Province to Another for Private Use.

CONFUSION OVER PROHIBITION BILL

Nothing in Legislation Passed Monday Relating to War-time Prohibition Orders in Council.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—Inquiries received at the capital indicate that there is still some confusion in the public mind as to the effect of the prohibition legislation passed in the closing days of the session. This is doubtless due to the fact that the proposal, made by the Government to introduce a bill extending war-time prohibition Orders in Council for a period of twelve months after the war, was not proceeded with on account of the opposition expressed at a Government caucus called specially to consider the matter.

It will be recalled that at the regular session of Parliament last winter legislation on these lines was passed by the Commons but rejected by the Senate.

There is nothing in the legislation passed by the Parliament yesterday relating to the war-time Prohibition Orders in Council. When these cease to be effective, on the formal proclamation of Peace, conditions which exist in regard to the transportation of liquor from one Province to another before these orders became operative, will be at once restored. The amendment to the Canada Temperance Act in the nature of enabling legislation providing, as the Minister of Justice explained for local option areas enlarged to provinces. The prohibition must be manufactured for export before these orders become operative. The necessary move to have a plebiscite taken. Until this is done, importation of liquor by private individuals, but not for sale, will be permitted, after the pronouncement of Peace.

The bill to amend the Doherty Act also adopted yesterday provides that liquor must not be manufactured for purposes contrary to the laws of a province, which means that it cannot be manufactured for sale in a province where such sale is forbidden. It may continue to be manufactured for export however.

RIOTS FOLLOW ARMISTICE DAY PARADE IN W.V.

Three Former Soldiers Killed, Several Wounded by I. W. W.'s—One I. W. W. Reported Lynched.

Centralia, W. Va., Nov. 11.—Three former soldiers, members of the American Legion, were killed, two other service men were probably mortally wounded and several other soldiers were less seriously hurt, when persons, said to be members of the Industrial Workers of the World, fired at an Armistice Day parade today as it passed the I. W. W. hall.

A man, said to have been one of those who fired on the marchers, is believed to have been lynched tonight by citizens.

At least eight supposed I. W. W.'s are in the local jail, guarded from a crowd of about a hundred friends of the men shot down today.

MAIL CARRIERS TO GO ON STRIKE

Rural Carriers in the Maritime Provinces Give Notice That They Will Strike Nov. 22.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Nov. 11.—Fred McNelis, of the rural mail carriers' union in Canada, announced today that the rural mail carriers in the Maritime Provinces, would go on strike November 22. They are demanding a fixed salary, according to mileage, as in the United States, instead of the jobs being given by the post office to the lowest tender as at present. They say that the postal department ignored their request, hence the coming strike.

DELEGATES OF THE BALTIC STATES IN CONFERENCE

Exchange Views on the Question of an Armistice With Bolshevik and Formation Border States' League.

Dorpat, Livonia, Monday, Nov. 10.—(Associated Press)—Delegates of the Baltic States, summoned to meet here, held conferences yesterday and again this morning. The first general meeting with representatives of Finland, The Ukrainian and Poland in attendance, was held this afternoon. White there has been only an exchange of views on the questions of an armistice with the Bolsheviks and the formation of a Border States' League.

A hint that the Dorpat conference might be only a preliminary to a still more important conference was contained recently in a Warsaw message to the London Labor Organ, the Daily Herald, reporting that Poland was about to issue an ultimatum to Russia to call to all the boundaries in Russia including Finland, Estonia and the other border states, to cease fighting November 22nd and send delegates to

SMALLPOX GAINS ON TORONTO

Toronto, Nov. 11.—This city tonight had 236 small-pox patients on its hands and more than 700 persons in quarantine as a result of exposure to the disease. Compulsory vaccination has not been decided upon yet, but all the school children of the city are being inoculated as rapidly as possible.

DESPITE RECENT REVERSES OUTLOOK IN NORTHWEST RUSSIA IS HOPEFUL

Reval, Monday, Nov. 10.—(By The Associated Press)—The outlook in northwestern Russia is regarded as hopeful notwithstanding recent reverses. The optimism is apparently based on the taking over by France of the British military mission, with the appointment of General Niesel in command. He is expected to arrive in the next few days, and it is hoped that unity of command will be established and sufficient supplies assured.

The evacuation of Yamburg is extremely difficult as the town is crowded with refugees and the hospitals are filled.

Communication with Narva is bad owing to the lack of rolling stock.

DIGNITARIES OF STATE RECEIVE PRINCE ON ARRIVAL AT WASH. TO BECOME NATION'S GUEST

With a Simplicity Becoming the Ideals of Democracy the Prince Was Welcomed to Washington Yesterday—Owing to President's Illness the Reception Ceremonies Were Very Informal—No Fixed and Dried Programme for His Stay and He Will Be Left to do as He May Elect.

Washington, Nov. 11.—With a simplicity in keeping with the ideals of democracy, the Prince of Wales was welcomed to Washington today and became the guest of the nation. Owing to the illness of President Wilson, which prevented his personal participation, the reception ceremonies on the arrival of the prince were very informal, although Mr. Marshall, members of the cabinet and high officers of the army and navy stood in a drizzling rain at the station to greet the distinguished visitor.

The more formal welcome was extended tonight by Mr. Marshall, secretary of state, at his dinner given in the prince's honor at the Belmont hotel, which was the first day of his royal party during his three-day stay in Washington.

Visits White House. After the brief greetings on his arrival, and a ride through wet streets behind a cavalry escort, Prince Edward's time was taken up with receiving formal calls until he broke away to pay a brief visit to the White House and make personal inquiries as to the health of the president. He was received by Mrs. Wilson and Miss Margaret Wilson, but will not see Mr. Wilson until Thursday. The prince then will be Mrs. Wilson's guest at tea and will visit Mr. Wilson in his sick room.

Throughout the stay of the prince in Washington a wide degree of elasticity will characterize his sojourn and no advance announcements as to times and places of his visits will be made. Much has been left to the selection of the prince himself. He has before him, however, a rather arduous programme, including the decorations here and in New York of some two hundred American soldiers and sailors for services during the war. Beyond that, the prince will be the guest of the National Press Club here, where he was informally received as the guest of the newspapermen.

"The atmosphere in which I find myself," said the prince, "is the same invigorating and familiar atmosphere which I have always noticed in my American friends."

The speech at the Press Club was the prince's formal greeting to Americans, the speaker receding with pleasure his stay with the United States forces in Europe during the war, and complimenting the Americans on their vigorous and effective warfare and the fine spirit of their soldiers.

PARISIANS DANCE TO THEIR RUIN

Striking Warning from France—The Coming War.

(Daily Express Co respondent.) Paris, Nov. 4.—"Where are we going?" asked M. Emile Boutoux, the famous French writer, in a remark made at the annual public session of the Institut de France.

"Thinking over the actual state of things," said M. Boutoux, "one asks oneself if the tremendous effort made to overcome the powers of evil does not risk ending in a perfect torrent of imminent revolutions. The war of arms, it is said, has come to an end, but another war is coming—a real, holy war—the war of the classes, of the workers against the parasites, of employees against employer, of the factory against the State. A tragic war also, but one which might make this earth the paradise dreamed of by outcasts."

Warsaw for a Peace Conference there December 16th. Great Britain, France, the United States, Italy and Japan, it was said, would also be invited to send delegates.

ACQUISITION OF G. T. R. STOCK WILL TAKE TIME

Arbitrators Not Yet Named, Gov't, However, is Going Ahead With Preparation of the Agreement.

MEIGHEN IN CHARGE OF THE WORK

After Agreement Has Been Ratified by Both Parties to Trade, Arbitrators Will Have Matter for Consideration.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—Acquisition by the Government of the stock of the Grand Trunk Railway Systems is likely to be a somewhat lengthy process, according to information obtainable here. The board of arbitrators, two members of which remain to be settled, will have to be appointed and there is, as yet, no indication of the names of the men who will represent the Government and the Grand Trunk Company. Sir Walter Cassels will, as announced in the House of Commons, be the third member.

In the meantime the government is going ahead with the preparation of the agreement based upon the bill passed by Parliament, his agreement which will be submitted to the Grand Trunk shareholders by Sir Alfred Smith, who will return to England on its completion for that purpose, is a rather difficult document to draw up. It is understood that this preparation is in charge of Hon. Arthur Meighen, although other ministers are probably assisting in drawing it up. It was stated today at the Department of Railways that drafting the agreement and its submission to the Grand Trunk shareholders could hardly be accomplished within a month at the very least, while a longer time might be required for the completion of this stage of the matter.

The agreement once ratified, both sides will go to work to draw up their cases for submission to the arbitrators. An audit of the Grand Trunk Railway Company's books, and a valuation of the property assets of the road, will have to be made by the Government before it is ready to submit its case to the arbitrators. This may be a lengthy process, which will probably occupy a couple of more months. Indications are that the actual proceedings will not be started before the end of January. As the head office of the Grand Trunk Railway in Canada is situated in Montreal, and of the Grand Trunk Pacific in Winnipeg, it is likely that the sittings of the court will be largely confined to those cities.

NO TIDINGS FROM MISSING CREW OF POLAR LAND

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 11.—C. H. Harvey, agent of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, stated at ten o'clock tonight, that word had yet been received from the missing boats with the crew of the abandoned steamer Polar Land. He says that seven steamers are looking for the boats. They are the Arranmore, Strathfillan, Nifnana, Pioneer, Yellowstone, Seneca and Androscoogin. The two last named are out at the request of the American Consul at Halifax.

MONCTON HAS UNION OF CIVIC EMPLOYEES

Moncton, Nov. 11.—The Moncton City Council tonight formally recognized the Civic Employees Union recently organized here and agreed to the schedule of wages and hours without discussion. The main features of the schedule include a nine hour day, time and a half for overtime, and a slight increase in pay all around. The union embraces all the civic employees, from the city clerk down.

REACHED AGE OF 104 YEARS

Vancouver, Nov. 11.—Charles Joseph Leroy, believed to have been the oldest man in Canada, died at his home in North Vancouver this morning, aged 104 years and two months. He was born at Versailles, France, the son of one of Napoleon's soldiers, and he himself fought with the north in the American Civil War before settling in British Columbia.

PREMIER DRURY HAS DIFFICULTY IN FORMING CABINET

Toronto, Nov. 11.—Premier-elect E. C. Drury today stated he would not be able to announce his cabinet as early as he had expected this week. It was possible he might be able to give the names on Friday. He did state, however, that Mr. George Locks, Librarian of the City of Toronto, had refused to accept the portfolio of Minister of Education which had been offered him.